# Clarksville Charter School #1891

El Dorado County El Dorado Hills, California

> Audit Report June 30, 2020



Financial Statements and Supplemental Information Year Ended June 30, 2020

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees of Clarksville Charter School El Dorado Hills, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Clarksville Charter School, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2020, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Clarksville Charter School as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information identified in the table of contents, as required by the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2021, on our consideration of Clarksville Charter School' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

El Cajon, California March 29, 2021

Wilkinson Hadley King + COLLIP



# Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2020

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	889,812
Accounts receivable		2,030,685
Accounts receivable - related entities		780,413
Prepaid expenses		126,359
Security deposits		5,500
Property and equipment, net		11,879
Total Assets		3,844,648
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	495,731
Accounts payable - related entities		79,798
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		354,708
Short term loans payable		2,626,066
Total Liabilities		3,556,303
Net Assets	·	
Without donor restrictions		
Undesignated		276,466
Invested in property and equipment, net of related debt		11,879
		288,345
With donor restrictions		-
Total Net Assets		288,345
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	3,844,648

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenue, Support, and Gains Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) sources	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
State aid	\$ 8,077,985	\$ -	\$ 8,077,985
Education protection account state aid	231,630	ψ – _	231,630
Transfers in lieu of property taxes	2,088,422	_	2,088,422
Total LCFF sources	10,398,037		10,398,037
	10,396,037	115 019	
Federal contracts and grants	146.506	115,918	115,918
State contracts and grants	146,586	600,915	747,501
Interest income	347	-	347
Net assets released from restriction -			
Grant restrictions satisfied	716,833	(716,833)	
Total revenue, support, and gains	11,261,803		11,261,803
Expenses and Losses			
Program services expense	9,199,018	-	9,199,018
Supporting services expense	1,857,825	-	1,857,825
Total expenses and losses	11,056,843	-	11,056,843
Change in Net Assets	204,960	-	204,960
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	83,385	-	83,385
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 288,345	\$ -	\$ 288,345

# Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Prog	gram Services	Suppo	rting Services		
	Е	ducational	Mana	igement and		
	Programs			General		Total
Salaries and Wages	\$	4,569,991	\$	596,097	\$	5,166,088
Pension expense		684,136		89,237		773,373
Other employee benefits		442,337		57,697		500,034
Payroll taxes		76,512		9,980		86,492
Fees for services:						
Management		-		367,841		367,841
Legal		-		22,045		22,045
Audit		-		10,150		10,150
Other fees - Professional consulting		1,950,779		2,651		1,953,430
Other fees - District oversight		-		311,941		311,941
Other fees - Banking and service charges		-		21,289		21,289
Advertising and promotion		-		750		750
Office expenses		221		-		221
Information technology		1,930		-		1,930
Travel		-		12,057		12,057
Interest		-		308,526		308,526
Depreciation		2,152		-		2,152
Insurance		-		47,564		47,564
Other expenses:						
Books and supplies		969,333		-		969,333
Special education encroachment		414,595		_		414,595
Student events		85,569		_		85,569
Miscellaneous		1,463		-		1,463
Total expenses by function	\$	9,199,018	\$	1,857,825	\$	11,056,843

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from federal, state, and local contracts and grants	\$	7,556,190
Receipts from property taxes		2,088,422
Other reciepts		347
Payments for salaries and benefits		(6,422,369)
Payments to vendors		(5,040,379)
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities		(1,817,789)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchases of property and equipment		(5,242)
Net Cash From Investing Activities		(5,242)
The Cush From The County Free Princes		(5,2.12)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from Paycheck Protection Program		2,626,066
Principal payment on capital leases		(43,593)
Interest paid		(308,526)
Net Cash From Financing Activities		2,273,947
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		450,916
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		438,896
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	889,812
Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Net Cash		
Used For Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$	204,960
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash:	•	- ,
Depreciation and amortization		2,152
Interest paid		308,526
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase) Decrease in assets		
Accounts receivable		(1,616,844)
Accounts receivable - related entities		(499,021)
Prepaid expenses		193,457
Security deposits		7,500
Increase (Decrease) in liabilities		
Accounts payable		342,179
Accounts payable - related entities		(864,316)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		103,618
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	\$	(1,817,789)

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2020

### A. Principal Activity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Organization

Clarksville Charter School (the School) was formed on May 24, 2017 as a charter school pursuant to California Education Code §47600 under a charter agreement with Buckeye Union Elementary School District (the District). The School became a nonprofit public benefit corporation on December 12, 2017. The charter agreement was approved by Buckeye Union Elementary School District and submitted to the California Board of Education in May 2017. The school began operations on July 1, 2017.

Clarksville Charter School is a tuition-free, K-12 independent study charter school. The School offers an online and offline based curriculum, academically accelerated instructional program with thematic units, project-based learning, and enriched to support students who have the desire to work ahead or work deeper in their studies.

### Basis of Accounting

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to not-for-profit organizations. The School uses the accrual basis of accounting, under which revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School considers all cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivables consist primarily of noninterest-bearing amounts due to the School for federal, state, and local grants and contracts receivable. The amounts in accounts receivable are considered fully collectable and as such there has not been an allowance for uncollectable accounts or discount established for the School.

### Property and Equipment

The School records property and equipment additions over \$5,000 at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from 3 to 30 years, or in the case of capitalized leased assets or leasehold improvements, the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in the statements of activities. Costs of maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are expensed in the current period.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2020

The School reviews the carrying values of property and equipment for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. When considered impaired an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds the fair value of the asset. There were no indicators of asset impairment during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Investments

The School records investment purchases at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Thereafter, investments are reported at their fair values on the statement of financial position. Net investment return/(loss) is reported in the statement of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

#### Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

*Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions* – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

### Revenue and Revenue Recognition

The School recognizes revenue from sales when the products are transferred, and services are provided. The school records special events revenue equal to the cost of direct benefits to donors, and contribution revenue for the difference. Contributions are recognized when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier, and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. The School's federal, state, and local contracts and grants are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and the incurrence of allowable qualifying expense. Consequently, at June 30, 2020 there were no conditional contributions, federal, state and local contracts recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Donated Services and In-Kind Contributions

Volunteers contribute significant amounts of time to the School's program services, administration, and fundraising and developing activities; however, the financial statements do not reflect the value of these contributed services because they do not meet recognition criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and approximated \$750 during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. The statement of functional expenses presents the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the program and supporting services benefited.

### Income Taxes

The School is a 509(a)(1) publicly supported non-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Sections 501(a) and 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The School is also exempt from California franchise or income tax under Section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. The School may be subject to tax on income which is not related to its exempt purpose. For the year ended June 30, 2020, no such unrelated business income was reported and, therefore, no provision for income taxes has been made.

The School follows provisions of uncertain tax positions as addressed in ASC 958. The School recognizes accrued interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions as part of the income tax provision, when applicable. There are no amounts accrued in the financial statements related to uncertain tax positions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the School to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

#### Financial Instruments and Credit Risk

The School manages deposit concentration risk by placing cash with financial institutions believed by the School to be creditworthy. At times, amounts on deposit may exceed insured limits or include uninsured investments in money market mutual funds. To date, the School has not experienced losses in any of these accounts. Credit risk associated with contributions receivable is considered to be limited due to high historical collection rates and because substantial portions of the outstanding amounts are due from board members and individuals supportive of the Schools mission.

### LCFF Revenues and Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes

The School's primary funding source is a combination of local property taxes and state revenues. The California Department of Education computes the local control funding formula (LCFF) on statewide charter school rates multiplied by the School's average daily attendance (ADA) as reported at the second principal apportionment period (P2). The result is then reduced by property tax revenues transferred from the District to the School, which is funding in lieu of property taxes, and education protection account funds paid by the state under Proposition 30. The remaining balance is paid from the state general fund, in the form of LCFF State Aid. LCFF funding sources, inclusive of state and local sources, made up 92.33% of the School's revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

The School is not at risk of losing these funding sources, as long as the schools maintain a steady level of ADA, as these funding sources are mandated by the California State Constitution to fund schools.

New Accounting Guidance

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) has issued the following Accounting Standards Updates (ASU) that became effective during the 2019-20 fiscal year:

- 1. FASB ASU 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)
- 2. FASB ASU 2015-14 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date
- 3. FASB ASU 2016-01 Financial Instruments Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities.
- 4. FASB ASU 2016-04 *Liabilities Extinguishments of Liabilities (Subtopic 405-20): Recognition of Breakage for Certain Prepaid Stored-Value Products (*a consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force).
- 5. FASB ASU 2016-08 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net).
- 6. FASB ASU 2016-10 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing.
- 7. FASB ASU 2016-12 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients.
- 8. FASB ASU 2016-15 Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments (a consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force).
- 9. FASB ASU 2016-16 Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other than Inventory
- 10. FASB ASU 2016-20 Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.
- 11. FASB ASU 2017-01 Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business
- 12. FASB ASU 2017-05 Other Income Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets.
- 13. FASB ASU 2017-07 Compensation Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost.
- 14. FASB ASU 2018-03 Technical Corrections and Improvements to Financial Instruments Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities.
- 15. FASB ASU 2018-09 Codification Improvements
- 16. FASB ASU 2020-04 Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848) Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting.
- 17. FASB ASU 2020-05 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) and Leases (Topic 842): Effective Dates for Certain Entities.

These updates were issued to provide clarification and simplification in accounting for certain transactions. In addition, they provide for additional note disclosures to create transparency involving these transactions. The updates effective during the 2019-20 fiscal year did not impact the financial accounting or presentation for the School.

#### Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the School has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through March 29, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

### B. Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date, comprise the following:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 889,812
Accounts receivable	2,030,685
Accounts receivable - related entities	 780,413
	\$ 3,700,910

### C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Cash in bank accounts	_\$	889,812
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	889,812

#### Cash in Bank

The School's remaining cash (\$889,812 as of June 30, 2020) is held in financial institutions which are either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to a limit of \$250,000 per depositor or certain non-interest-bearing accounts that are fully insured by the FDIC. As of June 30, 2020, the School held \$684,532 in excess of the FDIC insured amounts. The School reduces its exposure to risk by maintaining such deposits with high quality financial institutions. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

### D. Accounts Receivable

As of June 30, 2020, accounts receivable consisted of the following:

Federal Government	
Special Education	\$ 115,918
State Government	
Education Protection Account	58,554
State Aid	977,011
Lottery Funding	94,014
Special Education	70,728
Local Government	
Property tax payments	174,611
Other Local Sources	
Other local sources	539,849
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 2,030,685

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

## E. Prepaid Expenses

As of June 30, 2020, prepaid expenses consisted of the following:

DIVVY account	\$ 121,477
Service contracts	 4,882
Total Prepaid Expenses	\$ 126,359

# F. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	В	eginning					I	Ending
	B	alance	A	dditions	De	letions	В	alance
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets								_
Work in Progress	\$		\$	5,243	\$		\$	5,243
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets				5,243		-		5,243
Depreciable Capital Assets								
Leasehold Improvements	\$	10,762	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,762
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		10,762		-		_		10,762
Total Capital Assets		10,762		5,243		_		16,005
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(1,973)		(2,153)		-		(4,126)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	8,789	\$	3,090	\$	-	\$	11,879

### G. Accounts Payable

As of June 30, 2020, accounts payable consisted of the following:

Vendors	\$ 374,795
El Dorado County Office of Education	 120,936
Total Accounts Payable	\$ 495,731

### H. Accrued Expenses and Other Benefits

As of June 30, 2020, accounts payable and accrued expenses and other benefits consisted of the following:

Buckeye Union Elementary School District - Oversight fees	\$ 311,941
Accrued Salaries	6,759
Accrued Pension and Benefits	 36,008
Total Accrued Expenses and Other Benefits	\$ 354,708

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

### I. Short Term Loan Payable

Short Term Loan Payable

During the 2019-20 year the School entered into agreements with Charter School Capital (CSC), whereby CSC provided discounted cash up front secured by future accounts receivables. The receivables get collected by the School following which a payment is made to CSC. The total face value and discount of receivables is shown below.

	Face Value	Discount of	Cash	Effective
Date of Agreement	of Receivable	Receivable	Received	Interest Rate
10/25/2019	\$ 1,324,500	\$ 48,145	\$ 1,276,355	22.04%
11/25/2019	1,508,800	76,100	1,432,700	17.58%
1/10/2020	72,200	2,939	69,261	19.12%
1/27/2020	755,400	33,875	721,525	18.23%
3/27/2020	834,300	37,766	796,534	18.22%
4/27/2020	348,700	15,784	332,916	18.22%
5/14/2020	307,700	9,578	298,122	10.76%
6/24/2020	564,100	24,550	539,550	12.87%
Total	\$ 5,715,700	\$ 248,737	\$ 5,466,963	

The amount of the short term loan that is outstanding as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Beginning	New		Ending
	Balance	Agreements	Amounts Paid	Balance
2019-20 Short Term Loans	\$ -	\$ 5,715,700	\$ 3,089,634	\$ 2,626,066

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

### J. Employee Retirement System

Qualified employees are covered under a multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The risks of participating in this multi-employer plan are different from single-employer plans in the following aspects:

- a. Assets contributed to the multi-employer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of the other participating employers.
- b. If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers.
- **c.** If the Schools choose to stop participating in some of its multi-employer plans, the Schools may be required to pay those plans an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as a withdrawal liability.

The School's participation in this plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is outlined in the table below. The "EIN/Pension Plan Number" column provides the Employee Identification Number (EIN) and the three-digit plan number, if applicable. Unless otherwise noted, the most recent Pension Protection Act (PPA) zone status available in 2020, 2019 and 2018 is for the plan's year-end at June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The zone status is based on information that the School received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65% funded, plans in the yellow zone are less than 80% funded, and plans in the green zone are at least 80% funded. The "FIP/RP Status Pending/Implemented" column indicates plans for which a financial improvement plan (FIP) or a rehabilitation plan (RP) is either pending or has been implemented.

### Period to Period Comparability:

Clarksville Charter School for the Arts and Sciences decreased in CalSTRS contributions from 2018 to 2019 by 29.34% followed by an increase in 2020 of 184.27%. The increase in 2020 were in large due to rising contribution rates and completion of extra hiring.

		Pens	Pension Protection Act				
	EIN/		Zone Status		Status		
	Pension Plan	Yea	ır Ended June (	30,	Pending/		
Pension Fund	Number	2020	2020 2019 2018				
CalSTRS	09001	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	No		
		Contributions		Number of	Surcharge		
Pension Fund	2020	2019	2018	Employees	Imposed		
CalSTRS	\$ 773,373	\$ 513,176	\$ 285,389	74	No		
Total	\$ 773,373	\$ 513,176	\$ 285,389	74			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### CalSTRS:

The School contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. Required contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level of percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. CalSTRS also uses the level of percentage of payroll method to calculate the amortization of any unfunded liability. Copies of the STRS annual report may be obtained from the STRS, 7667 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, California 95826.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, active plan members were required to contribute between 10.205% and 10.25% of their salary, depending on their hire date. The employer contribution rate was 17.1% of annual payroll. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The School made contributions as noted above. For the year ended June 30, 2020 the State contributed \$463,029 (10.328% of certificated salaries plus a supplemental on behalf amount) on behalf of the School.

### **K.** Related Party Transaction

Related parties as defined by generally accepted accounting standards include:

- 1. Affiliates of the entity,
- 2. Management and members of their immediate families, or
- 3. Other parties that can significantly influence management or operating policies.

Blue Ridge Academy, Cabrillo Charter School, Feather River Charter School, Heartland Charter School, Inspire Charter School Los Angeles, Pacific Coast Academy, The Cottonwood School, Triumph Academy, Winship Community School, Yosemite Valley Charter School, Inspire District Office, Inspire Charter Services, Inspire Foundation and Jitterbug Learning are related parties through common executive leadership and activities. These organizations utilize efficiency in purchasing and payroll through macro transactions that benefit all the schools within the Inspire umbrella and then having each individual school be responsible for their portion. This saves money through eliminating extra intermediary costs and lets the group utilize discounted bulk purchasing options.

The following represent related party accounts receivable at June 30, 2020:

Affiliated Organization	Receivable	Purpose	Repayment Term
Inspire Charter Services	\$ 780,413	Operating expenditures	Due within 90 days
Total	\$ 780,413		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following represent related party accounts payable at June 30, 2020:

Affiliated Organization	Pay	able	Purpose	Repayment Term
Cabrillo Point Academy Pacific Coast Academy Heartland Charter School	\$	9,528 37,651 32,619	Operating expenditures Operating expenditures Operating expenditures	Due within 90 days Due within 90 days Due within 90 days
Total	\$	79,798		

### L. Upcoming Changes in Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) has issued the following Accounting Standards Updates (ASU) that become effective over the next few fiscal years:

- 1. FASB ASU 2016-02 Leases (Topic 842) Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 2. FASB ASU 2016-13 Financial Instruments Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
- 3. FASB ASU 2017-04 Intangibles Goodwill and Other (Topic350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
  FASB ASU 2017-08 Receivables Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
- 4. FASB ASU 2017-11 Earnings Per Share (Topic 260); Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480); Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): (Part I) Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Down Round Features, (Part II) Replacement of the Indefinite Deferral for Mandatorily Redeemable Financial Instruments of Certain Nonpublic Entities and Certain Mandatorily Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests with a Scope exception. Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
- 5. FASB ASU 2017-12 Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 7. FASB ASU 2018-01 *Leases (Topic 842): Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842* Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 8. FASB ASU 2018-07 Compensation Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share Based Payment Accounting. Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021.
- 9. FASB ASU 2018-08 Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
- FASB ASU 2018-10 Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 11. FASB ASU 2018-11 Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 12. FASB ASU 2018-12 Financial Service Insurance (Topic 944): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 13. FASB ASU 2018-13 Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
- 14. FASB ASU 2018-14 Compensation Retirement Benefits Defined Benefit Plans General (Subtopic 715-20): Disclosure Framework Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023
- 15. FASB ASU 2018-15 Intangibles Goodwill and Other Internal Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred ina Cloud Computing Arrangement That is a Service Contract (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force) Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 16. FASB ASU 2018-16 Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Inclusion of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) Overnight Index Swap (OIS) Rate as a Benchmark Interest Rate for Hedge Accounting Purposes Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 17. FASB ASU 2018-17 Consolidation (Topic 810): Targeted Improvements to Related Party Guidance for Variable Interest Entities Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
- 18. FASB ASU 2018-18 Collaborative Arrangements (Topic 808): Clarifying the Interaction between Topic 808 and Topic 606 Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 19. FASB ASU 2018-19 Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments Credit Losses Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
- 20. FASB ASU 2018-20 Leases (Topic 842): Narrow Scope Improvements for Lessors Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 21. FASB ASU 2019-01 Leases (Topic 842): Codification Improvements Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022.
- 22. FASB ASU 2019-02 Entertainment Films Other Assets Film Costs (Subtopic 926-20) and Entertainment Broadcasters Intangibles Goodwill and Other (Subtopic 920-350): Improvements to Accounting for Costs of Films and License Agreements for Program Materials (a consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022
- 23. FASB ASU 2019-03 Not-For-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Updating the Definition of Collections Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
  FASB ASU 2019-04 Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments Credit Losses, Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825, Financial Instruments Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
- 24. FASB ASU 2019-05 Financial Instruments Credit Losses (Topic 326): Targeted Transition Relief Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
- 25. FASB ASU 2019-08 Compensation Stock Compensation (Topic 718) and Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Codification Improvements Share Based Consideration Payable to a Customer Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
- 26. FASB ASU 2019-09 Financial Services Insurance (Topic 944): Effective Date Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025
- 27. FASB ASU 2019-10 Financial Instruments Credit Losses (Topic 326), Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815), and Leases (Topic 842): Effective Dates Effective Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2024
- 28. FASB ASU 2019-11 Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments Credit Losses Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
- 29. FASB ASU 2019-12 *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes* Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024
- 30. FASB ASU 2020-01 Investments Equity Securities (Topic 321), Investments Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323), and Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815) Clarifying the Interactions between Topic 321, Topic 323, and Topic 815 (a consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force). Effective Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

31. FASB ASU 2020-03 Codification Improvements to Financial Instruments – Effective Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2024

These updates were issued to provide clarification and simplification in accounting for certain transactions. In addition, they provide for additional note disclosures to create transparency involving these transactions. The updates effective during the future fiscal years are not expected to impact the financial accounting or presentation for the School.

### M. COVID-19 Impact and Considerations

In March 2020 the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the novel coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. The nature of the pandemic resulted in a mandatory school property closure affecting the Clarksville Charter School from March 296, 2020 and continuing into the Fall of 2020-21 school year. California Governor Gavin Newsom issued a state-wide executive order mandating that schools remain closed until the county in which the school is located is off the COVID-19 watch list for fourteen consecutive days. The 2020-21 fiscal year opened in a fully distance learning model, until such time as campuses can be re-opened. At this point in time the Clarksville Charter School campuses remain closed until Kern County meets the benchmark requirements.

In addition to school closures, new regulations and safety measures were required to be put in place by all schools in California as part of a re-opening plan. The Clarksville Charter School has established a re-opening plan that they believe will provide a safe environment for the students and teachers.

The federal and state government have established temporary funding to assist in the additional costs that resulted from the COVID-19 pandemic. All California schools are eligible for these funds. Due to timing of the grant disbursements, the Clarksville Charter School did not expend any of the funds in the 2019-20 fiscal year. The funds remain available for the 2020-21 fiscal year. Additionally, for the 2019-20 fiscal year, the state placed all schools in a hold harmless state shifting attendance reporting periods to a point prior to the pandemic to prevent sudden losses of attendance from impacting funding for the 2019-20 fiscal year. Finally, funding for the 2020-21 fiscal year is frozen at amounts provided in 2019-20 for all California schools, with adjustments based on the Governor's budget. The School has established their 2020-21 budget with this in consideration.



Organization Structure Year Ended June 30, 2020

Inspire Charter School Clarksville (Charter #1891) began operations in 2016-17. The authorizing entity is Buckeye Union Elementary School District. Inspire Charter School Clarksville provides non-classroom based services for Kindergarten through Twelfth Grade.

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Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration
Emily Allen	President	One Year Term Expires June 2020
Keri Dalebout	Treasurer	One Year Term Expires June 2020
Katie Burwell	Secretary	One Year Term Expires June 2020

### **ADMINISTRATION**

Jenell Sherman Principal

Kristie Nicosia Vice-Principal

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Second Period Report		Annual Report	
	Original	Revised	Original	Revised
	B1C5A4B7	N/A	C19E5B16	N/A
Non-Classroom Based Attendance				
Grades TK/K-3	440.13	N/A	440.13	N/A
Grades 4-6	294.18	N/A	294.18	N/A
Grades 7-8	203.08	N/A	203.08	N/A
Grades 9-12	220.76	N/A	220.76	N/A
Total Non-Classroom Based Attendance	1,158.15	N/A	1,158.15	N/A
Total ADA	1,158.15	N/A	1,158.15	N/A

N/A – There were no audit findings which resulted in revisions to the second period or annual reports of attendance.

On March 297, 2020 Governor Newsom signed Senate Bill (SB) 117 which mitigated the effect of lost attendance due to COVID19 that occurred after February 29, 2020. For the purpose of preventing losses of attendance-based funding as a result of reductions in average daily attendance (ADA) due to COVID19, this legislation provided that the ADA used for both the second period (P2) and the Annual period apportionment include all full school months from July 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020 for all local education agencies (LEAs).

Schedule of Instructional Time Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	2019-20 Actual Minutes	Number of Traditional Days	Status
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A – The School operates as a non-classroom based charter school. The requirements for annual minutes do not apply to non-classroom based charter schools.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget 2021	2020	2019	2018
Revenues	\$11,592,395	\$11,261,803	\$ 8,669,761	\$ 6,567,116
Expenses	11,521,980	11,056,843	8,602,006	6,551,486
Change in Net Assets	70,415	204,960	67,755	15,630
Ending Net Assets Unrestricted Net Assets	\$ 358,760 \$ 358,760	\$ 288,345 \$ 288,345	\$ 83,385 \$ 83,385	\$ 15,630 \$ 15,630
Unrestricted net assets as a percentage of total expenses	3.11%	2.61%	0.97%	0.24%
Total Long Term Debt	\$ -	\$ 2,626,066	\$ 43,593	\$ -
ADA at P2	1,158	1,158	878	710

The School's ending net assets has increased by \$228,629 (1462.75%) over the past two fiscal years. The significant increase is in large due to the increase in revenue sources coupled with a commitment to build reserves to protect the School from changes in economic trends in future years. The average daily attendance (ADA) reported by the School has increased by 448 (63.10%) over the past two years. The 2020-21 fiscal year budget projects a decrease in net assets of \$70,415 (28.83%) and no change in ADA.

Reconciliation of Unaudited Financial Report Alternative Form with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020 annual financial alternative form net assets:	\$ 295,147
Adjustments and reclassifications:	
Understatement of accounts receivable	834,299
Understatement of accounts payable	(6,800)
Understatement of short term loan payable	(834,300)
Rounding	(1)
Total adjustments and reclassifications	(6,802)
June 30, 2020 audited financial statements net assets:	\$ 288,345

Notes to Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2020

### A. Purpose of Schedules

### Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the School's charter numbers, district of authorization, members of the governing board, and members of administration.

### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measure of the number of pupils attending classes of the School. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

### Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the School and whether they complied with the provisions of Education Code Section 47612.5.

### Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

Budget information for 2021 is presented for analysis purposes only and is based on estimates of the 2020-21 fiscal year. The information has not been subject to audit.

This schedule discloses the School's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

### Reconciliation of Unaudited Financial Report Alternative Form with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance as reported on the Unaudited Financial Report Alternative Forms prepared by the School to the net assets reported in the audited financial statements.



Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education Clarksville Charter School El Dorado Hills, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Clarksville Charter School (School), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2020, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2021.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Clarksville Charter School' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarksville Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarksville Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clarksville Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King + Collip

El Cajon, California March 29, 2021



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Board of Education Clarksville Charter School El Dorado Hills, California

### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited Clarksville Charter School's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School's state programs identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

### Management's Responsibility for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each applicable program as identified in the State's Audit Guide 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the comptroller General of the United States; and the State's audit guide 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Those standards and audit guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about each school's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the School's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures
Description	Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
A. Attendance	N/A
B. Teacher Certification and Misassignments	N/A
C. Kindergarten Continuance.	N/A
D. Independent Study	N/A
E. Continuation Education.	N/A
F. Instructional Time.	N/A
G. Instructional Materials.	N/A
H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	N/A
I. Classroom Teacher Salaries.	N/A
J. Early Retirement Incentive.	N/A
K. Gann Limit Calculation.	N/A
L. School Accountability Report Card	N/A
M. Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
N. Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.	N/A
P. Transportation Maintenance of Effort	N/A
Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction.	N/A
R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan.	N/A
S. District of Choice.	N/A
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act	N/A
U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program	N/A
V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
X. Local Control and Accountability Plan.	Yes
Y. Independent Study - Course Based.	N/A
Charter Schools	
AA. Attendance	Yes
BB. Mode of Instruction.	N/A
CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study	Yes
DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction	Yes
EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based.	N/A
FF. Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A
-	

The term N/A is used above to mean either the School did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

### **Opinion on State Compliance**

In our opinion, Clarksville Charter School complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed in the schedule above for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California

Wilkinson Hadley King + Collip

March 29, 2021



Schedule of Auditor's Results Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
One or more material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X	No
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are			•
not considered material weakness(es)?	Yes	X	No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
STATE AWARDS			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported			
in accordance with 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits			
of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	Yes	X	No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

Findings represent significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and/or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, or the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Finding codes as identified in the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting are as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
10000	Attendance
20000	Inventory of Equipment
30000	Internal Control
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
50000	Federal Compliance
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

### A. Financial Statement Findings

None

### **B.** State Award Findings

None

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finding/Recommendation	Status	Explanation if Not Implemented
There were no findings in the prior year audit.	N/A	N/A