COMPASS CHARTER SCHOOLS

Compass Charter Schools

Special Meeting

Date and Time

Monday July 23, 2018 at 5:00 PM PDT

CCS Central Office: 850 Hampshire Road, Suite P, Thousand Oaks, CA 91361 13 Sunrise, Irvine, CA 92603 3580 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1130, Los Angeles, CA 90010 2653 Taft Lane, Palmdale, CA 93551

Please join the meeting from your computer, tablet or smartphone: <u>https://compasscharters.adobeconnect.com/bod/</u>

For questions or requests regarding accessibility, please call Miguel Aguilar at (805) 807-8199.

Agenda

		Purpose	Presenter	Time
I.	Opening Items			5:00 PM
	Opening Items			
	A. Call the Meeting to Order		John Vargas	1 m
	B. Record Attendance and Guests		Miguel Aguilar	1 m
II.	CONSENT ITEMS			5:02 PM
	CEO Support And Eval			

A. Consent Items Vote J.J. Lewis	. Consent Items	5 m

Consent Items – Items under Consent Items will be voted on in one motion unless a member of the Board requests that an item be removed and voted on separately, in which case, the Board Chair will determine when it will be called and considered for action. Due to the set-up of BoardOnTrack, approval of any meeting minutes will be done through consent, unless removed and voted on separately as noted above, using the same vote count.

• Approval of the July 23, 2018 Special Meeting Agenda

III. PUBLIC COMMENT

5:07 PM

External Relations

A. Public Comment FYI John Vargas 5 m

Addressing the Board – Board meetings are meetings of the Board of Directors and will be held in a civil, orderly and respectful manner. All public comments or questions should be addressed to the Board through the Chair of the Board. To ensure an orderly meeting and an equal opportunity for each speaker, persons wishing to address the Board must complete a Speaker Request Card and submit it to Miguel Aguilar, Executive Assistant to the Superintendent. The Speaker Request Card must contain speaker name, contact number or email, and subject matter and submitted to the Executive Assistant to the Superintendent prior to the start of the meeting. Members of the public may address the Board on any matter within the Board's jurisdiction and have **three (3) minutes each** to do so. The total time of each subject will be fifteen (15) minutes, unless additional time is requested by a Board Member and approved by the Board.

The Board may not deliberate or take action on items that are not on the agenda. However, the Board may give direction to staff following a presentation. The Chair is in charge of the meeting and will maintain order, set the time limits for the speakers and the subject matter, and will have the prerogative to remove any person who is disruptive of the Board meeting. The Board of Directors may place limitations on the total time to be devoted to each topic if it finds that the numbers of speakers would impede the Board's ability to conduct its business in a timely manner. The Board of Directors may also allow for additional public comment and questions after reports and presentations if it deems necessary.

			Purpose	Presenter	Time
IV.	UN	FINISHED BUSINESS			
	Go	vernance			
V.	NEW BUSINESS				
	Per	sonnel			
	Α.	Review and Approval of the Revised Board Policy Manual	Vote	J.J. Lewis	5 m
	В.	Adoption of the 2018-19 LCAP ESSA Federal Addendums	Vote	J.J. Lewis	10 m
		 Compass Charter Schools of Fresno Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles Compass Charter Schools of San Diego 			
	C.	Review and Approval of the Compass Bonus Structure	Vote	J.J. Lewis	5 m
	D.	Election of New Board Members	Vote	J.J. Lewis	5 m
		• Bill Dennett • Martin Suarez			
VI.	Clo	osing Items			5:37 PM
	Α.	Upcoming Meetings	FYI	J.J. Lewis	1 m
	Board of Directors Monday, September 24 at 5 pm (if Closed Session is needed); 6 pm for Open Session				
	В.	Adjourn Meeting	FYI	John Vargas	1 m

Coversheet

Review and Approval of the Revised Board Policy Manual

Section:	V. NEW BUSINESS
Item:	A. Review and Approval of the Revised Board Policy Manual
Purpose:	Vote
Submitted by:	J.J. Lewis
Related Material:	Board Policy Manual - Revised.pdf

BACKGROUND:

The Board Policy Manual have been drafted with the assistance of our legal counsel. Changes include ensuring consistency between the Articles of Incorporation, By-Laws, scholar handbooks, charter petitions and updated laws.

RECOMMENDATION:

A motion to approve the revised Board Policy Manual, effective July 1, 2018.

COMPASS CHARTER SCHOOLS

Board Policy Manual

As amended by the Board of Directors on July 23, 2018

Board of Directors

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SECTION 1 - BOARD GOVERNANCE – SCHOOL BOARD MEETINGS – BROWN ACT COMPLIANCE

All meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees shall be called, noticed, and held in compliance with the provisions of the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code) as said chapter may be modified by subsequent legislation ("Brown Act").

Types of Meetings

Regular Meetings

Regular meetings of the Board of Directors of Compass Charter Schools ("Board") shall be held consistent with the calendar for such meetings as established by the Board each year.

If at any time any regular meeting falls on a holiday (Federal, State or local), such regular meeting shall be held on the next business day or as noticed.

Special Meetings

The Chair of the Board or a majority of the members of the Board may call special meetings on an as-needed basis, consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act.

Emergency Meetings

A Board majority may call an emergency meeting when an emergency situation arises involving matters upon which prompt action is necessary due to the disruption or threatened disruption of public facilities in compliance with the Brown Act.

Notification of Meetings

Regular Meetings

No later than 72 hours prior to a regular meeting, the Charter School shall post an agenda containing a brief general description of each item of business to be transacted or discussed at the meeting. The agenda will be posted in a location that is freely accessible to members of the public, and on the School's website. The agenda and agenda packet will be provided to all Board members and to all persons that have requested a copy of the agenda and/or the agenda packet in compliance with the Brown Act. It is the Superintendent & CEO's, or designee's, responsibility to distribute copies of the agenda and the agenda packet for regular meetings.

Special Meetings

No later than 24 hours prior to a special meeting the Charter School shall post an agenda containing a brief general description of each item of business to be transacted or discussed at the meeting.

The agenda will be posted in a location that is freely accessible to members of the public, and on the School's website, not later than 24 hours prior to a special meeting. The agenda and agenda packet will be provided to all Board members and to all persons that have requested a copy of the agenda and/or the agenda packet in compliance with the Brown Act. It is the Superintendent &

CEO's, or designee's, responsibility to distribute copies of the agenda and the agenda packet for special meetings.

Emergency Meetings

In the case of an emergency situation, as defined by the Brown Act, involving matters upon which prompt action is necessary due to the disruption or threatened disruption of public facilities, notice to the Board will be provided as soon as is reasonably practicable under the circumstances. All media outlets that have requested notice of special meetings shall be notified one hour prior to the emergency meeting, or in the case of a dire emergency, at or near the time that the Board members are notified of the emergency meeting. The notice shall be given by telephone and all telephone numbers provided by the media outlet in the request for notice shall be exhausted. If telephones services are not functioning, the notice requirement is waived and the media shall be notified of the fact of the holding of the emergency meeting, the purpose of the meeting and any action taken at the meeting as soon after the meeting as possible.

Request for Notice

Any person who has requested a copy of the agenda and/or agenda packet in writing, will be mailed a copy of the requested materials at the time the agenda is posted or upon distribution to all, or a majority of all, of the members of the Board, whichever occurs first.

Agendas

Preparation of Agenda and Process

The Superintendent & CEO of Compass Charter Schools ("CCS") shall be responsible for preparing the agendas for all meetings of the Board.

The Superintendent & CEO shall include items on the agenda that are requested by Board members and that relate to school business. In addition, a member of the public may request that a topic directly related to school business be placed on the agenda. The Chair of the Board shall determine, in his/her discretion, whether the agenda item requested by a member of the public shall be placed on the agenda.

With the exception of agenda item requests for special and emergency meetings, requests for items to be included on the agenda shall be in writing and submitted to the Superintendent & CEO's office no later than seven (7) business days prior to the next regularly scheduled Board meeting.

Contents of the Agenda

The agenda shall include the following information:

- 1) Time and location of the meeting, including, if applicable, any teleconferencing location(s);
- 2) A brief general description of all items of business to be transacted or discussed at the meeting, including those items to be discussed in closed session. Closed session items must be described in accordance with Government Code Section 54954.5;

- 3) An opportunity for members of the public to directly address the Board in accordance with the Brown Act and the Board's public comment policy (addressed below);
- 4) If teleconference locations are being utilized, an opportunity for members of the public to address the Board directly at each teleconference location; and
- 5) Information regarding how, to whom and when a request for disability related modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services, may be made by a person with a disability who requires a modification or accommodation in order to participate in the public meeting.

Supporting Information Relating to Agenda Items

The Superintendent & CEO is responsible for preparing all supporting information that may accompany each agenda topic originating from the administration or the Board.

The purpose of preparing supporting information is to facilitate decision-making on the part of the Board members by having available to them in advance of Board meetings comprehensive information pertaining to each agenda topic. The supporting information shall, to the extent possible, accompany the agenda and be delivered to the Board members concurrently with the agenda.

If supporting materials are distributed to Board members during a public meeting, such materials will be made available for public inspection at the meeting if prepared by the Superintendent & CEO or other school staff. If such materials are prepared by some other person, they shall be made available after the meeting at which they were distributed. CCS may charge a fee or deposit for a copy of such materials pursuant to Government Code Section 6253.

These materials will be made available in appropriate alternative formats upon request by a person with a disability, as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act. No surcharge will be imposed on persons with disabilities in violation of the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Members of the public who request to have a topic placed on the agenda are encouraged to submit, in writing, supporting information detailing their reason for having the topic placed on the agenda and what is being requested of the Board. In the event that the requested topic is placed on the agenda, the supporting information will provide background information for Board members to help expedite the Board's handling of the topic at the Board meeting.

Board Meetings

Open Session

All meetings of the Board shall be open to the public and the media, except that the Board may hold closed sessions as authorized by the Brown Act.

Public Participation at Meetings

Public comment generally: At a regular meeting, any person may address the Board concerning any item on the agenda and any other matters within the Board's subject matter jurisdiction. At a

special meeting, any person may address the Board only concerning the items on the agenda. The total time devoted to presentations to the Board on all public comment (including agenda items and non-agenda items at regular meetings) shall not exceed one-half hour, unless additional time is granted by the Board. Members of the public may speak for up to two (2) minutes on agenda and non-agenda items. At the discretion of the Chair of the Board, the two (2) minute time limit may be extended to three (3) minutes.

Members of the public desiring Board action on an item are encouraged to seek placement of the issue on the Board agenda in accordance with this policy rather than presenting the matter during general public comment. This will facilitate discussion and expedite resolution since the Board cannot discuss items in a meeting that are not on the agenda. This policy is not intended to prevent the public from providing public comment in line with this policy.

Willful interruption of Board meeting: In the event that any meeting is willfully interrupted by a group(s) of persons so as to render the orderly conduct of such meeting unfeasible and order cannot be restored by the removal of individuals who are willfully interrupting the meeting, the Board may order the meeting room cleared and continue the session. Only matters appearing on the agenda may be considered in such a session. Representatives of the press or other media, if not participating in the disturbance, shall be allowed to attend any such session

Time for public comment: All public comment concerning all matters shall be heard prior to the Board's consideration of the agenda items.

Recording and/or broadcasting of meeting: Persons attending an open meeting have the right to record or broadcast the proceedings with an audio or video recorder or a still or motion picture camera unless the Board reasonably finds that the recording or broadcast cannot continue without noise, illumination or obstruction of view that constitutes, or would constitute a persistent disruption of the proceedings.

Requests to address the Board: Prior to the beginning of the meeting, members of the public seeking to address the Board on agenda and non-agenda items may complete a, "Request to Address the Board" form (located in the Board Meeting Room), and give it to the Chair of the Board or Board Secretary, or his or her designee.

Board Members at Meetings

Board discussion and action: No action or discussion shall be taken on any item not appearing on the posted agenda. However, at a regular meeting, Board members or staff may briefly respond to statements made or questions posed by persons during public comment. At regular meetings, a Board member may, on his/her own initiative or in response to a question posed by the public, ask a question for clarification, make a brief announcement or make a brief report on his/her own activities. Additionally, a Board member may provide a reference to staff or other resources for factual information, request staff to report back to the Board at a subsequent meeting concerning any matter, or take action to direct staff to place a matter of business on a future agenda. **Exceptions in regular meetings:** In regular meetings, the Board may take action on items of business not appearing on the posted agenda if any of the following conditions apply: 1) A majority of the Board determines that an emergency situation exists as defined by the Brown Act; 2) A determination by a two-thirds vote of the Board members present at the meeting, or if less than two-thirds are present, a unanimous vote of those Board members present, that there is a need to take immediate action and that the need for action came to the attention of the Board after the agenda was posted; or 3) The item was properly posted for a prior meeting occurring not more than five (5) calendar days prior to the date action is taken on the item, and at the prior meeting, the item was continued to the meeting at which action is being taken. If items are discussed under these conditions, the Chair of the Board shall publicly identify the item(s).

Closed session: Prior to holding any closed session, the Board shall disclose, in open session of the meeting, the basis for holding a closed session pursuant to Government Code Section 54954.5. The disclosure may take the form of a reference to the item(s) as they are listed by number or letter on the agenda. In the closed session, the Board may only consider the disclosed closed session agenda items.

After any closed session, the Board shall reconvene into open session prior to adjournment and make a report of any action taken in closed session and the vote or abstention of every Board member present thereon in accordance with Government Code Section 54957.1.

Minutes of Board Meetings

Open Session: Board meeting minutes shall include the time and place that the meeting was held; whether the meeting was annual, regular, special, or emergency and, if special or emergency, how authorized; the notice given; the names of directors present at the meeting, state all motions made, document the names of Board members making and seconding motions, and state the vote or abstention of each Board member present for each action taken. The minutes pertaining to open session may also record the recommendations of the administration and the general substance of the Board's discussion or the general substance of statements pertinent to Board's business made by members of the staff or public.

Closed Session: Minutes will not be taken during Closed Session.

Minutes for Emergency Meetings: Any time an emergency meeting is held, the minutes must provide a list of persons who were notified or attempted to be notified, a copy of the roll call vote, and any actions taken at the meeting. The minutes will be posted for a minimum of 10 days in a public place as soon after the meeting as possible.

Storing the minutes: The official minutes of the Board shall be kept in a fireproof storage box. The following documents shall be bound with the official minutes and referred to in the text of the minutes to which they apply:

- Original copies of all resolutions unless required by other agencies, in which case photocopies of the originals may be substituted;
- Original copies of all budget transfers;
- Copies of any document determined by the Board to be attached to the official minutes;

and

• Other documents which, in the opinion of the Secretary, are necessary to fully substantiate or record Board action.

In addition to the official minutes, an additional copy of all minutes and attached documents shall be maintained in the office of the Secretary of the Board. This set of minutes shall be bound, indexed by those categories detailed above and by subject.

Quorum Requirements

A majority of the directors then in office shall constitute a quorum of the Board, which is necessary for the Board to transact business. All motions, in order to pass, need positive action by at least a majority of the directors present at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present. Should there be less than a majority of the Board present at the inception of any meeting, the meeting shall be adjourned.

Continuances and Adjournment

Continuances

Items appearing on agendas for regular meeting may be continued to another meeting, to be held within five (5) calendar days from the date of the originally posted meeting, without triggering the requirement that the agenda item be re-posted with the requisite notice.

Adjournment

The Board may adjourn any regular or special meeting to a time and place specified in an order of adjournment. Less than a quorum may so adjourn from time to time. If all members are absent from any regular meeting, the Board Secretary may declare the meeting adjourned to a stated time and place and he/she shall cause a written notice of adjournment to be given. A copy of the notice of adjournment shall be conspicuously posted on or near the door of the place where the regular or special meeting was held within 24 hours after the time of adjournment. When a regular meeting is adjourned, the resulting adjourned regular meeting is a regular meeting for all purposes. When an order of adjournment fails to state the hour at which the adjourned meeting is to be held, it shall be held at the hour specified for regular meetings.

SECTION 2 - BOARD GOVERNANCE – BOARD OPERATIONS

Roberts Rules of Order

Absent a policy to the contrary and to the extent consistent with the Brown Act, the business of the Board of Directors (the "Board") at its meetings will be conducted in accordance with Roberts Rules of Order. Any member may raise a point of order under these rules, which action shall take precedence over all other business before the Board.

Voting by Board of Directors

Voting on resolutions shall be executed through the public voting of Board members. Secret ballots and proxies are prohibited.

Officers, Directors and School Liability Insurance

The School will maintain adequate insurance to cover all risks associated with school activities and operations.

Appointment of Board Committees

Consistent with the charters, Bylaws, and any other applicable provisions of contract or law, the Board may appoint committees for any purpose deemed appropriate by the Board. The resolution establishing the committee shall clearly define the range of the committee's responsibility and authority, and shall specify whether the committee shall be a standing or limited-term committee. In meeting and carrying out designated purposes, any such committee shall comply with any applicable legal or contractual requirements.

Board Appointment/Nomination Process

The Board shall carry out its appointment and nomination process consistent with the requirements of its charters and Bylaws. Should the charters and Bylaws not address any issue which may arise, the Board may adopt policies or regulations which address such concerns. Should the Board wish to alter its appointment or nomination process, it must do so consistent with any requirements of its charters, unless the charters are revised.

SECTION 3 - BOARD GOVERNANCE - PUBLIC RECORDS REQUESTS – PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE

Public Records

Public Records Defined

CCS provides the public with access to its public records in accordance with legal requirements. Public records are those writings containing information relating to the conduct of CCS' business that are prepared, owned, used or retained by CCS regardless of physical form or characteristics. Certain public records, however, are exempt from disclosure by express provision of law. These records will not be disclosed to the public. CCS may not deny disclosure of public records based on the purpose for which the record is being requested.

Records Exempt from Disclosure

Public access shall not be given to records listed as exempt from public disclosure in the California Public Records Act or other applicable statutes. Some of the more common exemptions are:

- Preliminary drafts, notes or inter/intra-school memoranda that are not retained by the Charter School in the ordinary course of business, when the public interest in withholding clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure;
- Records pertaining to pending litigation to which CCS is a party or to claims filed against the CCS, which were created in connection with the litigation or claims and were intended to be confidential, until the pending litigation or claim has been finally adjudicated or otherwise settled.;
- Personnel, medical, or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- Test questions, scoring keys and other examination data used to administer an examination for employment or academic examination, unless specifically authorized by law.
- The content of real estate appraisals or engineering or feasibility estimates and evaluations made for or by CCS relative to the acquisition of property, until all of the property has been acquired or all of the contract agreement obtained.
- Records, the disclosure of which is exempted or prohibited pursuant to federal or state law, including, but not limited to, provisions of the Evidence Code relating to privilege. This includes scholar records protected from disclosure under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA"), a federal statute that protects the privacy interests of parents and students with regard to education records; A document prepared by or for CCS that assesses its vulnerability to terrorist attack or other criminal acts intended to disrupt CCS operations and that is for distribution or consideration in a closed session.
- Records where, on the facts of the particular case, the public interest served by not disclosing the record clearly outweighs the public interest served by disclosure of the record.

CCS may, in its discretion and as permitted by law, waive the applicable exemption to the records. In this case, the disclosure constitutes a waiver for all requestors of that public record

and will be open to public inspection.

Process for Requesting Public Records

Requests for Public Records

Any person wishing to inspect CCS' public records shall make the request, preferably in writing, to the: **Superintendent & CEO**, CCS, **850** Hampshire Road Suite P, Thousand Oaks, CA **91361.** While a request need not be in writing, if the request is verbal, the requestor will be asked to reduce the request to writing so there is a written record of the records being requested. If the requestor chooses not to reduce the request to writing, the Superintendent & CEO or designee shall reduce the request to writing and confirm the request with the requestor. The request must reasonably describe an identifiable public record(s) and must be specific and focused. To the extent reasonable under the circumstances, CCS will assist the requestor to make a focused and effective request by:

- Assisting the requestor in identifying records and information that are responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated.
- > Describing the information technology and physical location in which the records exist.
- Providing suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

If CCS is unable to identify the requested information after making a reasonable effort to elicit additional clarifying information from the requestor that will help identify the record(s), CCS will not provide further assistance to the requestor.

Response to Public Records Request

The Superintendent & CEO will, within 10 days of receipt of the request, provide a written response to the requestor of public records. The written response shall contain the following information:

- Notice informing the requestor whether the request, in whole or in part, seeks copies of disclosable public records in the possession of CCS and the reasons for the determination.
- If the School denies any request for records, in whole or in part, and the request was in writing, the notification of denial will set forth the names and titles or positions of each person responsible for the denial.
- > The estimated date and time when the records will be made available.
- CCS may charge for copies of public records or other materials requested by individuals or groups. The charge, based on the direct cost of duplication, shall be determined by the Board of Directors or its designee. The direct cost of duplication includes the pro rata expense of the copying equipment used and the pro rata expense in terms of staff time required to produce the copy. It does not include the cost of locating, retrieving, or

inspecting records.

- If the requestor seeks copies in electronic format, CCS may charge the requestor the direct cost of producing a copy of the record in that format. If, in order to comply with these requirements relating to electronic formatted records described below, CCS is required to produce a copy of an electronic record and the record is one that is produced only at otherwise regularly scheduled intervals or the request would require data compilation, extraction or programming to produce the record, CCS may charge the requestor the cost to construct a record, the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce the record.
- In unusual circumstances, the Superintendent & CEO may extend the 10-day limit for up to 14 days by providing written notice to the requestor and setting forth the reasons for the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be made. Unusual circumstances include, but only to the extent reasonably necessary to properly process the request, the following:
 - 1) The need to search for and collect the requested records from field facilities or other locations that are separate from the office processing the request;
 - 2) The need to search for, collect, and appropriately examine a voluminous amount of separate and distinct records that are demanded in a single request;
 - 3) The need for consultation, which shall be conducted with all practicable speed, with another agency having a substantial interest in the determination of the request, or among two or more components of CCS having substantial subject matter interest therein;
 - 4) The need to compile data, to write programming language or a computer program, or to construct a computer report to extract data.

If an inspection is requested, any person shall have reasonable access, during normal business hours, to the public records of CCS within the requirements of state law. However, if records are not readily available, or if portions of the records to be inspected must be redacted to protect exempt material, then CCS must be given a reasonable period of time to perform these functions prior to inspection. Such records shall be examined in the presence of the staff member regularly responsible for their maintenance.

Records Inspections or Copies

Time and Place of Inspection: A person who has made a public records request may inspect the records after the date and time identified in the response to the request. Generally, records inspections may take place at **850 Hampshire Road Suite P, Thousand Oaks, CA 91361** during office hours of the School, which are **8:00A.M. to 5:00 P.M**.

Electronic Formatted Records: If CCS has information that constitutes an identifiable public record not exempt from disclosure that is in an electronic format, and it has been requested in an electronic format, CCS will make that information available in an electronic format. CCS will make the information available for inspection in any electronic format in which it holds the information. If the requested format is one that CCS uses to create copies for its own use or for

provision to other agencies, CCS will provide a copy of the electronic record. CCS will not, however, provide electronic records in the electronic form in which it is held by CCS if its release jeopardizes or compromises the security or integrity of the original record or of any proprietary software in which it is maintained.

If CCS no longer has the record in electronic format, CCS will not reconstruct the record in electronic format.

Partial Disclosure: If the requested records are only partially disclosable as a portion of the record is exempt from disclosure, the reasonably segregable disclosable portion of the record(s) will be made available for inspection.

SECTION 4 - BOARD GOVERNANCE – RETENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF FILES AND RECORDS

Compass Charter Schools (the "Charter School") recognizes it is important to have procedures regarding retention of files and records, including which records should be kept and which can be destroyed.

Filing System, Record Class, Email, and Other Electronic Records

Unless necessary, records shall be kept by their originator or sender, not by the receiver; this helps avoid duplicate filing systems. Additionally, Compass Charter Schools shall:

- Keep all documentation and records for each year separate from those for other years.
- Label folders and use separate folders for different types of documents (e.g., keep invoices separate from bank reconciliation worksheets, and keep income tax returns separate from cash receipts).

Record Class

Compass Charter Schools shall adhere to the following record classes to optimize filing efficiency, records access, record classifications, and retention periods:

- **Class 1: Permanent Records**. Permanent records shall be kept indefinitely in accordance with statute or other written guidance.
- Class 2: Optional/Temporary Records. Optional records are any records worthy of temporary preservation not classified as Class 1, Permanent records.
- Class 3: Disposable Records. All records not classified as Class 1: Permanent, or Class 2: Optional/ Temporary, shall be classified as Class 3: Disposable.
- Email Class Records. Compass Charter Schools shall retain all email records of the Charter School for a maximum of one fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30 of the year after the email was created. For example, if the email was created in February 2017, during fiscal year 2016-2017, the email would not be deleted until the end of the 2017-2018 fiscal year, or June 30, 2018. All emails older than one fiscal school year after the year the email was created shall be automatically deleted from the Charter School's email system, servers, backup servers, and any other electronic storage system as early as the first day of the subsequent fiscal school year. The subsequent fiscal school year is defined as beginning on July 1.

Should any email be determined to be retained longer than one fiscal year beyond the date the email was created, the email shall be archived in the email system, or printed and filed.

• Other Electronic Records: Other electronic records are electronic records saved on a hard drive, flash drive, or other electronic storage medium of the staff or individual who retains the record in its final form. Any electronic record not classified as Class 1: Permanent or Class 2: Optional/Temporary shall be classified as Class 3: Disposable. Once an electronic record is considered Class 3: Disposable, employees will conduct a reasonable search of all electronic sources of information (computer

hard drives, flash drives, servers, compact discs and other electronic media) in their possession and shall delete those electronic records permanently.

Records Retention

Files shall be maintained for as long as necessary but only according to requirements set in the Charter School's records retention policy.

Copies of critical records that are vital to the Charter School's daily operations should be kept off site in case of disaster. This may include information needed to file insurance claims (asset lists, insurance contacts, policy numbers), financial data for tax purposes (wages paid, income and expenses), contact lists to inform or restart the business (vendors, customers, investors and employees), and other data to help rebuild the business (business plans, intellectual property, or proprietary information).

Destruction of Class 3: Disposable Records

Within three to six months after the end of each school year, all Class 3 records shall be destroyed. All records are to be preserved until they are deemed Class 3 records.

A list of records to be destroyed shall be circulated to all affected individuals for review and comment 30 days prior to destruction. The list of records destroyed shall be maintained permanently.

Destruction of the files or records may be performed by an independent, outside service to prevent reconstruction of the records. Disposal of records into the Charter School's trash shall not be allowed.

Disposal Period

All Class 3: Disposable records shall not be destroyed until after the third July 1 succeeding the completion of the Charter School's annual independent audit required by Education Code or of any other legally required audit, or after the ending date of any retention period required by any agency other than the State of California, whichever date is later. For example, if the June 30, 2015 annual independent audit were completed and issued by December 15, 2015, the third July 1 after completion of the audit would be July 1, 2018.

Unless otherwise specified in policy, all Class 3: Disposable records shall be destroyed during the third school year after the school year in which they originated (e.g., 2014-15 records may be destroyed after July 1, 2018).

When in doubt about when a record should be disposed of or destroyed, nonpermanent records shall not be destroyed until seven years after the end of the fiscal year in which the record was created. For example, if a document was created in February 2016, the end of the fiscal year is June 30, 2016; therefore, the document would not be destroyed until July 1, 2023 or later.

Examples of Class 1, 2 and 3 Records

Class 1: Permanent Records — Do Not Destroy

- A. Annual Reports
 - Official budget.
 - Financial report of all funds, including cafeteria and student body funds.

- Audit of all funds.
- Average daily attendance, including reports for the first and second interim reporting periods (P-1 and P-2).
- Other major annual reports, including: Those containing information about property, activities, financial condition, or transactions.
- Those the governing board has declared permanent.

B. Official Actions

- Minutes of the governing board or committees thereof, including the text of a rule, regulation, policy or resolution not set forth verbatim in the minutes but included therein by reference.
- Elections, including the call for and the result (not including detail documents such as ballots) of an election called, conducted or canvassed by the Charter School governing board for a board member, his or her recall, issuance of bonds incurring any long-term liability, change in maximum tax rates, reorganization, or any other purpose.
- Records transmitted by another agency that pertain to that agency's action with respect to the Charter School's reorganization.
- C. Personnel Records (Employees)
 - All employee records related to employment, assignment, amounts and dates of service rendered, termination or dismissal, sick leave, rate of compensation, salaries or wages paid, and deductions or withholdings made and the person or agency to whom such amounts were paid. In lieu of detailed records, a complete and accurate summary payroll record for every employee of the Charter School containing the same data may be classified as Class 1: Permanent, and the detailed records may then be classified as Class 3: Disposable.
 - Information of a derogatory nature as defined in Education Code section 44031 shall be Class 1: Permanent only after it becomes final. This information becomes final when:
 - The time for filing a grievance has lapsed, or

 \circ $\,$ The document was for a grievance that has been sustained by the grievance process.

D. Pupil Records

- The enrollment and scholarship records for each pupil.
- All records pertaining to any accident or injury involving a minor and for which a claim for damages has been filed as required by law, including any policy of liability insurance relating thereto, except that these records cease to be Class 1: Permanent records one year after the claim has been settled, or sooner if the statute of limitations has run out.

- Any item of information in any form (i.e., written, electronic, or other) that is directly related to a current or former pupil and is maintained by the Charter School is considered a pupil record.
- E. Property and Insurance Records
 - All detailed records related to land, buildings and equipment. In lieu of such detailed records, a complete property ledger may be classified as Class 1: Permanent, and the detailed records may then be classified as Class 3: Disposable, if the property ledger includes the following:
 - \circ All fixed assets.
 - An equipment inventory.
 - For each item of property, the date of acquisition or augmentation, the person from whom acquired, an accurate description or identification, and the amount paid. Comparable information is required if the unit is sold, lost, or otherwise disposed of.
 - All insurance records. Insurance policies are contracts and should be retained indefinitely.

F. Historical records.

- Articles of incorporation
- IRS nonprofit determination letter
- Administrative guides
- Annual reports
- School employee directories
- Employee newsletters and handbooks
- Educational objectives, Charter School goals and reaffirmation of loyalty
- Racial and ethnic surveys
- Yearbooks and other school publications
- All unique or old administrative and instructional publications
- All identified or identifiable photos of Charter School people, places and events
- All unique or old documents or publications about the history of the Charter School

Class 2: Optional/Temporary Records

Any record worthy of temporary preservation but not classified as Class 1: Permanent may be classified as Class 2: Optional/Temporary and shall then be retained until reclassified as Class 3: Disposable.

If the Superintendent & CEO or Governing Board decide that classification should not be made, all records of the prior year may be classified as Class 2: Optional/Temporary, pending further review and classification within one year. Optional/Temporary records may include records considered useful for administrative, legal, fiscal or other purposes, and they may remain Optional/Temporary for a period of years.

Examples of Optional/Temporary records include:

A. Gross receipts

Gross receipts show the income received. The Charter School should keep supporting documents that show the amounts and sources of gross receipts, such as the following:

- Cash register tapes (e.g., for student store sales)
- Bank deposit slips
- Receipt books
- Invoices
- Credit card charge slips
- Forms 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income
- Other cash receipts such as cash count forms and receipt books

B. Inventory

Inventory is a record of any item purchased and resold to customers, even if it is for fundraising. If the Charter School is the manufacturer or producer of an item, the inventory includes the cost of all raw materials or parts purchased for manufacture. Supporting documents should show the amount paid and that the amount was for inventory. Documents that report the cost of inventory include the following:

- Canceled checks
- Cash register tape receipts
- Credit card sales slips and invoices

C. Expenses

Expenses are the costs incurred (other than the cost of inventory) to carry on the Charter School's business. Supporting documents should show the amount paid and that the amount was a business expense. Documents include the following:

- Canceled checks
- Cash register tapes
- Account statements
- Credit card sales slips
- Invoices
- Petty cash slips for small cash payments

D. Travel, transportation, entertainment, and gift expenses

Specific recordkeeping rules apply to these expenses. For more information, see IRS Publication 463.

E. Employment taxes

Specific employment tax records must be retained. For a list, see IRS Publication 15.

Keep employment tax records for at least four years after the date the tax is due or is paid, whichever is later.

F. Assets

Assets are the property the Charter School owns and uses, such as real estate, machinery and furniture. The Charter School shall keep records that verify certain information about its assets.

Asset records should show the following information:

- When and how the asset was acquired
- Purchase price
- Cost of any improvements
- Deductions taken for depreciation
- Deductions taken for casualty losses, such as losses from fires or storms
- How the asset was used
- When and how the asset was disposed of
- Selling price
- Expenses of sale

The following documents may provide this information:

- Purchase and sales invoices
- Real estate closing statements
- Canceled checks

G. Other

- General ledger detail report
- All bank records (e.g., bank statements and bank reconciliations)
- All income tax returns
- All minutes of all charter school meetings

H. Record retention time limits – IRS nonprofit tax return standards

To help nonprofits follow its record retention requirements for documents related to filing nonprofit tax returns, the IRS provides guidance for how long records should be kept. Record retention time limits for income tax returns offer the best guidance because most recordkeeping is to comply with IRS requirements.

- 1. Records shall be kept for three years if situations 4, 5, and 6 below do not apply to the nonprofit.
- 2. If the Charter School files a claim for a credit or refund after having filed its return, records shall be kept for three years from the date the original return was filed or two years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later.
- 3. If the Charter School files a claim for a loss from worthless securities or a deduction for bad debt, records shall be kept for seven years.
- 4. If the Charter School does not report income that it should have reported, and that income is more than 25% of its gross income shown on its return, records shall be kept for six years.
- 5. If the Charter School does not file a return, records shall be kept indefinitely.
- 6. If the Charter School files a fraudulent return, records shall be kept indefinitely.

Class 3: Disposable Records

All records not classified as Class 1: Permanent or Class 2: Optional/Temporary shall be classified as Class 3: Disposable, including but not limited to the following:

- Records essential to an audit, including those related to attendance, average daily attendance, or business or financial transactions (e.g., purchase orders, invoices, warrants, ledger sheets, canceled checks and stubs, and student body and cafeteria fund records), and detailed records used in the preparation of any other report.
- Teachers' registers may be classified as Class 3: Disposable only if all pupil information associated with the teachers' registers is retained in other records or if the pupil record information is removed from the teachers' register and is classified as Class 1: Permanent.
- Periodic reports including daily, weekly, and monthly reports, bulletins and instructions.

Federal Funds

United States Code, Title 20, Section 1232f (a) states:

Each recipient of federal funds under any applicable program through any grant, subgrant, cooperative agreement, loan, or other arrangement shall keep records which fully disclose the amount and disposition by the recipient, of those funds, the total cost of the activity for which the funds are used, the share of that cost provided from other sources, and other records as will facilitate an effective financial or programmatic audit. The recipient shall maintain such records for three years after the completion of the activities for which the funds are used.

Title 20, Section 1232f (b) states,

The Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall have access, for the purpose of audit examination, to any records maintained by a recipient that may be related, or pertinent to, grants, subgrants, cooperative agreements, loans, or other arrangements to which reference is made in subsection (a) of this section, or which may relate to the compliance of the recipient with any requirement of any applicable program.

Electronic Records

For purposes of this policy, an electronic record is defined as a computer-generated record. This means an email, pdf, Microsoft Excel, Word, or PowerPoint file, JPEG, WAV, or other file created using computer software or hardware and stored in any electronic medium including but not limited to magnetic, tape, disc, or other type of drive device, or cloud-based storage. A paper printout of an electronic record is not considered an electronic record.

Records Not Subject to Records Retention

The following are not considered records and therefore are not covered by the records retention policy and may be destroyed at any time by any member of the Charter School:

- Preliminary drafts and informal notes that have no further value to the Charter School.
- Personal notes and personal correspondence, including personal email correspondence, even if it is created or sent using a Charter School computer or on the Charter School's premises.
- Personal financial or tax information, or any other information of a purely personal nature, even if those records are kept on the Charter School's premises or on its computers.
- Advertisements, spam or junk email of any kind received by the Charter School or any Charter School employee or computer.
- Library books, magazines, and pamphlets not prepared by or for the Charter School.
- Textbooks, maps used for instruction, and other instructional materials.
- Any other document (paper or electronic, including email) that has nothing to do with the Charter School's business or with its students, teachers, management, other employees, or contractors.

Litigation Hold

In the event of a threatened or pending lawsuit, the Charter School may be required by law to retain records, including emails, beyond the established retention period so that they remain subject to legal discovery. Consult legal counsel if such a demand is received, and do not dispose of the records until advised by counsel.

SECTION 5 - FISCAL – CONTROLS

The Board of Compass Charter Schools ("CCS" or the "Charter School") has reviewed and adopted the following policies and procedures to ensure the most effective use of the funds of CCS to support the mission and to ensure that the funds are budgeted, accounted for, expended, and maintained appropriately. CCS will develop and monitor its budget in accord with the annual budget development and monitoring calendar as specified below:

<u> January – February</u>

• The Board will work with the Superintendent & CEO, with the assistance of the Charter School's back office services provider, to review the Governor's proposed state budget for the upcoming fiscal year, and identify the likely range of revenues for the school's upcoming fiscal year (July 1-June 30).

• The Superintendent & CEO, with the assistance of the Charter School's back office services provider, reviews/prepares a set of proposed budget development principles for board review and approval.

• Develop rough planning budget for upcoming fiscal year, including projected enrollment and any proposed staffing changes.

• Develop five-year budget projection in accord with the schools' established strategic and growth plans.

• Ongoing monitoring and revision of current year budget.

<u> March – April</u>

• The Superintendent & CEO, working in conjunction with the Charter School's back office services provider, staff, Board members, and the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, prepares a formal budget plan for the upcoming fiscal year. The plan is reviewed by the Board.

• Ongoing monitoring and revision of current year budget.

May - June

• Superintendent & CEO, with the assistance of the Charter School's back office services provider, reviews revenue projections subsequent to the Governor's annual "May Revise" budget figures, fine-tunes the upcoming fiscal year budget to accommodate any changes. This budget will include monthly cash flow projections.

• The Board reviews and formally adopts a budget for upcoming fiscal year before June 30. A copy of the final budget is provided to the charter-granting agency.

• Ongoing monitoring and revision of current year budget.

July - August

• Books for prior fiscal year are closed, all transactions are posted, and records are assembled for audit.

• Budget is reviewed subsequent to the adoption of the state Budget Act and necessary adjustments are made. A copy of the revised final budget is provided to the charter granting agency.

• Independent auditor performs audit of the just-closed fiscal year and prepares audit report for submission to the Board.

<u>September – December</u>

• At the end of the first full week of school, the Superintendent & CEO, with the assistance of the Charter School's back office services provider, reviews CCS's actual attendance figures and notifies the Board if actual attendance is below budget projections. If needed, the school's budget is again revised to match likely revenues.

• The Board reviews a copy of the audit. The Superintendent & CEO and Finance Committee, with the assistance of the Charter School's back office services provider, address any audit exceptions or adverse findings. Audit report and any follow-up plans are submitted to the charter authorizer and other entities, as required by law.

• The Superintendent & CEO, with the assistance of the Charter School's back office services provider, reviews current year actual versus budgeted revenues and expenditures after the second and fifth months of the school year and reports to the Finance Committee. The Board approves any needed changes to the annual budget.

Controls, Budget, and Fiscal Management: CCS will maintain in effect the following principles in its ongoing fiscal management practices to ensure that, (1) expenditures are authorized by and in accord with amounts specified in the board-adopted budget, (2) the schools' funds are managed and held in a manner that provides a high degree of protection of the schools' assets, and (3) all transactions are recorded and documented in an appropriate manner.

Segregation of Duties: CCS will develop and maintain simple check request and purchase order forms to document the authorization of all non-payroll expenditures. All proposed expenditures must be approved by the Superintendent & CEO, or his/her designee, who will review the proposed expenditure to determine whether it is consistent with the Board-adopted budget and sign the payment request form. All transactions will be posted in a general ledger. The transactions will be posted on the ledger by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services or his/her assistant at the School site or as outsourced to a Board-approved back office provider or its outside accounting firm. To ensure segregation of recording and authorization, the Administrative Assistant in finance may not co-sign check requests for purchase orders or checks

for payment.

Banking Arrangements: CCS will maintain its accounts either in the County Treasury or at a federally insured commercial bank or credit union. Funds will be deposited in non-speculative accounts including federally-insured savings or checking accounts or invested in non-speculative federally-backed instruments or in the County's Pooled Money Investment Fund. If funds are held in accounts outside of the County Treasury, the Board must appoint and approve all individuals authorized to sign checks or warrants in accord with these policies. All checks must have the additional signature of the Superintendent & CEO. An approved vendor will reconcile the school's ledger(s) with its bank accounts or accounts in the county treasury on a monthly basis and prepare (1) a balance sheet, (2) a comparison of budgeted to actual revenues and expenditures to date, and (3) a cash flow statement. The Superintendent & CEO and the Board will regularly review these statements. The School will deposit all funds received as soon as practical upon receipt. All funds received shall be deposited or transferred into the school's accounts at the earliest possible convenience and in no event later than 48 hours after receipt.

<u>Purchasing Procedures</u>: When state and federal law do not provide for more stringent requirements, it is the policy of the Board that all purchases over \$50,000 must include documentation of a good faith effort to secure the lowest possible cost for comparable goods or services. The Superintendent & CEO or his/her designee shall not approve purchase orders or check requests lacking such documentation. Documentation shall be attached to all check and purchase order requests showing that at least three (3) vendors were contacted and such documentation shall be maintained for three (3) years.

• The Superintendent & CEO may authorize expenditures and may sign related contracts within the approved budget. The Governing Board must review all expenditures. This will be done via approval of a check register which lists all checks written during a set period of time and includes check #, payee, date, and amount. The Governing Board must also approve contracts over \$100,000.

- The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services must approve all purchases. Purchase requisitions, authorizing the purchase of items greater than \$5,000, must be signed by the Superintendent & CEO and submitted with the related invoice.
- When approving purchases, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services must:
 - Determine if the expenditure is budgeted
 - Determine if funds are currently available for expenditures (i.e. cash flow)
 - Determine if the expenditure is allowable under the appropriate revenue source
 - Determine if the expenditure is appropriate and consistent with the vision, approved charter, school policies and procedures, and any related laws or applicable regulations
 - Determine if the price is competitive and prudent. All purchases over \$50,000 must include documentation of a good faith effort to secure the lowest possible cost for comparable goods or services
- Any individual making an authorized purchase on behalf of the Charter School must provide appropriate documentation of the purchase.
- Individuals other than those specified above are not authorized to make purchases without preapproval.
- Individuals who use personal funds to make unauthorized purchases will not be reimbursed. Authorized purchases will be promptly reimbursed by a payroll reimbursement upon receipt of a reimbursement form and original receipt documenting the purchase.
- The Superintendent & CEO may authorize an individual to use a school credit card to make an authorized purchase on behalf of the Charter School, consistent with guidelines and limitations provided by the Superintendent & CEO and/or Board.
 - Individuals who receive a school credit card must ensure the card is kept in a safe location.
 - If receipts are not available or are "missing", the individual making the charge will be held personally responsible for payment.
 - Credit cards will bear the names of both CHARTER SCHOOL and the individual user.
 - Debit cards are not allowed.
 - All purchases must also comply with the Procurement and Contract Bidding Policy.

Petty Cash

- The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will manage the petty cash fund.
- The petty cash fund will be capped at \$1,000.
- All petty cash will be kept in a locked petty cash box in a locked drawer or file cabinet. Only the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services and Superintendent & CEO will have keys to the petty cash box and drawer or file cabinet.
- All disbursements will require a completed and signed petty cash slip. A register receipt for all purchases must be attached to the petty cash slip.
- Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will insure that the petty cash slip is properly completed and that a proper receipt is attached.
- At all times the petty cash box will contain receipts and cash totaling \$1,000. A register receipt must support the petty cash slip. The individual using the petty cash to make a purchase is responsible for submitting the receipt for the petty cash slip to the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services within 24 hours of withdrawing the petty cash.

- When expenditures total \$200, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will total the disbursements, complete a petty cash reimbursement form, and obtain the approval of the Superintendent & CEO. This should be done on at least a quarterly basis. The petty cash slips and supporting receipts will be attached to the reimbursement request form and forwarded to back office provider.
- Petty cash fund reimbursement checks will be made payable to the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services. The reimbursement check will be immediately cashed and the money returned to the petty cash fund.
- Any irregularities in the petty cash fund will be immediately reported in writing to the Superintendent & CEO.
- Loans will not be made from the petty cash fund.
- The Superintendent & CEO will conduct unscheduled counts of the petty cash fund.

<u>Record Keeping:</u> Transaction ledgers, canceled/duplicate checks, attendance and entitlement records, payroll records, and any other necessary fiscal documents will be maintained by Charter School staff in a secure cloud-based server for at least three years, or as long as required by applicable law, whichever is longer.

Appropriate back-up copies of electronic and paper documentation, including financial and attendance accounting data, will be regularly prepared and stored in a secure cloud-based server separate from the Charter School Property Inventory.

The Superintendent & CEO, or his/her designee, shall establish and maintain an inventory of all nonconsumable goods and equipment worth over \$2,500. This inventory shall include the original purchase price and date, a brief description, serial numbers, and other information appropriate for documenting the school's assets. This property will be inventoried on an annual basis and lists of any missing property shall be presented to the Board. All non-consumable school property lent to scholars shall be returned to the school no later than five (5) working days after end of the school year. Any excess or surplus property owned by the school may be sold or auctioned by the Superintendent & CEO, or his/her designee, provided he/she engages in due diligence to maximize the value of the sale or auction to the school. The sale or auction of property owned by the school with a fair market value in excess of \$25,000 shall be approved in advance by the Board.

<u>Payroll Services:</u> CCS will contract with a reputable, bonded, and insured payroll contractor to prepare payroll checks, tax and retirement withholdings, tax statements, and to perform other payroll support functions. The Superintendent & CEO, or his/her designee, will establish and oversee a system to prepare time and attendance reports and submit payroll check requests.

The Superintendent & CEO and Board will review payroll statements annually to ensure that (1) the salaries are consistent with staff contracts and personnel policies and (2) the proper tax, retirement, disability, and other withholdings have been deducted and forwarded to the appropriate authority. All staff expense reimbursements will be on payroll checks. Upon hiring of staff, a personnel file will be established with all appropriate payroll-related documentation including a federal I-9 form, tax withholding forms, retirement date, and an accounting of the use of sick leave.

<u>Negotiating Funding Entitlements</u>: The Superintendent & CEO shall prepare a set of negotiating principles for Board approval prior to engaging in negotiations over funding entitlements with the charter granting agency and state. Superintendent & CEO will take lead responsibility for negotiating all revenue arrangements with the charter granting agency and appropriate state education agency staff. These arrangements will be documented in appropriate and detailed Memoranda of Understanding for approval

by the Board.

Required Budget and Other Fiscal Reports: The Superintendent & CEO, working in conjunction with the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, will produce and submit to authorizers any and all required fiscal reports as may be required by state or federal law, or mandated by the terms of the school's charter. These include, but are not limited to, attendance reports, enrollment and other data reports required by the California Basic Educational Data System, and other related data.

Fundraising, Grant Solicitation, and Donation Recognition: All fundraising or grant solicitation activities on behalf of the Charter School must be approved in advance by the Board. The Board shall be informed of any conditions, restrictions, or compliance requirements associated with the receipt of such funds, including grants or categorical programs sponsored by the state or federal government. The Board shall be notified no later than the next regular board meeting of the award or receipt of any funds and shall approve the receipt of any grants, donations, or receipts of fundraising proceeds prior to their deposit in the school's accounts.

Annual Financial Audit

- The Board will annually appoint a finance committee by January 1 to select an auditor by March 1 prior to year-end (June 30th).
- Any persons with expenditure authorization or recording responsibilities within the Charter School may not serve on the committee.
- The committee will annually contract for the services of an independent certified public accountant to perform an annual fiscal audit.
- The audit shall include, but not be limited to:
 - An audit of the accuracy of the financial statements
 - An audit of the attendance accounting and revenue accuracy practices

Contracts:

- Consideration will be made of in-house capabilities to accomplish services before contracting for them.
- Office staff will keep and maintain a contract file evidencing the competitive bids obtained (if any) and the justification of need for any contracts over \$50,000.
 - Competitive bids will be obtained where required by law or otherwise deemed appropriate and in the best interests of the Charter School.
- Written contracts clearly defining work to be performed will be maintained for all contract service providers (e.g. consultants, independent contractors, subcontractors).
- Contract service providers must show proof of being licensed and bonded, if applicable, and of having adequate liability insurance and worker's compensation insurance currently in effect. The Superintendent & CEO may also require that contract service providers list the Charter School as an additional insured.
- If the contract service provider is a sole proprietor or a partnership (including LP, and LLP), the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will obtain a W-9 from the contract service provider prior to submitting any requests for payments.
- The Superintendent & CEO will approve proposed contracts and modifications in writing.
- Contract service providers will be paid in accordance with approved contracts as work is performed.

- The Superintendent & CEO and/or his designee will be responsible for ensuring the terms of the contracts are fulfilled.
- If a conflict of interest exists, the Board shall comply with Government Code Section 1090 et seq., the Political Reform Act, and Corporations Code 5233.
- All contracts must also comply with the Procurement and Contract Bidding Policy.

Accounts Payable

- All original invoices will immediately be forwarded to the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services for approval.
- The Finance Department will carefully review each invoice, attach all supporting documentation, and verify that the specified services and/or goods were received. When receiving tangible goods from a vendor, the person designated to receive deliveries should trace the merchandise to the packing list and note any items that were not in the shipment.
- Once approved by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, he/she will stamp an approval on the invoice and complete the required information, including noting the specific budget line item that is to be charged for the specified expenditures. The invoice and supporting documentation will be sent to the back office provider on at least a weekly basis. The back office provider will then process the invoices with sufficient supporting documentation.
- The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services may authorize the back office provider to pay recurring expenses (e.g. rent) with the Superintendent & CEO's formal approval (signature) on the invoice when dollar amounts fall within a predetermined range. A list of the vendors and the dollar range for each vendor must be provided to the back office provider in writing and updated on an annual basis.

Bank Checks

- The Board will approve, in advance, the list of authorized signers on the school account. The Superintendent & CEO, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, and any other employee authorized by the Board may sign bank checks within established limitations.
- The Superintendent & CEO, with advance Board approval, is authorized to open and close bank accounts.
- The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, the Superintendent & CEO and the back office provider will be responsible for all blank checks and will keep them under lock and key.
- When there is a need to generate a bank check, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will send appropriate approved documentation to the back office provider.
- Once approved by the Superintendent & CEO and the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, the back office provider issues the check based on the check authorization prior to obtaining the appropriate signature(s).
- The Superintendent & CEO and the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will co-sign all checks.

SECTION 6 - FISCAL – PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACT BIDDING

I. <u>General</u>

The Board of Directors ("Board") for Compass Charter Schools ("Charter School") declares its intent for the Charter School to procure goods and services as well as bidding for construction projects such as new building and facility construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, alterations and additions in a manner consistent with the guidelines set forth herein. The Charter School's practices have been designed to give fair and equitable treatment to all persons who deal with the Charter School's procurement system, to provide maximum economy in procurement activities, and to foster competition within the free enterprise system.

Notwithstanding any provision of this policy, state or federal law shall be complied with to the extent this policy is inconsistent with state or federal law on any particular procurement decision or construction project.

II. <u>Procurement Defined</u>

Procurement for the purposes of this policy is defined as buying, purchasing, renting, leasing, or otherwise acquiring goods, services, or construction for the Charter School. It also includes all functions that pertain to the obtaining of any good, service, or construction for the Charter School, including complying with bidding procedures as described herein, as well as administering agreements for goods, services, or construction once established.

Procurement does not include expenditures that typically would not be reviewed by any system of hierarchy for approval, such as using a petty cash fund to purchase lunch for a group of teachers at a professional development seminar.

III. <u>Procurement Policy</u>

Any procurement of goods, services, or construction shall be made upon considering the totality of the circumstances surrounding the procurement, which may include but not be limited to price, quality, availability, timelines, reputation, and prior dealings.

No work, project, service, or purchase shall be split or separated into smaller work orders or projects for the purpose of evading the requirements of this policy.

IV. <u>Professional Services Contracts</u>

The Charter School may hire such professional services as are needed for the operation of the Charter School without complying with the bidding procedures described in Sections VII and VIII herein. Such professional services include, but are not limited to, the following professionals: attorneys, architects, accountants, engineers, accountants, construction management, administrative services, and financial advisors.

In selecting professionals for engagement, the Charter School may consider all relevant factors, including but not limited to experience, education, expertise, reputation, and cost. The selection of professionals providing these services shall be within the sole discretion of the Board.

V. <u>Construction Contracts</u>

Procurement of construction and/or construction related services (other than those services which constitute professional services as described above in Section IV) must be made in accordance with the bidding procedures described herein. Additionally, when applicable, the Charter School shall comply with the prevailing wage laws applicable to certain construction and/or services that constitute a "public works" project as defined under the Labor Code. (Labor Code §§ 1720, 1720.2, and 1720.3.)

A "public works" project is defined as "construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work done under contract and paid for in whole or in part out of public funds..." (Labor Code § 1720(a)(1).)

An outline of the additional requirements applicable to public works projects are further described in Section X.

VI. <u>Guidelines for Selecting Contractors/Vendors</u>

A. Prequalification Procedures

The Charter School may, but is not required to, establish prequalification procedures for any contract for which bids are required.

B. Suspended and Debarred Contractors/Subcontractors

The Charter School may not consider any contractor or subcontractor that is debarred, suspended or is otherwise excluded from bidding on, accepting, or performing any public works contracts, by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement ("DLSE") of the California Department of Industrial Relations ("DIR").

The Charter School is required to vet any potential contractor or subcontractor for suspension or debarment before a contract may be awarded. A list of suspended and debarred contractors and subcontractors may be accessed through the DLSE Debarments Web Site at http://www.dir.ca.gov/dlse/debar.html.

VII. Informal Bidding and Contract Approval – Contracts up to \$50,000

All purchases over \$50,000 must include documentation of a good faith effort to secure the lowest possible cost for comparable goods or services of similar value. The Superintendent & CEO or designee shall not approve invoices, purchase orders, or check requests lacking such documentation. Documentation shall be attached to all invoices, purchase orders, and check requests indicating that at least three (3) contractors/vendors were contacted, and such documentation shall be maintained for three (3) years. Informal quotes or proposals for goods and/or services may be requested and received in writing by mail, email, facsimile, and/or verbally, such as by telephone, as long as properly documented.

Contracts for purchases of up to \$100,000 within the approved budget may be executed by the Superintendent & CEO without prior Board approval. The Governing Board must review all expenditures. This will be done via approval of a check register which lists all checks written during a set period of time and includes check #, payee, date, and amount. The Governing Board must also approve contracts over \$100,000. The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services

must approve all purchases.

VIII. Formal Bidding and Contract Approval – Contracts Over \$50,000

Unless state or federal law provides otherwise, contracts for the purchase of more than \$50,000 worth of equipment, materials or supplies to be furnished, sold, or leased to the Charter School, or contracts for more than \$50,000 worth of services or construction (excluding those professional services agreements enumerated in Section IV), shall be subject to the formal bidding requirements set forth herein.

If formal bidding is required, the Charter School shall utilize the following procedures:

A. Seeking Bids

The Charter School shall seek bids from those sources able to offer the best prices, consistent with quality, quantity, delivery, and service. To ensure that good value is received for funds expended, the request for bids shall be carefully designed to clearly and completely describe in detail the quality, delivery, and service required, and shall include the criteria that will be used to evaluate the offers and the relative weights given to the criteria. Further, the request for bids shall specify the date in which all bids must be received by the Charter School.

Notice of the request for bids may be provided in one or more of the following ways:

- (1) Publishing the request for bids in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the boundaries of each authorizer's County, once a week for at least [two (2) weeks] before the deadline for receiving bids;
- (2) Posting the request for bids on the Charter School's website or other electronic portal for at least [two (2) weeks] before the deadline for receiving bids; and/or
- (3) Directly submitting notice of the request for bids to an adequate number of qualified sources to permit reasonable competition consistent with the nature and purpose of this policy. Any list of potential contractors/vendors that is generated must be current and include enough qualified sources to ensure reasonable open and free competition.
- B. Opening Bids

Bids may be opened only at the time and place prescribed by the Superintendent & CEO or designee. A bid that has been opened may not be changed for the purpose of correcting an error in the bid price. However, bidders retain the right to withdraw a bid due to a material mistake in the bid. After bids have been opened, they shall be available for inspection or copy by any interested party. The Charter School must maintain the bid document(s) for the duration of the contract and for three (3) years beyond the completion of the contract.

C. Contract Award

The Board, or any employee of the Charter School to whom responsibility has been delegated, shall award a competitively bid contract at the bid amount to the bidder offering the best value to the Charter School according to its selection criteria. The contract need not be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. The selection criteria may include the following factors:

- (1) Purchase price;
- (2) Reputation of the contractor/vendor and of the contractor's/vendor's goods and/or services;
- (3) Quality of the contractor's/vendor's goods and/or services;
- (4) Extent to which the goods and/or services meet the Charter School's needs;
- (5) Contractor's/vendor's record of past performance;
- (6) Contractor's/vendor's financial standing and capacity;
- (7) Contractor's/vendor's past relationship with the Charter School; and
- (8) Total long-term cost to the Charter School to acquire the goods and/or services.

Contracts over \$100,000 must be approved by the Board prior to execution by the Superintendent & CEO.

Any and all bids may be rejected if there is a sound, documented reason for doing so.

D. Protest by Bidders

A bidder may protest a bid award if he/she believes that the award was inconsistent with this policy, the bid's specifications, or was not in compliance with law.

A protest must be filed in writing with the Superintendent & CEO or designee within five (5) business days after receipt of notification of the contract award. The bidder shall submit all documents supporting or justifying the protest. A bidder's failure to file the protest documents in a timely manner shall constitute a waiver of his/her right to protest the award of the contract.

The Superintendent & CEO or designee shall review the documents submitted with the bidder's claims and render a decision in writing within thirty (30) business days. The Superintendent & CEO or designee may also convene a meeting with the bidder to attempt to resolve the problem.

The bidder may appeal the Superintendent & CEO or designee's decision to the Board. The Superintendent & CEO or designee shall provide reasonable notice to the bidder of the time for Board consideration of the contract award. The Board's decision shall be final.

IX. <u>Noncompetitive Proposals</u>

A noncompetitive procurement proposal is the solicitation of a proposal from only one (1) source. Noncompetitive procurement proposals may only be used after the Charter School has solicited bids and/or proposals from at least three (3) sources, and has determined and documented that competition was inadequate. The Board, in its sole discretion, shall select the single source offering the best value to the Charter School according to its selection criteria list above. If a good, service, or construction is available only from a single source, this may also be documented to justify a noncompetitive proposal.

X. <u>Public Works Projects and Prevailing Wage Requirements</u>

A. When required by law, the Charter School shall comply with prevailing wage requirements.

XI. <u>Mandatory Contract Terms</u>

All contracts entered into with the Charter School must contain the following terms when applicable:

- (1) A ceiling price that the contractor/vendor exceeds at its own risk.
- (2) Retention of all required records by the contractor/vendor for three (3) years after the Charter School makes final payments and all other pending matters are closed.
- (3) Access by the Charter School or any of their duly authorized representatives to any books, documents, papers, and records of the contractor which are directly pertinent to that specific contract for the purpose of making audit, examination, excerpts, and transcriptions.
- (4) Administrative, contractual, or legal remedies in instances where contractors/vendors violate or breach contract terms, and the sanctions and penalties that are appropriate.
- (5) Termination for cause and for convenience by the Charter School, including the manner by which it will be effected and the basis for settlement.

XII. <u>Maintenance of Records</u>

The Charter School shall document specific actions for any procurement. These specific actions include, but are not limited to:

- (1) The rationale for the method of procurement.
- (2) The selection of contract type.
- (3) The selection or rejection of a contractor/vendor, and supporting rationale.
- (4) The basis for a contract price.

Documentation of each of these actions shall be prepared as the actions occur within any given instance of procurement.

Procurement records, accepted bid documents, and selected contracts will be retained by the Charter School for not less than three (3) years.

XIII. <u>Conflict of Interest</u>

If a conflict of interest exists, the Board shall comply with Government Code Section 1090 et seq., the Political Reform Act, and Corporations Code 5233.

No Board member or Charter School employee shall solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors, or parties to sub-agreements.

To the extent permitted by law, any Board member or Charter School employee who violates this section may be subject to penalties, sanctions, and other disciplinary actions.

XIV. <u>Reservation</u>

The Charter School Procurement and Contract Bidding Policy shall be amended and updated if necessary to comply with changes in acceptable procurement practices.
XV. Federal Grants or Programs

In addition to complying with all conditions herein, all contracts involving federal grants or other federal programs shall also fully comply with all applicable federal procurement guidelines related to such programs. In the event there is a conflict between this policy and the applicable federal procurement guidelines, the federal guidelines shall prevail.

SECTION 7 - FISCAL – GIFT ACCEPTANCE

The purpose of the Donation Acceptance Policy is to delineate policies and guidelines governing the acceptance of donations by Compass Charter Schools, and to provide guidance to prospective donors relating to potential donations to the organization.

Although we appreciate any donor who is interested in donating to our organization, Compass Charter Schools will not engage in any of the following donation acceptance practices:

- Accepting any donation that violates federal, state or municipal laws;
- Accepting donations that require Compass Charter Schools to provide special consideration or treatment to any individual, donor, entity, etc.;
- Accepting donations that require the Compass Charter Schools to deviate from its normal hiring, promotion or contracting procedures;
- Accepting personal gifts in any cash amount, including gift certificates, coupons, entertainment tickets or the like; and
- Accepting donations from organizations whose mission or core activities may be in direct conflict with the mission of Compass Charter Schools or which may limit its ability to perform its functions as a California nonprofit public benefit corporation creating managing, operating, guiding, directing and promoting one or more California public charter schools.

The Superintendent & CEO will consult with the Board of Directors regarding all donations prior to acceptance. With that said, Compass Charter Schools respectfully reserves the right to refuse any donation it believes is not in the best interest of the organization. Additionally, Compass Charter Schools employees may not accept any donations on behalf of Compass Charter Schools without the prior consent of the Superintendent & CEO and Board of Directors.

All donations must be accepted by the Board of Directors at a regularly scheduled Board meeting.

SECTION 8 – CURRICULUM - CURRICULUM ASSESSMENT

The Board recognizes that it is accountable to the scholars, parents/guardians and community for conducting ongoing evaluation of the curriculum and educational program of Compass Charter Schools. Appropriate means for continuing evaluation of the entire educational program shall be established.

The Superintendent & CEO, or his/her designee, shall review the effectiveness of the curriculum in meeting Compass Charter Schools' educational program needs and goals at least annually. The Superintendent & CEO shall provide a report on scholar progress in reaching Compass Charter Schools' educational goals and professional development of staff to the Academic Affairs Committee every two months, beginning in January of each year. The Academic Affairs Committee will present and summarize the report to the Board at the Board meeting immediately following receipt of the report. Based on these reports, the Board shall take appropriate actions to maintain the effectiveness of programs and to improve the quality of education delivered by Compass Charter Schools.

Elements of the Superintendent & CEO's reports may include the following:

- 1. Test results, surveys, inventories, checklists, and other indicators of scholar behavior;
- 2. Information regarding pupil behavior as assessed by teachers, peers, or the scholar himself/herself;
- 3. Descriptions of experiences implemented for scholars that are designed to bring about the desired outcomes;
- 4. Test results, measurements and observations related to the learning experience described in number 3, above;
- 5. Comparisons of outcomes with objectives;
- 6. Comparison of Compass Charter Schools curriculum with the applicable state standards;
- 7. Results from all state mandated assessments and any internal assessments;
- 8. Scholar writing samples and end-of-course grades.

Each year, in addition to the regular reports described above, the Superintendent & CEO, or his/her designee, shall provide the Board with a year-end report so the Board can determine the extent to which Compass Charter Schools has accomplished or made significant progress toward achieving its professional development and educational goals.

SECTION 9 – CURRICULUM - INDEPENDENT STUDY BOARD POLICIES

Compass Charter School ("CCS") offers independent study to meet the educational needs of pupils enrolled in the charter school. Independent study is an alternative education model designed to teach the knowledge and skills of the core curriculum. CCS shall provide appropriate existing services and resources to enable pupils to complete their independent study successfully. The following written policies have been adopted by the Board of Directors for implementation at CCS:

- 1. For pupils in all grade levels and programs offered by CCS, the maximum length of time that may elapse between the time an assignment is made and the date by which the pupil must complete the assigned work shall be three (3) school days.
- 2. When any pupil fails to complete five (5) assignments during any period of ten (10) school days, the Superintendent & CEO or his or her designee shall conduct an evaluation to determine whether it is in the best interests of the pupil to remain in independent study. A written record of the findings of any evaluation conducted pursuant to this policy shall be treated as a mandatory interim pupil record. This record shall be maintained for a period of three years from the date of the evaluation and if the pupil transfers to another California public school, the record shall be forwarded to that school.
- 3. A current written agreement shall be maintained on file for each independent study pupil, including but not limited to, all of the following:
 - The manner, time, frequency, and place for submitting a pupil's assignments and for reporting his or her progress.
 - The objectives and methods of study for the pupil's work, and the methods utilized to evaluate that work.
 - The specific resources, including materials and personnel, that will be made available to the pupil.
 - A statement of the policies adopted herein regarding the maximum length of time allowed between the assignment and the completion of a pupil's assigned work, and the number of missed assignments allowed prior to an evaluation of whether or not the pupil should be allowed to continue in independent study.
 - The duration of the independent study agreement, including beginning and ending dates for the pupil's participation in independent study under the agreement. No independent study agreement shall be valid for any period longer than one school year.
 - A statement of the number of course credits or, for the elementary grades, other measures of academic accomplishment appropriate to the agreement, to be earned by the pupil upon completion.

- The inclusion of a statement in each independent study agreement that independent study is an optional educational alternative in which no pupil may be required to participate. In the case of a pupil who is referred or assigned to any school, class or program pursuant to Education Code Section 48915 or 48917, the agreement also shall include the statement that instruction may be provided to the pupil through independent study only if the pupil is offered the alternative of classroom instruction.
- Each written agreement shall be signed, prior to the commencement of independent study, by the pupil, the pupil's parent, legal guardian, or care giver, if the pupil is less than 18 years of age, the certificated employee who has been designated as having responsibility for the general supervision of independent study, and all persons who have direct responsibility for providing assistance to the pupil. For purposes of this paragraph "caregiver" means a person who has met the requirements of Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 6550) of the Family Code.
- 4. CCS shall comply with the Education Code Sections 51745 through 51749.3 and the provisions of the Charter Schools Act and the State Board of Education regulations adopted there under.
- 5. The Superintendent & CEO shall establish regulations to implement these policies in accordance with the law.

Compass Charter School Master Agreement for Independent Study

Scholar Name: Scholar Number: Address: City/Location: Phone Number: DOB: Agreement Duration: Beginning Date: End Date: Year: Grade Level: 2nd Phone Number:

Scholars are required to report to their supervising teacher as follows for submitting work and reporting progress:

Manner of Reporting : \Box O	ne-on-one 🗆 Sma	ll Group 🗆 E-mail 🗆 Fa	ιx
Time:	•		
Frequency:			
Place of Meeting:			
0			

Method of Study: Specific methods of study will be designated on the Scholar Assignment Sheet and Attendance Record incorporated herein. Examples of methods of study for the scholar will include but are not limited to:
☐ Independent Reading □ Textbook Activities □ Problem Solving □ Study Projects □ Drill & Practice □ Experiential Learning □ Computerized Curriculum □ Web/Internet Research □ Library Research □ Field Trips □ Learning Center Courses □ Other_____.

Method of Evaluation: Academic evaluations will be designated on the Scholar Assignment Sheet and Attendance Record incorporated herein. Examples of acceptable methods of evaluation include but are not limited to:
Teacher-made Tests
Scholar Conferences
Progress/Report Cards
Chapter/Unit Tests
Work Samples
Observations
Portfolios
State Standards Testing
Learning Journals
Presentations
Quizzes
Labs
Finals
Other_____.

Resources: Compass Charter School will provide appropriate instructional materials and personnel to enable the scholar to complete the assigned work. Resources must include those reasonably necessary for the achievement of the objectives and must include resources that are normally available to all scholars on the same terms as the terms on which they are available to all. Assignments and specific resources will be designated on the Assignment and Attendance Record incorporated herein.

Board Policies:

(a) For scholars in all grade levels offered by CCS, the maximum length of time that may elapse between the time an assignment is made and the date by which the scholar must complete the assigned work shall be **three (3)** school days.

(b) When any scholar fails to complete **five (5)** assignments during any period of **ten (10)** school days, the Superintendent & CEO or his or her designee shall conduct an evaluation to determine whether it is in the best interests of the scholar to remain in independent study. A written record of the findings of any evaluation conducted pursuant to this policy shall be treated as a mandatory interim pupil record. This record shall be maintained for a period of three years from the date of the evaluation and if the pupil transfers to another California public school, the record shall be forwarded to that school.

Objectives: The scholar will complete the courses listed below. All course objectives are consistent with Compass Charter School standards, as outlined in the Compass Charter School's subject/course descriptions. Assignment Sheet and Attendance Record will include additional descriptions of the major objectives and activities of the courses of study covered by this agreement including the evaluation of scholar work and is incorporated herein. The term "Course Value" ("CV") refers to the number of credits (secondary education) or weeks of work (elementary education) the scholar will attempt.

<u>Course Credits or Other Measures of Academic Achievement to be Earned Upon</u> <u>Completion</u>

Category	Subject	CV	Modified
Language	English 9	5	No
Arts			
Mathematics	Algebra 1	5	No
Social Studies	World History	5	No

Voluntary Statement: It is understood that independent study is an optional educational alternative in which no pupil may be required to participate. In the case of a pupil who is referred or assigned to any school, class or program pursuant to Education Code Section 48915 or 48917, instruction may be provided to the pupil through independent study only if the pupil is offered the alternative of classroom instruction.

Signatures and Dates:

I have read and I understand the terms of this agreement, and agree to all provisions set forth.

Scholar:	Date:
Learning Coach:	Date:
Supervising Teacher:	Date:
Other Person Who Has Direct Responsibility for Prov	iding Assistance to the Scholar: Date:

Other Person Who Has Direct Responsibility for Providing Assistance to the Scholar:

Date:	
Other Person Who Has Direct Responsibility for Providing Assistance to the Scholar:	
Date:	

Other Person Who Has Direct Responsibility for Providing Assistance to the Scholar:

Date:

[PUT N/A IF THERE IS NO "OTHER PERSON"]

SECTION 10 – CURRICULUM - SCHOOL CALENDAR

When drafting the school calendar, the Superintendent & CEO, or his/her designee, shall attempt to maximize the number of school days and promote high attendance levels to maximize funding. The school calendar shall also reflect any commitments made in the charter petitions.

The Superintendent & CEO, or his/her designee, shall annually present the proposed school calendar for the following school year to the Board at its first meeting in March.

The school calendar shall comply with all applicable legal requirements, including meeting the minimum number of required school days for charter schools, and shall, to the greatest extent possible, meet the needs of the community, scholars, staff and parents/guardians. The school calendar shall indicate the beginning and end-of-school dates, regular school days, number of instructional days, professional development, legal holidays, vacation periods, and other pertinent dates.

SECTION 11 - FACILITIES/OPERATIONS - FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT

The Superintendent & CEO shall present to the Governing Board annually a multi-year Capital Improvement Program which will include recommendations regarding timing, location, costs and savings associated with new building requirement and restoration and renewal of existing school facilities. The Superintendent & CEO's report will:

- 1. Provide five-year enrollment projections prepared under the direction of the Superintendent & CEO and which have been reviewed and brought up-to-date annually.
- 2. Provide an assessment for all school facilities related to building renewal, reconfiguration or expansion to meet educational program needs.
- 3. Identify interim and long-term options that address the identified needs.
- 4. Articulate a rationale for recommended solutions.
- 5. Provide a detailed scope of work (e.g. number of rooms, extent of building system improvements) for each recommended project.
- 6. Provide a cost estimate for each recommended project that achieves compliance with approved educational specifications. This estimate will include all project costs (e.g. architect/engineering fees, project management, hazardous material abatement, installation of technology infrastructure, contingency, equipment).

SECTION 12 – PERSONNEL

Please refer to the Staff Handbook which are incorporated annually as a part of these Board Policies.

SECTION 13 - SCHOOL SAFETY - INJURY AND ILLNESS PREVENTION PROGRAM GUIDANCE

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT OF SAFETY MANUAL & INJURY AND ILLNESS PREVENTION PROGRAM

PLEASE READ THE EMPLOYEE SAFETY MANUAL & INJURY AND ILLNESS PREVENTION PROGRAM AND SUBMIT A SIGNED COPY OF THIS STATEMENT TO THE DIRECTOR OF HUMAN RESOURCES.

EMPLOYEE NAME: _____

This is to certify that I have received a copy of the CCS Safety Manual & Illness and Injury Prevention Program. I have read this document, understand it, and will comply with it while working for the School.

I understand that failure to abide by these rules may result in disciplinary action and possible termination of my employment with CCS.

I also understand that I am to report any injury to my Supervisor or Manager immediately and report all safety hazards.

I further understand that I have the following rights.

- I am not required to work in any area I feel is not safe.
- I am entitled to information on any hazardous material or chemical I am exposed to while working.
- I am entitled to see a copy of the CCS Safety Manual & Injury and Illness Prevention Program.
- I will not be discriminated against for reporting safety concerns.

Employee's Signature:	Date:	

Please sign/date, tear out, and return to CCS.

Policy Statement on Safety

The safety and health of each Compass Charter Schools (CCS) employee is of primary importance to us. We are committed to maintaining a safe and healthful working environment, and to achieve this goal, we have developed and implemented this comprehensive Safety Manual and Injury and Illness Prevention Program ("IIPP"). This Manual is designed to prevent workplace accidents, injuries, and illnesses. A complete copy of the program is maintained at our office at 850 Hampshire Road, Suite P, Thousand Oaks, CA 91261. A copy is also maintained online via Facebook Workplace. You may ask to review it at any time. You may also contact our Director of Human Resources at (805) 807-8182, if you have any questions or concerns.

It is the intent of CCS to comply with all laws relating to occupational safety and health. Management will provide all necessary safeguards, programs, and equipment required to reduce the potential for accidents and injuries. To further increase workplace safety, we require the active participation and assistance of all employees. The policies and procedures contained in this Manual are mandatory. You should also be constantly aware of conditions in all work areas that can produce injuries or illness. No employee is required to work at a job that he or she knows is not safe. Never hesitate to inform your supervisor of any potentially hazardous situation or condition that is beyond your ability or authority to correct immediately. No employee will be discriminated against for reporting safety concerns to management.

It is the responsibility of each employee to support the company safety program and to perform in a manner that assures his or her own personal safety and the safety of others, including customers, visitors and other trades. To be successful in our endeavor, all employees on every level must adopt proper attitudes towards injury and illness prevention. We must also cooperate in all safety and health matters, not only between management and employees, but also between each employee and his or her respective coworkers. Only through such an effort can any safety program be successful. Our objective is a safety and health program that will reduce the total number of injuries and illnesses to an absolute minimum. Our ultimate goal is zero accidents.

> J.J. Lewis Superintendent & CEO

Code of Safe Practices

General Safety Rules

- 1. All persons shall follow this Code of Safe Practices and render every possible aid to safe operations.
- 2. Failure to abide by the Code of Safe Practices may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.
- 3. Employees are to immediately report any unsafe conditions, accidents, injuries or illness to their Supervisor or Manager.
- 4. If you are unsure of the safe method to do your job, STOP and ask your Supervisor. Ignorance is no excuse for a safety violation.
- 5. No one shall be knowingly permitted to work while the employee's ability or alertness is impaired by fatigue, illness, and prescription or over the counter drugs. Employees who are <u>suspected</u> of being under the influence of illegal or intoxicating substances, or impaired by fatigue or an illness, shall be prohibited from working.
- 6. Never work while fatigued, ill, or under the influence of an illegal or intoxicating substance.
- 7. Anyone known to be under the influence of any drugs or intoxicating substances which impair the employee's ability to safely perform the assigned duties shall not be allowed on the job.
- 8. Horseplay, scuffling, fighting and other acts that tend to have an adverse influence on workplace safety or employee well-being are prohibited.
- 9. Work shall be well-planned and supervised to prevent injuries in the handling of materials and in working together with equipment.
- 10. Keep the work area clean and free of debris, electrical cords and other hazards.
- 11. Immediately clean up spilled liquids.
- 12. Always notify all other individuals in your area who might be endangered by the work you are doing.
- 13. Do not operate equipment that you are not familiar with. Do not attempt to use such equipment until you are fully trained and authorized.
- 14. You are responsible for ensuring all safety guards are operable and in place. If they are not, STOP working and tell your Supervisor.
- 15. Never bring firearms, weapons, illegal drugs or alcoholic beverages on school grounds.

- 16. CCS will appropriately label equipment that is NOT to be operated, energized or used. All such notices and procedures must be observed and obeyed.
- 17. Do not block exits, fire doors, aisles, fire extinguishers, first aid kits, emergency equipment, electrical panels, or traffic lanes.
- 18. Do not leave tools, materials, or other objects on the floor that might cause others to trip and fall.
- 19. Do not run on the work site if it would be unsafe to do so.
- 20. Do not distract others while working. If conversation is necessary, make sure eye contact is made prior to communicating.
- 21. Employees shall not enter manholes, underground vaults, chambers, tanks, silos, or other similar places that receive little ventilation, unless it has been determined that it is safe to enter.
- 22. Employees shall ensure that all guards and other protective devices are in proper places and adjusted, and shall report deficiencies promptly to the Supervisor or Manager.
- 23. Materials, tools, or other objects shall not be thrown from buildings or structures until proper precautions are taken to protect others from the falling objects.
- 24. Employees shall cleanse thoroughly after handling hazardous substances, and follow special instructions from authorized sources.
- 25. Gasoline or other flammable liquids shall not be used for cleaning purposes.
- 26. No burning, welding, or other source of ignition shall be applied to any enclosed tank or vessel, even if there are some openings, until it has first been determined that no possibility of explosion exists, and authority for the work is obtained from the Supervisor or Manager.

Campus Safety

- 1. Be aware of unknown persons loitering in parking areas, walkways, entrances and exits and service areas.
- 2. Report any suspicious persons or activities to school administration.
- 3. Employee desk or office should be secured at the end of the day.
- 4. When an employee is called away from his or her work area for an extended length of time, valuable or personal articles should not be left around a work station that may be accessible.

5. Employees must immediately notify school administration when keys are missing or if security access codes or passes have been breached.

Fire Prevention and Housekeeping

- 1. Always take precautions to prevent fires which may be started, particularly from oily waste, rags, gasoline, flammable liquids, acetylene torches, improperly installed electrical equipment and trash.
- 2. Firefighting equipment is to be inspected on a regular basis. All discharged, damaged or missing equipment is to be immediately reported to a Supervisor. Tampering with fire equipment is prohibited.
- 3. Access to fire extinguishers must be kept clear at all times. Make note of the location of firefighting equipment in your work area.
- 4. Never use gasoline or flammable solvents for cleaning purposes.
- 5. Smoking is prohibited within twenty (20) feet of where flammable substances are present.
- 6. In case of fire, employees shall consider the safety of themselves and other individuals before saving property.
- 7. Keep your work areas free of debris. Remove useless material from the work area as fast as required to help reduce tripping hazards.
- 8. Maintain awareness of potential hazards when walking about the work site.
- 9. Keep tools, materials and equipment out of walkways and stairways at all times.
- 10. Sharp wires or protruding nails must be kept bent.

General Duties and Responsibilities for Safety

A safe working environment can only be achieved and maintained when there is active interest, participation, and accountability at all levels of the organization. To ensure this, CCS, delegates the following safety duties by job title. Please keep in mind that this is not an all-inclusive list. In some cases, employees will need to perform safety duties outside their regular responsibilities to prevent accidents.

<u>Executive management</u> must plan, organize, and administer the program by establishing policy, setting goals and objectives, assigning responsibility, motivating subordinates, and monitoring results. The Director of Human Resources will support and maintain an ongoing IIPP through the following:

- 1. Providing clear understanding and direction to all management and employees regarding the importance of safety through the development, implementation, monitoring and revision of policy and procedures.
- 2. Providing adequate funds for the purchase of necessary safety materials, safety equipment, proper personal protective equipment, adequate time for employee safety training, and maintenance of tools and equipment.
- 3. Overseeing development, implementation, and maintenance of the IIPP and other required safety programs.
- 4. Maintaining a organizational commitment to accident prevention by expecting safe conduct on the part of all managers, supervisors, and employees.
- 5. Holding all levels of management and employees accountable for accident prevention and safety.
- 6. Reviewing all accident investigations to determine corrective action.

<u>Managers and Supervisors</u> play a key role in the prevention of accidents on the job. They have direct contact with the employees and know the safety requirements for various jobs. Safety responsibilities for these individuals include:

- 1. Enforce all safety rules in the Code of Safe Practices and ensure safe work procedures.
- 2. Verify corrective action has been taken regarding safety hazards and accident investigations.
- 3. Conduct periodic documented inspections of the work sites to identify and correct unsafe actions and conditions that could cause accidents.
- 4. Act as a leader in company safety policy and setting a good example by following all safety rules.
- 5. Become familiar with local, state, and federal safety regulations. The Safety Coordinator is available for assistance.

- 6. Train all new and existing employees in proper safety procedures and the hazards of the job.
- 7. Instruct all employees, under their supervision, in safe work practices and job safety requirements.
- 8. Hold occasional safety meetings with employees.
- 9. Ensure employee proficiency when assigning work requiring specific knowledge, special operations or equipment.
- 10. Ascertain that all machinery, equipment, and workstations are maintained in safe working condition and operate properly.
- 11. Correct unsafe acts and conditions that could cause accidents.
- 12. Communicate with all employees about safety and accident prevention activities.
- 13. Correct the cause of any accident as soon as possible.
- 14. Ascertain that proper first aid and firefighting equipment is maintained and used when conditions warrant its use.
- 15. Maintain good housekeeping conditions at all times.
- 16. Investigate all injuries and accidents to determine their cause and potential corrective action.
- 17. Ascertain that all injuries involving our employees that require medical attention are properly treated and promptly reported to the office.

<u>The Safety Coordinator</u> acts as a safety resource for the company and is responsible for maintaining program records. The Director of Human Resources is currently responsible for this role. The Safety Coordinator will also be our primary person to deal with outside agencies regarding the safety program and its contents. Additional duties include:

- 1. Coordinate of all loss prevention activities as a representative of management.
- 2. Act as a consultant to management in the implementation and administration of the policies set forth in this Manual.
- 3. Develop and implement loss prevention policies and procedures designed to insure compliance with the applicable rules and regulations of all federal, state, and local agencies.
- 4. Review all accident reports to determine cause and preventability.
- 5. Conduct periodic reviews of the program and job sites to evaluate performance, discuss problems and help solve them.

- 6. Consult with representatives of our insurance companies in order that their loss control services will support the IIPP.
- 7. Review Workers' Compensation Claims and help supply the insurance carrier with information about injured employees in order to keep loss reserves as low as possible.

<u>Every employee</u> is responsible for working safely, both for self-protection and for protection of fellow workers. Employees must also support all company safety efforts. Specific employee safety responsibilities include:

- 1. If you are unsure how to do any task safely, ask your supervisor.
- 2. Read and abide by all requirements of this Manual.
- 3. Wear all required personal protective equipment.
- 4. Report all accidents and injuries, no matter how minor, to your supervisor immediately.
- 5. Do not operate any equipment you have not been trained and authorized to use.
- 6. Report any safety hazards or defective equipment immediately to your supervisor.
- 7. Do not remove, tamper with or defeat any guard, safety device or interlock.
- 8. Never use any equipment with inoperative or missing guards, safety devices or interlocks.
- 9. Never possess, or be under the influence of, alcohol or controlled substances while on the premises.
- 10. Never engage in horseplay or fighting.
- 11. Participate in, and actively support, the safety program.

Office Safety

Office accidents can and do happen. To prevent them, CCS has developed the following rules for our office staff. We will also endeavor to include office employees in periodic safety meetings. If at any time, you feel there is a safety hazard, or you have any safety concerns, please do not hesitate to notify the Director of Human Resources.

- 1. Report all accidents and injuries, no matter how minor, to your Supervisor immediately.
- 2. Correct or report any safety hazards that you observe.
- 3. Clean up any spilled material that may present a slipping hazard.
- 4. Do not stretch any cords across aisles that may present a tripping hazard.
- 5. No one is allowed to climb on shelves or stand on chairs; you must use a step stool or ladder.
- 6. Keep all legs of the chair on the floor. Do not tilt chairs too far back.
- 7. No one shall be in the possession of, or under the influence of, alcohol or other intoxicating substances while on the premises.
- 8. No horseplay will be tolerated.
- 9. Close file drawers when not in use.
- 10. Do not open more than one file drawer at a time. This could cause the cabinet to tip.
- 11. Do not store heavy objects above your head that could fall on you in an earthquake.
- 12. Do not store flammable or combustible materials near heaters or other heat sources.
- 13. If you are unsure how to do any task safely, ask your supervisor.
- 14. Do not operate any equipment you are not trained and authorized to use.
- 15. Always follow safe lifting procedures when lifting any object and get help for heavy loads by doing the following:
 - Bend your knees, not your back.
 - Keep the load close to body.
 - Keep your back straight.
 - Lift with your legs.
 - Do not lift and twist.

Office Ergonomics

Studies have shown over the years that poorly designed and arranged work areas and repetitive motions can lead to a variety of injuries including carpal tunnel syndrome and tendonitis, which are often referred to as repetitive motion injuries (RMI). As with cancer, heart disease, and many other ailments, there are risk factors that increase an individual's likelihood of developing RMI. If the risk factors are reduced, so are the chances of being injured. While some of these risk factors, such as family history, cannot be controlled in the employment setting, many can, including:

- The force used to perform a task;
- Posture while performing tasks;
- The number of repetitions performed in a given time period; and
- Mechanical stresses such as hard surfaces.

Proper Adjustments to Office Equipment

The most significant RMI risk factor in office environments is poor body posture caused by improper workstation design or layout. In many cases employees are required to work in awkward positions for long periods of time. This greatly increases the likelihood of injury. Fortunately, this is often the easiest problem to correct. The goal is to perform work in neutral posture as much as possible. Neutral posture is best described as the most comfortable position and usually involves little or no twisting or deviation of the joints.

To apply the principle of neutral posture to the office setting we need to look at the five major components of office workstations. They are: the chair, the computer keyboard, the desk, the computer monitor, and the work product.

Chairs

Chairs are often the most overlooked piece of office equipment, yet they are the single most important item from an ergonomic standpoint. A poor chair that lacks adjustments and support makes it almost impossible to work comfortably and in neutral posture. Good office chairs are fully adjustable including:

- Chair height.
- Height of the backrest.
- The position forward or back of the backrest.
- The position forward or back of the seat pan.
- The angle (tilt) of the seat pan.
- If armrests are provided, they should be height and width adjustable.

In many cases, fully adjustable chairs are provided for employees, but they never adjust them. Make sure you understand all of the adjustments your chair has and how to use them. When in doubt, read the owner's manual or ask. A properly adjusted chair should allow the user to rest their feet comfortably on the floor without putting pressure on their lower thighs. Their knees should be approximately the same height as their hips, or slightly higher, and they should be able to sit back against the backrest which is positioned for lower back support. If your feet do not rest comfortably on the floor the chair is too high. If the chair cannot be lowered any further, a footrest should be used. Whether armrests are provided depends on the type of workstation and personal preference. If they are provided, they should be height adjustable to allow the arms to rest comfortably on them without excessive shoulder drop. Armrests should also be well padded to reduce pressure on the lower arms.

Keyboards

The keyboard should be positioned to minimize bend in your wrists. In order to accomplish this, it is often necessary to have a position and height adjustable keyboard tray attached to the underside of the desk. Using a tray also frees up workspace on the desk where the keyboard once sat.

The height of the keyboard should be set so that there is approximately a ninety-degree (90°) angle between the upper and lower arms. There should also be a straight line from the elbow out through your fingers. If your fingers hang down too much or bend up, creating a "V" between your hand and forearm, you place extra stress on your wrist. Many people find it comfortable to use padded wrist rests in front of the keyboard. This often helps minimize wrist deflection. The keyboard tray should also be adjusted so that you do not have to reach forward too far to type. Your elbows should be close to your side and back by your spine, not out in front of you. Do not extend the small legs on the bottom of the keyboard tray. This increases the wrist angle unnecessarily. Many keyboard trays now also have extensions for your mouse. This places everything you need within easy reach.

Desks

Desks should be arranged so that you are able to comfortably write and use your office equipment. Some of these items may need to be moved closer to you. Your legs should also fit easily under the desk. Stored items, such as boxes, which block your legs should be removed. The standard desk height is fine for most people. If you are exceptionally tall or short, however, adjusting the desk up or down an inch, if possible, may be helpful.

Work product should be kept within easy reach. Heavy notebooks or binders that you use often should be placed near you. If you use the phone a lot, consider using a headset to reduce neck strain and free up your hands for other tasks. Copyholders can be very helpful if you are entering data or typing from paper. Set them up so they are as close to the screen as possible to reduce neck motion.

Computer Monitors

Your computer monitor should be directly in front of you. Monitors that are off to one side cause you to turn your neck, which can lead to injury. The top of the screen should be at about eye level. If the screen is too low your neck will ache from constantly looking down. Putting old phone books or reams of copy paper under them can easily raise monitors. You may also use a special adjustable monitor holder to free up desk space. Tilt the screen so that the top is closer to you than the bottom. This will reduce glare from overhead lights. If you cannot get away from outside light, use a glare screen to improve contrast and reduce eyestrain that can cause headaches. Also know how to adjust the screen contrast and brightness controls and keep the screen clean and free of dust and fingerprints.

Force, Repetition, and Mechanical Stress

The risk factors of force, repetition, and mechanical stress are also controllable in an office environment. Force can be reduced by using automatic staplers and date stamps. If heavy files, boxes, or other items must be moved, use carts and dollies. When filing, use two hands to hold the larger files and keep heavy items stored between knee and shoulder height to reduce strain on your back and arms.

Repetition is controllable through the use of task management. Break up the work as much as possible throughout the day. If possible, do not spend more than two hours at a time typing or entering data. Intersperse other tasks such as filing to use other muscle groups. You should take ten-minute breaks every two hours if you are doing repetitive tasks.

Mechanical stress occurs when you rest parts of your body against hard or sharp objects. This cuts off blood flow and presses on nerves, which can lead to numbress and tingling. Sharp edges can be padded or cushioned where needed to reduce this.

Worksite Evaluation and Exposure Reduction.

Each job, process, or operation of identical work activity that has resulted in at least two (2) instances of RMI shall be evaluated for exposures that have caused RMI. CCS may request assistance from outside consultants for this purpose.

Any exposures that have caused RMI shall, in a timely manner, be corrected or if not capable of being corrected have the exposures minimized to the extent feasible. We shall consider engineering controls, such as work station redesign, adjustable fixtures or tool redesign, and administrative controls, such as job rotation, work pacing or work breaks.

Training

Affected employees shall be provided training that includes an explanation of:

- CCS program;
- The exposures which have been associated with RMI;
- The symptoms and consequences of injuries caused by repetitive motion;
- The importance of reporting symptoms and injuries to their supervisor; and
- Methods used to minimize RMI.

This training may be conducted as part of the regular safety meetings.

Fleet & Driving Safety

CCS has established the following guidelines and procedures for our drivers and vehicles to protect the safety of individuals operating any motor vehicle on company business. Protecting our employee drivers, their passengers, and the public is of the highest priority. The commitment of management and employees is critical to the success of this program. Clear communication of, and strict adherence to, the program's guidelines and procedures are essential.

Our primary goal is to maintain a high level of safety awareness and foster responsible driving behavior. Driver safety awareness and responsible driving behavior will significantly decrease the frequency of motor vehicle accidents and reduce the severity of personal injuries and property damage.

Drivers must follow the requirements outlined in this program. Violations of this program may result in disciplinary action up to, and including, suspension of driving privileges or dismissal.

Driver Selection

Only company authorized and assigned employees are allowed to drive company vehicles at any time. Prior to being authorized and assigned, CCS will check the following items. Drivers must have:

- A valid un-restricted driver's license;
- Current, valid driver's insurance; and
- A current driving record on file, reflecting no more than two (2) points and no serious or major violations (any conviction involving driving while under the influence will be deemed to be a serious and major violation).

CCS will also check driving records of all employees authorized to drive on company business on an annual basis.

Employees that do not meet these requirements are not authorized or allowed to drive company vehicles or drive their own vehicle on company business.

Driving Rules

These rules are mandatory for all employees driving on behalf of CCS.

- 1. Only authorized employees may drive on behalf of CCS . No other family members may drive vehicles on behalf of CCS.
- 2. Seat belts must be worn in CCS vehicles at all times. You should wear the lap belt low across your hips and have the shoulder strap directly across your chest. You also need to keep the belt tight. There should not be more than an inch between your body and the belt at any point.

- 3. No employee is permitted to drive vehicles behalf of CCS while impaired by alcohol, illegal or prescription drugs, or over the counter medications. You must be sober and alert at all times while driving.
- 4. All accidents which occur while driving behalf of CCS must be reported to the office immediately.
- 5. Employees with two (2) or more preventable accidents in a three (3) year period, or that obtain three (3) points on their driving record, will be subject to a loss of their driving privileges or have their driving privileges restricted.
- 6. Get the big picture while driving. Keep your eyes aimed high and try to anticipate hazards and other drivers' mistakes. You should be looking well ahead of where you are. You should also always leave yourself an out in case the other driver does the unexpected.
- 7. Maintain a safe following distance at all times. Approximately one-third $(^{1}/_{3})$ of all auto accidents are rear end collisions. You should be at least two (2) seconds behind the vehicle in front of you to allow yourself sufficient time to stop. Do not tailgate. Following distances should be increased for larger vehicles or if in slippery or rainy conditions.
- 8. Avoid passing on two lane roads. Head on collisions are the most common cause of fatalities. You should also turn on your headlights while driving on two lane roads. This helps oncoming traffic see and avoid you. Never pass another vehicle on blind turns or hills.
- 9. Inspect the vehicle for mechanical defects prior to each trip. Test your brakes as soon as you start out to insure they are properly operating. Worn tires can make your vehicle difficult to control or stop.
- 10. Avoid using your phone and other distracting activities while driving. These actions take your eyes off the road and often cause you to swerve. Pull over into a safe parking area before making that call.
- 11. Never drive faster than road conditions warrant. Slow down when road conditions are poor (rain, fog, night) and never exceed posted speed limits.
- 12. Always signal when changing lanes or turning.
- 13. Use caution when passing any stopped vehicle, especially near intersections or cross walks.
- 14. Avoid tailgating, rapid lane changes, speeding, and hand gestures to bad drivers. If you are being tailgated, change lanes and let them pass.
- 15. Intersection collisions are a significant problem. These are often caused by someone running the red light. You should always be under control when approaching an intersection and be prepared to stop if the light changes.

- 16. Slow down and look for trains at all railroad crossings. Even with modern signals and gates, hundreds of cars are hit by trains each year at grade crossings.
- 17. Use your low beams while driving in fog and slow down. If you cannot see, pull over into a safe parking area and wait for better visibility. Do not stop in the traffic lanes. You will almost certainly be hit by another vehicle if you do.
- 18. Always walk behind the vehicle before backing. This will insure that there are no people or objects behind you that you cannot see from the driver's seat. You should also make sure that all loads are properly secured to prevent them from moving. Numerous accidents are caused by objects that have fallen off vehicles carrying freight.
- 19. Always signal well in advance when changing lanes or turning, and make sure to check your blind spot for other vehicles. Also, avoid driving in someone else's blind spot. If they can't see you, they don't know you are there.
- 20. Yield the right of way until you are sure the other driver is going to stop. Just because you have the legal right of way does not mean you should always take it. Always yield the right of way to emergency vehicles.
- 21. Engage in defensive driving by expecting the unexpected, anticipating bad driving by others, looking ahead for hazards, leaving room for evasive maneuvers if necessary, always driving under control, and obeying the rules of the road.

Hazardous Materials and Chemicals Communication Program

It is the policy of CCS that the first consideration of work shall be the protection of the safety and health of all employees. We have developed this Hazard Communication Program to ensure that all employees receive adequate information about the possible hazards that may result from the various materials used in our operations. This Hazard Communication Program will be monitored by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, who will be responsible for ensuring that all facets of the program are carried out, and that the program is effective.

Please note that the following items are not included in the program:

- Foods, drugs, cosmetics or tobacco;
- Untreated wood products;
- Hazardous waste; and
- Consumer products packaged for sale to and use by the general public, provided that our exposure is not significantly greater than typical consumer exposure.

Hazardous Material Inventory

The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services maintains a list of all hazardous materials used in our operations. This list contains the name of the product, the type of product (solvent, adhesive etc.) and the name and address of the manufacturer.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Copies of MSDS for all hazardous substances to which our employees may be exposed will be kept in a binder in the office at 850 Hampshire Road, Suite P, Thousand Oaks, CA 91261. These MSDS are available to all employees, at any reasonable time, upon request. Copies of the most commonly used products will also be kept by the Supervisor at the work site.

The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will be responsible for reviewing incoming MSDS for new and significant health/safety information. They will ensure that any new information is passed on to the affected employees.

The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services will also review all incoming MSDS for completeness. If an MSDS is missing or obviously incomplete, a new MSDS will be requested from the manufacturer. The California Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("Cal/OSHA") will be notified if a complete MSDS is not received and the manufacturer will not supply one.

New materials will not be introduced into the shop or field until a MSDS has been received. The purchasing department will make it an ongoing part of their function to obtain MSDS for all new materials when they are first ordered.

Container Labeling

No container of hazardous substances will be used unless the container is correctly labeled and the label is legible.

All chemicals in cans, bags, drums, pails, etc., will be checked by the receiving department to ensure the manufacturer's label is intact, is legible, and has not been damaged in any manner during shipment. Any containers found to have damaged labels will be held until a new label has been installed. New labels will be obtained from the manufacturer.

The label must contain:

- The chemical name of the contents;
- The appropriate hazard warnings; and
- The name and address of the manufacturer.

All secondary containers will be labeled as to their contents with a reference to the original label.

Employee Information and Training

All employees will be provided information and training on the following items through the CCS safety training program and prior to starting work with hazardous substances. Such information and training shall include the following:

- 1. An overview of the requirements of the Hazard Communication Standard, including their rights under this regulation.
- 2. Information regarding the use of hazardous substances in their specific work areas.
- 3. The location and availability of the written hazard communication program. The program will be available from the Supervisor and Assistant Superintendent of Business Services.
- 4. The physical and health hazards of the hazardous substances in use.
- 5. Methods and observation techniques used to determine the presence or release of hazardous substances in the work area.
- 6. The controls, work practices and personal protective equipment that are available for protection against possible exposure.
- 7. Emergency and first aid procedures to follow if employees are exposed to hazardous substances.
- 8. How to read labels and material safety data sheets to obtain the appropriate hazard information.

Hazardous Non-Routine Tasks

Infrequently, employees may be required to perform hazardous non-routine tasks. Prior to starting this work, each involved employee will be given information by his/her supervisor about hazards to which they may be exposed during such activity.

This information will include:

- The specific hazards;
- Protective/safety measures which must be utilized; and
- The measures the organization has taken to lessen the hazards, including special ventilation, respirators, the presence of another employee, emergency procedures, etc.

Informing Outside Contractors and Vendors

To ensure that outside contractors are not exposed to our hazardous materials, and to ensure the safety of the contractor's employees, it will be the responsibility of the Supervisor to provide outside contractors the following information:

- The hazardous substances under our control that they may be exposed to while at the work site; and
- The precautions the contractor's employees must take to lessen the possibility of exposure.

We will obtain from outside contractors and vendors the name of any hazardous substances the contractor's employees may be using at a work site or bringing into our facility. The contractor must also supply a copy of the material safety data sheet relevant to these materials.

Employee Rights Under The Hazard Communication Standard

At any reasonable time, an employee has the right, upon request, to:

- Access the MSDS folder, and the Hazard Communication Program;
- Receive a copy of any environmental sampling data collected in the workplace; and
- See his/her employment medical records.

Hazard Identification and Evaluation

To assist in the identification and correction of hazards, CCS has developed the following procedures. These procedures are representative only and are not exhaustive of all the measures and methods that will be implemented to guard against injury from recognized and potential hazards in the workplace. As new hazards are identified and improved work procedures developed, they will be promptly incorporated into our Safety Manual.

Loss Analysis

Periodic loss analyses will be conducted by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services. These will help identify areas of concern and potential job hazards. The results of these analyses will be communicated to management, supervision, and employees through safety meetings and other appropriate means.

Accident Investigations

All accidents and injuries will be investigated in accordance with the guidelines contained in this program. Accident investigations will focus on all causal factors and corrective action including the identification and correction of hazards that may have contributed to the accident.

Employee Suggestions

Employees are encouraged to report any hazard they observe to their supervisor. No employee of CCS will ever be disciplined or discharged for reporting any workplace hazard or unsafe condition in good faith. However, employees who do NOT report potential hazards or unsafe conditions that they are aware of will be subject to disciplinary action.

Regulatory Requirements

All industries are subject to government regulations relating to safety. Many of these regulations are specific to our type of business. Copies of pertinent regulations can be obtained from the Safety Coordinator/Assistant Superintendent of Business Services.

Outside Agencies

Several organizations will assist us in identifying hazards in our workplace. These include safety officers from other contractors, insurance carrier safety and health consultants, private industry consultants, the fire department, and Cal/OSHA Consultation.

Periodic Safety Inspections

Periodic safety inspections ensure that physical and mechanical hazards are under control and identify situations that may become potentially hazardous. Inspections shall include a review of the work habits of employees in all work areas. These inspections will be conducted by the Supervisor, Manager, Safety Coordinator/Assistant Superintendent of Business Services or other

designated individual.

Periodic safety inspections will be conducted:

- When new substances, process, procedures or equipment are used;
- When new or previously unrecognized hazards are identified; and
- Periodically by the Safety Coordinator.

These inspections will focus on both unsafe employee actions as well as unsafe conditions. The following is a partial list of items to be checked.

- The proper use, condition, maintenance and grounding of all electrically operated equipment.
- The proper use, condition, and maintenance of safeguards for all power-driven equipment.
- Compliance with the Code of Safe Practices.
- Housekeeping and personal protective equipment.
- Hazardous materials.
- Proper material storage.
- Provision of first aid equipment and emergency medical services.

Any and all hazards identified will be corrected as soon as practical in accordance with the CCS hazard correction policy.

If imminent or life threatening hazards are identified, which cannot be immediately corrected, all employees must be removed from the area, except those with special training required to correct the hazard, who will be provided necessary safeguards.

Documentation of Inspections

Safety inspections will be documented to include the following:

- Date on which the inspection was performed;
- The name and title of person who performed the inspection;
- Any hazardous conditions noted or discovered and the steps or procedures taken to correct them; and
- Signature of the person who performed the inspection.

All reports shall be kept on file for a minimum of two (2) years.

Hazard Correction

The following procedures will be used to evaluate, prioritize and correct identified safety hazards. Hazards will be corrected in order of priority, with the most serious hazards being corrected first.

Hazard Evaluation

Factors that will be considered when evaluating hazards include:

- Potential severity (the potential for serious injury, illness or fatality);
- Likelihood of exposure (the probability of the employee coming into contact with the hazard);
- Frequency of exposure (how often employees come into contact with the hazard);
- Number of employees exposed;
- Possible corrective actions (what can be done to minimize or eliminate the hazard); and
- Time necessary to correct (the time necessary to minimize or eliminate the hazard).

Techniques for Correcting Hazards

- 1. Engineering Controls: Could include machine guarding, ventilation, noise reduction at the source, and provision of material handling equipment. These are the first and preferred methods of control.
- 2. Administrative Controls: The next most desirable method would include rotation of employees or limiting exposure time.
- 3. **Personal Protective Equipment**: Includes hard hats, hearing protection, respirators and safety glasses. These are often the least effective controls for hazards and should be relied upon only when other controls are impractical.

Documentation of Corrective Action

All corrective action taken to mitigate hazards should be documented. Depending on the circumstances, one of the following forms should be used:

- Safety Contact Report;
- Safety Meeting Report;
- Memo or letter; or
- Safety inspection form.

All hazards noted on safety inspections will be rechecked on each subsequent inspection and notations made as to their status.

Fire Prevention and Emergency Action Plan

CCS has developed the following emergency plan to cover those designated actions that must be taken to ensure employee safety from fire and during other emergencies. Any questions about this plan should be directed to the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services.

Office, Shop & Warehouse Emergency Evacuation and Fire Prevention

The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services is responsible for ensuring the following:

- 1. That all required emergency exits are clearly identified in the office, shop, and warehouse and that all required firefighting and emergency equipment is available and in good condition. The following items will be maintained:
 - First aid kit;
 - Drinking water;
 - Flashlight;
 - Portable battery powered radio and batteries;
 - Fire extinguishers;
 - Wrench to shut off the main gas valve; and
 - Pry bars, axes, saws, tools or similar devices for employee rescue.
- 2. That there is a facility map designating all emergency evacuation routes and the locations of all fire fighting equipment and emergency supplies and equipment. These maps will be posted in at least two (2) locations in the facility.
- 3. Training all exposed employees on the procedures to be followed in the event of fire, earthquake or other emergency including how to properly notify other affected employees.
- 4. Identifying potential fire hazards in the office, shop and warehouse and ensuring that adequate steps are taken to prevent fires.
- 5. Ensuring that combustible trash and materials are removed promptly from the facility, and that all flammable and combustible liquids are properly stored and handled.

During an Emergency

In the event of an emergency such as earthquake or fire, all employees are expected to evacuate the premises immediately.

Employees will be notified of emergencies through one of the following:

- Fire alarm;
- Intercom;
- Emergency horn; or

• Direct voice communication.

After the emergency evacuation has been completed, a head count will be taken to ensure everyone is out of the building.

Bloodborne Pathogen Exposure Control Plan

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

A. <u>Purpose</u>

The purpose of this Bloodborne Pathogen Exposure Control Plan is to:

- 1. Eliminate or minimize employee occupational exposure to blood or certain other body fluids;
- 2. Comply with the Cal/OSHA's Bloodborne Pathogens Standard (8 CCR § 5193).

B. <u>Background</u>

Blood and body fluids may contain pathogens, which are small organisms that can cause serious disease. Some of the most common bloodborne diseases are:

- 1. Hepatitis B virus ("HBV") and Hepatitis C virus ("HCV"), which causes hepatitis, a potentially fatal liver disease; and
- 2. Human Immunodeficiency Virus ("HIV"), the cause of Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome ("AIDS").

HBV, HCV and HIV are usually passed on when disease organisms enter the body through mucous membranes or through breaks in the skin.

In the school setting, the most common way exposure can occur is when an employee has an open sore or injury and is in contact with blood or other infectious material, or when an employee is not wearing the proper personal protective equipment to protect against contact with infectious material such as blood, human tissue or other body fluids that contain blood.

C. <u>Management Commitment/Responsibility</u>

The development and implementation of an exposure control plan requires the commitment of management and participation of all employees at every level within the organization.

1. <u>Policy Statement</u>

It is the policy of CCS to provide a safe and healthy work environment for all of its employees by minimizing exposure to bloodborne pathogens.

- 2. <u>Responsibility</u>
 - a. It shall be the responsibility of the Director of Human Resources to review

the organization's bloodborne pathogen exposure control program annually. Whenever necessary, the Exposure Control Plan will be amended to reflect new or modified tasks and procedures, which affect occupational exposure.

- b. It shall be the responsibility of the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services to conduct facility audits to assess exposure control compliance, including examination of engineering controls on a regular basis to ensure their effectiveness.
- c. The Director of Human Resources shall coordinate, implement and monitor the training, vaccinations, post-exposure evaluation and follow-up, post-exposure prophylaxis, and record keeping required annually to ensure compliance in accordance with bloodborne pathogens exposure control standards.
- d. The Principal for each school site is responsible for overseeing the implementation of the work practice controls at that site.
- e. The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services is responsible for assessing and selecting appropriate personal protective equipment.
- f. The Principal for each school site is responsible for ensuring that appropriate personal protective equipment is available to employees at that site. Employees are responsible for wearing the designated personal protective equipment.
- g. The Director of Human Resources is responsible for maintaining the training records.

II. <u>EXPOSURE DETERMINATION</u>

A. <u>Definition of Occupational Exposure</u>

Any employee with occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials is covered by the Exposure Control Plan. Potentially infectious materials include the following human body fluids: blood, semen, vaginal secretions, cerebrospinal fluid, synovial fluid, pleural fluid, pericardial fluid, peritoneal fluid, amniotic fluid, saliva, any body fluid that is visibly contaminated with blood, and all body fluids in situations where it is difficult or impossible to differentiate between body fluids.

Occupational exposure is defined by Cal/OSHA as "reasonably anticipated skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials that may result from the performance of an employee's duties." (Parenteral means piercing mucous membranes or the skin barrier through such events as needlesticks, human bites, cuts and abrasions). Further, to be considered "occupational exposure," the contact must result from the performance of an employee's duties.
B. <u>Determination of Occupational Exposure</u>

The Cal/OSHA regulations provide for the Hepatitis B vaccination of certain employees who may reasonably anticipate occupational exposure. Accordingly, it is the organization's responsibility to identify and list the following:

- 1. Each job classification in which all the employees have reasonably anticipated occupational exposure.
- 2. Each job classification in which some of the employees have occupational exposure.

In identifying the job classification, CCS must specify the job tasks and procedures in which occupational exposure is reasonably anticipated to occur. These job classifications and related job tasks and procedures are identified in the list that follows, entitled "Job Classifications in Which Employees Have Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens."

Consequently, Hepatitis B vaccinations shall be provided to those employees determined by CCS to have occupational exposure to blood and other potentially infectious materials, and to be eligible for vaccination.

Job Classifications in Which Employees Have Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens

Below are listed the job classifications at CCS where <u>some</u> or <u>all</u> employees may handle human blood or other potentially infectious materials, and the tasks/procedures which may result in possible exposure to bloodborne pathogens:

JOB CLASSIFICATION

TASKS/PROCEDURES

Employees with Occupational Exposure:

- School Nurses
- Health Assistants

Provision of physical care in which blood or blood-tinged body fluids are present.

Provision of physical care or conduct

activities with exposure to blood for the

developmentally disabled.

who cleans offices

Provision of first aid.

Employees with Potential Occupational Exposure:

- Special Education Teachers
- Instructional Assistants
- Paraeducators
- Preschool Teachers
- Special Education Bus Drivers
- Bus Drivers
- Custodians

OSHA does not generally consider maintenance personnel, janitorial or housekeeping staff in non-health care facilities to have occupational exposure. However, a custodian who cleans the

school first-aid room is more likely to have occupational exposure than a custodian

- School Secretaries
- School Support Assistants
- Athletic Coaches
- Campus Monitors
- Science Teachers

Provision of contact with bio-hazardous materials.

Provision of physical care in which h

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III. <u>HEPATITIS B VACCINATION PROGRAM</u>

CCS recognizes that even with good adherence to all exposure prevention practices, exposure incidents can occur. As a result, the organization has implemented a Hepatitis B vaccination program, as well as set up procedures for post-exposure evaluation and follow-up should exposure to bloodborne pathogens occur.

This program is available, at no cost, to all eligible employees who have occupational exposure to bloodborne pathogens.

See Section II, Exposure Determination, to identify those employees who will be offered the vaccination. The vaccination is a series of either two or three injections. Field trials of the vaccines have shown eighty to ninety percent (80% - 90%) efficacy in preventing infections.

Vaccination for employees with occupational exposure will be made available following the required Bloodborne Pathogens training and within ten (10) working days of initial assignment.

Vaccinations are performed under the supervision of a health care professional. Employees taking part in the vaccination program are listed under the section Determination of Occupational Exposure. Employees who are eligible, but have declined to take part in the program are listed as well and have signed the "Vaccination Declination Form." (See **Appendix A**). The completed "Vaccination Declination Forms" shall be maintained by CCS. If any employee signs the "Vaccination Declination Form," but at a later date chooses to receive the vaccination, the organization will make it available at that time.

Employees who are designated first-aid providers are not mandatorily eligible for pre-exposure vaccination, but may be eligible for vaccination in the event the employee renders assistance during a first-aid incident involving the presence of blood or infectious material. See discussion regarding such vaccination under the section regarding Post Exposure Evaluation and Follow-up.

Designated first aid providers are defined as employees who may run a risk of occupational exposure, however, this risk arises in the context of the performance of a "collateral" duty, and is not performed on a regular basis.

IV. <u>METHODS OF COMPLIANCE</u>

There are a number of areas that must be addressed in order to effectively minimize exposure to bloodborne pathogens in our district. These include:

A. <u>Universal precautions</u>

Universal precautions is an approach to infection control. According to the concept of universal precautions, all human blood and body fluids are treated as if known to be infectious.

In the school setting, precautions shall include: hand washing, using gloves and other

appropriate protective equipment, careful trash disposal, and using an Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") approved disinfectant known to kill HBV, HCV and HIV. If injectables are given, use of safety syringes are recommended.

Universal precautions shall be used within the school setting at all times to prevent contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials.

All procedures involving blood or other body fluids shall be performed in such a manner as to minimize splashing, spraying, splattering, and generation of droplets of these substances.

B. Engineering and Work Practice Controls

<u>Engineering controls</u> means controls that isolate or remove the bloodborne pathogens hazard from the workplace (e.g., sharps disposal containers). See Section III D on Contaminated Needles and Sharps.

Work practice controls are controls that reduce the likelihood of exposure by altering the manner in which a task is performed.

<u>Hand washing</u>: Thorough hand washing is the single most effective means in preventing the spread of infectious diseases and should be practiced routinely by all school personnel and taught to students as routine hygienic practices.

All employees shall wash hands and any other skin with soap and water and flush exposed mucous membranes with water immediately, or as soon as practicable, following contact of such body areas with blood or other potentially infectious materials.

Employees shall wash their hands immediately, or as soon as possible after removal of gloves or other personal protective equipment.

<u>How to wash hands</u>: Wet hands with running water and apply soap from a dispenser. Lather well. You may wish to remove all jewelry from hands and place in a safe location at this time. Wash vigorously for fifteen (15) to twenty (20) seconds. Soap suspends easily-removable soil and microorganisms, allowing them to be washed off. Running water is necessary to carry away dirt and debris. Rinse well under running water with water draining from wrist to fingertips. Leave water running. Dry hands well with a paper towel and then turn off the faucet with paper towel. Discard the towel in appropriate container. Apply hand cream after frequent hand washing. Use lotion to prevent skin irritation, breakdown and subsequent infection. In some situations running water is not available. Liquid disinfectant and/or towelettes should be substituted temporarily. (Employees with frequent exposure to body fluids should not wear hand jewelry in the workplace.)

<u>Hand washing facilities</u>: Hand washing facilities or antiseptic solutions and/or towelettes (to be used as an immediate but temporary measure in places where hand washing facilities are not available) will be readily accessible. Hand washing facility means a facility

providing an adequate supply of running potable water, soap and single-use towels or hot air drying machines.

C. <u>Personal Protective Equipment</u>

Personal protective equipment is specialized clothing or equipment worn or used by an employee for protection against a hazard (e.g., gloves, eye protection, etc.).

All personal protective equipment used at CCS to provide a barrier against bloodborne pathogens will be provided without cost to employees. Personal protective equipment will be chosen based on the anticipated exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. The protective equipment will be considered appropriate only if it does not permit blood or other potentially infectious materials to pass through or reach the employees' clothing, skin, eyes, mouth, or other mucous membranes.

All personal protective equipment will be inspected periodically and repaired or replaced as needed to maintain its effectiveness. Employees shall be responsible for notifying his or her Supervisor of the need for repair or replacement of such materials.

Reusable personal protective equipment will be cleaned, laundered and decontaminated as needed at no cost to the employees. Personal protective equipment that cannot, for whatever reason, be decontaminated will be disposed of in accordance with biohazard rules and regulations. See Section G. <u>Waste Disposal</u>. Any garments penetrated by blood or other infectious materials will be removed immediately, or as soon as practicable. All potentially contaminated personal protective equipment will be removed prior to leaving a work area. Glasses, reusable gloves and barrier masks shall be decontaminated by the user by soaking in an EPA registered germicide or a fresh solution of one (1) part bleach to ten (10) parts water for at least five (5) minutes (if bleach is used, it must be mixed fresh daily).

<u>Disposable (single-use) latex gloves</u> should be used when contact with blood or body fluids is anticipated (such as a bloody nose). Gloves will be standard components of first-aid supplies in the schools so that they are readily accessible for emergencies and regular care given in school health offices, cafeterias, and athletic training rooms. Gloves shall also be used during decontamination procedures. In some instances, use of latex free gloves may be appropriate. (See Housekeeping for more information on decontamination.)

- Disposable (single-use) gloves shall be replaced as soon as practical when contaminated, torn, punctured or unable to function as a barrier. They shall not be washed or decontaminated for re-use.
- Utility gloves may be decontaminated for re-use if the integrity of the glove is not compromised. Utility gloves must be discarded if they are cracked, peeling, torn, punctured, deteriorated or when their ability to function as a barrier is compromised.

D. <u>Contaminated Needles and Sharps</u>

Broken glassware or other sharps, which may be contaminated shall not be picked up directly with the hands but shall be picked up by utilizing any mechanical means, such as a broom, dustpan or tongs. Gloves should be worn during this procedure.

Contaminated sharps shall NOT be recapped, broken or bent and should be discarded immediately into easily accessible containers that are closable, puncture resistant, leak proof on sides and bottom and properly labeled.

Containers should be located as close as possible to the immediate area where sharps are used (e.g., health room, science classroom, etc.), replaced immediately when full and shall not be allowed to overfill. Full sharps containers may not be stored more than seven (7) days.

When moving containers of contaminated sharps from the area of use, the containers will be closed immediately prior to removal or replacement to prevent spilling or protrusion of contents. The primary container must be placed in a secondary container if leakage is possible. The secondary container must be a container, which is closable, leak-proof, red and appropriately labeled (e.g., a red, labeled plastic bag).

E. <u>Waste Disposal</u>

Disposal of contaminated sharps and other "regulated waste" must be in accordance with the Medical Waste Management Act ("Act"). (Health & Saf. Code § 117600 *et al.*) Cal/OSHA defines "regulated waste" as liquid or semi-liquid blood or other potentially infectious materials; contaminated items that would release blood or other potentially infectious materials in a liquid or semi-liquid state if compressed; items that are caked with dried blood or other potentially infectious materials and are capable of releasing these materials during handling; contaminated sharps; and pathological and microbiological wastes containing blood or other potentially infectious materials.

Medical waste under the Act consists of biohazardous waste and sharps waste.

<u>Biohazardous waste</u> is not normally found in the school setting. Biohazardous waste includes waste, which contains recognizable fluid blood. In the event of unusual circumstances, the regulated waste must be double bagged in leakproof, appropriately labeled, color coded red, plastic bags tied and transported in accordance with all applicable state and local regulations.

<u>Sharps waste</u> includes any device having acute rigid corners, edges, or protuberances capable of cutting or piercing, including:

- Hypodermic needles, syringes, blades, and needles with attached tubing; and
- Broken glass items contaminated with medical waste.

<u>Non-regulated waste</u> may be disposed of as regular trash and includes waste such as disposables containing non-fluid blood (dressing, gauze cotton rolls, towels, rags, etc., with small amounts of dried blood or other body fluids). Please note that feminine hygiene products and Band-Aids or dressings with small amounts of dried blood are <u>NOT</u> considered to be medical wastes.

All waste baskets should be lined with disposable plastic bags. It is important to note that if a contaminated item such as a Band-Aid or a small dressing contains dried blood, it may be disposed of as regular trash.

F. <u>Work Area Restrictions</u>

Eating, drinking, applying cosmetics or lip balm, and handling contact lenses are prohibited in areas where occupational exposure may be expected.

Food and drink shall not be kept in refrigerators, freezers, shelves, cabinets, or on countertops or benchtops where blood or other body fluids are present.

G. <u>Housekeeping Practices</u>

<u>Decontamination</u>: Gloves shall be worn during decontamination procedures. All contaminated work surfaces will be decontaminated after completion of associated tasks/procedures, immediately or as soon as feasible after any spill of blood or other potentially infectious materials, and at the end of the work shift if the surface may have become contaminated since the last cleaning. Contaminated furniture, toys, educational materials/equipment shall be decontaminated with an EPA registered germicide or a solution of one (1) part bleach to ten (10) parts water.

Equipment/tools which have become contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be decontaminated by using an EPA registered germicide or a 1:10 bleach/water solution prepared daily. Equipment which becomes contaminated will be examined prior to reuse, servicing or shipping, and decontaminated as necessary.

CCS shall assure that the work site is maintained in a clean and sanitary condition and shall determine and implement an appropriate cleaning schedule for rooms where body fluids are present. Schedules shall be as frequent as necessary depending on the area of the school, the type of surface to be cleaned, and the amount and type of soil present.

Custodial and maintenance staff shall wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including general-purpose utility gloves during cleanup of blood or other potentially infectious materials.

All blood and body fluid spills shall be immediately contained and as soon as practicable cleaned up by appropriately trained staff who are equipped to work with potentially infectious materials.

Initial clean-up of blood or other potentially infectious materials from all surfaces including sinks, work areas, equipment, floors, car/bus seats, etc., should be followed with the use of an appropriate disinfectant.

All waste baskets should be lined with a disposable plastic bag. In areas where blood is present, physical care is provided or personal care occurs (e.g., health office, restrooms, locker rooms, science classrooms, etc.), disposable plastic bags should be replaced daily.

H. Laundry Procedures

Laundry contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious materials (e.g., athletic uniforms and towels) should be handled as little as possible and with a minimum of agitation. Contaminated laundry should be bagged at the location of use in a biohazard labeled or color coded red, leak-proof bag. Contaminated laundry should not be sorted or rinsed in the location of use.

If laundry facilities are available and the contaminated laundry is to be laundered at school, the bag will be transported to the site where laundry is done. Universal precautions will be used at all times.

Each of these areas will be reviewed with employees during bloodborne pathogens related training (see Section VII <u>Information and Training</u> in this plan for additional information).

I. Labels and Signs

One of the most obvious warnings of possible exposure to bloodborne pathogens are biohazard labels. Because of this, CCS will implement a biohazard warning labeling program or when appropriate, using red "color-coded" containers.

The following items shall be properly labeled:

- Containers of regulated waste. (see Section III G on Waste Disposal).
- Sharps disposal containers.
- Contaminated laundry bags and containers.
- Contaminated equipment. (e.g., athletic equipment, shop equipment).

V. <u>FIRST AID INCIDENTS INVOLVING THE PRESENCE OF BLOOD OR</u> <u>INFECTIOUS MATERIAL</u>.

Designated first aid providers who have rendered assistance in any situation involving the presence of blood or other potentially infectious material, regardless of whether an actual exposure incident has occurred, have a duty to report such an incident before the end of the work shift during which the first aid incident occurred. The report must contain the information required of employees involved in occupational exposure incidents, as provided below. The report is used in determining whether the employee has been involved in an occupational exposure incident, and the types of prophylaxis and follow-up treatment required in light of the incident. The report shall be recorded on a list of such first aid incidents, which shall be made available to all employees upon request.

Following a first aid incident involving the presence of blood or infectious material, the Hepatitis B vaccination will be made available to the first aid providers who rendered assistance during the incident within twenty-four (24) hours, regardless of whether an exposure incident occurred. See section regarding Hepatitis B Vaccination Program.

In the event that it is determined that the first aid incident also constituted an exposure incident, the procedures for post-exposure evaluation and follow-up, discussed below, shall be followed.

VI. <u>POST-EXPOSURE EVALUATION AND FOLLOW-UP</u>.

It is the employee's responsibility to report the occurrence of an occupational exposure incident, before the end of the work day during which the incident occurred. An occupational exposure incident is defined as a specific eye, mouth, other mucous membrane, non-intact skin or parenteral contact with blood or infectious material, resulting from the performance of an employee's duties.

The employee's report must contain the following information:

- 1. Name of the first aid provider who rendered assistance, or employee who suffered an occupational exposure incident.
- 2. Date and time of the incident.
- 3. A description of the first aid incident, including:
 - a. Whether potentially infectious materials were involved;
 - b. Source of the blood or infectious material;
 - c. Circumstances under which the incident occurred, i.e., accidental, unusual circumstances;
 - d. Description of where the incident occurred;
 - e. Description of the personal protective equipment used.
- 4. Explanation as to whether, in the opinion of the employee, an "occupational exposure" incident occurred.
- 5. The Hepatitis B vaccine was offered to the employee within 24 hours of the incident, whether an exposure occurred or not.

Safety concerns may be reported using the "Employee Safety Contact Report." (See **Appendix B**). In response to a report of an occupational exposure incident, CCS will:

1. Investigate the circumstances surrounding the exposure incident; and

- 2. Make immediately available to the employee involved in the occupational exposure incident, a confidential medical evaluation and follow-up, including at least the following elements:
 - a. Documentation of the route(s) of exposure, and the circumstances under which the exposure incident occurred; and
 - b. Identification and documentation of the source individual, if feasible and not prohibited by state or local law.

Following such action, the Director of Human Resources will seek to obtain the consent of the identified source individual to test that individual's blood to determine the presence of antibodies to the HIV, HBV or HCV. Once consent is obtained, the testing shall be done as soon as is feasible.

The Director of Human Resources will also seek to obtain the consent of the source individual for subsequent disclosure of the results of the above test by the health care provider and the employer, unless the source individual is already known to be infected. If such consent is obtained, the results of the test will be made available to the exposed employee, accordingly. CCS will document the refusal of the source individual to provide such consent in order to establish that consent cannot legally be obtained.

If the employee with occupational exposure consents, CCS will also arrange to collect and test his or her blood for HBV, HCV and HIV status. In addition, an appointment will be arranged for the exposed employee with a qualified health care professional to discuss the employee's medical status.

Finally, the employee will be provided with an evaluation of any subsequent reported illnesses, which are related to the occupational exposure incident. The employee will also be provided with appropriate post-exposure prophylaxis and counseling.

VII. INFORMATION AND TRAINING

All employees who have the potential for exposure to bloodborne pathogens will be trained and furnished with as much information as possible on this issue. Employees will be retrained at least annually to keep their knowledge current. Additionally, all new employees, as well as employees changing jobs or job functions, will be given initial or additional training which their new position requires at the time of their new job assignment.

A. <u>TOPICS</u>

The topics covered in our training program will include but not be limited to:

- An explanation of the symptoms and modes of transmission of bloodborne pathogens.
- An explanation of the use and limitations of methods of control that may prevent or reduce exposure including universal precautions, engineering controls, work practices, and personal protective equipment.

- An explanation of the basis for selection of personal protective equipment. Information on the HBV vaccine, including its efficacy, safety and the benefits of being vaccinated.
- An explanation of the procedure to follow if a first aid incident involving the presence of blood, or an exposure incident occurs, method of reporting the incident, and the medical follow-up that will be made available.
- An explanation of the signs, labels, tags and/or color coding used to denote biohazards (e.g., contaminated sharps containers).
- An accessible copy of the Cal/OSHA standard and an explanation of its contents.
- An explanation of the organization's exposure control plan and the means by which the employee can obtain a copy of the written plan.
- An explanation of the appropriate methods for recognizing tasks and other activities that may involve exposure to blood and other potentially infectious materials.
- Information on the types, proper use, location, removal, handling, decontamination and disposal of personal protective equipment.
- Information on the appropriate actions to take and persons to contact in an emergency involving blood or other potentially infectious materials.

Workplace Violence Prevention

CCS is committed to preventing workplace violence and to maintaining a safe work environment. CCS has adopted the following guidelines to deal with intimidation, harassment or other threats of or actual violence that may occur onsite or offsite during work-related activities.

Prohibited Conduct

All employees, students, parents, vendors and business associates should be treated with courtesy and respect at all times. Employees are expected to refrain from fighting, "horseplay" or other conduct that may be dangerous to others. Conduct that threatens, intimidates or coerces another employee, student, parent, or vendor will not be tolerated. CCS resources may not be used to threaten, stalk or harass anyone at or outside the workplace. CCS treats threats coming from an abusive personal relationship as it does other forms of violence.

Indirect or direct threats of violence, incidents of actual violence and suspicious individuals or activities should be reported as soon as possible to a supervisor, the Director of Human Resources, or any member of senior management. When reporting a threat or incident of violence, the employee should be as specific and detailed as possible. Employees should not place themselves in peril, nor should they attempt to intercede during an incident.

Employees should promptly inform the Director of Human Resources of any protective or restraining order that they have obtained that lists the workplace as a protected area. Employees are encouraged to report safety concerns with regard to intimate partner violence. CCS will not retaliate against employees making good-faith reports. CCS is committed to supporting victims of intimate partner violence by providing referrals to community resources and providing time off for reasons related to intimate partner violence.

Investigations and Enforcement

CCS will promptly and thoroughly investigate all reports of threats of violence or incidents of actual violence and of suspicious individuals or activities. The identity of the individual making a report will be protected as much as possible. CCS will not retaliate against employees making good-faith reports of violence, threats or suspicious individuals or activities. To maintain workplace safety and the integrity of its investigation, CCS may suspend employees suspected of workplace violence or threats of violence, either with or without pay, pending investigation.

Anyone found to be responsible for threats of or actual violence or other conduct that is in violation of these guidelines will be subject to prompt disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment.

CCS encourages employees to bring their disputes to the attention of their supervisors or the Director of Human Resources before the situation escalates. CCS will not discipline employees for raising such concerns.

Safety Communication

This section establishes procedures designed to develop and maintain employee involvement and interest in the Safety Manual and IIPP. These activities will also ensure effective communication between management and employees on safety related issues that is of prime importance to CCS.

The following are some of the safety communication methods that may be used:

- 1. Periodic safety meetings with employees that encourage participation and open, two-way communication.
- 2. New employee safety orientation and provision of the Code of Safe Practices.
- 3. Provision and maintenance of employee bulletin boards discussing safety issues, accidents, and general safety suggestions.
- 4. Written communications from management or the Safety Coordinator, including memos, postings, payroll stuffers, and newsletters.
- 5. Anonymous safety suggestion program.

Employees will be kept advised of highlights and changes relating to the safety program. Management shall relay changes and improvements regarding the safety program to employees, as appropriate. Employees will be involved in future developments and safety activities, by requesting their opinions and comments, as necessary.

All employee-initiated safety related suggestions shall be properly answered, either verbally or in writing, by the appropriate level of management. Unresolved issues shall be relayed first to the Director of Human Resources, and then to the Superintendent & CEO (if the Director of Human Resources is unable to resolve the matter in a satisfactory manner).

All employees are encouraged to bring any safety concerns they may have to the attention of management. CCS will not discriminate against any employee for raising safety issues or concerns.

CCS also has a system of anonymous notification whereby employees who wish to inform the company of workplace hazards without identifying themselves may do so by phoning or sending written notification to the following address:

ATTN: Director of Human Resources 850 Hampshire Road, Suite P Thousand Oaks, CA 91361 Phone: (805) 824-6285 Fax: (805) 590-7077

Employee Safety Training

CCS is committed to instructing all employees in safe and healthful work practices. Awareness of potential hazards, as well as knowledge of how to control them, is critical to maintaining a safe and healthful work environment and preventing injuries. To achieve this goal, we will provide training to each employee on general safety issues and safety procedures specific to that employee's work assignment.

Such training provides the following benefits:

- Makes employees aware of job hazards;
- Teaches employees to perform jobs safely;
- Promotes two (2) way communication;
- Encourages safety suggestions;
- Creates interest in the safety program; and
- Fulfills Cal/OSHA requirements.

Every new employee will be given instruction by his/her Supervisor in the general safety requirements of their job. A copy of our Code of Safe Practices shall also be provided to each employee.

Managers, Supervisors, and employees will be trained at least twice per year on various accident prevention topics.

Employee training will be provided at the following times:

- 1. All new employees will receive a safety orientation their first day on the job.
- 2. All new employees will be given a copy of this Manual (which includes our Code of Safe Practices) and will be required to read and sign for it.
- 3. All employees given a new job assignment for which training has not been previously provided will be trained before beginning the new assignment.
- 4. Whenever new substances, processes, procedures or equipment that represent a new hazard are introduced into the workplace.
- 5. Whenever CCS is made aware of a new or previously unrecognized hazard.
- 6. Whenever management believes that additional training is necessary.
- 7. After all serious accidents.
- 8. When employees are not following safe work rules or procedures.

Training topics will include, but not be limited to:

- Employee's safety responsibility;
- General safety rules;
- Code of Safe Practices;
- Safe job procedures;
- Ergonomics;
- Use of safety equipment;
- Emergency procedures;
- Safe lifting and material handling practices; and
- Contents of safety program

The following training method should be used:

- Tell them how to do the job safely;
- Show them how to do the job safely;
- Have them tell you how to do the job safely;
- Have them show you how to do the job safely; and
- Follow up to ensure they are still performing the job safely.

Actual demonstrations of the proper way to perform a task are very helpful in most cases.

Emergency Medical Services and First Aid

CCS will ensure the availability of emergency medical services for its employees at all times. We will also ensure the availability of a suitable number of appropriately trained persons to render first aid. The Director of Human Resources will maintain a list of trained individuals and take steps to provide training for those that desire it.

First-Aid Kits

Every work site shall have access to at least one first-aid kit in a weatherproof container. The firstaid kit will be inspected regularly to ensure that it is well stocked, in sanitary condition, and any used items are promptly replaced. The contents of the first-aid kit shall be arranged to be quickly found and remain sanitary. First-aid dressings shall be sterile and in individually sealed packages.

At a minimum, the following first-aid supplies shall be kept:

Type of Supplies	Number of Employees			
	1-5	6-15	16-200	200+
Adhesive dressings	Х	Х	Х	Х
Adhesive tape rolls, 1-inch wide	Х	Х	Х	Х
Eye dressing packet	Х	Х	Х	Х
1-inch gauze bandage roll or compress		Х	Х	Х
2-inch gauze bandage roll or compress	Х	Х	Х	Х
4-inch gauze bandage roll or compress		Х	Х	Х
Sterile gauze pads, 2-inch square	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sterile gauze pads, 4-inch square	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sterile surgical pads suitable for pressure dressings			Х	Х
Triangular bandages	Х	Х	Х	Х
Safety pins	Х	Х	Х	Х
Tweezers and scissors	Х	Х	Х	Х
Cotton-tipped applicators*			Х	Х
Forceps*			Х	Х
Emesis basin*			Х	Х
Flashlight*			Х	Х
Magnifying glass*			Х	Х
Portable oxygen and its breathing equipment*				Х
Tongue depressors*				Х
Appropriate record forms*	Х	Х	Х	Х
First-aid textbook, manual or equivalent*	Х	Х	Х	Х

Type of Supply Required by Number of Employees

*To be readily available but not necessarily within the first-aid kit.

Drugs, antiseptics, eye irrigation solutions, inhalants, medicines, or proprietary preparations shall not be included in CCS first-aid kits unless specifically approved, in writing, by an employerauthorized, licensed physician. Other supplies and equipment, if provided, shall be in accordance with the documented recommendations of an employer-authorized licensed physician upon consideration of the extent and type of emergency care to be given based upon the anticipated incidence and nature of injuries and illnesses and availability of transportation to medical care.

First Aid

The designated first aid person on each site will be available at all times to render appropriate first aid for injuries and illnesses. Proper equipment for the prompt transportation of the injured or ill person to a physician or hospital where emergency care is provided, or an effective communication system for contacting hospitals or other emergency medical facilities, physicians, ambulance and fire services, shall also be furnished. The telephone numbers of the following emergency services in the area shall be posted near the job telephone, or otherwise made available to the employees where no job site telephone exists:

- 1. A company authorized physician or medical clinic, and at least one alternate if available;
- 2. Hospitals;
- 3. Ambulance services; and
- 4. Fire-protection services.

Prior to the commencement of work at any site, the Supervisor or Manager shall locate the nearest preferred medical facility and establish that transportation or communication methods are available in the event of an employee injury.

Each employee shall be informed of the procedures to follow in case of injury or illness through our new employee orientation program, Code of Safe Practices, and safety meetings.

Where the eyes or body of any person may be exposed to injurious or corrosive materials, suitable facilities for drenching the body or flushing the eyes with clean water shall be conspicuously and readily accessible.

Accident Procedures

These procedures are to be followed in the event of an employee injury in the course of employment.

- 1. For severe accidents call 911 and request the Paramedics.
- 2. Employees must report all work related injuries to their Supervisor immediately, even if they do not feel that it requires medical attention. Failure to do so may delay Workers' Compensation benefits, and the employee may face disciplinary action.
- 3. The Supervisor, employee, and first aid person should determine whether or not outside medical attention is needed. When uncertainty exists on the part of any individual, the employee should be sent for professional medical care.

- 4. If medical attention is not desired or the employee refuses treatment, you must still fill out a CCS Accident Report in case complications arise later.
- 5. In all cases, if the employee cannot transport himself or herself for any reason, transportation should be provided.
- 6. In the event of a serious accident involving hospitalization for more than twenty-four (24) hours, amputation, permanent disfigurement, loss of consciousness or death, phone contact should be made with the office at (818) 769-7241. Contact must also be made with the nearest Cal/OSHA office within eight (8) hours.

Accident Investigation

The Supervisor, Manager, or other designated individual will investigate all work-related accidents in a timely manner. This includes minor incidents and "near accidents," as well as serious injuries. An accident is defined as any unexpected occurrence that results in injury to personnel, damage to equipment, facilities, or material, or interruption of normal operations.

Responsibility for Accident Investigation

Immediately upon being notified of an accident, the Supervisor, Manager, or other designated individual shall conduct an investigation. The purpose of the investigation is to determine the cause of the accident and corrective action to prevent future reoccurrence, not to fix blame or find fault. An unbiased approach is necessary in order to obtain objective findings.

The Purpose of Accident Investigations

- To prevent or decrease the likelihood of similar accidents.
- To identify and correct unsafe work practices and physical hazards. Accidents are often caused by a combination of these two factors.
- To identify training needs. This makes training more effective by focusing on factors that are most likely to cause accidents.

What Types of Incidents Do We Investigate?

- Fatalities
- Serious injuries
- Minor injuries
- Property damage
- Near misses

Procedures for Investigation of Accidents

Immediately upon being notified of an accident the Supervisor, Manager, or other designated individual will:

- 1. Visit the accident scene, as soon as possible, while facts and evidence are still fresh and before witnesses forget important details and to make sure hazardous conditions to which other employees or customers could be exposed are corrected or have been removed.
- 2. Provide for needed first aid or medical services for the injured employee(s).
- 3. If possible, interview the injured worker at the scene of the accident and verbally "walk" him or her through a re-enactment. All interviews should be conducted as privately as possible. Interview all witnesses individually and talk with anyone who has knowledge of the accident, even if they did not actually witness it.

- 4. Report the accident to the office at (818) 769-7241. Accidents will be reported by the office to the insurance carrier within twenty-four (24) hours. All serious accidents will be reported to the carrier as soon as possible.
- 5. Consider taking signed statements in cases where facts are unclear or there is an element of controversy.
- 6. Thoroughly investigate the accident to identify all accident causes and contributing factors. Document details graphically. Use sketches, diagrams and photos as needed. Take measurements when appropriate.
- 7. All accidents involving death, disfigurement, amputation, loss of consciousness or hospitalization for more than twenty-four (24) hours must be reported to Cal/OSHA immediately.
- 8. Focus on causes and hazards. Develop an analysis of what happened, how it happened, and how it could have been prevented. Determine what caused the accident itself, not just the injury.
- 9. Every investigation must also include an action plan that includes an assessment of how such accidents be prevented in the future.
- 10. In the event a third party or defective product contributed to the accident, save any evidence as it could be critical to the recovery of claim costs.

Accurate & Prompt Investigations

- Ensures information is available
- Causes can be quickly corrected
- Helps identify all contributing factors
- Reflects management concern
- Reduces chance of recurrence

Investigation Tips

- Avoid placing blame
- Document with photos and diagrams, if needed
- Be objective, get the facts
- Reconstruct the event
- Use open-ended questions

Questions to Ask

When investigating accidents, asking open-ended questions beginning with "who," "what,"

"when," "where," "why," and "how" will provide more information than closed-ended questions such as, "Were you wearing gloves?"

Examples include:

- How did it happen?
- Why did it happen?
- How could it have been prevented?
- Who was involved?
- Who witnessed the incident?
- Where were the witnesses at the time of the incident?
- What was the injured worker doing?
- What was the employee working on?
- When did it happen?
- When was the accident reported?
- Where did it happen?
- Why was the employee assigned to do the job?

The single, most important question that must be answered as the result of any investigation is: "What do you recommend be done (or have you done) to prevent this type of incident from recurring?"

Once the Accident Investigation is Completed

- Take or recommend corrective action.
- Document corrective action.
- Management and the Safety Coordinator will review the results of all investigations.
- Consider safety program modifications.
- Information obtained through accident investigations can be used to update and improve our current program.

Enforcement of Safety Policies

The compliance of all employees with CCS's Safety Manual and IIPP is mandatory and shall be considered a condition of employment.

Training Programs

The importance of safe work practices and the consequences of failing to abide by safety rules will be covered in the New Employee Safety Orientation and safety meetings. This will help ensure that all employees understand and abide by CCS safety policies.

Retraining

Employees that are observed performing unsafe acts or not following proper procedures or rules will be retrained by their supervisor. A Safety Contact Report may be completed by the supervisor to document the training. If multiple employees are involved, additional safety meetings will be held.

Disciplinary Action

The failure of an employee to adhere to safety policies and procedures established by CCS can have a serious impact on everyone concerned. An unsafe act can threaten not only the health and wellbeing of the employee committing the unsafe act but can also affect the safety of his/her coworkers and customers. Accordingly, any employee who violates any of the organization's safety policies will be subject to disciplinary action.

Note: Failure to promptly report any on-the-job accident or injury, on the same day as its occurrence, is considered a serious violation of the organization's safety policies. Any employee who fails to immediately report a work-related accident or injury, no matter how minor, shall be subject to disciplinary action.

Employees will be disciplined for infractions of safety rules and unsafe work practices that are observed, not just those that result in an injury. Often, when an injury occurs, the accident investigation will reveal that the injury was caused because the employee violated an established safety rule and/or safe work practice(s). In any disciplinary action, the supervisor should be cautious that discipline is given to the employee for safety violations, and not simply because the employee was injured on the job or filed a Workers' Compensation claim.

Violations of safety rules and the Code of Safe Practices are to be considered equal to violations of other company policy. Discipline for safety violations will be administered in a manner that is consistent with CCS's Employee Handbook.

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Policies

APPENDIX A

Vaccination Declination Form

EMPLOYEE NAME:

By signing below, I acknowledge the following:

I understand that due to my occupational exposure to blood or other potential infectious materials I may be at risk of acquiring Hepatitis B Virus ("HBV") infection. I have been given the opportunity to be vaccinated with Hepatitis B vaccine, at no charge to myself. However, I decline the Hepatitis B vaccination at this time. I understand that by declining this vaccine, I continue to be at risk of acquiring Hepatitis B, a serious disease. If in the future, I continue to have occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials and I want to be vaccinated with Hepatitis B vaccine, I can receive the vaccination series at no charge to me.

SIGNATURE:

DATE:

APPENDIX B

Employee Safety Contact Report				
Work site:	Manager / Supervisor:	Manager / Supervisor:		
Employee name	Date			
Job title				
Safety concern:				
Corrective action:				
Signed				
	Employee			
Signed	Managar / Campa '			
	Manager / Supervisor			

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SECTION 14 – SCHOLAR POLICY – ACTIVITIES OF MILITARY RECRUITERS ON CAMPUS

The United States Code requires that schools receiving federal funds provide military recruiters the same access to secondary school scholars as is provided generally to post-secondary educational institutions and prospective employers of those scholars. This means that the school holds a job fair or college fair, the military must be provided the same access as the employers or colleges.

Compass Charter School provides military recruiters access to scholars' names, addresses and telephone listings upon request by the military recruiters. A scholar or parent may request that this information not be released to military recruiters without prior written parental consent.

SECTION 15 – SCHOLAR POLICY – SCHOLAR HANDBOOK

Please refer to the Scholar Handbooks which are incorporated annually as a part of these Board Policies

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SECTION 16 - SCHOLAR POLICY - SUICIDE PREVENTION

The Board of Directors of Compass Charter School ("CCS") recognizes that suicide is a leading cause of death among youth and that school personnel who regularly interact with scholars are often in a position to recognize the warning signs of suicide and to offer appropriate referral and/or assistance. To attempt to reduce suicidal behavior and its impact on scholars and families, CCS has developed measures and strategies for suicide prevention, intervention, and postvention.

In developing measures and strategies for use by the school, CCS has consulted with school health professionals, school counselors, school psychologists, school social workers, administrators, other staff, learning coaches, scholars, local health agencies, mental health professionals, and community organizations.

Prevention and Instruction

Suicide prevention strategies may include, but not be limited to, efforts to promote a positive school climate that enhances scholars' feelings of connectedness with CCS and is characterized by caring staff and harmonious interrelationships among scholars.

CCS's instructional and scholar support program shall promote the healthy mental, emotional, and social development of scholars including, but not limited to, the development of problemsolving skills, coping skills, and resilience.

The Superintendent & CEO or designee may offer learning coaches education or information which describes the severity of the youth suicide problem, CCS's suicide prevention efforts, risk factors and warning signs of suicide, basic steps for helping suicidal youth, reducing the stigma of mental illness, and/or CCS and community resources that can help youth in crisis.

CCS's instructional curriculum may include information about suicide prevention, as appropriate or needed, taking into consideration the grade level and age of the students. If offered or included in CCS's instructional curriculum, suicide prevention instruction shall be designed to help students:

- 1. Identify and analyze signs of depression and self-destructive behaviors and understand how feelings of depression, loss, isolation, inadequacy, and anxiety can lead to thoughts of suicide.
- 2. Identify alternatives to suicide and develop coping, self-esteem, and resiliency skills.
- 3. Learn to listen, be honest, share feelings, and get help when communicating with friends who show signs of suicidal intent.
- 4. Identify trusted adults, CCS resources, and/or community crisis intervention resources where youth, including those at high risk, such as youth bereaved by suicide; youth with disabilities, mental illness, or substance use disorders; youth experiencing homelessness or in out-of-home settings such as foster care; and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth can get help and recognize that there is no stigma associated with seeking mental health, substance

abuse, gender identity, or other support services.

Staff Development

Suicide prevention training for staff will be provided and be designed to help staff identify and find help for students at risk of suicide The training may be offered under the direction of a CCS counselor/psychologist and/or in cooperation with one or more community mental health agencies.

Materials for training shall include how to identify appropriate mental health services at the school site and within the community, and when and how to refer youth and their families to those services. Materials also may include programs that can be completed through self-review of suitable suicide prevention materials.

Staff development shall include research and information related to the following topics:

- 1. The higher risk of suicide among certain groups, including, but not limited to, scholars who are bereaved by suicide; scholars with disabilities, mental illness, or substance use disorders; scholars who are experiencing homelessness or who are in out-of-home settings such as foster care; and scholars who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth;
- 2. Research identifying individual risk factors such as previous suicide attempt(s) or selfharm, history of depression or mental illness, family history of suicide or violence, feelings of isolation, interpersonal conflicts, a recent severe stressor or loss, family instability, impulsivity, and other factors;
- 3. Warning signs that may indicate depression, emotional distress, or suicidal intentions, such as changes in scholars' personality or behavior and verbalizations of hopelessness or suicidal intent;
- 4. Protective factors that may help to decrease a person's suicide risk, such as resiliency, problem-solving ability, access to mental health care, and positive connections to family, peers, school, and community;
- 5. Research-based instructional strategies for teaching the suicide prevention curriculum and promoting mental and emotional health;
- 6. CCS and community resources and services, including resources and services that meet the specific needs of high-risk groups;
- 7. CCS procedures for intervening when a scholar attempts, threatens, or discloses the desire to die by suicide.
- 8. Materials approved by CCS for training shall include how to identify appropriate mental health services, both at CCS and within the larger community, and when and

how to refer youth and their families to those services.

9. Materials approved for training may also include programs that can be completed through self-review of suitable suicide prevention materials.

Intervention and Emergency Procedures

Scholars shall be encouraged to notify a teacher, administrator, counselor, or other adult when they are experiencing thoughts of suicide or when they suspect or have knowledge of another scholar's suicidal intentions.

Every statement regarding suicidal intent shall be taken seriously. Whenever a staff member suspects or has knowledge of a scholar's suicidal intentions, he/she shall promptly notify the Superintendent & CEO or school counselor.

Although any personal information that a scholar discloses to a school counselor shall generally not be revealed, released, referenced, or discussed with third parties, the counselor and Superintendent & CEO shall report to the scholar's learning coach when he/she has reasonable cause to believe that disclosure is necessary to avert a clear and present danger to the health, safety, or welfare of any scholar. In addition, the counselor may disclose information of a personal nature to psychotherapists, other health care providers, or the school nurse for the sole purpose of referring the scholar for treatment. The school counselor or Superintendent & CEO may also refer the scholar to mental health resources at CCS or in the community.

CCS shall ensure a school employee acts only within the authorization and scope of his/her credential or license. Nothing in this Policy shall be construed as authorizing or encouraging a CCS employee to diagnose or treat mental illness unless he/she is specifically licensed and employed to do so.

When a suicide attempt or threat is reported, the Superintendent & CEO or designee shall ensure scholar safety by taking the following actions:

- 1. Immediately securing medical treatment and/or mental health services as necessary;
- 2. Notifying law enforcement and/or other emergency assistance if a suicidal act is being actively threatened;
- 3. Keeping the scholar under continuous adult supervision until the learning coach and/or appropriate support agent or agency can be contacted and has the opportunity to intervene;
- 4. Removing other scholars from the immediate area as soon as possible.
- 5. Designating specific individuals to be promptly contacted, for example, the CCS counselor, psychologist, nurse, other administrator, and/or the scholar's learning coach, and, as necessary, local law enforcement or mental health agencies.

- 6. The Superintendent & CEO or designee shall document the incident in writing, as soon as feasible, including the steps that the school took in response to the suicide attempt or threat.
- 7. The Superintendent & CEO or designee shall follow up with the learning coach and scholar in a timely manner to provide referrals to appropriate services as needed. If the learning coach does not access treatment for the scholar, the Superintendent & CEO or designee may meet with the learning coach to identify barriers to treatment and assist the family in providing follow-up care for the scholar. If follow-up care is still not provided, the Superintendent & CEO or designee shall consider whether he/she is required, pursuant to laws for mandated reporters of child neglect, to refer the matter to the local child protective services agency.
- 8. Provide access to counselors or other appropriate personnel to listen to and support scholars and staff who are directly or indirectly involved with the incident.
- 9. Provide an opportunity for all who respond to the incident to debrief, evaluate the effectiveness of the strategies used, and make recommendations for future actions.

Postvention

In the event a suicide occurs or is attempted by a CCS scholar, the Superintendent & CEO or designee shall follow the crisis intervention procedures contained in CCS's Safety Plan. The Superintendent & CEO or designee shall communicate with the scholar's learning coach to offer condolences, assistance, and resources After consultation with the Superintendent & CEO or designee and the scholar's learning coach about facts that may be divulged in accordance with the laws governing confidentiality of scholar record information, the Superintendent & CEO or designee may provide scholars, learning coaches, and staff with information, counseling, and/or referrals to community agencies as needed. CCS staff may receive assistance from CCS counselors or other mental health professionals in determining how best to discuss the suicide or attempted suicide with scholars.

The Superintendent & CEO shall implement procedures to address scholars' and staff's grief and to minimize the risk of further suicides or crises. He/she shall provide scholars, learning coaches, and staff with information, counseling, and/or referrals to community agencies as needed. School staff may receive assistance from school counselors or other mental health professionals in determining how best to discuss the suicide or attempted suicide with scholars.

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SECTION 17 – SCHOLAR POLICY – SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION PROCEDURES

The Pupil Suspension and Expulsion Policy has been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all scholars at CCS. In creating this policy, CCS has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the non-charter schools' list of offenses and procedures to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions and expulsions. The language that follows closely mirrors the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* CCS is committed to annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions and expulsions and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

When the Policy is violated, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a scholar from CCS. This policy shall serve as CCS' policy and procedures for scholar suspension and expulsion, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to amend the charter so long as the amendments comply with legal requirements.

Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary rules and procedures fairly and consistently among all scholars. This Policy and its Procedures will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling scholars. Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any scholar. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a scholar. For purposes of the policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, scholars, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

CCS administration shall ensure that scholars and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this Policy and Procedures are available in the Scholar Handbook.

Suspended or expelled scholars shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A scholar identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom CCS has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to regular education scholars except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. CCS will follow all applicable federal and state laws, including, but not limited to, the IDEA, Section 504, the California Education Code, and their implementing regulations, when imposing any form of discipline on a scholar identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom CCS has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such scholars.

No scholar shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent

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or guardian of the scholar has been provided written notice of intent to remove the scholar no less than five (5) schooldays before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the scholar or the scholar's parent or guardian or, if the scholar is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the scholar's educational rights holder, and shall inform him or her of the right to initiate the procedures specified below for suspensions, before the effective date of the action. If the scholar's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder initiates the procedures specified below for suspensions, the scholar shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include suspensions or expulsions pursuant to the suspension and expulsion procedures described below.

A. Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Scholars

A scholar may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

B. Enumerated Offenses

- 1. Discretionary Suspension Offenses. Students may be suspended for any of the following acts when it is determined the pupil:
 - a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
 - b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
 - c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
 - d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
 - e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
 - f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
 - g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
 - h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products,

including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of his or her own prescription products by a pupil.

- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- 1) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a or 289, or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.
- Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a scholar who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that scholar from being a witness and/or retaliating against that scholar for being a witness.
- p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- q) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this subdivision, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a pupil organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective pupil. For purposes of this section, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- r) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this section, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand

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dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for his or her own safety or for his or her immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or his or her immediate family.

- s) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this section, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a scholar or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting classwork, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- v) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a scholar or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable scholar (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a scholar with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable scholar to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable scholar to experience substantial interference with

his or her academic performance.

- iv. Causing a reasonable scholar to experience substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the school site, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual pupil for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a pupil for the purpose of bullying the pupil and such that another pupil would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the pupil was or is the pupil who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious pupil or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual pupil other than the pupil who created the false profile.
 - iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this clause, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a pupil to another pupil or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this clause, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

- w) A pupil who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a pupil who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- x) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the scholar had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Superintendent or designee's concurrence.
- 2. Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion for any of the following acts when it is determined the pupil:
 - a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other dangerous object unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the scholar had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Superintendent or designee's concurrence.
- 3. Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion for any of the following acts when it is determined the pupil:
 - a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
 - b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
 - c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
 - d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
 - e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
 - f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
 - g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of his or her own prescription products by a pupil.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- 1) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a or 289, or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a scholar who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that scholar from being a witness and/or retaliating against that scholar for being a witness.
- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this subdivision, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a pupil organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective pupil. For purposes of this section, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this section, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate,

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and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for his or her own safety or for his or her immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or his or her immediate family.

- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this section, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a scholar or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting classwork, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a scholar or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable scholar (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a scholar with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable scholar to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable scholar to experience substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable scholar to experience substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities,

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or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the school site, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual pupil for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a pupil for the purpose of bullying the pupil and such that another pupil would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the pupil was or is the pupil who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious pupil or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual pupil other than the pupil who created the false profile.
 - iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this clause, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a pupil to another pupil or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this clause, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A pupil who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a pupil who has been adjudged by a

juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).

- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the scholar had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Superintendent or designee's concurrence.
- 4. Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion for any of the following acts when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the pupil:
 - a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other dangerous object unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the scholar had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Superintendent or designee's concurrence.

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel and/or Board of Directors that a scholar has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, onto campus or to have possessed a firearm or dangerous device on campus, the scholar shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the pupil shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The term "firearm" means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.

The term "destructive device" means (A) any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (i) bomb, (ii) grenade, (iii) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces, (iv) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce, (v) mine, or (vi) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

C. Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Superintendent or designee with the scholar and his or her parent and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the scholar to the Superintendent & CEO or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Superintendent or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An "emergency situation" involves a clear and present danger

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to the lives, safety or health of scholars or Charter School personnel. If a scholar is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and scholar shall be notified of the scholar's right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the pupil shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against him or her and shall be given the opportunity to present his or her version and evidence in his or her defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(b)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the pupil waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a pupil for failure of the pupil's parent or guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended pupil shall not be contingent upon attendance by the pupil's parent or guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, the Superintendent or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a scholar is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense committed by the scholar. In addition, the notice may also state the date and time when the scholar may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Placement/Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension.

Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Superintendent or designee, the pupil and the pupil's guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the pupil should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the pupil or the pupil's parents, unless the pupil and the pupil's parents fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Superintendent or designee upon either of the following determinations: 1) the pupil's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the pupil poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the pupil's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

D. Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(b)(5)(J)(ii), scholars recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the scholar should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

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A scholar may be expelled either by the neutral and impartial Charter School Board of Directors following a hearing before it or by the Charter School Board of Directors upon the recommendation of a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the pupil nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. Each entity shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any scholar found to have committed an expellable offense, and the Board of Directors shall make the final determination.

E. Expulsion Procedures

Scholars recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the scholar should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Superintendent or designee determines that the pupil has committed an expellable offense.

In the event an Administrative Panel hears the case, it will make a recommendation to the Governing Board for a final decision whether to expel. The hearing shall be held in closed session (complying with all pupil confidentiality rules under FERPA) unless the pupil makes a written request for a public hearing in open session three (3) days prior to the date of the scheduled hearing.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the scholar and the scholar's parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the pupil. The notice shall include:

- 1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing
- 2. A statement of specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based
- 3. A copy of CCS' disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation
- 4. Notification of the scholar's and/or parent/guardian's obligation to provide information about the scholar's status at the school to any other school district or school to which the scholar seeks enrollment
- 5. The opportunity for the scholar and/or the scholar's parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor
- 6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing
- 7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing
- 8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the scholar's behalf including witnesses

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F. Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearings Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

CCS may, upon finding a good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations which shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the pupil.

- The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of his/her right to (a) receive five (5) days' notice of his/her scheduled testimony, (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of his/her choosing present in the hearing at the time he/she testifies, which may include a parent, guardian, or legal counsel, and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
- 2. CCS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness' use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
- 3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross- examination during which he or she may leave the hearing room.
- 4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.
- 5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours he/she is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
- 6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany him or her to the witness stand.
- 7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, CCS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to CCS. The person presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising his or her discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom he or she believes is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
- 8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.

- 9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in the public at the request of the pupil being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have his/her testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are not alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing by means of closed-circuit television.
- 10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the person conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstances can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

G. Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

H. Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the scholar committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay, and sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Board or Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the accused pupil, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have his or her testimony heard in a session closed to the public.

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact and a written recommendation to the Board of Directors, which will make a final determination regarding the expulsion. The final decision by the Board of Directors shall be made within ten (10) school days following the conclusion of the hearing. The decision of the Board of Directors is final.

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If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the pupil shall immediately be returned to his/her educational program.

I. Written Notice to Expel

The Superintendent or designee, following a decision of the Board of Directors to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Board of Directors' adopted findings of fact, to the scholar or parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following: (a) Notice of the specific offense committed by the scholar; and (b) Notice of the scholar's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the scholar seeks to enroll of the scholar's status with the Charter School.

The Superintendent or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following: (a) The scholar's name; and (b) The specific expellable offense committed by the scholar.

J. Disciplinary Records

CCS shall maintain records of all scholar suspensions and expulsions at the Charter School. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

K. No Right to Appeal

The pupil shall have no right of appeal from expulsion from CCS as the CCS Board of Directors' decision to expel shall be final.

L. Expelled Pupils/Alternative Education

Parents/guardians of pupils who are expelled shall be responsible for seeking alternative education programs including, but not limited to, programs within the County or their school district of residence. CCS shall work cooperatively with parents/guardians as requested by parents/guardians or by the school district of residence to assist with locating alternative placements during expulsion.

M. Rehabilitation Plans

Scholars who are expelled from CCS shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Board of Directors at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one year from the date of expulsion when the pupil may reapply to CCS for admission.

N. Readmission

The decision to readmit a pupil or to admit a previously expelled pupil from another school district or charter school shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Superintendent or designee and the pupil and parent/guardian or representative to determine Board of Directors

whether the pupil has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the pupil poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Superintendent or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding his or her determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding readmission during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The pupil's readmission is also contingent upon the CCS' capacity at the time the scholar seeks readmission.

O. Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA

CCS shall immediately notify the SELPA and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA of the discipline of any scholar with a disability or scholar that CCS or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the scholar had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the scholar to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of scholar conduct, CCS, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If CCS, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If CCS, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and CCS agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If CCS, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then CCS may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or CCS believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the scholar or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or CCS, the scholar shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and CCS agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

CCS personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of scholar

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conduct.

The Superintendent or designee may remove a scholar to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.
- 6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A scholar who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated CCS' disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if CCS had knowledge that the scholar was disabled before the behavior occurred.

CCS shall be deemed to have knowledge that the scholar had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to CCS supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the scholar is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other CCS personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other CCS supervisory personnel.

If CCS knew or should have known the scholar had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the scholar may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If CCS had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. CCS shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parent/guardian; however, the scholar shall remain in the education placement determined by CCS pending the

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results of the evaluation.

CCS shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the scholar had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the scholar has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Coversheet

Adoption of the 2018-19 LCAP ESSA Federal Addendums

Section:	V. NEW BUSINESS
Item:	B. Adoption of the 2018-19 LCAP ESSA Federal Addendums
Purpose:	Vote
Submitted by: Related Material:	A Federal Addendum - Compass Charter Schools of Fresno.pdf B Federal Addendum - Compass Charter Schools of LA.pdf C Federal Addendum - Compass Charter Schools of San Diego.pdf

Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) Federal Addendum Template

LEA name:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno

CDS code:

10 62331 0130880

Link to the LCAP:

(optional)

For which ESSA programs will your LEA apply?

Choose from:

TITLE I, PART A

Improving Basic Programs Operated by State and Local Educational Agencies

TITLE I, PART D

Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected, Delinquent, or At-Risk

TITLE II, PART A

Supporting Effective Instruction

TITLE III, PART A

Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students

TITLE IV, PART A

Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants

(**NOTE**: This list only includes ESSA programs with LEA plan requirements; not all ESSA programs.)

Title I, Part A, Title II, Part A, Title IV, Part A

In the following pages, ONLY complete the sections for the corresponding programs.

Instructions

The LCAP Federal Addendum is meant to supplement the LCAP to ensure that eligible LEAs have the opportunity to meet the Local Educational Agency (LEA) Plan provisions of the ESSA.

The LCAP Federal Addendum Template must be completed and submitted to the California Department of Education (CDE) to apply for ESSA funding. LEAs are encouraged to review the LCAP Federal Addendum annually with their LCAP, as ESSA funding should be considered in yearly strategic planning.

The LEA must address the Strategy and Alignment prompts provided on the following page.

Each provision for each program must be addressed, unless the provision is not applicable to the LEA.

In addressing these provisions, LEAs must provide a narrative that addresses the provision within the LCAP Federal Addendum Template.

Under State Priority Alignment, state priority numbers are provided to demonstrate where an ESSA provision aligns with state priorities. This is meant to assist LEAs in determining where ESSA provisions may already be addressed in the LEA's LCAP, as it demonstrates the LEA's efforts to support the state priorities.

The CDE emphasizes that **the LCAP Federal Addendum should not drive LCAP development.** ESSA funds are supplemental to state funds, just as the LCAP Federal Addendum supplements your LCAP. LEAs are encouraged to integrate their ESSA funds into their LCAP development as much as possible to promote strategic planning of all resources; however, this is not a requirement. In reviewing the LCAP Federal Addendum, staff will evaluate the LEA's responses to the ESSA plan provisions. There is no standard length for the responses. LEAs will be asked to clarify insufficient responses during the review process. California's ESSA State Plan significantly shifts the state's approach to the utilization of federal resources in support of underserved student groups. This LCAP Federal Addendum provides LEAs with the opportunity to document their approach to maximizing the impact of federal investments in support of underserved students.

The implementation of ESSA in California presents an opportunity for LEAs to innovate with their federally-funded programs and align them with the priority goals they are realizing under the state's Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF).

LCFF provides LEAs flexibility to design programs and provide services that meet the needs of students in order to achieve readiness for college, career, and lifelong learning. The LCAP planning process supports continuous cycles of action, reflection, and improvement.

Please respond to the prompts below, and in the pages that follow, to describe the LEA's plan for making the best use of federal ESEA resources in alignment with other federal, state, and local programs as described in the LEA's LCAP.

Strategy

Explain the LEA's strategy for using federal funds to supplement and enhance local priorities or initiatives funded with state funds, as reflected in the LEA's LCAP. This shall include describing the rationale/evidence for the selected use(s) of federal funds within the context of the LEA's broader strategy reflected in the LCAP.

The strategy of Compass Charter Schools of Fresno for using federal funds to supplement and enhance local priorities is maximize and capitalize on the resources made available to identify and support scholars with the greatest needs. Our first and primary LCAP goal is to increase scholar academic achievement, and with resources from both the state and federal level, Compass will have the means to ensure every scholar has the individual support they need to be successful, graduate, and be prepared for college and/or career.

Alignment

Describe the efforts that the LEA will take to align use of federal funds with activities funded by state and local funds and, as applicable, across different federal grant programs.

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno will work to ensure all funds, federal included, are carefully tracked and measured to ensure an effective design and implementation of our LCAP goals and associated actions. Data collection and reporting to our stakeholders on a consistent and regular basis will allow us to be transparent with our finances and overall academic outcomes.

ESSA Provisions Addressed Within the LCAP

Within the LCAP an LEA is required to describe its goals, and the specific actions to achieve those goals, for each of the LCFF state priorities. In an approvable LCAP it will be apparent from the descriptions of the goals, actions, and services how an LEA is acting to address the following ESSA provisions through the aligned LCFF state priorities and/or the state accountability system.

TITLE I, PART A

Monitoring Student Progress Towards Meeting Challenging State Academic Standards

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(1) (A–D)	1, 2, 4, 7, 8 (as applicable)

Describe how the LEA will monitor students' progress in meeting the challenging state academic standards by:

- (A) developing and implementing a well-rounded program of instruction to meet the academic needs of all students;
- (B) identifying students who may be at risk for academic failure;
- (C) providing additional educational assistance to individual students the LEA or school determines need help in meeting the challenging State academic standards; and
- (D) identifying and implementing instructional and other strategies intended to strengthen academic programs and improve school conditions for student learning.

Overuse in Discipline Practices that Remove Students from the Classroom

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(11)	6 (as applicable)

Describe how the LEA will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, which may include identifying and supporting schools with high rates of discipline, disaggregated by each of the student groups, as defined in Section 1111(c)(2).

Career Technical and Work-based Opportunities

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(12)(A–B)	2, 4, 7 (as applicable)

If determined appropriate by the LEA, describe how such agency will support programs that coordinate and integrate:

- (A) academic and career and technical education content through coordinated instructional strategies, that may incorporate experiential learning opportunities and promote skills attainment important to in-demand occupations or industries in the State; and
- (B) work-based learning opportunities that provide students in-depth interaction with industry professionals and, if appropriate, academic credit.

TITLE II, PART A

Title II, Part A Activities

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
2102(b)(2)(A)	1, 2, 4 (as applicable)

Provide a description of the activities to be carried out by the LEA under this Section and how these activities will be aligned with challenging State academic standards.

TITLE III, PART A

Parent, Family, and Community Engagement

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
3116(b)(3)	3, 6 (as applicable)

Describe how the eligible entity will promote parent, family, and community engagement in the education of English learners.

ESSA Provisions Addressed in the Consolidated Application and Reporting System

An LEA addresses the following ESSA provision as part of completing annual reporting through the Consolidated Application and Reporting System (CARS).

TITLE I, PART A

Poverty Criteria

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(4)	N/A

Describe the poverty criteria that will be used to select school attendance areas under Section 1113.

ESSA Provisions Not Addressed in the LCAP

For the majority of LEAs the ESSA provisions on the following pages do not align with state priorities. **Each provision for each program provided on the following pages must be addressed**, unless the provision is not applicable to the LEA. In addressing these provisions, LEAs must provide a narrative that addresses the provision **within this addendum**.

As previously stated, the CDE emphasizes that the LCAP Federal Addendum should not drive LCAP development. ESSA funds are supplemental to state funds, just as the LCAP Federal Addendum supplements your LCAP. LEAs are encouraged to integrate their ESSA funds into their LCAP development as much as possible to promote strategic planning of all resources; however, this is not a requirement. In reviewing the LCAP Federal Addendum, staff will evaluate the LEA's responses to the ESSA plan provisions. There is no standard length for the responses. LEAs will be asked to clarify insufficient responses during the review process.

TITLE I, PART A

Educator Equity

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(2)

Describe how the LEA will identify and address, as required under State plans as described in Section 1111(g)(1)(B), any disparities that result in low-income students and minority students being taught at higher rates than other students by ineffective, inexperienced, or out-of-field teachers.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

N/A – we are a charter school. However, Compass Charter Schools of Fresno will conduct, annually, an Equity Gap Analysis using local and state data, to identify any disparities that result in low-income scholars and minority scholars being taught at higher rates than other scholars by ineffective, inexperienced, or out-of-field teachers. If identified in such an analysis, Compass will provide targeted professional development for identified teachers to ensure equity amongst all scholars and their academic learning.

Parent and Family Engagement

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(3) and 1112(b)(7)

Describe how the LEA will carry out its responsibility under Section 1111(d).

Describe the strategy the LEA will use to implement effective parent and family engagement under Section 1116.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno will utilize its Parent Advisory Council to provide meaningful feedback and input on its Comprehensive Support and Improvement Plans, and Targeted Support and Improvement Plans, as needed.

Compass will continue offering Parent Town Halls, Coaches' Corner session, and survey opportunities to continue to involve and support learning coaches and parents throughout their scholar(s) educational journey with the school.

Schoolwide Programs, Targeted Support Programs, and Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(5) and 1112(b)(9)

Describe, in general, the nature of the programs to be conducted by the LEA's schools under sections 1114 and 1115 and, where appropriate, educational services outside such schools for children living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children, and for neglected and delinquent children in community day school programs.

Describe how teachers and school leaders, in consultation with parents, administrators, paraprofessionals, and specialized instructional support personnel, in schools operating a targeted assistance school program under Section 1115, will identify the eligible children most in need of services under this part.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno will identify incoming scholars during our enrollment process, and returning scholars during our re-enrollment process, who may come from local institutions, community day school programs, etc. If identified, a Scholar Success Team (SST) will be convened to ensure appropriate supports are provided to the scholar.

Homeless Children and Youth Services

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(6)

Describe the services the LEA will provide homeless children and youths, including services provided with funds reserved under Section 1113(c)(3)(A), to support the enrollment, attendance, and success of homeless children and youths, in coordination with the services the LEA is providing under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 United States Code 11301 et seq.).

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno will identify incoming scholars during our enrollment process, and returning scholars during our re-enrollment process, who may be homeless. Our District Liaison, as noted in our board-approved Scholar Handbooks, will meet with identified scholars and ensure appropriate supports are provided to the scholar.

Student Transitions

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(8) and 1112(b)(10) (A-B)

Describe, if applicable, how the LEA will support, coordinate, and integrate services provided under this part with early childhood education programs at the LEA or individual school level, including plans for the transition of participants in such programs to local elementary school programs. Describe, if applicable, how the LEA will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:

- (A) through coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and other local partners; and
- (B) through increased student access to early college high school or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities, or career counseling to identify student interests and skills.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno is a K-12 school. Our Counseling Services Department has a College & Career Readiness Counselor who serves all of our high school scholars, providing workshops and resources to scholars and families on post-secondary options, including AP, CLEP, concurrent enrollment, and college admission application support.

Additional Information Regarding Use of Funds Under this Part

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(13) (A-B)

Provide any other information on how the LEA proposes to use funds to meet the purposes of this part, and that the LEA determines appropriate to provide, which may include how the LEA will:

- (A) assist schools in identifying and serving gifted and talented students; and
- (B) assist schools in developing effective school library programs to provide students an opportunity to develop digital literacy skills and improve academic achievement.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno is a nonclassroom-based, independent study virtual charter school. Our team works with our scholars, all scholars, to support their educational journey. Intervention support is provided to those who may be struggling, and advanced options and opportunities are provided to those who may be advanced.

As a virtual charter school, Compass does not have a school library. However, resources are provided to all scholars and learning coaches to increase their academic support.

TITLE II, PART A

Professional Growth and Improvement

ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(B)

Provide a description of the LEA's systems of professional growth and improvement, such as induction for teachers, principals, or other school leaders and opportunities for building the capacity of teachers and opportunities to develop meaningful teacher leadership.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno has a Professional Learning Sub-Committee, made up of staff, who meet on a regular basis to analyze professional development opportunities throughout the nation and provide opportunities to staff. Every employee has professional development funds to access during the course of the year. Staff are also either identified or self-select to participate in a number of training opportunities, ranging from curriculum and instruction, to teacher leadership.

Prioritizing Funding

ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(C)

Provide a description of how the LEA will prioritize funds to schools served by the agency that are implementing comprehensive support and improvement activities and targeted support and improvement activities under Section 1111(d) and have the highest percentage of children counted under Section 1124(c).

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno will prioritize funds received towards professional learning centered around intervention. Opportunities may address assessment, data-collection, curriculum, and/or instruction to assist all of our scholars and their academic success.

Data and Ongoing Consultation to Support Continuous Improvement ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(D)

Provide a description of how the LEA will use data and ongoing consultation described in Section 2102(b)(3) to continually update and improve activities supported under this part.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno will conduct, annually, a review of its professional development participation along with academic growth and change in scholars. Part of this review will be on the effectiveness of training, and its application at Compass along with any impacts.

TITLE IV, PART A

Title IV, Part A Activities and Programs

ESSA SECTION 4106(e)(1)

Describe the activities and programming that the LEA, or consortium of such agencies, will carry out under Subpart 1, including a description of:

- (A) any partnership with an institution of higher education, business, nonprofit organization, community-based organization, or other public or private entity with a demonstrated record of success in implementing activities under this subpart;
- (B) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting well-rounded education under Section 4107;

- (C) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting safe and healthy students under Section 4108;
- (D) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting the effective use of technology in schools under Section 4109; and
- (E) the program objectives and intended outcomes for activities under Subpart 1, and how the LEA, or consortium of such agencies, will periodically evaluate the effectiveness of the activities carried out under this section based on such objectives and outcomes.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Fresno will utilize Title IV, Part A funds through our Scholar Success program, which is meant to support our academically struggling scholars with additional resources, including personalized support, 1:1 support, group tutoring support, and other strategies. Our Multi-Tied Scholar Support Committee, Scholar Success Coordinator, Director of Counseling Services, and other staff will annually evaluate the effectiveness of our programs, share the findings with the Superintendent's Cabinet, Parent Advisory Council, and Board of Directors, and recommend potential changes, as needed, in our Scholar Success program to ensure scholars are provided the tools to be academically success.

Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) Federal Addendum Template

LEA name:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles

CDS code:

19 75309 0135145

Link to the LCAP:

(optional)

For which ESSA programs will your LEA apply?

Choose from:

TITLE I, PART A

Improving Basic Programs Operated by State and Local Educational Agencies

TITLE I, PART D

Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected, Delinquent, or At-Risk

TITLE II, PART A

Supporting Effective Instruction

TITLE III, PART A

Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students

TITLE IV, PART A

Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants

(**NOTE**: This list only includes ESSA programs with LEA plan requirements; not all ESSA programs.)

Title I, Part A, Title II, Part A, Title IV, Part A

In the following pages, ONLY complete the sections for the corresponding programs.

Instructions

The LCAP Federal Addendum is meant to supplement the LCAP to ensure that eligible LEAs have the opportunity to meet the Local Educational Agency (LEA) Plan provisions of the ESSA.

The LCAP Federal Addendum Template must be completed and submitted to the California Department of Education (CDE) to apply for ESSA funding. LEAs are encouraged to review the LCAP Federal Addendum annually with their LCAP, as ESSA funding should be considered in yearly strategic planning.

The LEA must address the Strategy and Alignment prompts provided on the following page.

Each provision for each program must be addressed, unless the provision is not applicable to the LEA.

In addressing these provisions, LEAs must provide a narrative that addresses the provision within the LCAP Federal Addendum Template.

Under State Priority Alignment, state priority numbers are provided to demonstrate where an ESSA provision aligns with state priorities. This is meant to assist LEAs in determining where ESSA provisions may already be addressed in the LEA's LCAP, as it demonstrates the LEA's efforts to support the state priorities.

The CDE emphasizes that **the LCAP Federal Addendum should not drive LCAP development.** ESSA funds are supplemental to state funds, just as the LCAP Federal Addendum supplements your LCAP. LEAs are encouraged to integrate their ESSA funds into their LCAP development as much as possible to promote strategic planning of all resources; however, this is not a requirement. In reviewing the LCAP Federal Addendum, staff will evaluate the LEA's responses to the ESSA plan provisions. There is no standard length for the responses. LEAs will be asked to clarify insufficient responses during the review process. California's ESSA State Plan significantly shifts the state's approach to the utilization of federal resources in support of underserved student groups. This LCAP Federal Addendum provides LEAs with the opportunity to document their approach to maximizing the impact of federal investments in support of underserved students.

The implementation of ESSA in California presents an opportunity for LEAs to innovate with their federally-funded programs and align them with the priority goals they are realizing under the state's Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF).

LCFF provides LEAs flexibility to design programs and provide services that meet the needs of students in order to achieve readiness for college, career, and lifelong learning. The LCAP planning process supports continuous cycles of action, reflection, and improvement.

Please respond to the prompts below, and in the pages that follow, to describe the LEA's plan for making the best use of federal ESEA resources in alignment with other federal, state, and local programs as described in the LEA's LCAP.

Strategy

Explain the LEA's strategy for using federal funds to supplement and enhance local priorities or initiatives funded with state funds, as reflected in the LEA's LCAP. This shall include describing the rationale/evidence for the selected use(s) of federal funds within the context of the LEA's broader strategy reflected in the LCAP.

The strategy of Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles for using federal funds to supplement and enhance local priorities is maximize and capitalize on the resources made available to identify and support scholars with the greatest needs. Our first and primary LCAP goal is to increase scholar academic achievement, and with resources from both the state and federal level, Compass will have the means to ensure every scholar has the individual support they need to be successful, graduate, and be prepared for college and/or career.

Alignment

Describe the efforts that the LEA will take to align use of federal funds with activities funded by state and local funds and, as applicable, across different federal grant programs.

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles will work to ensure all funds, federal included, are carefully tracked and measured to ensure an effective design and implementation of our LCAP goals and associated actions. Data collection and reporting to our stakeholders on a consistent and regular basis will allow us to be transparent with our finances and overall academic outcomes.

ESSA Provisions Addressed Within the LCAP

Within the LCAP an LEA is required to describe its goals, and the specific actions to achieve those goals, for each of the LCFF state priorities. In an approvable LCAP it will be apparent from the descriptions of the goals, actions, and services how an LEA is acting to address the following ESSA provisions through the aligned LCFF state priorities and/or the state accountability system.

TITLE I, PART A

Monitoring Student Progress Towards Meeting Challenging State Academic Standards

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(1) (A–D)	1, 2, 4, 7, 8 (as applicable)

Describe how the LEA will monitor students' progress in meeting the challenging state academic standards by:

- (A) developing and implementing a well-rounded program of instruction to meet the academic needs of all students;
- (B) identifying students who may be at risk for academic failure;
- (C) providing additional educational assistance to individual students the LEA or school determines need help in meeting the challenging State academic standards; and
- (D) identifying and implementing instructional and other strategies intended to strengthen academic programs and improve school conditions for student learning.

Overuse in Discipline Practices that Remove Students from the Classroom

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(11)	6 (as applicable)

Describe how the LEA will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, which may include identifying and supporting schools with high rates of discipline, disaggregated by each of the student groups, as defined in Section 1111(c)(2).

Career Technical and Work-based Opportunities

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(12)(A–B)	2, 4, 7 (as applicable)

If determined appropriate by the LEA, describe how such agency will support programs that coordinate and integrate:

- (A) academic and career and technical education content through coordinated instructional strategies, that may incorporate experiential learning opportunities and promote skills attainment important to in-demand occupations or industries in the State; and
- (B) work-based learning opportunities that provide students in-depth interaction with industry professionals and, if appropriate, academic credit.

TITLE II, PART A

Title II, Part A Activities

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
2102(b)(2)(A)	1, 2, 4 (as applicable)

Provide a description of the activities to be carried out by the LEA under this Section and how these activities will be aligned with challenging State academic standards.

TITLE III, PART A

Parent, Family, and Community Engagement

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
3116(b)(3)	3, 6 (as applicable)

Describe how the eligible entity will promote parent, family, and community engagement in the education of English learners.

ESSA Provisions Addressed in the Consolidated Application and Reporting System

An LEA addresses the following ESSA provision as part of completing annual reporting through the Consolidated Application and Reporting System (CARS).

TITLE I, PART A

Poverty Criteria

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(4)	N/A

Describe the poverty criteria that will be used to select school attendance areas under Section 1113.

ESSA Provisions Not Addressed in the LCAP

For the majority of LEAs the ESSA provisions on the following pages do not align with state priorities. **Each provision for each program provided on the following pages must be addressed**, unless the provision is not applicable to the LEA. In addressing these provisions, LEAs must provide a narrative that addresses the provision **within this addendum**.

As previously stated, the CDE emphasizes that the LCAP Federal Addendum should not drive LCAP development. ESSA funds are supplemental to state funds, just as the LCAP Federal Addendum supplements your LCAP. LEAs are encouraged to integrate their ESSA funds into their LCAP development as much as possible to promote strategic planning of all resources; however, this is not a requirement. In reviewing the LCAP Federal Addendum, staff will evaluate the LEA's responses to the ESSA plan provisions. There is no standard length for the responses. LEAs will be asked to clarify insufficient responses during the review process.

TITLE I, PART A

Educator Equity

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(2)

Describe how the LEA will identify and address, as required under State plans as described in Section 1111(g)(1)(B), any disparities that result in low-income students and minority students being taught at higher rates than other students by ineffective, inexperienced, or out-of-field teachers.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

N/A – we are a charter school. However, Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles will conduct, annually, an Equity Gap Analysis using local and state data, to identify any disparities that result in low-income scholars and minority scholars being taught at higher rates than other scholars by ineffective, inexperienced, or out-of-field teachers. If identified in such an analysis, Compass will provide targeted professional development for identified teachers to ensure equity amongst all scholars and their academic learning.

Parent and Family Engagement

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(3) and 1112(b)(7)

Describe how the LEA will carry out its responsibility under Section 1111(d).

Describe the strategy the LEA will use to implement effective parent and family engagement under Section 1116.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles will utilize its Parent Advisory Council to provide meaningful feedback and input on its Comprehensive Support and Improvement Plans, and Targeted Support and Improvement Plans, as needed.

Compass will continue offering Parent Town Halls, Coaches' Corner session, and survey opportunities to continue to involve and support learning coaches and parents throughout their scholar(s) educational journey with the school.

Schoolwide Programs, Targeted Support Programs, and Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(5) and 1112(b)(9)

Describe, in general, the nature of the programs to be conducted by the LEA's schools under sections 1114 and 1115 and, where appropriate, educational services outside such schools for children living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children, and for neglected and delinquent children in community day school programs.

Describe how teachers and school leaders, in consultation with parents, administrators, paraprofessionals, and specialized instructional support personnel, in schools operating a targeted assistance school program under Section 1115, will identify the eligible children most in need of services under this part.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles will identify incoming scholars during our enrollment process, and returning scholars during our re-enrollment process, who may come from local institutions, community day school programs, etc. If identified, a Scholar Success Team (SST) will be convened to ensure appropriate supports are provided to the scholar.

Homeless Children and Youth Services

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(6)

Describe the services the LEA will provide homeless children and youths, including services provided with funds reserved under Section 1113(c)(3)(A), to support the enrollment, attendance, and success of homeless children and youths, in coordination with the services the LEA is providing under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 United States Code 11301 et seq.).

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles will identify incoming scholars during our enrollment process, and returning scholars during our re-enrollment process, who may be homeless. Our District Liaison, as noted in our board-approved Scholar Handbooks, will meet with identified scholars and ensure appropriate supports are provided to the scholar.

Student Transitions

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(8) and 1112(b)(10) (A-B)

Describe, if applicable, how the LEA will support, coordinate, and integrate services provided under this part with early childhood education programs at the LEA or individual school level, including plans for the transition of participants in such programs to local elementary school programs. Describe, if applicable, how the LEA will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:

- (A) through coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and other local partners; and
- (B) through increased student access to early college high school or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities, or career counseling to identify student interests and skills.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles is a K-12 school. Our Counseling Services Department has a College & Career Readiness Counselor who serves all of our high school scholars, providing workshops and resources to scholars and families on post-secondary options, including AP, CLEP, concurrent enrollment, and college admission application support.

Additional Information Regarding Use of Funds Under this Part

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(13) (A-B)

Provide any other information on how the LEA proposes to use funds to meet the purposes of this part, and that the LEA determines appropriate to provide, which may include how the LEA will:

- (A) assist schools in identifying and serving gifted and talented students; and
- (B) assist schools in developing effective school library programs to provide students an opportunity to develop digital literacy skills and improve academic achievement.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles is a nonclassroom-based, independent study virtual charter school. Our team works with our scholars, all scholars, to support their educational journey. Intervention support is provided to those who may be struggling, and advanced options and opportunities are provided to those who may be advanced.

As a virtual charter school, Compass does not have a school library. However, resources are provided to all scholars and learning coaches to increase their academic support.

TITLE II, PART A

Professional Growth and Improvement

ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(B)

Provide a description of the LEA's systems of professional growth and improvement, such as induction for teachers, principals, or other school leaders and opportunities for building the capacity of teachers and opportunities to develop meaningful teacher leadership.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles has a Professional Learning Sub-Committee, made up of staff, who meet on a regular basis to analyze professional development opportunities throughout the nation and provide opportunities to staff. Every employee has professional development funds to access during the course of the year. Staff are also either identified or self-select to participate in a number of training opportunities, ranging from curriculum and instruction, to teacher leadership.

Prioritizing Funding

ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(C)

Provide a description of how the LEA will prioritize funds to schools served by the agency that are implementing comprehensive support and improvement activities and targeted support and improvement activities under Section 1111(d) and have the highest percentage of children counted under Section 1124(c).

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles will prioritize funds received towards professional learning centered around intervention. Opportunities may address assessment, data-collection, curriculum, and/or instruction to assist all of our scholars and their academic success.

Data and Ongoing Consultation to Support Continuous Improvement

ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(D)

Provide a description of how the LEA will use data and ongoing consultation described in Section 2102(b)(3) to continually update and improve activities supported under this part.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles will conduct, annually, a review of its professional development participation along with academic growth and change in scholars. Part of this review will be on the effectiveness of training, and its application at Compass along with any impacts.

TITLE IV, PART A

Title IV, Part A Activities and Programs

ESSA SECTION 4106(e)(1)

Describe the activities and programming that the LEA, or consortium of such agencies, will carry out under Subpart 1, including a description of:

- (A) any partnership with an institution of higher education, business, nonprofit organization, community-based organization, or other public or private entity with a demonstrated record of success in implementing activities under this subpart;
- (B) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting well-rounded education under Section 4107;

- (C) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting safe and healthy students under Section 4108;
- (D) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting the effective use of technology in schools under Section 4109; and
- (E) the program objectives and intended outcomes for activities under Subpart 1, and how the LEA, or consortium of such agencies, will periodically evaluate the effectiveness of the activities carried out under this section based on such objectives and outcomes.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of Los Angeles will utilize Title IV, Part A funds through our Scholar Success program, which is meant to support our academically struggling scholars with additional resources, including personalized support, 1:1 support, group tutoring support, and other strategies. Our Multi-Tied Scholar Support Committee, Scholar Success Coordinator, Director of Counseling Services, and other staff will annually evaluate the effectiveness of our programs, share the findings with the Superintendent's Cabinet, Parent Advisory Council, and Board of Directors, and recommend potential changes, as needed, in our Scholar Success program to ensure scholars are provided the tools to be academically success.

Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) Federal Addendum Template

LEA name:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego

CDS code:

37 68213 0127084

Link to the LCAP:

(optional)

For which ESSA programs will your LEA apply?

Choose from:

TITLE I, PART A

Improving Basic Programs Operated by State and Local Educational Agencies

TITLE I, PART D

Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected, Delinquent, or At-Risk

TITLE II, PART A

Supporting Effective Instruction

TITLE III, PART A

Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students

TITLE IV, PART A

Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants

(**NOTE**: This list only includes ESSA programs with LEA plan requirements; not all ESSA programs.)

Title I, Part A, Title II, Part A, Title IV, Part A

In the following pages, ONLY complete the sections for the corresponding programs.

Instructions

The LCAP Federal Addendum is meant to supplement the LCAP to ensure that eligible LEAs have the opportunity to meet the Local Educational Agency (LEA) Plan provisions of the ESSA.

The LCAP Federal Addendum Template must be completed and submitted to the California Department of Education (CDE) to apply for ESSA funding. LEAs are encouraged to review the LCAP Federal Addendum annually with their LCAP, as ESSA funding should be considered in yearly strategic planning.

The LEA must address the Strategy and Alignment prompts provided on the following page.

Each provision for each program must be addressed, unless the provision is not applicable to the LEA.

In addressing these provisions, LEAs must provide a narrative that addresses the provision within the LCAP Federal Addendum Template.

Under State Priority Alignment, state priority numbers are provided to demonstrate where an ESSA provision aligns with state priorities. This is meant to assist LEAs in determining where ESSA provisions may already be addressed in the LEA's LCAP, as it demonstrates the LEA's efforts to support the state priorities.

The CDE emphasizes that **the LCAP Federal Addendum should not drive LCAP development.** ESSA funds are supplemental to state funds, just as the LCAP Federal Addendum supplements your LCAP. LEAs are encouraged to integrate their ESSA funds into their LCAP development as much as possible to promote strategic planning of all resources; however, this is not a requirement. In reviewing the LCAP Federal Addendum, staff will evaluate the LEA's responses to the ESSA plan provisions. There is no standard length for the responses. LEAs will be asked to clarify insufficient responses during the review process.
California's ESSA State Plan significantly shifts the state's approach to the utilization of federal resources in support of underserved student groups. This LCAP Federal Addendum provides LEAs with the opportunity to document their approach to maximizing the impact of federal investments in support of underserved students.

The implementation of ESSA in California presents an opportunity for LEAs to innovate with their federally-funded programs and align them with the priority goals they are realizing under the state's Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF).

LCFF provides LEAs flexibility to design programs and provide services that meet the needs of students in order to achieve readiness for college, career, and lifelong learning. The LCAP planning process supports continuous cycles of action, reflection, and improvement.

Please respond to the prompts below, and in the pages that follow, to describe the LEA's plan for making the best use of federal ESEA resources in alignment with other federal, state, and local programs as described in the LEA's LCAP.

Strategy

Explain the LEA's strategy for using federal funds to supplement and enhance local priorities or initiatives funded with state funds, as reflected in the LEA's LCAP. This shall include describing the rationale/evidence for the selected use(s) of federal funds within the context of the LEA's broader strategy reflected in the LCAP.

The strategy of Compass Charter Schools of San Diego for using federal funds to supplement and enhance local priorities is maximize and capitalize on the resources made available to identify and support scholars with the greatest needs. Our first and primary LCAP goal is to increase scholar academic achievement, and with resources from both the state and federal level, Compass will have the means to ensure every scholar has the individual support they need to be successful, graduate, and be prepared for college and/or career.

Alignment

Describe the efforts that the LEA will take to align use of federal funds with activities funded by state and local funds and, as applicable, across different federal grant programs.

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego will work to ensure all funds, federal included, are carefully tracked and measured to ensure an effective design and implementation of our LCAP goals and associated actions. Data collection and reporting to our stakeholders on a consistent and regular basis will allow us to be transparent with our finances and overall academic outcomes.

ESSA Provisions Addressed Within the LCAP

Within the LCAP an LEA is required to describe its goals, and the specific actions to achieve those goals, for each of the LCFF state priorities. In an approvable LCAP it will be apparent from the descriptions of the goals, actions, and services how an LEA is acting to address the following ESSA provisions through the aligned LCFF state priorities and/or the state accountability system.

TITLE I, PART A

Monitoring Student Progress Towards Meeting Challenging State Academic Standards

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(1) (A–D)	1, 2, 4, 7, 8 (as applicable)

Describe how the LEA will monitor students' progress in meeting the challenging state academic standards by:

- (A) developing and implementing a well-rounded program of instruction to meet the academic needs of all students;
- (B) identifying students who may be at risk for academic failure;
- (C) providing additional educational assistance to individual students the LEA or school determines need help in meeting the challenging State academic standards; and
- (D) identifying and implementing instructional and other strategies intended to strengthen academic programs and improve school conditions for student learning.

Overuse in Discipline Practices that Remove Students from the Classroom

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(11)	6 (as applicable)

Describe how the LEA will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, which may include identifying and supporting schools with high rates of discipline, disaggregated by each of the student groups, as defined in Section 1111(c)(2).

Career Technical and Work-based Opportunities

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(12)(A–B)	2, 4, 7 (as applicable)

If determined appropriate by the LEA, describe how such agency will support programs that coordinate and integrate:

- (A) academic and career and technical education content through coordinated instructional strategies, that may incorporate experiential learning opportunities and promote skills attainment important to in-demand occupations or industries in the State; and
- (B) work-based learning opportunities that provide students in-depth interaction with industry professionals and, if appropriate, academic credit.

TITLE II, PART A

Title II, Part A Activities

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
2102(b)(2)(A)	1, 2, 4 (as applicable)

Provide a description of the activities to be carried out by the LEA under this Section and how these activities will be aligned with challenging State academic standards.

TITLE III, PART A

Parent, Family, and Community Engagement

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
3116(b)(3)	3, 6 (as applicable)

Describe how the eligible entity will promote parent, family, and community engagement in the education of English learners.

ESSA Provisions Addressed in the Consolidated Application and Reporting System

An LEA addresses the following ESSA provision as part of completing annual reporting through the Consolidated Application and Reporting System (CARS).

TITLE I, PART A

Poverty Criteria

ESSA SECTION	STATE PRIORITY ALIGNMENT
1112(b)(4)	N/A

Describe the poverty criteria that will be used to select school attendance areas under Section 1113.

ESSA Provisions Not Addressed in the LCAP

For the majority of LEAs the ESSA provisions on the following pages do not align with state priorities. **Each provision for each program provided on the following pages must be addressed**, unless the provision is not applicable to the LEA. In addressing these provisions, LEAs must provide a narrative that addresses the provision **within this addendum**.

As previously stated, the CDE emphasizes that the LCAP Federal Addendum should not drive LCAP development. ESSA funds are supplemental to state funds, just as the LCAP Federal Addendum supplements your LCAP. LEAs are encouraged to integrate their ESSA funds into their LCAP development as much as possible to promote strategic planning of all resources; however, this is not a requirement. In reviewing the LCAP Federal Addendum, staff will evaluate the LEA's responses to the ESSA plan provisions. There is no standard length for the responses. LEAs will be asked to clarify insufficient responses during the review process.

TITLE I, PART A

Educator Equity

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(2)

Describe how the LEA will identify and address, as required under State plans as described in Section 1111(g)(1)(B), any disparities that result in low-income students and minority students being taught at higher rates than other students by ineffective, inexperienced, or out-of-field teachers.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

N/A – we are a charter school. However, Compass Charter Schools of San Diego will conduct, annually, an Equity Gap Analysis using local and state data, to identify any disparities that result in low-income scholars and minority scholars being taught at higher rates than other scholars by ineffective, inexperienced, or out-of-field teachers. If identified in such an analysis, Compass will provide targeted professional development for identified teachers to ensure equity amongst all scholars and their academic learning.

Parent and Family Engagement

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(3) and 1112(b)(7)

Describe how the LEA will carry out its responsibility under Section 1111(d).

Describe the strategy the LEA will use to implement effective parent and family engagement under Section 1116.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego will utilize its Parent Advisory Council to provide meaningful feedback and input on its Comprehensive Support and Improvement Plans, and Targeted Support and Improvement Plans, as needed.

Compass will continue offering Parent Town Halls, Coaches' Corner session, and survey opportunities to continue to involve and support learning coaches and parents throughout their scholar(s) educational journey with the school.

Schoolwide Programs, Targeted Support Programs, and Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(5) and 1112(b)(9)

Describe, in general, the nature of the programs to be conducted by the LEA's schools under sections 1114 and 1115 and, where appropriate, educational services outside such schools for children living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children, and for neglected and delinquent children in community day school programs.

Describe how teachers and school leaders, in consultation with parents, administrators, paraprofessionals, and specialized instructional support personnel, in schools operating a targeted assistance school program under Section 1115, will identify the eligible children most in need of services under this part.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego will identify incoming scholars during our enrollment process, and returning scholars during our re-enrollment process, who may come from local institutions, community day school programs, etc. If identified, a Scholar Success Team (SST) will be convened to ensure appropriate supports are provided to the scholar.

Homeless Children and Youth Services

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(6)

Describe the services the LEA will provide homeless children and youths, including services provided with funds reserved under Section 1113(c)(3)(A), to support the enrollment, attendance, and success of homeless children and youths, in coordination with the services the LEA is providing under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 United States Code 11301 et seq.).

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego will identify incoming scholars during our enrollment process, and returning scholars during our re-enrollment process, who may be homeless. Our District Liaison, as noted in our board-approved Scholar Handbooks, will meet with identified scholars and ensure appropriate supports are provided to the scholar.

Student Transitions

ESSA SECTIONS 1112(b)(8) and 1112(b)(10) (A-B)

Describe, if applicable, how the LEA will support, coordinate, and integrate services provided under this part with early childhood education programs at the LEA or individual school level, including plans for the transition of participants in such programs to local elementary school programs. Describe, if applicable, how the LEA will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:

- (A) through coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and other local partners; and
- (B) through increased student access to early college high school or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities, or career counseling to identify student interests and skills.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego is a K-12 school. Our Counseling Services Department has a College & Career Readiness Counselor who serves all of our high school scholars, providing workshops and resources to scholars and families on post-secondary options, including AP, CLEP, concurrent enrollment, and college admission application support.

Additional Information Regarding Use of Funds Under this Part

ESSA SECTION 1112(b)(13) (A-B)

Provide any other information on how the LEA proposes to use funds to meet the purposes of this part, and that the LEA determines appropriate to provide, which may include how the LEA will:

- (A) assist schools in identifying and serving gifted and talented students; and
- (B) assist schools in developing effective school library programs to provide students an opportunity to develop digital literacy skills and improve academic achievement.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego is a nonclassroom-based, independent study virtual charter school. Our team works with our scholars, all scholars, to support their educational journey. Intervention support is provided to those who may be struggling, and advanced options and opportunities are provided to those who may be advanced.

As a virtual charter school, Compass does not have a school library. However, resources are provided to all scholars and learning coaches to increase their academic support.

TITLE II, PART A

Professional Growth and Improvement

ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(B)

Provide a description of the LEA's systems of professional growth and improvement, such as induction for teachers, principals, or other school leaders and opportunities for building the capacity of teachers and opportunities to develop meaningful teacher leadership.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego has a Professional Learning Sub-Committee, made up of staff, who meet on a regular basis to analyze professional development opportunities throughout the nation and provide opportunities to staff. Every employee has professional development funds to access during the course of the year. Staff are also either identified or self-select to participate in a number of training opportunities, ranging from curriculum and instruction, to teacher leadership.

Prioritizing Funding

ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(C)

Provide a description of how the LEA will prioritize funds to schools served by the agency that are implementing comprehensive support and improvement activities and targeted support and improvement activities under Section 1111(d) and have the highest percentage of children counted under Section 1124(c).

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego will prioritize funds received towards professional learning centered around intervention. Opportunities may address assessment, data-collection, curriculum, and/or instruction to assist all of our scholars and their academic success.

Data and Ongoing Consultation to Support Continuous Improvement

ESSA SECTION 2102(b)(2)(D)

Provide a description of how the LEA will use data and ongoing consultation described in Section 2102(b)(3) to continually update and improve activities supported under this part.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego will conduct, annually, a review of its professional development participation along with academic growth and change in scholars. Part of this review will be on the effectiveness of training, and its application at Compass along with any impacts.

TITLE IV, PART A

Title IV, Part A Activities and Programs

ESSA SECTION 4106(e)(1)

Describe the activities and programming that the LEA, or consortium of such agencies, will carry out under Subpart 1, including a description of:

- (A) any partnership with an institution of higher education, business, nonprofit organization, community-based organization, or other public or private entity with a demonstrated record of success in implementing activities under this subpart;
- (B) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting well-rounded education under Section 4107;

- (C) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting safe and healthy students under Section 4108;
- (D) if applicable, how funds will be used for activities related to supporting the effective use of technology in schools under Section 4109; and
- (E) the program objectives and intended outcomes for activities under Subpart 1, and how the LEA, or consortium of such agencies, will periodically evaluate the effectiveness of the activities carried out under this section based on such objectives and outcomes.

THIS ESSA PROVISION IS ADDRESSED BELOW:

Compass Charter Schools of San Diego will utilize Title IV, Part A funds through our Scholar Success program, which is meant to support our academically struggling scholars with additional resources, including personalized support, 1:1 support, group tutoring support, and other strategies. Our Multi-Tied Scholar Support Committee, Scholar Success Coordinator, Director of Counseling Services, and other staff will annually evaluate the effectiveness of our programs, share the findings with the Superintendent's Cabinet, Parent Advisory Council, and Board of Directors, and recommend potential changes, as needed, in our Scholar Success program to ensure scholars are provided the tools to be academically success.

Coversheet

Review and Approval of the Compass Bonus Structure

Section:	V. NEW BUSINESS
Item:	C. Review and Approval of the Compass Bonus Structure
Purpose:	Vote
Submitted by:	J.J. Lewis
Related Material:	2018-19 Bonus Structure.pdf

BACKGROUND:

Compass Charter Schools engaged in a CMO Compensation Study through Edgility Consulting in the late spring. This study was a full review of our current compensation practices in relation to our peers. Edgility collected qualitative and quantitative data regarding starting salary, salary growth, benefits, bonuses and rewards. A noted area of growth was a rewards structure, with staff looking for structures that are authentic, consistent and tied to 'above and beyond' work. A bonus structure was recommended, based on a combination of two criteria: quality of instruction and enrollment. Additionally, non-instructional roles were included based on performance and enrollment on an organization wide basis. The structure is tier-based, looking at enrollment, retention, and academic success.

RECOMMENDATION:

A motion to approve the Compass Bonus Structure.

COMPASS CHARTER SCHOOLS

2018-19 Bonus Structure

Performance Measure	Instructional (class-wide)	Instructional Leadership (program-wide)	Non-Instructional (school-wide)
 TIER 1 At least 90% of scholars meet or exceed academic goals At least 97% ADA of scholars At least 90% of scholars retained Scholar enrollment exceeds 1,200 	5% of annual salary	5% of annual salary	5% of annual salary
 TIER 2 All measures in Tie 1 met, plus Scholar enrollment exceeds 1,400 	7.5% of annual salary	7.5% of annual salary	7.5% of annual salary
 TIER 3 All measures in Tie 1 met, plus Scholar enrollment exceeds 1,600 	10% of annual salary	10% of annual salary	10% of annual salary

Coversheet

Election of New Board Members

Section:	V. NEW BUSINESS
Item:	D. Election of New Board Members
Purpose:	Vote
Submitted by:	J.J. Lewis
Related Material:	A Appointment of MEUSD Board Representative.pdf B Suarez - CCS Board of Directors Application.pdf

BACKGROUND:

Compass Charter Schools has been soliciting applications from interested persons to serve on its Board of Directors. Information has been shared on our website, social media channels, and through staff to their networks. Two (2) applications have been received and reviewed. I personally met with each interested candidate to talk through the role of a member of our Board of Directors, in addition to the skill-sets that they might bring to the board. Martin Suarez is the Deputy Director for the California Teaching Fellows Foundation. The second candidate will be brought forward at the September Regular Meeting. Additionally, the Mountain Empire USD, our CCS of San Diego authorizer, has appointed Bill Dennett, their Director of Special Education, to serve on our board pursuant to Education Code 47604. E.C. 47604(b) allows the governing board of a school district that grants a charter for the establishment of a charter school formed and organized pursuant to this section to be entitled to a single representative on the board of directors of the nonprofit public benefit corporation.

RECOMMENDATION:

A motion to accept the appointment of Bill Dennett to the Board of Directors for the 2018-19 school year, beginning July 23, 2018. Another motion to elect Martin Suarez to the Board of Directors, with a term beginning July 23, 2018 and ending June 30, 2021.

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Dear Mr. Lewis,

Please accept this letter as the official appointment letter for the MEUSD Representative to the Compass Charter School Board.

As superintendent of Mountain Empire Unified School District, I appoint Mr. Bill Dennett to the Compass Charter School Board. This appointment is effective for the 2018-19 school year.

Sincerely, Dr. Kathy Granger Mountain Empire Unified School District

Sent from my iPad

COMPASS CHARTER SCHOOLS

Part Two:

- 1. Please outline your experience working with a board and professional staff structure on prior boards.
 - a. My passion is working with people and making a difference in their lives. I have over 20 years of experience in the education sector, providing expertise in out-of-school time, interacting and making a difference in the lives of many students, parents, teachers, and administrators. I am currently the Deputy Director for the California Teaching Fellows Foundation, a non-profit organization that serves over 230 schools and 30,000 students on a daily basis. In this capacity, I oversee the programming structure and implement continuous improvement processes to ensure high-quality programs for the many school districts served. Additionally, I have experience in bringing together partners from the community to deliver high-quality educational programs, especially in schools that serve minority and low-income students. As a board member, I tend to bring a perspective on how to bridge different opinions and varied ideas. My talent to predict how people understand and react to me, as well as my ability to handle conflict will enhance the Compass Charter Schools board when dealing with difficult topics. I believe in working as a team, and I am a person that clarifies tasks harnessing everyone's strengths to reach our collective goals.
- 2. List the boards of directors (for profit and not-for-profit) you have served on in the past five (5) years.
 - a. Leadership Fresno Alumni Association
- 3. List the leadership positions you have held professionally and as a volunteer in the last five (5) years.
 - a. Deputy Director of California Teaching Fellows Foundation
 - b. Vice President of Leadership Fresno Alumni Association
 - c. Executive Director of SoluNet LLC.
- 4. Evaluate your ability to serve based on family and time commitments.
 - a. After having a conversation with my wife and two kids, I feel comfortable with the time commitment this board will impose in my life. I promise to bring some fun into the board meetings and refresh people's point of views with my honest comments.