



Magnolia Public Schools

Regular Board Meeting

Date and Time

Thursday February 9, 2023 at 5:30 PM PST

Location

<https://zoom.us/j/97856064990?pwd=MHhBZCtGT0xEMIZpNEZQZVJ3RDBPZz09>

Meeting ID: 978 5606 4990 **Passcode:** 021250

One tap mobile: +16694449171,,97856064990# US

All members of the public can participate by calling in using the numbers provided above.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and upon request, Magnolia Public Schools may furnish reasonable auxiliary aids and services to qualified individuals with disabilities. Members of the public who need special accommodations or translation are strongly encouraged to contact Magnolia Public Schools at least 24 hours in advance of the Board meeting so assistance can be assured.

Any public records relating to an agenda item for an open session which are distributed to all, or a majority of all, of the Board Members shall be available for public inspection. Magnolia Public Schools values public comment during Board meetings. Pursuant to AB 361 members of the public may address the Board during the Public Comment period on the day of the board meeting without the need to complete a public speaker form. We limit individual speakers to three (3) minutes and speakers with interpreters to six (6) minutes. For any questions regarding this meeting email board@magnoliapublicschools.org or call 213-628-3634 Ext. 21101.

Board Members:

Mr. Mekan Muhammedov, Chair

Ms. Sandra Covarrubias, Vice-Chair
 Dr. Umit Yapanel
 Dr. Salih Dikbas
 Ms. Diane Gonzalez
 Mr. Daniel Sheehan
 Mrs. Esra Eldem Tunc

CEO & Superintendent:
 Mr. Alfredo Rubalcava

Agenda

	Purpose	Presenter	Time
I. Opening Items			5:30 PM
Opening Items			
A. Call the Meeting to Order			1 m
B. Record Attendance and Guests			1 m
C. Approval of Agenda	Vote		1 m
D. Public Comments			5 m
E. Approval of Minutes from MPS Regular Board Meeting - January 12, 2023	Approve Minutes		1 m
F. Approval of Minutes from MPS Regular Board Meeting - January 19, 2023	Approve Minutes		1 m
II. Information/Discussion Item			5:40 PM
A. MPS Annual Authorizer Oversight Reports	Discuss	David Yilmaz	15 m
III. Action Items			5:55 PM
A. Approval of Findings to Conduct Virtual Meetings Pursuant to AB 361/Government Code Section 54953	Vote	Alfredo Rubalcava	4 m
B. Approval of 2023-24 School Safety Plans for all Magnolia Public Schools	Vote	Jason Hernandez	10 m
C. Approval of Contract with EdTheory to Provide Additional Special Education Services	Vote	Artis Callahan	10 m

	Purpose	Presenter	Time
D. Approval of Resolutions Related to the Acquisition and Lease of 16600 Vanowen Street	Vote	Audit & Facilities Committee	7 m
E. Approval of Magnolia Public Schools Cell Phone Usage Policy	Vote	Suat Acar	10 m
F. Approval of Updated 2022-23 MPS Board & Committee Calendar	Vote	Alfredo Rubalcava	10 m

IV. Closing Items

6:46 PM

A. Adjourn Meeting			1 m
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Coversheet

Approval of Minutes from MPS Regular Board Meeting - January 12, 2023

Section:	I. Opening Items
Item: January 12, 2023	E. Approval of Minutes from MPS Regular Board Meeting -
Purpose:	Approve Minutes
Submitted by:	
Related Material:	Minutes for Regular Board Meeting on January 12, 2023

APPROVED



Magnolia Public Schools

Minutes

Regular Board Meeting

Date and Time

Thursday January 12, 2023 at 5:30 PM

Location

<https://zoom.us/j/97856064990?pwd=MHhBZCtGT0xEMIZpNEZQZVJ3RDBPZz09>

Meeting ID: 978 5606 4990 **Passcode:** 021250

One tap mobile: +16694449171,,97856064990# US

Board Members:

Mr. Mekan Muhammedov, Chair
Ms. Sandra Covarrubias, Vice-Chair
Dr. Umit Yapanel
Dr. Salih Dikbas
Ms. Diane Gonzalez
Mr. Daniel Sheehan
Mrs. Esra Eldem Tunc

CEO & Superintendent:

Mr. Alfredo Rubalcava

Directors Present

D. Gonzalez (remote), D. Sheehan (remote), E. Eldem Tunc (remote), M. Muhammedov (remote), S. Covarrubias (remote), U. Yapanel (remote)

Directors Absent

S. Dikbas

I. Opening Items**A. Call the Meeting to Order**

M. Muhammedov called a meeting of the board of directors of Magnolia Public Schools to order on Thursday Jan 12, 2023 at 5:42 PM.

B. Record Attendance and Guests

Refer to attendance information recorded above.

C. Approval of Agenda

S. Covarrubias made a motion to approve the agenda as presented.
D. Gonzalez seconded the motion.
The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

D. Gonzalez	Aye
D. Sheehan	Aye
S. Covarrubias	Aye
S. Dikbas	Absent
E. Eldem Tunc	Aye
U. Yapanel	Aye
M. Muhammedov	Aye

D. Public Comments

No public comments were made at this time.

II. Action Items

A. Recommendation Regarding Waiver of Contingencies for the Purchase of the Property at 16600 Vanowen Street

Presented at the January 11, 2023 Audit & Facilities Committee Meeting. The Committee approved to recommend their approval to the full Board.
M. Muhammedov, Board Chair & Chair of the Audit & Facilities Committee reported out of the committee's discussion. P. Ontiveros, General Counsel & Director of Facilities, added further context regarding the commitment letter received by CLI Capital regarding financing the purchase for this property. He added that the contingency period expires January 13th and after will have 45 days to close. Board Members questions were addressed by staff.

S. Covarrubias made a motion to approve the following actions: (1) the waiver of the contingencies by the deadline of January 13, 2023 for the purchase of the property located at 16600 Vanowen Street in Van Nuys (the "Property") and the release of good faith funds from escrow in the amount of \$400,000 (inclusive which shall be immediately non-refundable, (2) the financing of the purchase of the Property pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in that certain term sheet dated January 10, 2023 by CLI Capital and, (3) the execution by the MPS CEO and Superintendent, or his designees, of such documents and instruments as may be necessary to undertake and complete the foregoing actions.

M. Muhammedov seconded the motion.

The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

E. Eldem Tunc	Aye
M. Muhammedov	Aye
S. Covarrubias	Aye
D. Sheehan	Aye
D. Gonzalez	Aye
U. Yapanel	Aye

Roll Call

S. Dikbas Absent

III. Closing Items

A. Adjourn Meeting

There being no further business to be transacted, and upon motion duly made, seconded and approved, the meeting was adjourned at 5:59 PM.

Respectfully Submitted,
M. Muhammedov

Coversheet

Approval of Minutes from MPS Regular Board Meeting - January 19, 2023

Section:	I. Opening Items
Item: January 19, 2023	F. Approval of Minutes from MPS Regular Board Meeting -
Purpose:	Approve Minutes
Submitted by:	
Related Material:	Minutes for Regular Board Meeting on January 19, 2023

APPROVED



Magnolia Public Schools

Minutes

Regular Board Meeting

Date and Time

Thursday January 19, 2023 at 5:30 PM

Location

<https://zoom.us/j/97856064990?pwd=MHhBZCtGT0xEMIZpNEZQZVJ3RDBPZz09>

Meeting ID: 978 5606 4990 **Passcode:** 021250

One tap mobile:+16694449171,,97856064990# US

Board Members:

Mr. Mekan Muhammedov, Chair
Ms. Sandra Covarrubias, Vice-Chair
Dr. Umit Yapanel
Dr. Salih Dikbas
Ms. Diane Gonzalez
Mr. Daniel Sheehan
Mrs. Esra Eldem Tunc

CEO & Superintendent:

Mr. Alfredo Rubalcava

Directors Present

D. Gonzalez (remote), E. Eldem Tunc (remote), S. Covarrubias (remote), S. Dikbas (remote)

Directors Absent

D. Sheehan, M. Muhammedov, U. Yapanel

I. Opening Items**A. Call the Meeting to Order**

S. Covarrubias called a meeting of the board of directors of Magnolia Public Schools to order on Thursday Jan 19, 2023 at 5:35 PM.

B. Record Attendance and Guests

Refer to attendance information recorded above.

C. Approval of Agenda

S. Covarrubias made a motion to approve the agenda as presented.
D. Gonzalez seconded the motion.
The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

S. Covarrubias	Aye
S. Dikbas	Aye
E. Eldem Tunc	Aye
D. Sheehan	Absent
U. Yapanel	Absent
M. Muhammedov	Absent
D. Gonzalez	Aye

D. Public Comments

G.Serce, Regional Director & Principal of Magnolia Science Academy (MSA)-San Diego, shared exciting highlights from his school. Before going on winter break, student went on a field trip at Qualcomm that was made possible by parents who are Qualcomm engineers. He stated that the students were able to learn how high tech companies. MSA-San Diego also had a food drive in which they were able to collect over 8,000 pounds of food items. They partnered with the organization, Feeding San Diego. MSA-San Diego also has a successful celebration of science event where students were given the opportunity to share demonstrations and projects with the community that highlighted creativity and STEAM. Lastly, G.Serce, shared that they had a successful open hour event.

E. Announcements from CEO & Superintendent and Board Members

A.Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent, announced that there are ongoing preparations of the MPS budget for next year. He stated that MPS will look at the details from the Governor's January Budget Proposal and work closely with the school sites. More information will be coming soon at the Board meetings. He also informed the Board of the day closure at Magnolia Science Academy (MSA)-Santa Ana due to a major car accident that occurred on Monday, January 16th that resulted in the closure of a major street to get access to the school. Students, staff and other members of the community could not gain access to the street. No one was impacted physically due to the accident. He stated that the school worked with the Home Office to ensure communication was given to the parents. Though the closure resulted in the loss of instructional minutes, the school has enough where they do not need to make up the day. School site Principals and leadership will work on pushing the community representatives there to create more safety measures around the school.

F. Approval of Minutes from MPS Regular Board Meeting - December 8, 2022

S. Covarrubias made a motion to approve the minutes from Regular Board Meeting on 12-08-22.
S. Dikbas seconded the motion.
The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

D. Sheehan Absent
E. Eldem Tunc Aye
D. Gonzalez Aye
S. Dikbas Aye
U. Yapanel Absent
S. Covarrubias Aye
M. Muhammedov Absent

II. Consent Items

A. Approval of Updated MPS Health and Safety Policy and Injury and Illness Prevention Program (“IIPP”) COVID-19 Addendum

S. Dikbas made a motion to approve the updated MPS Health & Safety Policy alongside the Injury Illness Prevention Program (IIPP) COVID-19 addendum.
D. Gonzalez seconded the motion.
The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

S. Dikbas Aye
M. Muhammedov Absent
D. Gonzalez Aye
E. Eldem Tunc Aye
D. Sheehan Absent
U. Yapanel Absent
S. Covarrubias Aye

B. Approval of School Accountability Report Cards (SARC) for all MPS

S. Dikbas made a motion to approve the School Accountability Report Cards (SARC) for all Magnolia Public Schools (MPS).
S. Covarrubias seconded the motion.
The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

D. Gonzalez Aye
S. Covarrubias Aye
E. Eldem Tunc Aye
M. Muhammedov Absent
S. Dikbas Aye
D. Sheehan Absent
U. Yapanel Absent

III. Action Items

A. Approval of Findings to Conduct Virtual Meetings Pursuant to AB 361/Government Code Section 54953

The Board reconsidered the circumstances of the State of Emergency related to COVID-19 in which meeting in person can directly impact the ability of the Board in addition to the all standing Board Committees (Finance, Audit/Facilities, Academic, Stakeholder and Development & Nominating/Governance Committees) and public to meet safely. In-person Board Meeting will reconvene beginning in March. Staff will undergo protocols and systems to ensure board and members of the public can meet safely.

D. Gonzalez made a motion to adopt the findings relating to the ability of the MPS Board and all MPS Committees to conduct meetings through teleconference during the State of Emergency, in reference to AB 361/Government Code Section 54953.

E. Eldem Tunc seconded the motion.

The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

U. Yapanel	Absent
M. Muhammedov	Absent
E. Eldem Tunc	Aye
S. Covarrubias	Aye
D. Sheehan	Absent
D. Gonzalez	Aye
S. Dikbas	Aye

B. Approval of Design & Engineering Contract with DLR Group for the Magnolia Science Academy-5 Winnetka Ave Project

P.Ontiveros, General Counsel & Director of Facilities, reported that the Audit & Facilities Committee approved to give their recommendation to the full Board to approve DLR Group as the architect of record for the project at 7111 Winnetka Ave. He provided background of the project and the RFP and selection process. Board Members questions were addressed by staff. D.Gonzalez, Board Member and member of the Audit & Facilities Committee, reported on the Committee's discussion.

D. Gonzalez made a motion to approve the selection of DLR Group to provide architectural and engineering services for MSA-5's new construction project at 7111 Winnetka Ave in Winnetka (the "Project") for a total fee of \$1,765,500 and further approve that MPS Staff be authorized to negotiate and sign a professional services contract for said services in such form as MPS Staff may deem appropriate and in the best interests of MPS.

S. Covarrubias seconded the motion.

The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

U. Yapanel	Absent
D. Gonzalez	Aye
E. Eldem Tunc	Aye
S. Covarrubias	Aye
M. Muhammedov	Absent
D. Sheehan	Absent
S. Dikbas	Aye

C. Approval of 2021-22 Annual Audit Report for all Magnolia Science Academy Schools and the Home Office

S.Budhraj, Chief Financial Officer, went over annual audit report for 2021-22 fiscal year ending on June 30, 2022. He provided context of the processes of the audit which concluded on December 15, 2022. He added that MPS overall had a good health cash position, met all the requirements for instructional minutes and captured the money received from the hold harmless provision. Other areas he noted is that MPS complied with state requirements which included; Education Protection Act, LCAP, Educator Effectiveness Grant, ELOP funding, and others that is available for inspection on the audit report. He added that there were no areas of material weakness, no state compliance findings, no federal findings and no internal control findings. Ultimately receiving an unmodified opinion. Scott G.,

representative from Eide Bailly, provided additional context. Board members questions were addressed by staff.

S. Dikbas made a motion to approve the 2021-22 Annual Audit Report for all Magnolia Science Academy (MSA) schools and the Home Office.

S. Covarrubias seconded the motion.

The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

S. Covarrubias	Aye
D. Gonzalez	Aye
E. Eldem Tunc	Aye
D. Sheehan	Absent
U. Yapanel	Absent
S. Dikbas	Aye
M. Muhammedov	Absent

D. Approval of Magnolia Science Academy- 3 Surveillance Cameras' Installation: Procedures and Design

S.Acar, Chief Operations Officer, went over the need for Magnolia Science Academy (MSA)-3 to install surveillance cameras at their site. He provided context that MSA-3 is a Prop 39 school site co-located with another LAUSD site. He added that LAUSD provided the quote for the vendor to be used. Upon approval it will proceed with the payment being given to LAUSD and their assigned contractor will complete the task. Z.Ocel, Principal at MSA-3, provided further context of the need of surveillance cameras for student and staff safety. Board members questions were addressed by staff.

S. Covarrubias made a motion to approve the proposed Magnolia Science Academy- 3 Surveillance Cameras' Installation: Procedures and Design.

D. Gonzalez seconded the motion.

The board **VOTED** to approve the motion.

Roll Call

S. Dikbas	Aye
M. Muhammedov	Absent
D. Sheehan	Absent
E. Eldem Tunc	Aye
S. Covarrubias	Aye
U. Yapanel	Absent
D. Gonzalez	Aye

IV. Closed Session

A. Public Announcement of Closed Session

S.Covarrubias, Vice-Chair, announced that the Board will be going into closed session to discuss Confidential Student Enrollment Matter and would report out in any actions that may be taken.

B. Confidential Student Enrollment Matter - Consideration of Compliance with Rehabilitation Plan Case No.: 20221208

This item was discussed in Closed Session.

C. Report Out of Closed Session

S.Covarrubias announced in Open Session at 7:43pm that the Board approved the admission recommendation regarding the Confidential Student Enrollment Matter Case No.20221208.

V. Closing Items

A. Adjourn Meeting

There being no further business to be transacted, and upon motion duly made, seconded and approved, the meeting was adjourned at 7:44 PM.

Respectfully Submitted,
S. Covarrubias

Coversheet

MPS Annual Authorizer Oversight Reports

Section: II. Information/Discussion Item
Item: A. MPS Annual Authorizer Oversight Reports
Purpose: Discuss
Submitted by:
Related Material: MPS Annual Authorizer Oversight Reports.pdf



Agenda Item:	II A: Information/Discussion Item
Date:	February 9, 2023
To:	Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation dba Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS”) Board of Directors (the “Board”)
From:	Alfredo Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent
Staff Lead(s):	David Yilmaz, Chief Accountability Officer
RE:	MPS Annual Authorizer Oversight Reports

1. Action Proposed:

N/A

2. Purpose:

It is imperative that we share authorizer oversight reports with our Board, highlight any findings, and discuss possible next steps for actions that should be taken based on the feedback provided by the authorizers.

3. Background:

Oversight Visits Overview

Per the Education Code, charter authorizers need to conduct at least one annual oversight visit to their authorized schools. During an oversight visit authorizers meet with the school leadership, visit classrooms, conduct interviews with staff, parents, and students, check student and staff records, interview some staff (for segregation of duties, etc.), and review a list of documents that our schools provide in physical and electronic binders. The Home Office supports the schools in preparation for the oversight visits through mock visits, document review, and attendance to the visits.

2021-22 Oversight Visits

All ten of our MPS schools have been visited by their respective authorizers. Following are the oversight visit details for 2021-22:

School	Authorizer	Visited?	Dates/Notes
MSA-1	LACOE	Yes	11/17/21; 3/21/22
MSA-2	LACOE	Yes	11/30/21; 3/21/22
MSA-3	LACOE	Yes	12/7/21; 5/10/22
MSA-4	LAUSD	Yes	3/2/22
MSA-5	LACOE	Yes	11/17/21; 3/21/22
MSA-6	LAUSD	Yes	3/3/22
MSA-7	LAUSD	Yes	3/15/22
MSA-Bell	LAUSD	Yes	3/9/22
MSA-San Diego	SDUSD	Yes	5/6/22
MSA-Santa Ana	SBE	Yes	4/26/22; 4/27/22



4. Analysis:

The summary and recommendations from LAUSD, LACOE, and the CDE were presented to the Board at prior meetings. This agenda is about SDUSD's oversight visit report. The full report is attached. Following are excerpts of the summary and recommendations from the report.

Students With Disabilities

The tables below provide an overview of Magnolia enrollment as grouped by the California Department of Education ("CDE"). Magnolia has increased its schoolwide enrollment percentage of Students with Disabilities for the past five school years.

Subgroup	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
English Learners	4.5%	4.5%	6.1%	8.4%	7.4%
Foster Youth	0%	0%	0%	0.2%	0.0%
Homeless Youth	3.0%	2.5%	1.1%	2.5%	2.6%
Migrant Education	0%	0%	0%	0%	0.0%
Students with Disabilities	10.6%	14.6%	15.1%	16.1%	17.3%
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	26.5%	26.7%	34.1%	39.5%	37.5%
All Students	404	404	443	441	421

During the 2021-22 school year, approximately 80 students with individualized education programs ("IEPs") were enrolled at Magnolia, comprising 17.3% of the schoolwide enrollment. At the time of the site visit, Magnolia did not provide the District with the requested list of special education and related services. The District will request this information during the 2022-23 site visit.

	Schoolwide	Students with Disabilities
Grade 6	135	24
Grade 7	140	34
Grade 8	146	22
Total	421	80



Notification of Mental Health Services

As of the site visit date, notification of access to mental health services had not yet been sent to Magnolia families. The Magnolia administration reported that information would go out as part of “Mental Health Awareness Month.” For the 2022-23 site visit, the District requests the two or more dates in the 2021-22 and the 2022-23 school years that the mental health notifications were sent, or will be scheduled to be sent, to Magnolia families. Resources for mental health support can also be assessed on the Magnolia website https://msasd.magnoliapublicschools.org/apps/pages/index.jsp?uREC_ID=472711&type=d which was last accessed June 6, 2022.

AB-1505 Verified Data

Assembly Bill (“AB”) 1505 amended sections of the Education Code regarding charter renewal which included specific information regarding Verified Data. See Education Code section 47607(b). Documents that were provided to the District show Magnolia has adopted the Northwest Evaluation Association (“NWEA”) Measuring Academic Progress (“MAP”) assessments as the Verified Data that may be used as part of the charter renewal criteria for middle and low performing schools. For additional information regarding Verified Data criteria, data use procedures, adopted assessments, and postsecondary indicators, please review the CDE website at <https://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/ch/verifdata.asp>. The District will request the 2021-22 Verified Data results as part of the 2022-23 Annual Site Visit.

Recruitment of Additional Board Members

At the time of the site visit, the Magnolia board members interviewed indicated they are looking to recruit two additional members. Information regarding recruitment, including an application, is also posted on the website. The Magnolia website provides information for the public to contact any Magnolia board member directly through individual email addresses which are listed here: https://magnoliapublicschools.org/apps/pages/index.jsp?uREC_ID=291746&type=d&termREC_ID=&pREC_ID=648546 (last accessed June 6, 2022).



Finance Part One. This section addresses the charter school’s submission of financial reports in a timely and accurate manner.

The preliminary annual budget for fiscal year 2021-22 was submitted on time.	Met
The first interim financial report for fiscal year 2021-22, for the period of July 1 through October 31, was submitted on time.	Met
The annual audit for fiscal year 2020-21 was submitted on time.	Met
The second interim financial report for fiscal year 2021-22, for the period of July 1 through January 31, was submitted on time.	Met
The unaudited actuals financial report for fiscal year 2020-21, for the period of July 1 through June 30, was submitted on time.	Met

All Education Code required financial reports were board approved and submitted to the district on or before the statutory due dates.

Finance Part Two

Per the FY21-22 Second Interim Report, Magnolia Science Academy San Diego, (“Magnolia”) met most of the district’s criteria of financial stability and sustainability with the exception of projecting to end the year with operating income. The school is projected to end FY21-22 with an operating deficit of (\$118,978), however, the projected ending fund balance of \$1,321,478 met the district’s minimum reserve requirement.

Per Magnolia’s leadership, the reason for the deficit is due to additional resources above the one time funding that were needed in the classroom that were not originally anticipated to accommodate students, such as mental health, school psychologist, special education instructional aide, and having students acclimate back in the classroom. The school also did not expect ADA to be as low as it was, or for the additionally high substitute teacher expenses. Magnolia has been closely monitoring expenses, and advocating for SB579 to be held harmless which would be retroactive for this fiscal year. The school is anticipating additional revenues with the May Revise and COLA & SELPA increase to offset some of the deficit.

Per the FY20-21 Audit Report, Magnolia met the district’s criteria of financial stability and sustainability.

There were no findings and questioned costs related to the basic financial statements, or state awards during FY20-21. The prior year finding has been implemented.



Finance Part Three. This section addresses financial management topics.

<u>Chart of Accounts and Restricted Funding:</u> Chart of Accounts corresponds to appropriate Standardized Account Code Structure (“SACS”) compliant object and resource codes, as per Procedure 810, Charter Schools of the California School Accounting Manual (“CSAM”). Restricted funds are accounted for separately and expenditures are limited to those allowed by grantors.	Met
<u>Accounting System:</u> Accounting system utilizes a SACS compliant Chart of Accounts. Tracks unrestricted and restricted resources in order to meet various specialized reporting requirements and categorical activities. Provides data necessary for accurate completion of reports such as, but not limited to, those required by Education Code section 47604.33(a) (3-5), including, First Interim Report, Second Interim Report, and Charter School Unaudited Actuals Financial Report – Alternative Form.	Met
<u>Safeguarding of Assets:</u> The Fiscal Control Policy includes internal control procedures to protect their assets and prevent misuse of charter school funds.	Met
<u>Liabilities:</u> Loans, debts and outstanding obligations are properly accounted for and paid in a timely manner, as required by legal agreements.	Met
<u>Budget Development:</u> The staff, management, and governing board are involved in the charter school’s budget development.	Met
<u>Board Oversight:</u> The management and governing board regularly review the budget in comparison to actual revenue and expenditures and make necessary adjustments to the budget as new information is available to the charter school.	Met
<u>Adjusted Budgets:</u> The current fiscal year’s operating budget is updated for new revenue received and new expenses incurred.	Met
<u>Other observations:</u> As applicable.	See Below

Article XIII, Section 36, Subdivision (e), Paragraph (6) of the California Constitution requires all districts, counties and charter schools to report on their websites an accounting of how much money was received from the Education Protection Account (“EPA”) and how that money was spent. Magnolia was informed of the requirement to include their Board-approved fiscal year 2021-22 estimated expenditure plan and 2020-21 actual expenditures on their website. Following the site visit, the school provided updated links to the plans on their website.

COVID 19 one-time relief funds were recorded under the correct resource codes as reflected in the school’s FY20-21 and FY21-22 general ledger reports.

Multiple entries in the fiscal year 2021-22 GL have descriptions that contain only the vendor’s name and account description. District requests that transactions entered into the GL contain a more detailed description of the items and/or services purchased.

The Magnolia March 2022 Bank Reconciliation of Citibank Account ending x6494 showed two checks over six months old that had not cleared the bank. The District asked what policies or procedures are in place for clearing checks outstanding over six months. Per Magnolia’s representative, after 120 days, the check is record as a stale check liability, and the school communicates with the related party to let them know the check is uncashed and after a 1-year period, the check is sent to the State.

Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation and Subsidiaries applied for and received loan forgiveness from the SBA on their Paycheck Protection Program (“PPP”) loan for \$5,461,600 for the year ending June 30, 2021. Of this \$418,151 was for Magnolia Science Academy of San Diego.



Charter School's Response (Optional):

On page two it states that the mental health notifications were not sent. The first communication was actually sent on October 18, 2021 as part of the student/parent hand book and two more sent on 5/5/22 and 5/23/22.

Here is the list of Special Education services that were not originally provided:

- Speech and Language Therapy
- Occupational Therapy
- Adapted Physical Education
- Specialized Academic Instruction
- push-in services in the general education classroom
- pull-out small group instruction
- Psychological Services
- Individual Counseling
- Counseling and Guidance



5. **Impact:**

Authorizers typically provide the school with a report after their visit to delineate the school's areas of strength and areas for improvement as well as areas of compliance and non-compliance, if applicable. The school leadership and the Home Office teams review those reports very carefully. It is critically important to have positive oversight reports from our authorizers and to act on their feedback for continuous improvement of our schools and systems. The Home Office will continue to provide the board with any oversight report and feedback from the authorizer visits.

6. **Budget Implications:**

N/A

7. **Exhibits:**

- Oversight Visit Report for MSA-San Diego

San Diego Unified School District Site Visit Report

Office of Charter Schools
2021-22 School Year

Charter School Name: Magnolia Science Academy San Diego
Contact Persons for this Report: Richard Farace and Deidre Walsh
Dates of Site Visit: May 6, 2022

San Diego Unified School District (“District”) is the charter granting authority of Magnolia Science Academy San Diego (“Magnolia”), which is part of a network of charter schools called Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS”). MPS is operated by the nonprofit public benefit corporation Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation (“MERF”). The current charter term began on July 1, 2020, and ends June 30, 2027, based on the two-year extension in Education Code section 47607.4. Magnolia serves grades 6-8 at a District facility located at 6525 Estrella Avenue 92120.

Gokhan Serce is the School Principal of Magnolia, and Alfredo Rubalcava is the CEO of MPS. The administrative team also includes the Dean of Academics Megan Craig, the Dean of Students Neil Egasani, and the Dean of Culture Halil Akdeniz.

The following additional designated roles were identified for Magnolia.

Special Education Administrator	Meagan Tracy	mebracy@magnoliapublicschools.org
504 Coordinator	Megan Craig	mcraig@magnoliapublicschools.org
Title IX Coordinator	Megan Craig	mcraig@magnoliapublicschools.org
Homeless Liaison	Neil Egasani	cegasani@magnoliapublicschools.org
Foster Liaison	Serce Gokhan	gserce@magnoliapublicschools.org
Uniform Complaint Policy Contact	Serce Gokhan	gserce@magnoliapublicschools.org
Free/Reduced Price Meals Contact	Susana Davila	sdavila@magnoliapublicschools.org

The table below summarizes enrollment by grade level.

	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
6	125	148	140	124	135
7	141	131	174	157	140
8	138	125	129	160	146
Total	404	404	443	441	421

San Diego Unified School District
Site Visit Report

Office of Charter Schools
2021-22 School Year

The Comprehensive School Safety Plan (“Safety Plan”) provided for review during the site visit showed the 2021-22 Safety Plan was approved by the Magnolia Board on February 11, 2021.

The tables below provide an overview of Magnolia enrollment as grouped by the California Department of Education (“CDE”). Magnolia has increased its schoolwide enrollment percentage of Students with Disabilities for the past five school years.

Subgroup	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
English Learners	4.5%	4.5%	6.1%	8.4%	7.4%
Foster Youth	0%	0%	0%	0.2%	0.0%
Homeless Youth	3.0%	2.5%	1.1%	2.5%	2.6%
Migrant Education	0%	0%	0%	0%	0.0%
Students with Disabilities	10.6%	14.6%	15.1%	16.1%	17.3%
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	26.5%	26.7%	34.1%	39.5%	37.5%
All Students	404	404	443	441	421

The Magnolia Complaint Notice was accessible on the school website under the “enrollment” tab and included information on how the public can contact the District Office of Charter Schools office with a complaint related to enrollment, lottery, or disenrollment.

Assembly Bill (“AB”) 1505 amended sections of the Education Code regarding charter renewal which included specific information regarding Verified Data. See Education Code section 47607(b). Documents that were provided to the District show Magnolia has adopted the Northwest Evaluation Association (“NWEA”) Measuring Academic Progress (“MAP”) assessments as the Verified Data that may be used as part of the charter renewal criteria for middle and low performing schools. For additional information regarding Verified Data criteria, data use procedures, adopted assessments, and postsecondary indicators, please review the CDE website at <https://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/ch/verifdata.asp>. The District will request the 2021-22 Verified Data results as part of the 2022-23 Annual Site Visit.

As of the site visit date, notification of access to mental health services had not yet been sent to Magnolia families. The Magnolia administration reported that information would go out as part of “Mental Health Awareness Month.” For the 2022-23 site visit, the District requests the two or more dates in the 2021-22 and the 2022-23 school years that the mental health notifications were sent, or will be scheduled to be sent, to Magnolia families. Resources for mental health support can also be assessed on the Magnolia website https://msasd.magnoliapublicschools.org/apps/pages/index.jsp?uREC_ID=472711&type=d which was last accessed June 6, 2022.

**San Diego Unified School District
Site Visit Report**

**Office of Charter Schools
2021-22 School Year**

During the 2021-22 school year, approximately 80 students with individualized education programs (“IEPs”) were enrolled at Magnolia, comprising 17.3% of the schoolwide enrollment. At the time of the site visit, Magnolia did not provide the District with the requested list of special education and related services. The District will request this information during the 2022-23 site visit.

	Schoolwide	Students with Disabilities
Grade 6	135	24
Grade 7	140	34
Grade 8	146	22
Total	421	80

Primary disability eligibility categories for the students enrolled at Magnolia were reported as follows:

Schoolwide total of students’ primary eligibility categories:

Category	Number of Students 2020-21	Number of Students 2021-22
Autism (AUT)	17	15
Speech or Language Impairment (SLI)	2	5
Other Health Impairment (OHI)	17	25
Specific Learning Disability (SLD)	31	32
Orthopedic Impairment (OI)	0	1
Hard of Hearing (HH)	0	0
Emotional Disturbance (ED)	2	2
<i>Add any not listed from last year here</i>		

Table provided by Magnolia.

San Diego Unified School District
Site Visit Report

Office of Charter Schools
2021-22 School Year

Magnolia provided the Fair Political Practices Commission (“FPPC”) 2020 Multi-County Agency Biennial Notice for Magnolia’s Amended Conflict of Interest Code signed and dated August 16, 2021.

On July 23, 2020, the Magnolia Board approved the Uniform Complaint Policy (“UCP”). The UCP is offered in English and Spanish, includes procedures on how to file a complaint, and information on the appeals process with the CDE. Information regarding filing the UCP can be found on the Magnolia website and is provided to Magnolia families in the Annual Notice. With regard to the UCP information provided for review, it is noted that the total number of complaints filed in 2020-21 and 2021-22 were included in the information provided to the District.

Magnolia Board meetings are held at 6:00pm and were conducted via Zoom for the 2021-22 school year due to COVID restrictions. Information about the Magnolia Board, as well as meeting agendas and minutes, can be accessed from the Magnolia website by selecting the “About Us - MSP Board” tab at <https://msasd.magnoliapublicschools.org/#>, which was last accessed June 6, 2022.

The meeting calendar included the following 25 meeting dates for 2021-22:

July 8, 2021	December 21, 2021 (special)
August 12, 2021	January 13, 2022 (special)
August 19, 2021 (special)	January 20, 2022
September 9, 2021	February 10, 2022
September 23, 2021 (special)	February 24, 2022
October 7, 2021 (special)	March 10, 2022
October 14, 2021	March 24, 2022
October 28, 2021	April 7, 2022
November 4, 2021	April 21, 2022
November 18, 2021	May 12, 2022
December 2, 2021	May 26, 2022
December 9, 2021	June 2, 2022 (special)
December 16, 2021	

San Diego Unified School District Site Visit Report

Office of Charter Schools
2021-22 School Year

The Magnolia Board is comprised of the following persons:

Magnolia Public Schools Board Member Roster						1st Term		2nd Term		
	Name	Lastname	Designation	Contact Email	Phone	Beginning Term	End term	Beginning Term	End term	
1	Ms.	Sandra	Covarrubias	Chair	scovarrubias@magnoliapublicschools.org	213-628-3634	8/11/2017	8/10/2022		
2	Dr.	Umit	Yapanel	Vice-Chair	uyapanel@magnoliapublicschools.org	213-628-3634	10/11/2012	10/10/2017	10/12/2017	10/11/2022
3	Mrs.	Diane	Gonzalez	Director	drgonzalez@magnoliapublicschools.org	213-628-3634	12/11/2014	12/10/2019	12/10/2019	12/9/2024
4	Dr.	Salih	Dikbas	Director	sdikbas@magnoliapublicschools.org	213-628-3634	4/21/2016	12/10/2019	12/10/2019	12/9/2024
5	Mr.	Mekan	Muhammedov	Director	mekan@magnoliapublicschools.org	213-628-3634	4/24/2020	4/23/2025		

At the time of the site visit, the Magnolia board members interviewed indicated they are looking to recruit two additional members. Information regarding recruitment, including an application, is also posted on the website. The Magnolia website provides information for the public to contact any Magnolia board member directly through individual email addresses which are listed here:

https://magnoliapublicschools.org/apps/pages/index.jsp?uREC_ID=291746&type=d&termREC_ID=&pREC_ID=648546 (last accessed June 6, 2022).

**San Diego Unified School District
Site Visit Report**

**Office of Charter Schools
2021-22 School Year**

Finance Part One. This section addresses the charter school’s submission of financial reports in a timely and accurate manner.

The preliminary annual budget for fiscal year 2021-22 was submitted on time.	Met
The first interim financial report for fiscal year 2021-22, for the period of July 1 through October 31, was submitted on time.	Met
The annual audit for fiscal year 2020-21 was submitted on time.	Met
The second interim financial report for fiscal year 2021-22, for the period of July 1 through January 31, was submitted on time.	Met
The unaudited actuals financial report for fiscal year 2020-21, for the period of July 1 through June 30, was submitted on time.	Met

All Education Code required financial reports were board approved and submitted to the district on or before the statutory due dates.

Finance Part Two. This section addresses financial stability and sustainability of the charter school.

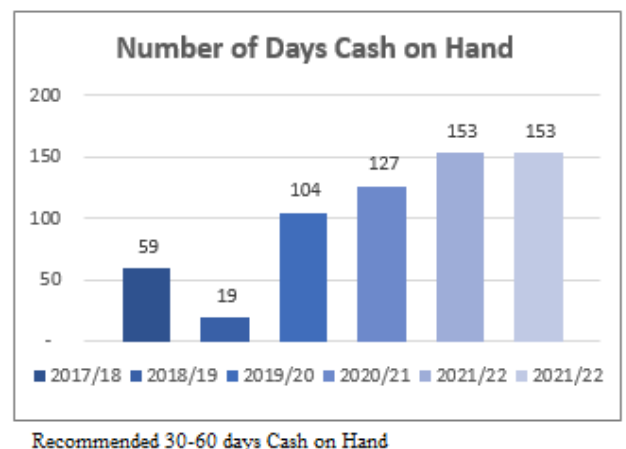
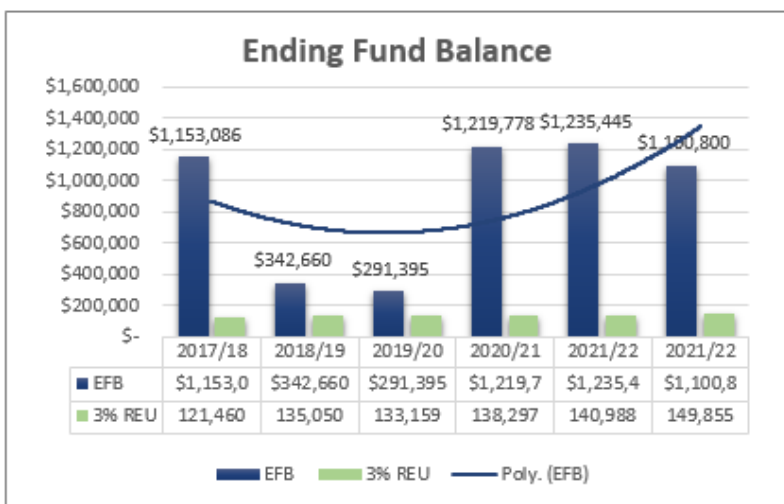
Magnolia Science Academy San Diego 09228

Spending Trend | 3% REU

Source	Fiscal Year	A Beg. Balance	B Revenues	C Expense	D EFB	E=D-A Surplus/deficit	E/C Percent Deficit	C * 3% 3% REU	REU Met?
Audit Report	2017/18	\$ 1,248,686	\$ 3,953,078	\$ 4,048,678	\$ 1,153,086	\$ (95,600)	-2.4%	121,460	Met
Audit Report	2018/19	\$ 1,153,086	\$ 3,691,251	\$ 4,501,677	\$ 342,660	\$ (810,426)	-18.0%	135,050	Met
Audit Report	2019/20	\$ 342,660	\$ 4,387,361	\$ 4,438,626	\$ 291,395	\$ (51,265)	-1.2%	133,159	Met
Audit Report	2020/21	\$ 291,395	\$ 5,538,289	\$ 4,609,906	\$ 1,219,778	\$ 928,383	0.0%	138,297	Met
First Interim Report (projected as of 6/30/22)	2021/22	\$ 1,219,778	\$ 4,715,270	\$ 4,699,603	\$ 1,235,445	\$ 15,667	0.0%	140,988	Met
Second Interim Report (projected as of 6/30/22)	2021/22	\$ 1,219,778	\$ 4,876,200	\$ 4,995,178	\$ 1,100,800	\$ (118,978)	-2.4%	149,855	Met

Current Ratio | Solvency | Cash on Hand

Source	Fiscal Year	A Assets	B Liability	C=A-B EFB	D Current Assets	E Current Liabilities	F=D/E Ratio ≥ 1	G Total Cash	H=G-E Solvency	I Expenses	J=G/(I/365) No. of Days
Audit Report	2017/18	1,657,935	504,849	1,153,086	1,164,855	353,043	3.30	657,784	304,741	4,048,678	59
Audit Report	2018/19	1,069,985	727,325	342,660	485,513	575,519	0.84	235,322	(340,197)	4,501,677	19
Audit Report	2019/20	2,280,806	1,989,409	291,397	1,792,967	1,837,603	0.98	1,269,671	(567,932)	4,438,626	104
Audit Report	2020/21	2,748,476	1,528,696	1,219,780	2,286,971	1,528,696	1.50	1,598,406	69,710	4,609,906	127
First Interim Report (as of 10/31/21)	2021/22	2,517,299	1,166,825	1,350,474	2,268,306	1,015,019	2.23	1,975,043	960,024	4,699,603	153
Second Interim Report (as of 1/31/22)	2021/22	2,597,530	1,276,052	1,321,478	2,362,250	1,124,245	2.10	2,094,077	969,832	4,995,178	153



**San Diego Unified School District
Site Visit Report**

**Office of Charter Schools
2021-22 School Year**

Per the FY21-22 Second Interim Report, Magnolia Science Academy San Diego, (“Magnolia”) met most of the district’s criteria of financial stability and sustainability with the exception of projecting to end the year with operating income. The school is projected to end FY21-22 with an operating deficit of (\$118,978), however, the projected ending fund balance of \$1,321,478 met the district’s minimum reserve requirement.

Per Magnolia’s leadership, the reason for the deficit is due to additional resources above the one time funding that were needed in the classroom that were not originally anticipated to accommodate students, such as mental health, school psychologist, special education instructional aide, and having students acclimate back in the classroom. The school also did not expect ADA to be as low as it was, or for the additionally high substitute teacher expenses. Magnolia has been closely monitoring expenses, and advocating for SB579 to be held harmless which would be retroactive for this fiscal year. The school is anticipating additional revenues with the May Revise and COLA & SELPA increase to offset some of the deficit.

Per the FY20-21 Audit Report, Magnolia met the district’s criteria of financial stability and sustainability.

There were no findings and questioned costs related to the basic financial statements, or state awards during FY20-21. The prior year finding has been implemented.

Finance Part Three. This section addresses financial management topics.

<u>Chart of Accounts and Restricted Funding:</u> Chart of Accounts corresponds to appropriate Standardized Account Code Structure (“SACS”) compliant object and resource codes, as per Procedure 810, Charter Schools of the California School Accounting Manual (“CSAM”). Restricted funds are accounted for separately and expenditures are limited to those allowed by grantors.	Met
<u>Accounting System:</u> Accounting system utilizes a SACS compliant Chart of Accounts. Tracks unrestricted and restricted resources in order to meet various specialized reporting requirements and categorical activities. Provides data necessary for accurate completion of reports such as, but not limited to, those required by Education Code section 47604.33(a) (3-5), including, First Interim Report, Second Interim Report, and Charter School Unaudited Actuals Financial Report – Alternative Form.	Met
<u>Safeguarding of Assets:</u> The Fiscal Control Policy includes internal control procedures to protect their assets and prevent misuse of charter school funds.	Met
<u>Liabilities:</u> Loans, debts and outstanding obligations are properly accounted for and paid in a timely manner, as required by legal agreements.	Met
<u>Budget Development:</u> The staff, management, and governing board are involved in the charter school’s budget development.	Met
<u>Board Oversight:</u> The management and governing board regularly review the budget in comparison to actual revenue and expenditures and make necessary adjustments to the budget as new information is available to the charter school.	Met
<u>Adjusted Budgets:</u> The current fiscal year’s operating budget is updated for new revenue received and new expenses incurred.	Met
<u>Other observations:</u> As applicable.	See Below

Magnolia contracts with Delta Managed Solutions for accounting and financial reporting services.

**San Diego Unified School District
Site Visit Report****Office of Charter Schools
2021-22 School Year**

Article XIII, Section 36, Subdivision (e), Paragraph (6) of the California Constitution requires all districts, counties and charter schools to report on their websites an accounting of how much money was received from the Education Protection Account (“EPA”) and how that money was spent. Magnolia was informed of the requirement to include their Board-approved fiscal year 2021-22 estimated expenditure plan and 2020-21 actual expenditures on their website. Following the site visit, the school provided updated links to the plans on their website.

COVID 19 one-time relief funds were recorded under the correct resource codes as reflected in the school’s FY20-21 and FY21-22 general ledger reports.

Multiple entries in the fiscal year 2021-22 GL have descriptions that contain only the vendor’s name and account description. District requests that transactions entered into the GL contain a more detailed description of the items and/or services purchased.

The Magnolia March 2022 Bank Reconciliation of Citibank Account ending x6494 showed two checks over six months old that had not cleared the bank. The District asked what policies or procedures are in place for clearing checks outstanding over six months. Per Magnolia’s representative, after 120 days, the check is record as a stale check liability, and the school communicates with the related party to let them know the check is uncashed and after a 1-year period, the check is sent to the State.

Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation and Subsidiaries applied for and received loan forgiveness from the SBA on their Paycheck Protection Program (“PPP”) loan for \$5,461,600 for the year ending June 30, 2021. Of this \$418,151 was for Magnolia Science Academy of San Diego.

Charter School's Response (Optional):

On page two it states that the mental health notifications were not sent. The first communication was actually sent on October 18, 2021 as part of the student/parent hand book and two more sent on 5/5/22 and 5/23/22.

Here is the list of Special Education services that were not originally provided:

- Speech and Language Therapy
- Occupational Therapy
- Adapted Physical Education
- Specialized Academic Instruction
- push-in services in the general education classroom
- pull-out small group instruction
- Psychological Services
- Individual Counseling
- Counseling and Guidance

Coversheet

Approval of Findings to Conduct Virtual Meetings Pursuant to AB 361/Government Code Section 54953

Section: III. Action Items
Item: A. Approval of Findings to Conduct Virtual Meetings Pursuant
to AB 361/Government Code Section 54953
Purpose: Vote
Submitted by:
Related Material: AB 361 Findings - February 9.pdf



Agenda Item:	III A: Action Item
Date:	February 9, 2023
To:	Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation dba Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS”) Board of Directors (the “Board”)
From:	Alfredo Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent
Staff Lead(s):	Alfredo Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent
RE:	Approval of Findings to Conduct Virtual Meetings Pursuant to AB361/ Government Code Section 54953

Action Proposed:

I move for the Magnolia Public Schools Board of Directors to adopt the findings relating to the ability of the MPS Board and all MPS Committees to conduct meetings through teleconference during the State of Emergency, in reference to AB 361/Government Code Section 54953.

Purpose:

In September 16, 2021, Governor Newsom signed executive order Assembly Bill (AB) 361 into law which gives local agencies, included local educational agencies (LEA) governing boards, flexibility in conducting public meetings virtually during a declared state of emergency. **The COVID-19 State of Emergency will end on February 28, 2023. Therefore, the provisions of AB 361 will no longer be permissible after that.**

Analysis:

In order for Magnolia Public Schools (MPS) Board Meetings to trigger the AB 361 teleconferencing provisions, any of the following circumstances must follow:

- The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency, and state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing;
- The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency for the purpose of determining by majority vote whether, as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees;
- The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency and has determined by majority vote that, as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.

Following the end of the COVID-19 State of Emergency and the provisions granted by AB 361, we will resume in-person Board & Committee Meetings starting in March 2023. Following the provisions under the Brown Act and SB 126 provisions.



Exhibits:

- Board Findings pursuant of Government Code 54953(e)(3)



EACH THIRTY DAYS THEREAFTER FOR BOARD OF DIRECTORS & COMMITTEES

Magnolia Public Schools

Magnolia Public Schools findings pursuant to Government Code Section 54953(e)(3)

The Magnolia Public Schools Board of Directors has reconsidered the circumstances of the State of Emergency declared by the Governor on March 4, 2020, and finds the State of Emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the Directors to meet safely in person and/or that State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

DATE: February 9, 2023

VOTE

AYE:

NOES:

ABSENT:

BOARD SECRETARY: _____

Coversheet

Approval of 2023-24 School Safety Plans for all Magnolia Public Schools

Section:	III. Action Items
Item:	B. Approval of 2023-24 School Safety Plans for all Magnolia Public Schools
Purpose:	Vote
Submitted by:	
Related Material:	2023-24 Comprehensive School Safety Plans.pdf



Agenda Item:	III B: Action Item
Date:	February 9, 2023
To:	Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation dba Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS”) Board of Directors (the “Board”)
From:	Alfredo Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent
Staff Lead(s):	Jason Hernandez, Director of Student Services
RE:	Proposal to Approve Comprehension School Safety Plan for 2023-24

Action Proposed for Board Recommendation:

I move that the Board approve the Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP) for the 2023-23 school year for the following schools within Magnolia Public Schools:

- Magnolia Science Academy 1
- Magnolia Science Academy 2
- Magnolia Science Academy 3
- Magnolia Science Academy 4
- Magnolia Science Academy 5
- Magnolia Science Academy 6
- Magnolia Science Academy 7
- Magnolia Science Academy Bell
- Magnolia Science Academy Santa Ana
- Magnolia Science Academy San Diego

Purpose:

Per California Education Code 32280-32289.5, all public schools are required to have a comprehensive school safety plan (CSSP). Each CSSP adopted requires specific elements such as procedures for emergency evacuation and lockdown, as well as procedures for responding to crises and emergencies. The plan must be reviewed and updated through the school site educational partners.

Schools sites utilize the Parent Advisory Committee (PAC) to educate our partners in our practices as well as capture feedback to evaluate and improve school wide systems around school safety and emergencies. The document being adopted is for the 2023-24 school year, but it is dynamic in that school sites can adjust and modify the plans per the needs of the learning community.

Budget Implications:

The CSSP includes a variety of measures aimed at improving school safety, such as providing training for school staff on emergency responses and crisis management, improving school infrastructure to make the building more secure, and ensuring acquiring equipment and supplies to ensure the school site is able to manage crisis or emergencies.

The costs for implementing a school site safety plan are projected to be approximately \$8,000 -\$15,000 depending on the school site and specific needs. These costs will be paid for by the individual school sites’ operations budget. We anticipate that some of these costs may be offset with the support of our educational partners (COEs, Chartersafe, etc).



Exhibits:

Compliance Tool for a Comprehensive School Safety Plan California Education Code section 32280-32289.5..... Pg. 3

Magnolia Science Academy 1 Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg. 9

Magnolia Science Academy 2 Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.110

Magnolia Science Academy 3 Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.208

Magnolia Science Academy 4 Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.306

Magnolia Science Academy 5 Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.405

Magnolia Science Academy 6 Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.503

Magnolia Science Academy 7 Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.604

Magnolia Science Academy Bell Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.702

Magnolia Science Academy Santa Ana Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.801

Magnolia Science Academy San Diego Comprehensive School Safety Plan..... Pg.903

LAUSD Integrated Safe School Plan for MSA 4, MSA 6, and MSA Bell..... Pg.1002

Compliance Tool for a Comprehensive School Safety Plan
California *Education Code* sections 32280–32289.5
Required and Recommended Components for a Comprehensive
School Safety Plan

Note: This tool is designed to assist schools in developing and updating Comprehensive School Safety Plans (CSSPs). Use of this tool is optional. Each school, school district, and county office of education is responsible for compliance and familiarity with all sections of California *Education Code* sections 32280–32289.5.

Section 32280	Mandate Met	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
It is the intent of the Legislature that all school staff be trained on the CSSP	Include date and plan	n/a

Section 32281	Mandate Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
<p>(b)(1) Plan is written and developed by a school site council (SSC)</p> <p>(2) The SSC may delegate this responsibility to a safety planning committee made up of principal/designee, teacher, parent of child who attends the school, classified employee, and others, if desired</p>	Include date and plan	Include planning committee roster
<p>(b)(3) SSC/Planning Committee consulted with a representative from a law enforcement agency, a fire department, and other first responder entities in the writing and development of the CSSP</p> <p>The CSSP and any updates made to the plan must be shared with the law enforcement agency, the fire department, and the other first responder entities</p> <p>Effective January 1, 2019, Assembly Bill 1747 expanded the requirements of this section as noted here</p>	Include date and agencies	n/a

Section 32282	Mandate Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
(a) CSSP includes, but is not limited to the following:	n/a	n/a
<p>(1) An assessment of the current status of school crime at the school and at school-related functions that may be accomplished by reviewing one or more of the following types of information, is included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Office Referrals • Attendance rates/School Attendance Review Board • Suspension/Expulsion data • California Healthy Kids Survey • School Improvement Plan • Local law enforcement juvenile crime data • Property Damage data 	Include date and plan	<p>Describe the data reviewed and key analysis points, and table of findings</p> <p>Document how this information was shared with SSC/planning committee</p>
<p>(2) Appropriate strategies and programs that provide and maintain a high level of school safety and address the school's procedures for complying with existing laws related to school safety are identified. These include but are not limited to the following:</p>	Include date and plan	<p>Additional items to consider:</p> <p>Threat Assessment Student Support Teams</p>
(A) Child Abuse Reporting procedures	Include date and plan	Include board policy and site-specific steps
<p>(B) Disaster procedures, routine and emergency plans, and crisis response plan are developed and include adaptations for pupils with disabilities and the following:</p>	Include date and plan	Use the Standardized Emergency Management System as detailed in the California Emergency Services Act 8607 and the supporting <i>California Code of Regulations</i>

Section 32282	Mandate Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
<p>(i) Earthquake emergency procedure system that includes:</p> <p>(I) A school building disaster plan</p> <p>Note: Building disaster plan emergency procedures and drills for the following situations that may be associated with an earthquake or other emergency event should be developed and adapted to each school's needs and circumstances in collaboration with first responders and community partners. These situations may include but are not limited to:</p> <p>Fire; Relocation/Evacuation; Bomb Threat; Bioterrorism/Hazardous Materials; Earthquake; Flood; Power Failure/Blackout; Intruders/Solicitors; Weapons/Assault/Hostage; Explosion; Gas/Fumes</p> <p>(II) a drop procedure (students and staff take cover) drop procedure practice must be held once each quarter in elementary; once each semester in secondary schools</p> <p>(III) protective measures to be taken before, during, and after an earthquake</p> <p>(IV) a program to ensure that pupils, and certificated and classified staff are aware of and are trained in the procedures</p>	Include date and plan	<p>Detail response procedures may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lock Down • Secure School • Active intruder or other threat(s) <p>Describe information on training and exercise drills</p>
(ii) Procedures are established to allow a public agency, including the American Red Cross, to use school buildings, grounds, and equipment for mass care and welfare shelters during an emergency	Include date and plan	n/a
(C) Suspension/Expulsion policies and procedures	Include date and plan	Refer to board policy, include site-specific steps, if needed
(D) Procedures to notify teachers of dangerous pupils	Include date and plan	Refer to board policy, include site-specific steps, if needed

Section 32282	Mandate Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
(E) Discrimination and Harassment Policy that includes hate crime reporting procedures and policies	Include date and plan	Include complaint and investigation procedure
(F) If a Schoolwide Dress Code exists, include prohibition of gang-related apparel	Include date and plan	n/a
(G) Procedures for safe ingress and egress of pupils, parents, and school employees to and from school site	n/a	Reference campus visitor policies. Other items may include but are not limited to: crossing guard program, safe routes to school, pedestrian, vehicle and bicycle policies, traffic safety
(H) Maintain a safe and orderly environment conducive to learning at the school	Include date and plan	n/a
(I) Rules and procedures on school discipline are established	Include date and plan	n/a
<p>(J) Procedures for conducting tactical responses to criminal incidents, including procedures related to individuals with guns on school campuses and at school-related functions must be developed. The procedures to prepare for active shooters or other armed assailants are based on the specific needs and context of each school and community</p> <p>Note: Effective January 1, 2019, AB 1747 requires the inclusion of these procedures</p>	n/a	Consult with local law enforcement partners on developing these procedures
(c) Where practical, consult, cooperate and coordinate with other school site councils or school safety planning committees	Include date and plan	n/a
<p>(d) Evaluate and amend the plan as needed and at least once each year, to ensure the plan is properly implemented</p> <p>An updated file of all non-sensitive safety-related plans and materials is readily available for inspection by the public</p>	School must review, update, and adopt by March 1	n/a

Section 32282	Recommendation Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
(e) The Legislature encourages that policies and procedures aimed at the prevention of bullying be included in the CSSP	Include date and plan	<p>Comments</p> <p>The Legislature encourages, and the California Department of Education (CDE) concurs, that these procedures and other related policies be included in the CSSP</p> <p>Online Bullying Prevention Training Programs can be accessed on the CDE Bullying Publication and Resources web page at https://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/s/s/se/bullyres.asp</p>

Section 32282.1	Recommendation Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
<p>(a) Schools are encouraged to include clear guidelines for the roles and responsibilities of the positions listed below (if used by the district):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mental health professionals, school counselors • Community intervention professionals • School resource officers, police officers on campus <p>(b) The guidelines are encouraged to include strategies to create and maintain positive school climate and mental health protocols for the care of students who have witnessed a violent act at any time</p>	Include date and plan	Include school counselors, nurses, coaches, athletic directors, and other positions, if used

Section 32284	Mandate Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
Plan may include procedures for responding to the release of a pesticide or other toxic substance from properties located within one-quarter mile of a school	Include date and plan	Comments

Section 32286	Mandate Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
(a) Each school review, update, and adopt its plan by March 1, every year	Include date and plan	See Section 32288 for guidance on school district or COE approval timeline

Section 32288	Mandate Met (date, plan)	Comments, Suggested Details (resources, activities, etc.)
(a) Submit the plan to school district office or COE for approval	Include date and plan	California Department of Education recommends that the plans be approved within a month of school adoption or as soon as possible
(b)(1) Before adopting its CSSP, SSC/Planning Committee presented the school safety plan at a public meeting at the school site that allowed for public opinions	Include date, agenda, and supporting communications	See notification requirements in Section 32288(b)(2) and recommendations in Section 32288(b)(3)
(c) Each school district or COE must annually notify the CDE by October 15 of any schools that have not complied with Section 32281	Written notification to State Superintendent	Mail to: CDE--SHSO 1430 N Street Sacramento, CA 95814 Email: SHSO@cde.ca.gov

Note: This tool is designed to assist schools in developing and updating CSSPs. Use of this tool is optional. Each school, school district, and COE is responsible for compliance and familiarity with all sections and requirements of California *Education Code* sections 32280–32289.5.

California Department of Education

September 2022

Comprehensive School Safety Plan

MAGNOLIA SCIENCE ACADEMY Magnolia Public Schools



Brad Plonka, Principal
18238 Sherman Way,
Reseda, CA 91335
818-609-0507
msa1@magnoliapublicschools.org

A meeting for public input was held on Jan 25th, 2023

Plan Revised January 25, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

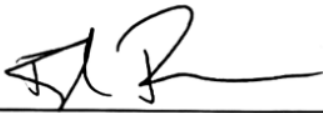

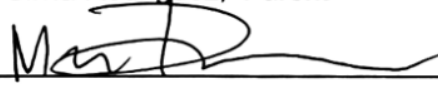
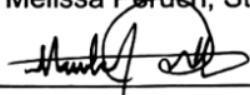
This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:30am - 4:00pm.

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

**Magnolia Science Academy 1
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the Magnolia Science Academy 1 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

	1/31/23
Brad Plonka, Principal (or Designee)	Date
	1/31/23
Mrs. Yasmeen Kaplan, teacher representative	Date
Silvia Rodriguez, Parent	Date
	1/31/23
Maritza Barragan, Classified Employee Representative	Date
Melissa Peruch, Student Representative	Date
	01/31/23
Oscar Bocanegra, Los Angeles Police Department	Date
Station #73, Los Angeles Fire Departments	Date
	Date

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

The top three crime violations in the area of the school were between August 15, 2022 (first day of school) and December 19th, 2022, including

1. Vehicle Break-In/Theft (59)
2. Larceny (56)
3. Assault (54)

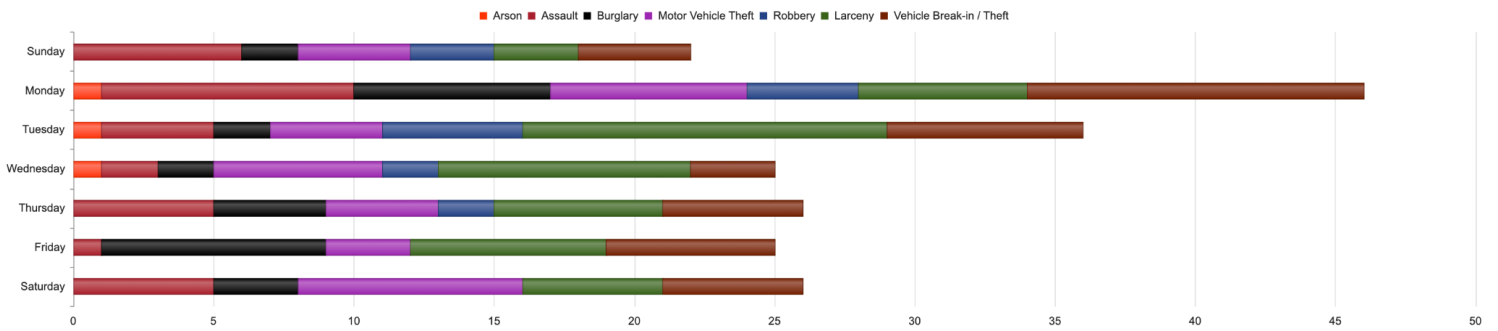
This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.

Crime Incidents

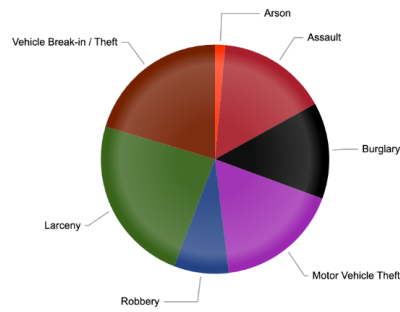
08-15-2022 to 12-16-2022 (124 Days)

206 Records

Day of Week Summary



Crime Summary



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on December 20, 2022. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	9	0	14	5
Suspension Data In-School	9	0	0	4
Expulsion Data	0	0	0	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	0	13	1221	N/A
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	100%	98.6%	90.7%	93.4%
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	0%	NA	29.9%	22.0%
Graduation Rate	100%	97.3%	95.9%	TBD

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

- **Objective:** Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- **Related Activities:** Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- **Resources needed:** Safety plan
- **Person(s) responsible for implementation:** Designated Administrator, Safety Committee
- **Budget:** Refer to schools' annual budget

- Evaluation guidelines: Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Chronic Absenteeism

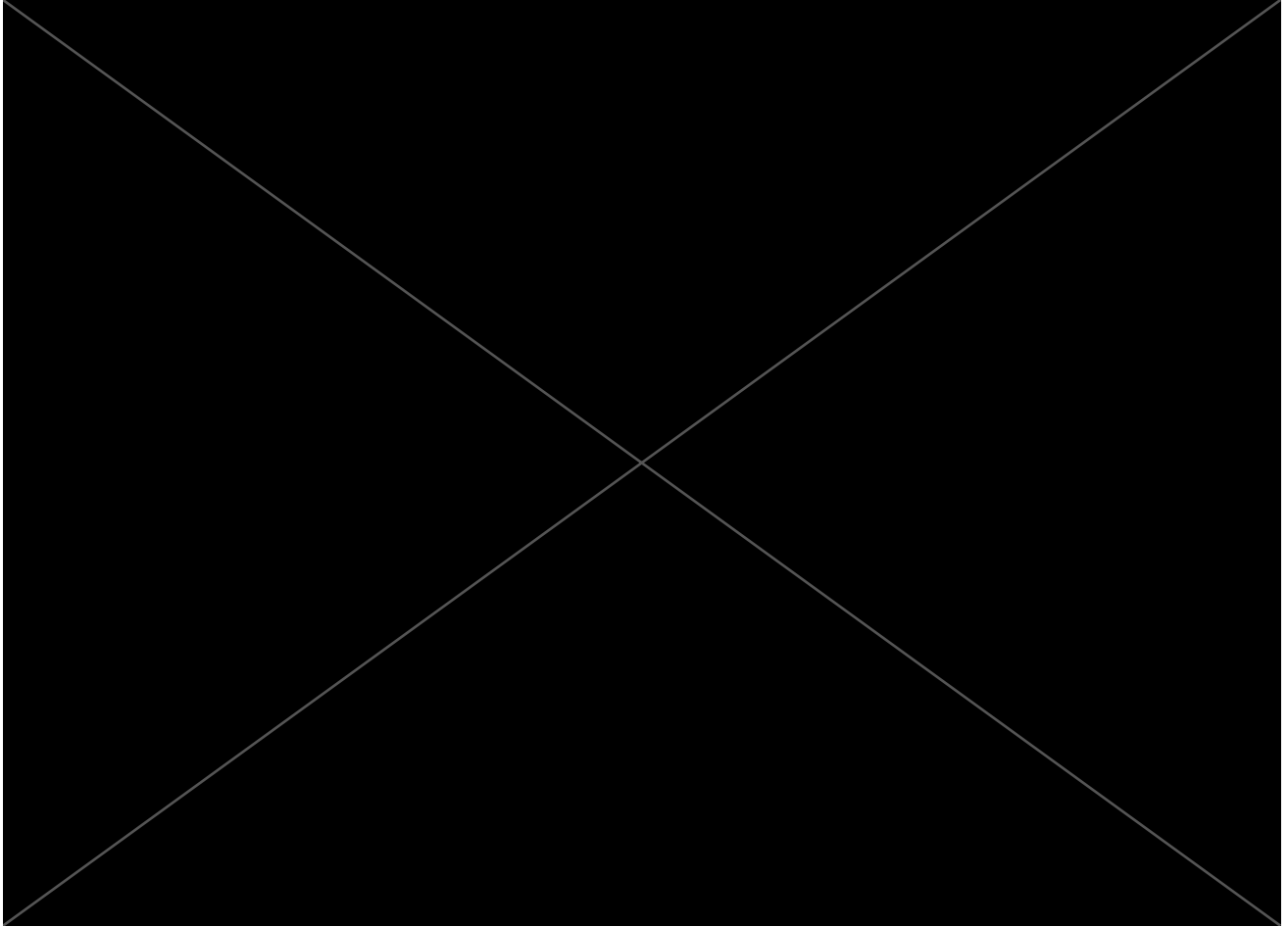
Goal(s):

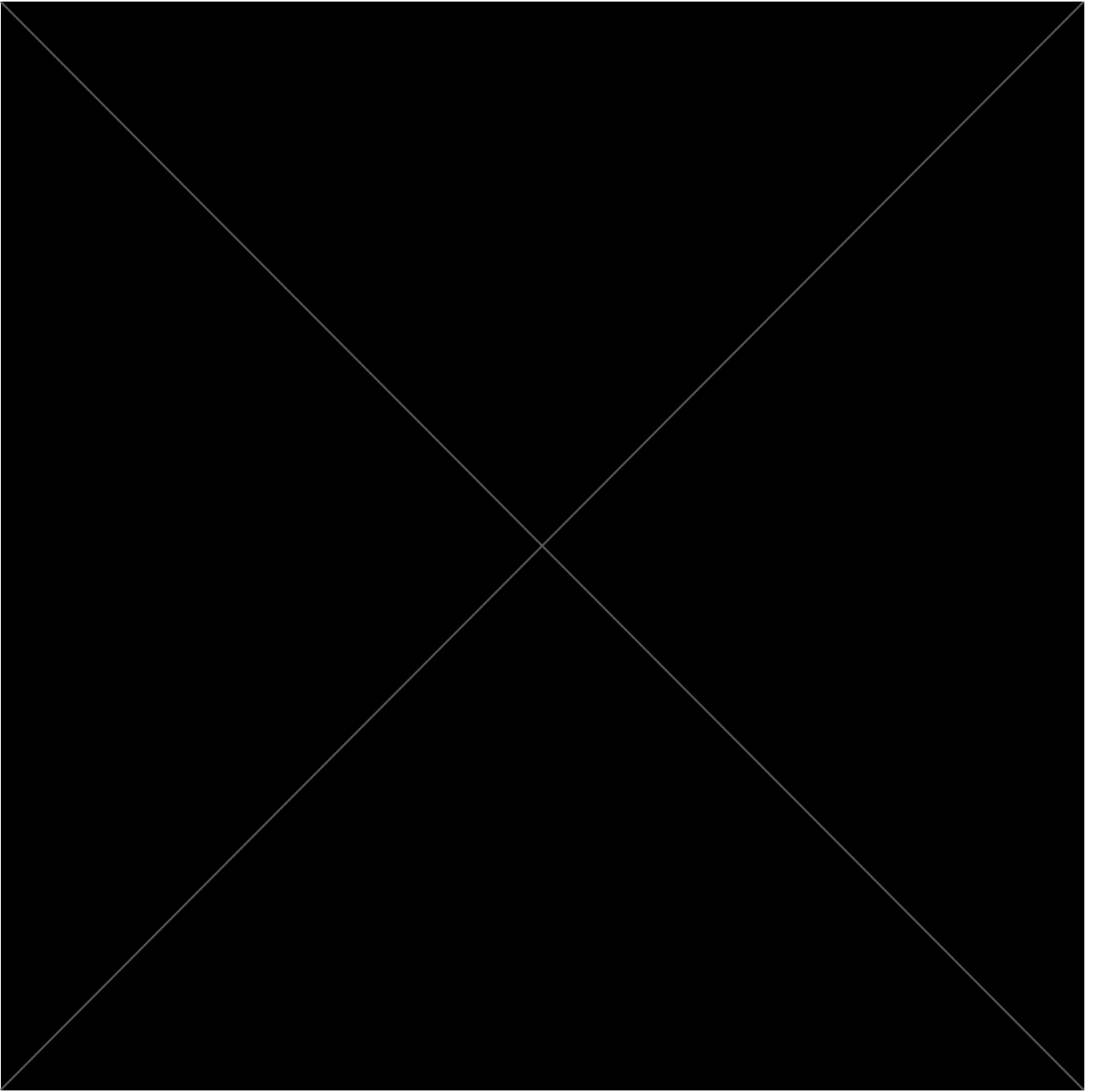
- Objective: To reduce chronic absenteeism rate
- Related Activities: parent workshops, staff PDs, student assemblies, home visits
- Resources needed: Staff, data, outside resources,
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: dean of students, attendance clerks
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Attendance records

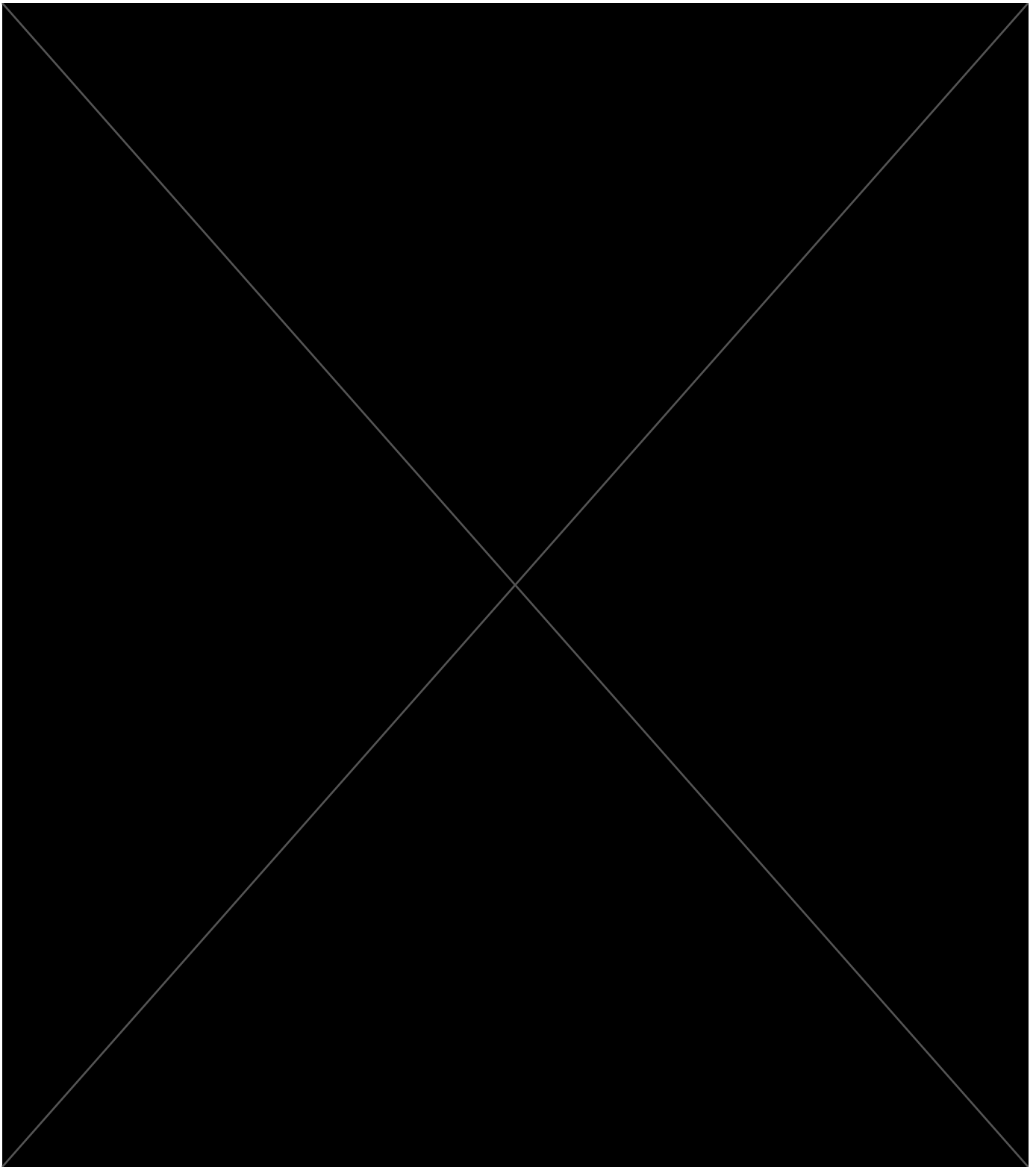
Component 3: Graduation Rate

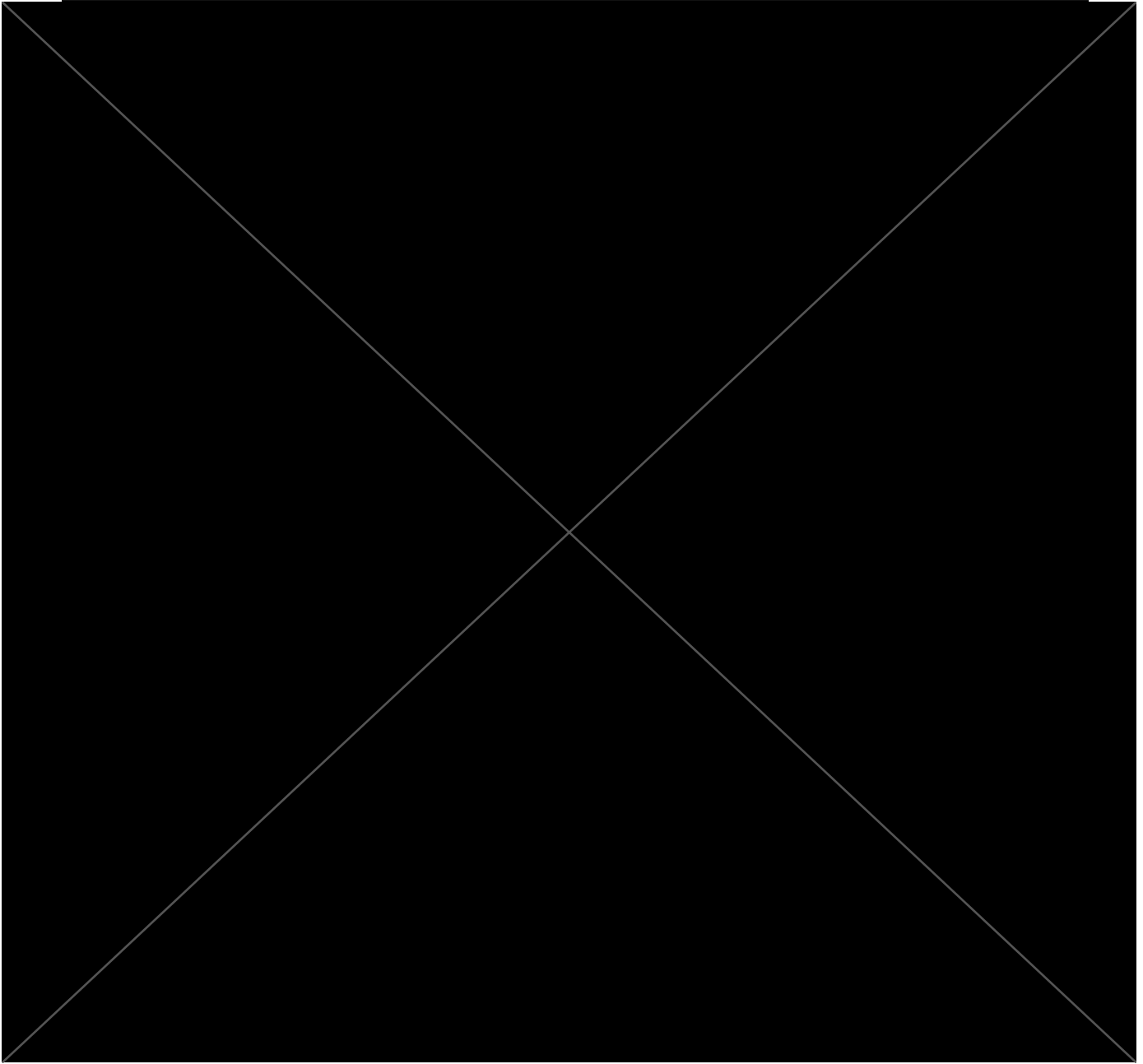
Goal(s):

- Objective: To increase rate of graduation
- Related Activities: Assemblies, home visits, 4-year-plans, college counseling, parent meetings, parent college, credit recovery courses
- Resources needed: Staff, online programs
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: College counselor, dean of academics
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Graduation data, academic data









Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name *
Last Name *
Email Address *

1) Drill Type *
 fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One *
 new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *
4) Time Started *
5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type *
 bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? *
 yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? *
 yes
 no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? *
 yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
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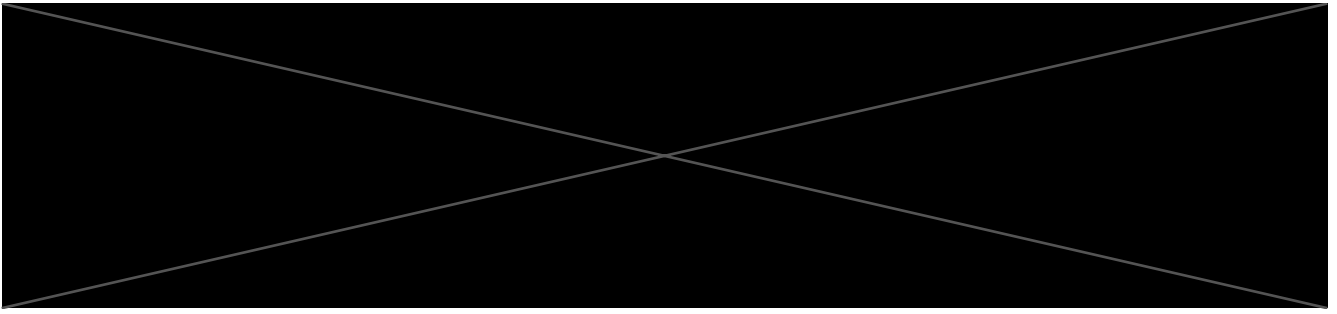
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
<i>Fire</i>	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Lockdown</i>	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)</i>	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Shelter-in-Place</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Take Cover</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify the school when the child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child comes to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify the office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my students through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize that my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my students to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive constantly to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by students.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, and upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occurs throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention support. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school

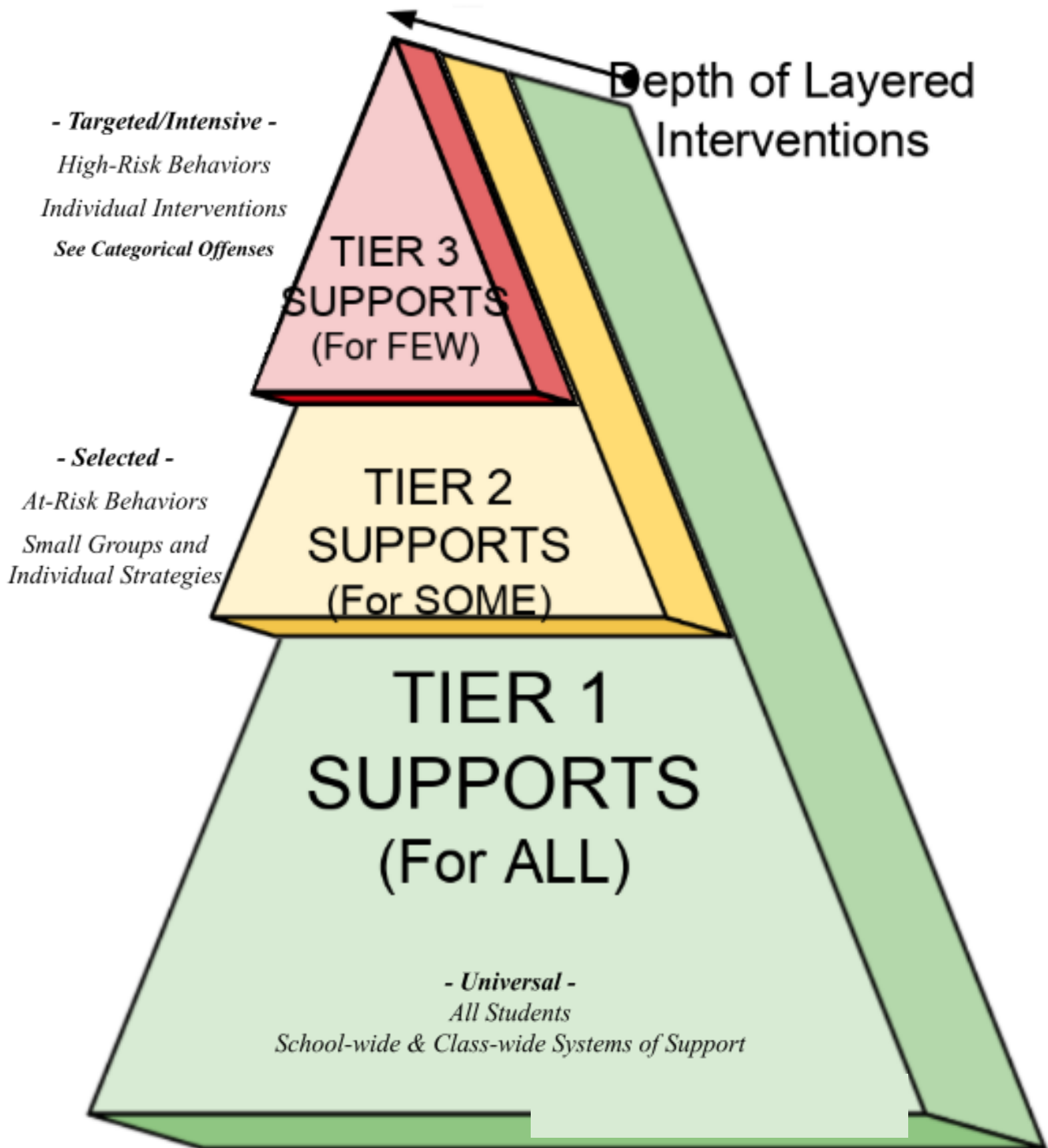
SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

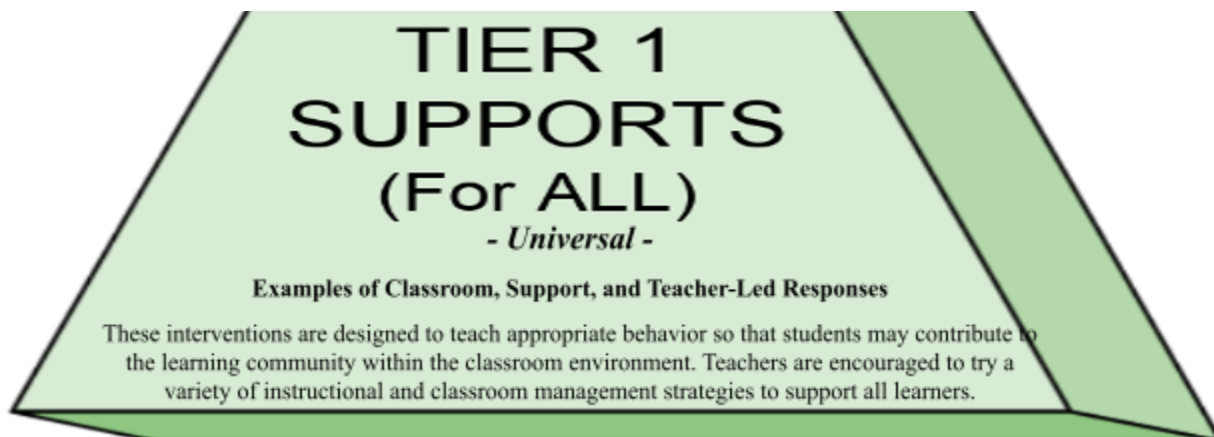
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

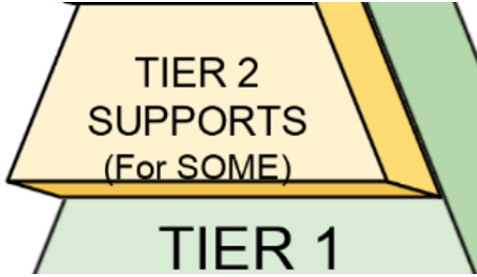
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

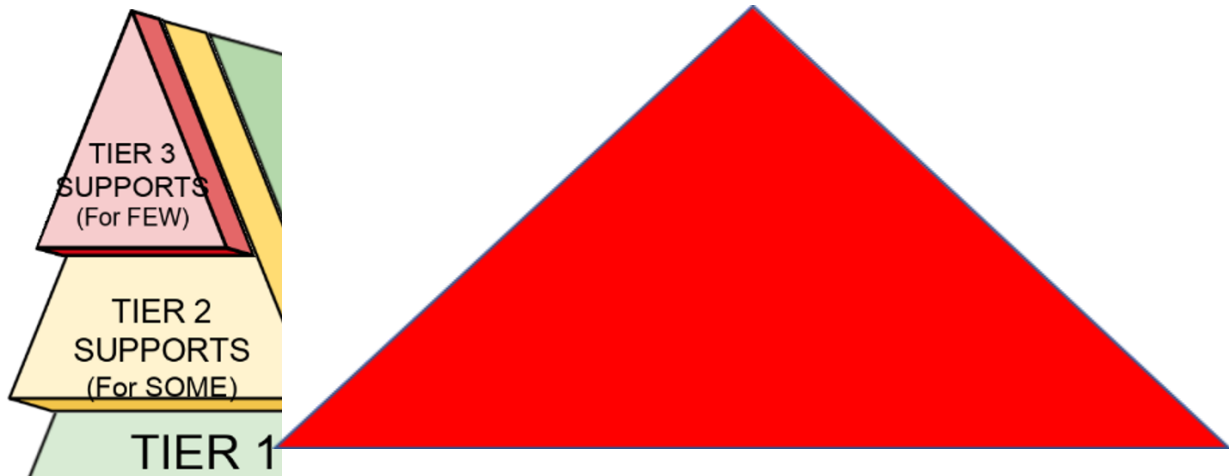


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension, and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 onry)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
 Magnolia Public Schools
 250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
 Los Angeles, CA 90012
 (213) 628-3634
 ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the school site, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. "Cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of "bullying" and "electronic act" above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS' education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS' policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS' bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed):*

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - School Site Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion provides a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. (*Same contact information as in Level 3*) The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with the administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> <i>(required for all variations of dress uniform)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of the correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or jegging material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above the hip bone when the student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention. Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school. Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving the threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who are armed with a firearm and have already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.
- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may

be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.

- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.
- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team

members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages

- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role to play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, the overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by the school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of them may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

The COPING ModelSM



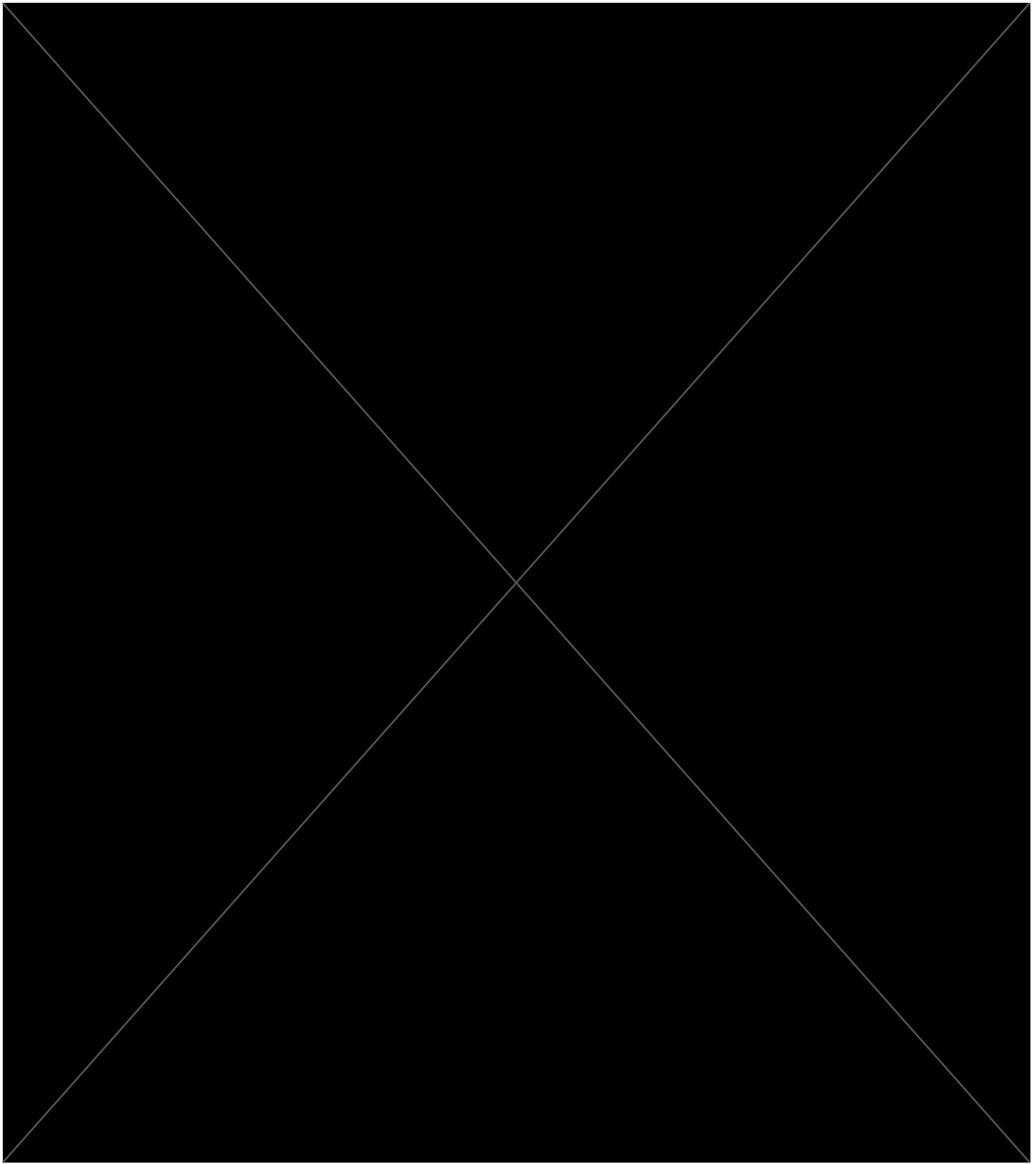
INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.

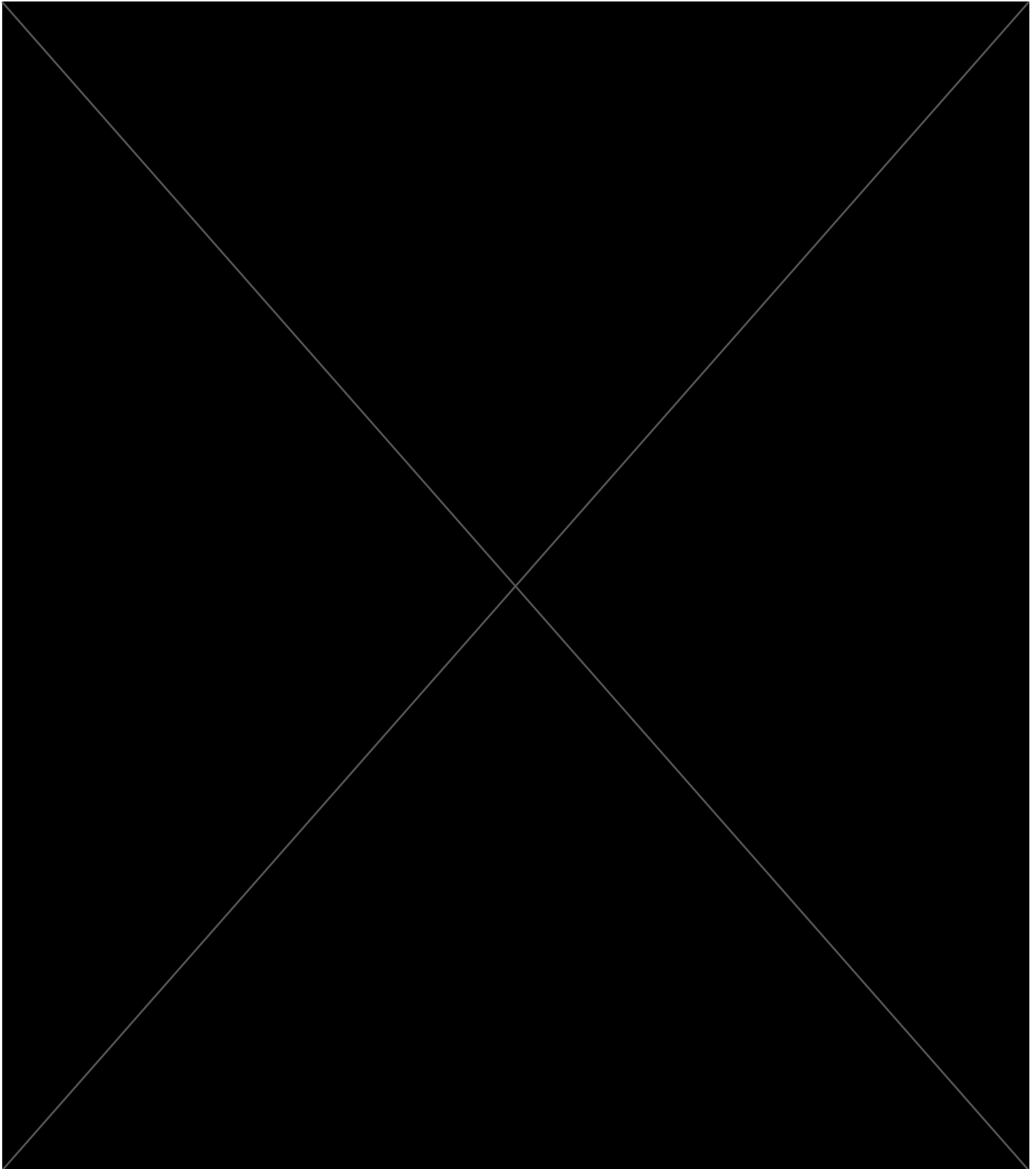


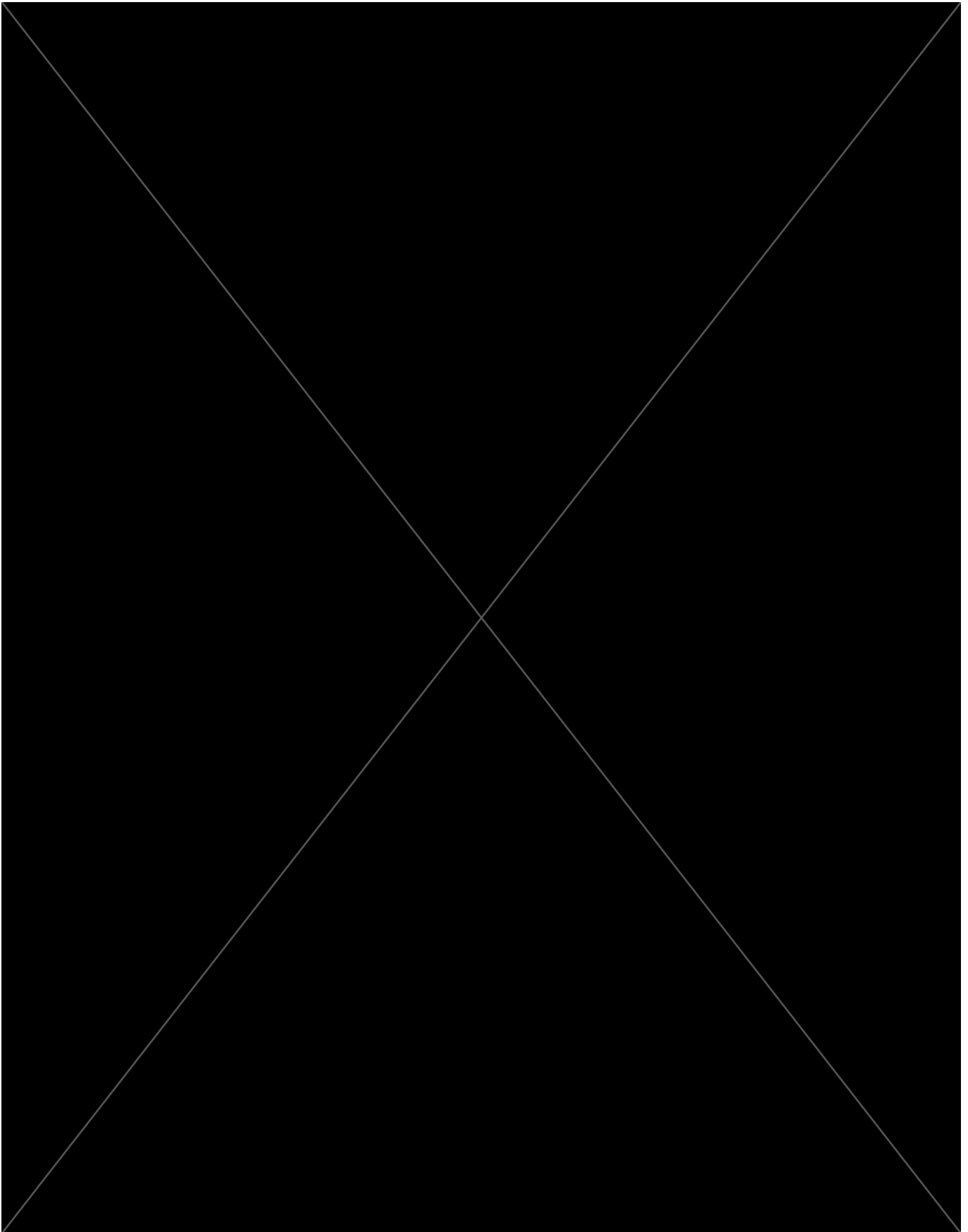
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

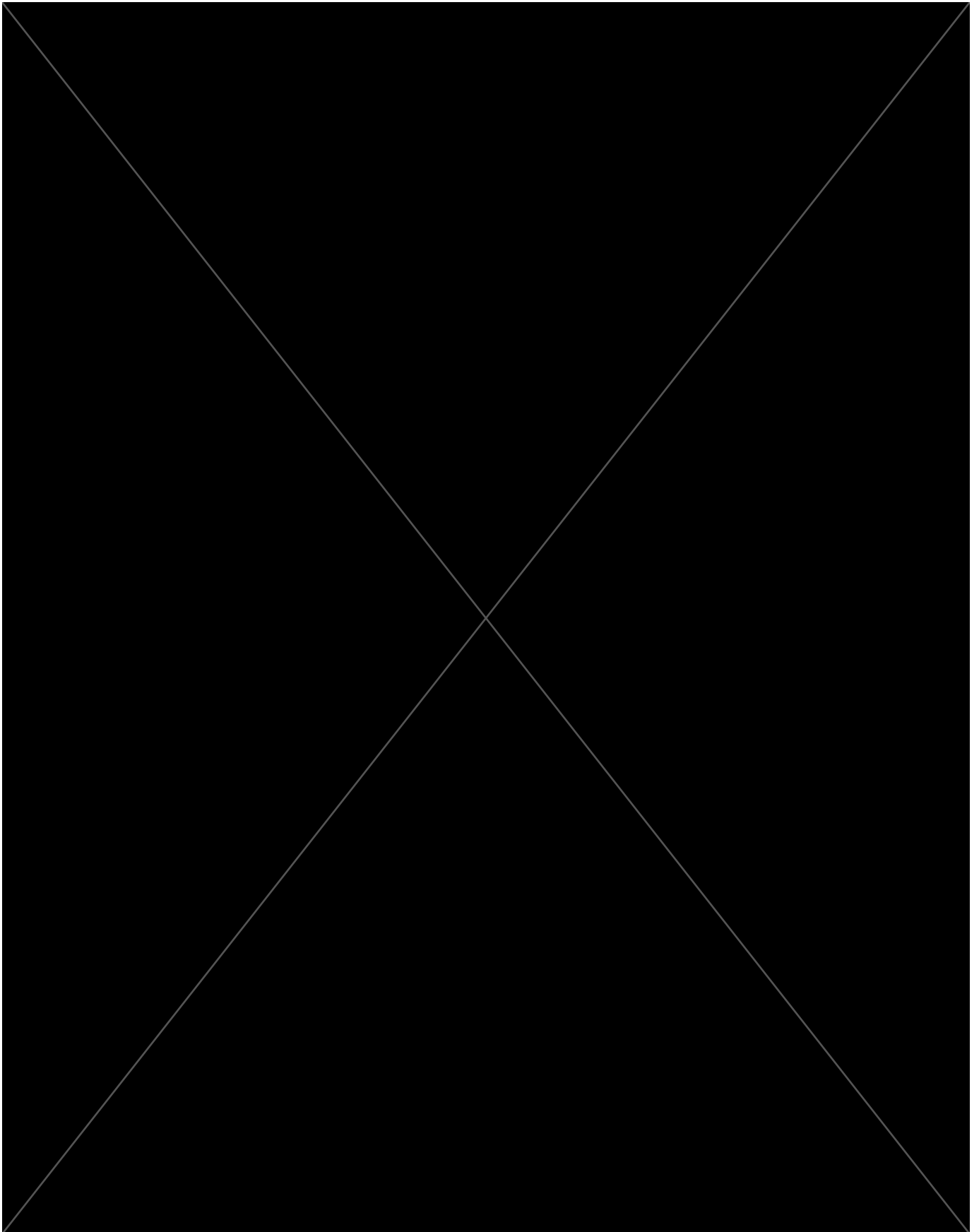
MAGNOLIA SCIENCE ACADEMY Magnolia Public Schools

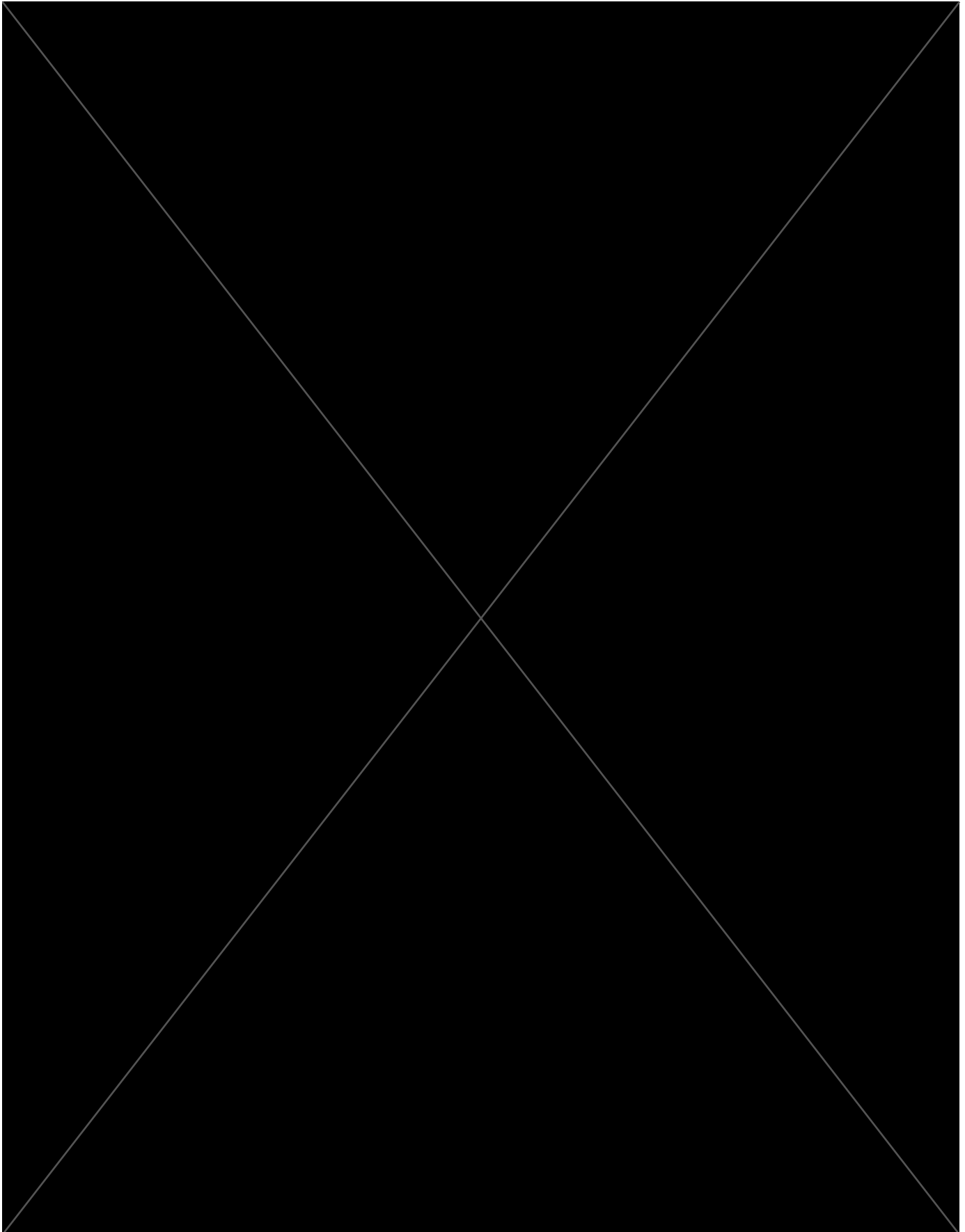


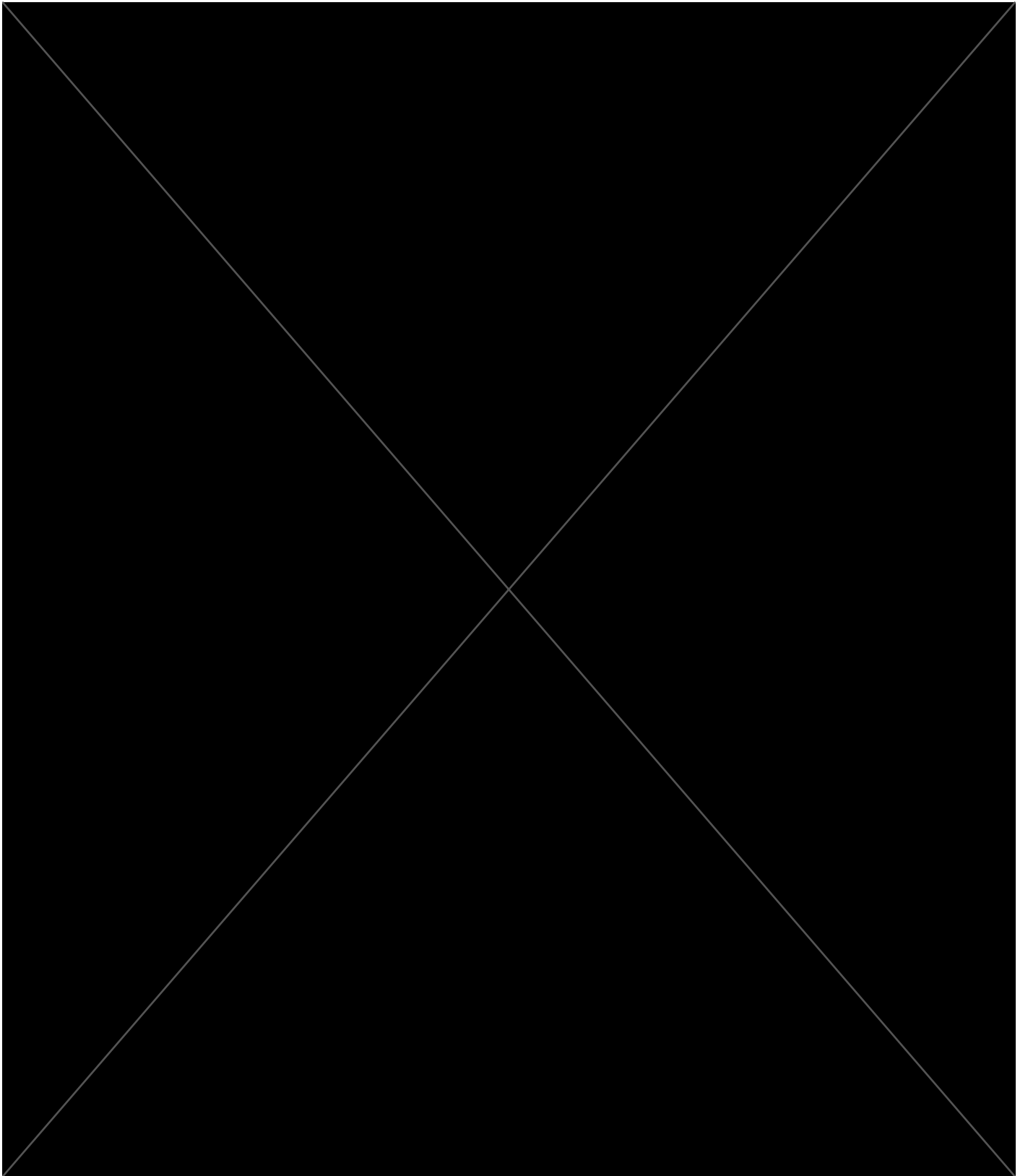
Brad Plonka, Principal
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Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy 2 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



David Garner, Principal
17125 Victory Blvd,
Van Nuys, CA 91406
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dgarner@magnoliapublicschools.org

A meeting for public input was held on 12/16/22 and 1/27/23

Plan Revised January 30, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:45am - 4:15pm.

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

**Magnolia Science Academy 2
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the Magnolia Science Academy 2 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

David Garner, Principal

Date

Christian Banda, Teacher Representative

Date

Yari Galo, Parent Representative

Date

Maitte Montalvo, Classified Employee Representative

Date

Officer Clemons, Los Angeles School Police

Date

Fire Department Representative

Date

MSA 2
MAGNOLIA SCIENCE ACADEMY 2

Date/Fecha: 1/27/23
Meeting/Junta: Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)
Sign-In Sheet / hoja de inicio de sesión

	Full Name/ Nombre completo:	Signature/ Firma:	Time/ horario:
1	YARI		9:15
2	Dennis Caldera		9:15
3	Jacqueline Hdez		9:15
4	Beatriz Fuentes		9:15
5	Martha Fuentes (Beth)		9:15 am
6	Osby De Leon		9:15 PM
7	Benita Mejia		9:15 AM
8	Viridiana Alfaro		9:15 AM
9	Adriana Mellado		9:25 am
10	Sandra Torres		9:20
11	Dioselina Arellanes	Dioselina Arellanes	9:18
12	Evelyn Carboce	E.M.	9:00
13	Christina Lopez	Christina Lopez	9:20 am
14	Christina Banda	C. Banda	9:25 am
15	Yvonne		9:25 am
16	Martha Montalvo		9:30 AM
17	Samantha Vazquez		9:37 am
18	Theresa Medina		9:37 am
19	Brisett Romo		9:15 am

20	Juana Torres	VIA zoom	9:20 am
21	Sandra Trinidad	VIA zoom	9:20 am
22	Enla Vasquez	VIA zoom	9:20 am
23	Jorge Pulido	-	9:32 am
24	Jannat Raheem	-	9:32 9:32
25	Chris Lopez	-	9:32 9:32
26	Maitte Montalvo		9:25 am
27	Verdon Smith-Medison	V.A.C.	9:25 am
28			

Magnolia Science Academy 2
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024

The undersigned members of the Magnolia Science Academy 2 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

1/30/23
David Garner, Principal Date

1/31/23
Christian Banda, Teacher Representative Date

1/31/23
Yari Galo, Parent Representative Date

1/31/23
Maitte Montalvo, Classified Employee Representative Date

1-31-23
Officer Clemons, Los Angeles School Police Date

Fire Department Representative Date

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

The top three crime violations in the area at MSA 2 between August 16, 2021 (first day of school) and December 16, 2022, including

1. #1 Vehicle Break-in/Theft (29)
2. #2 Burglary (13)
3. #3 Motor Vehicle Theft (10)
4. #4 Larceny (10)

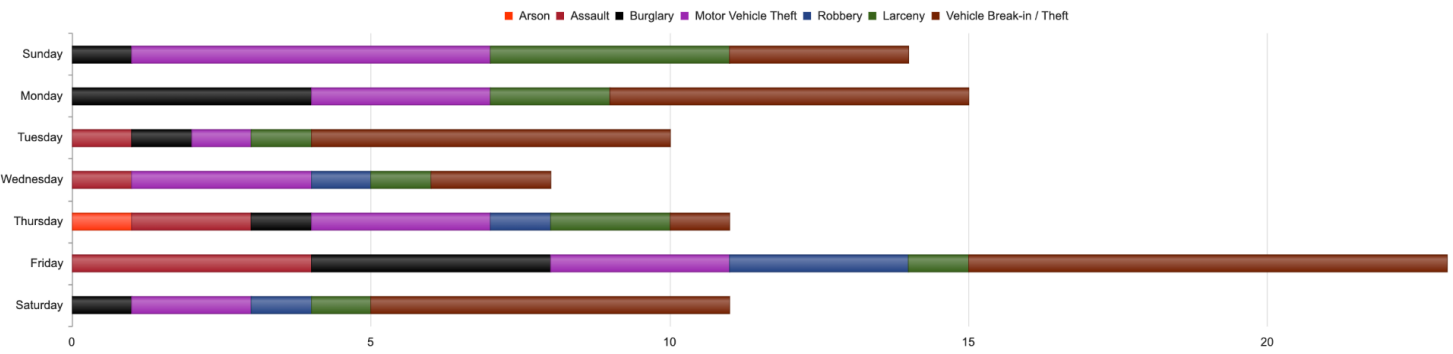
This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.

Crime Incidents

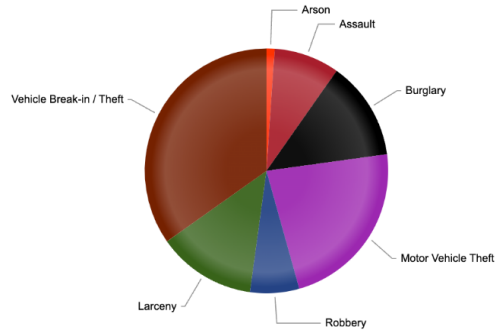
08-16-2022 to 12-16-2022 (123 Days)

92 Records

Day of Week Summary



Crime Summary



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on December 16, 2022. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	1	0	2	0
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	0	0
Expulsion Data	0	0	1	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	N/A	N/A	N/A	24
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	(P2 - 96.79%)	(P2 - 98.2%)	(P2 - 91.44%)	(P1 - 93.36%)
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	N/A (data not available due to Covid-19 pandemic)	6%	26.1%	26.8%
Graduation Rate	95%	92.9%	100%	N/A (in progress)

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

- Objective: Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- Related Activities: Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- Resources needed: Safety plan
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated Administrator, Safety Committee

- **Budget:** Aligned with MSA2's annual school budget which is approved by the MPS Board and receives ongoing oversight by the MPS Home Office and Finance Department.
- **Evaluation guidelines:** Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Innovation

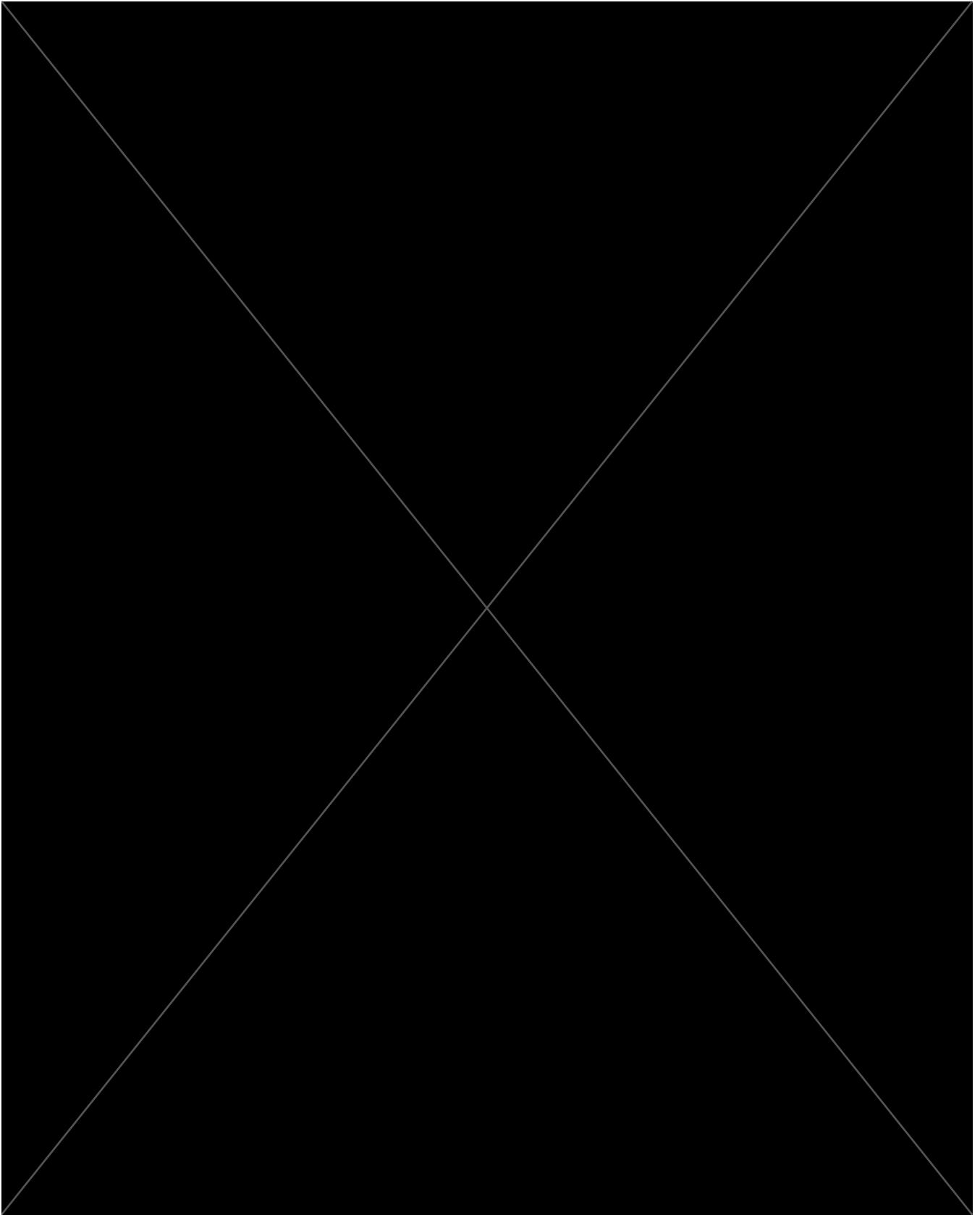
Goal(s): All students will have access to a well-rounded education that supports their readiness for college and the global world. Each student will become an independent, innovative scholar by practicing creativity in learning and using technology in transformative ways.

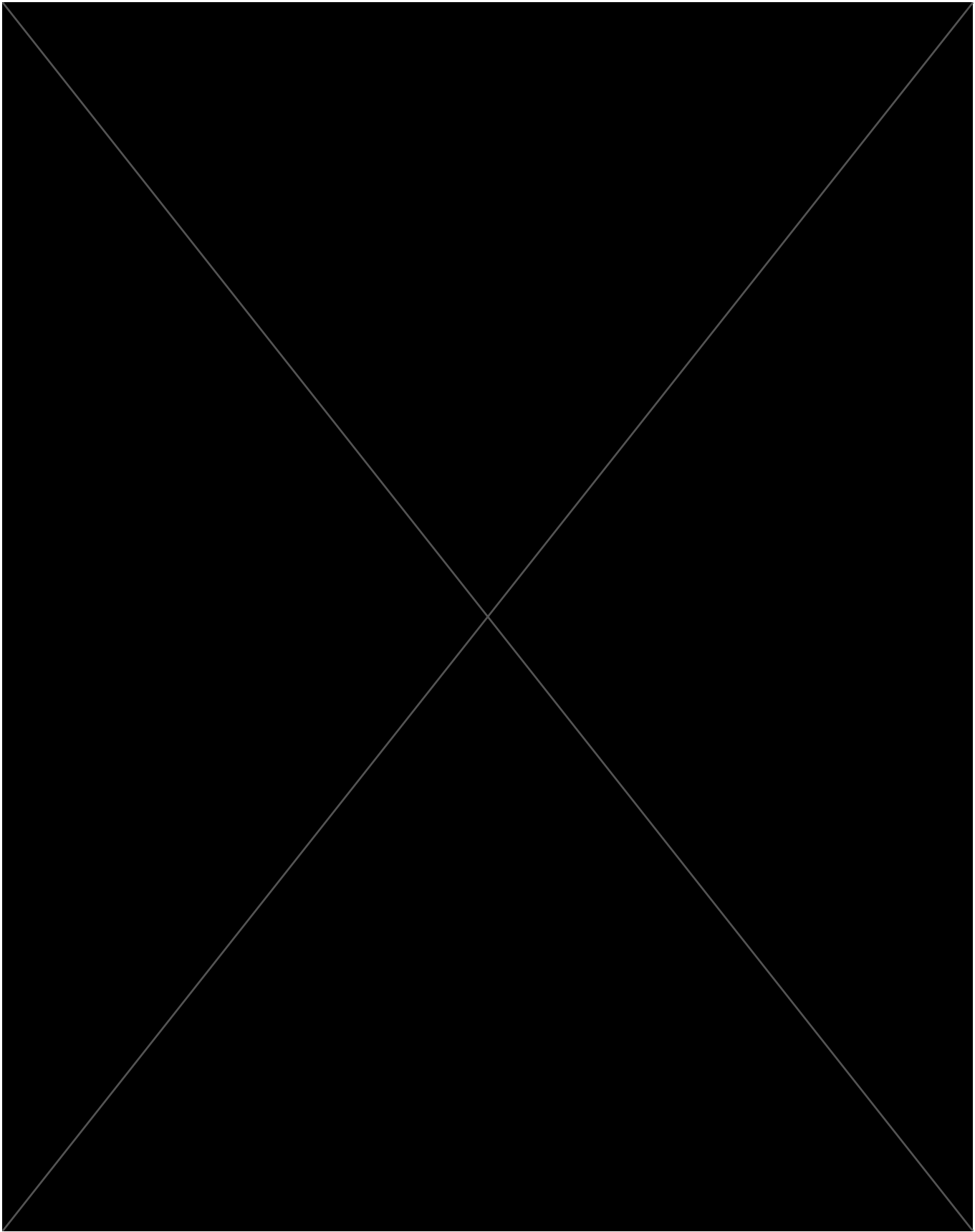
- **Objective:** Data is compiled during the Fall, Winter, and Spring semesters related to the progress on each indicator of this goal.
- **Related Activities:** Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through outside support providers as well as MPS home office team members, committee meetings, and as well as during leadership monthly meetings with all home office and Dean of Students, Dean of Academics, Office Manager, Principal, Community Schools Coordinator, and PACE to share best practices across the organization. Also, parents and community partners are included in this process through elected membership on the Parent Advisory Committee and ELAC.
- **Resources needed:** LCAP Goals and data collection related to each priority and metric, as this aligns with LCAP Goal 3.
- **Person(s) responsible for implementation:** Principal, Dean of Students, Dean of Academics, Assistant Principal, and other MSA2 support staff.
- **Budget:** Aligned with MSA2's annual school budget which is approved by the MPS Board and receives ongoing oversight by the MPS Home Office and Finance Department. The specific budget for LCAP Goal 3 is directly aligned with this Component.
- **Evaluation guidelines:** Educational Partner Surveys and all related metrics from California Schools Dashboard, CDE Data Quest, and internal MSA2 LCAP goal tracker data related to internal metrics.

Component 3: Connection

Goal(s): All students, families, staff, and other educational partners will have access to meaningful engagement opportunities that help cultivate leadership, advocacy, and collaboration in a safe and nurturing environment. educational partners will feel a sense of community and connectedness.

- **Objective:** Data is compiled during the Fall, Winter, and Spring semesters related to the progress on each indicator of this goal. In addition, SEL survey data is collected multiple times per year in alignment with MPS survey implementation protocols.
- **Related Activities:** Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through outside support providers as well as MPS home office team members, committee meetings, and as well as during leadership monthly meetings with all home office and Dean of Students, Dean of Academics, Office Manager, Principal, Community Schools Coordinator, and PACE to share best practices across the organization. Also, parents and community partners are included in this process through elected membership on the Parent Advisory Committee and ELAC.
- **Resources needed:** LCAP Goals and data collection related to each priority and metric, as this aligns with LCAP Goal 4.
- **Person(s) responsible for implementation:** Principal, Dean of Students, Dean of Academics, Assistant Principal, and other MSA2 support staff. In addition, School Psychologist and MSA2's SEL MTSS Committee members also work to support the measurement and implementation of this goal.
- **Budget:** Aligned with MSA2's annual school budget which is approved by the MPS Board and receives ongoing oversight by the MPS Home Office and Finance Department. The specific budget for LCAP Goal 4 is directly aligned with this Component.
- **Evaluation guidelines:** Educational Partner Surveys and all related metrics from California Schools Dashboard, CDE Data Quest, and internal MSA2 LCAP goal tracker data related to internal metrics.





Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name *
Last Name *
Email Address *

1) Drill Type *
 fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One *
 new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *
4) Time Started *
5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type *
 bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? *
 yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? *
 yes
 no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? *
 yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
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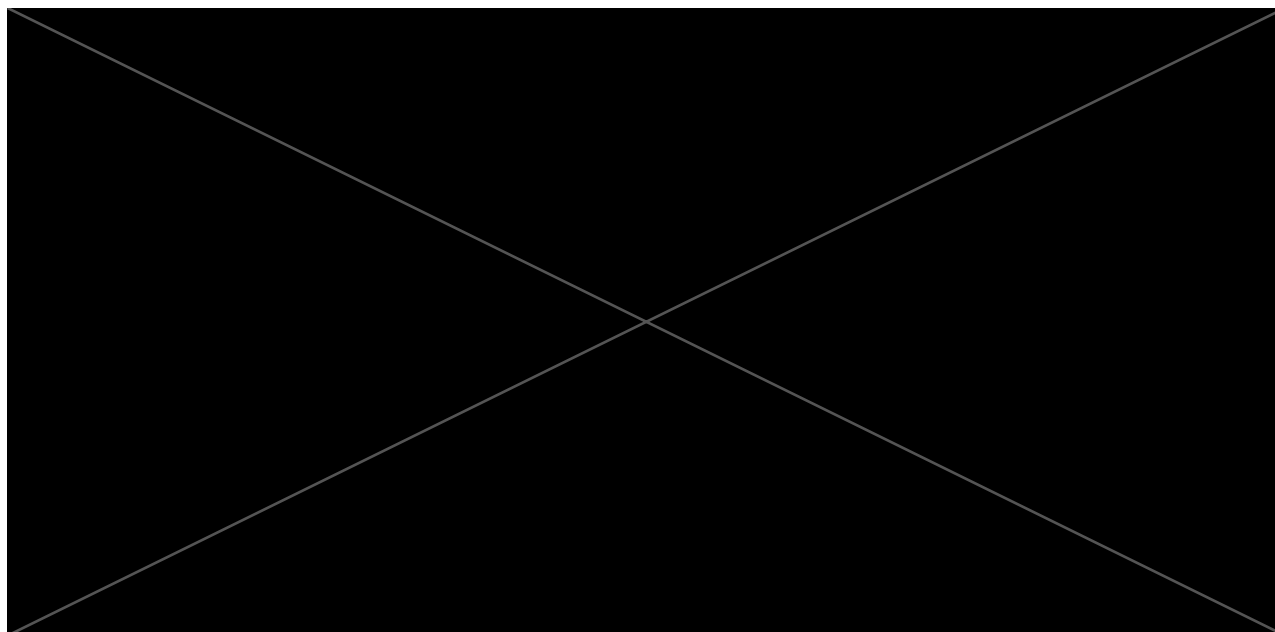
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

Emergency Drill Calendar 2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
<i>Fire</i>	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Lockdown</i>	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)</i>	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Shelter-in-Place</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Take Cover</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written

follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student’s teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student’s bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child’s progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student’s achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occurs throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school

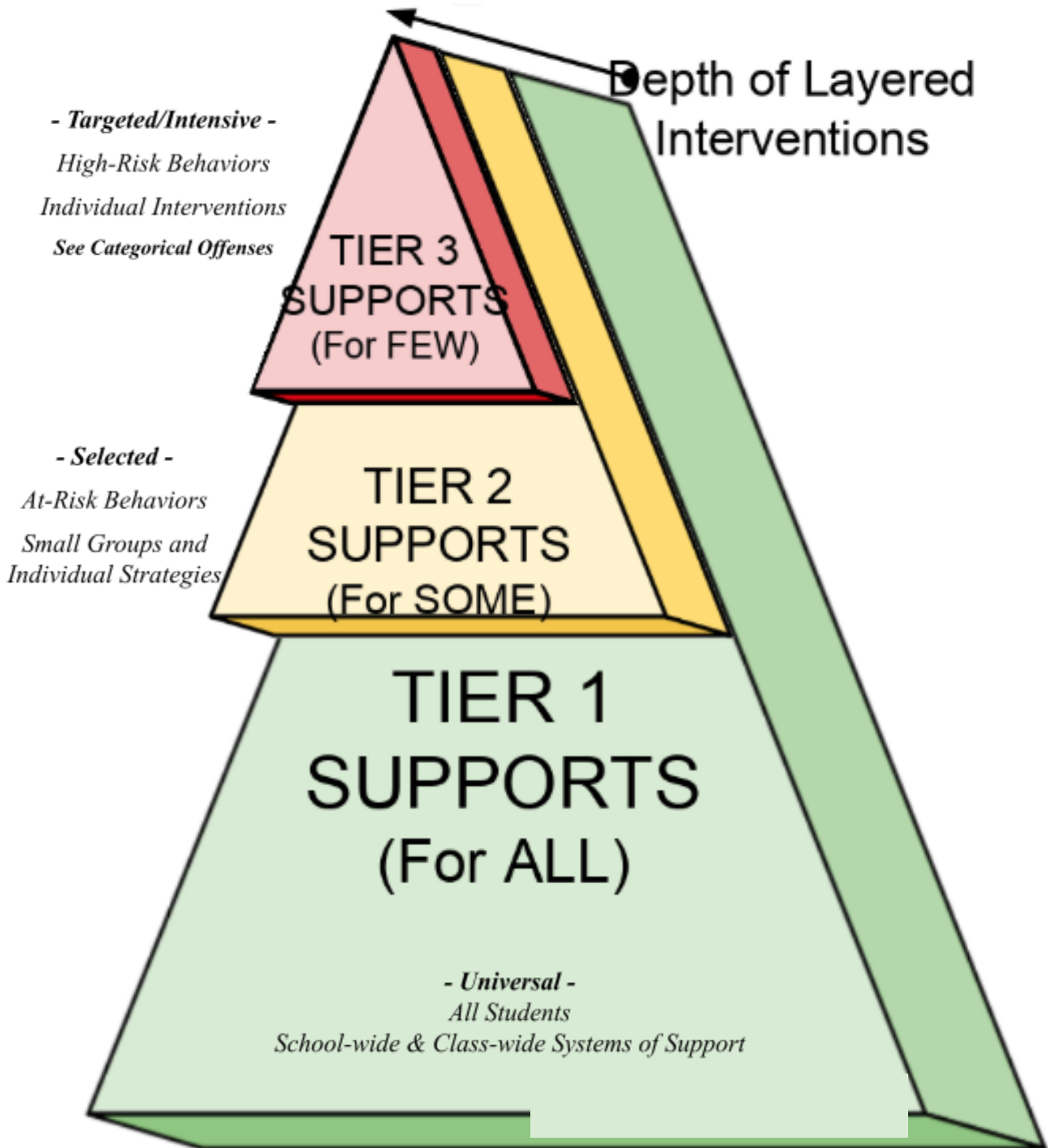
SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

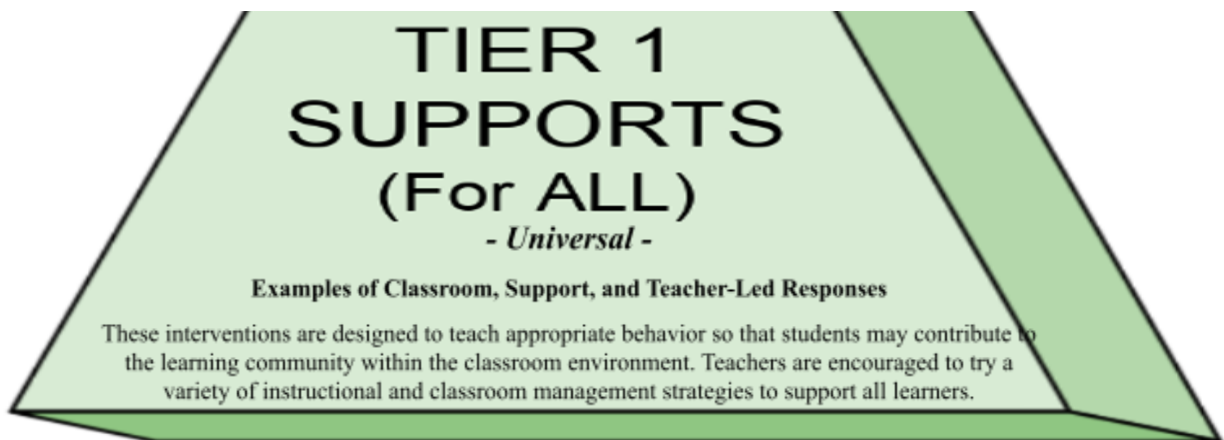
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

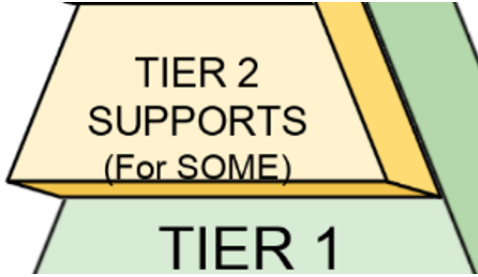
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

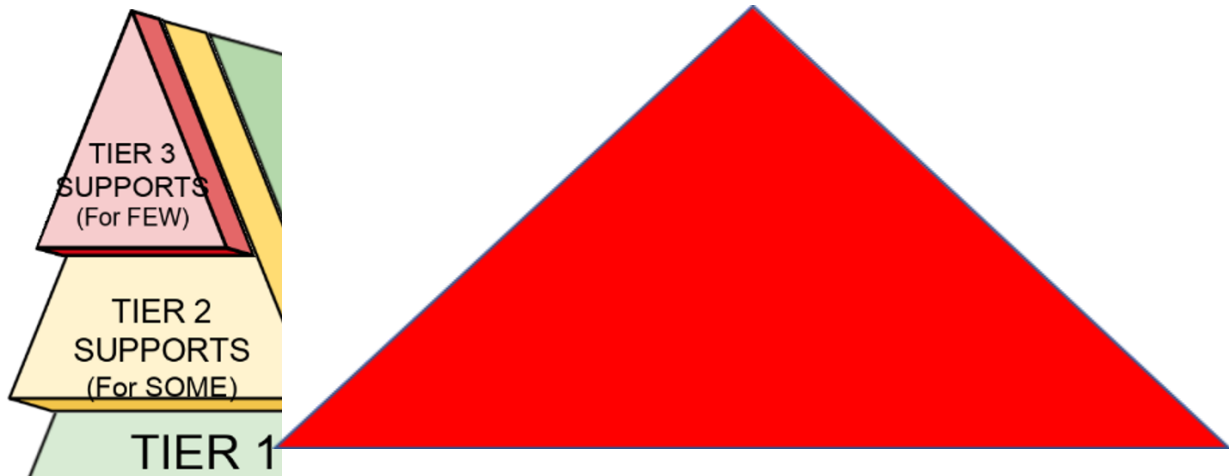


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 onry)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. “Cyber sexual bullying” does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of “bullying” and “electronic act” above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS’ education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment. In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS’ policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS’ bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed)*:

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.
I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. *(Same contact information as in Level 3)* The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> (required for all variations of dress uniform)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or jegging material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention. Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school. Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of threat on phone line
 - Name of school
 - Phone number of line receiving threat
 - Name and contact information of staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.
- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may

be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.

- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.
- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team

members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages

- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by the school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of them may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

MODULE 8 | Post-Crisis

The *COPING Model*SM

INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.

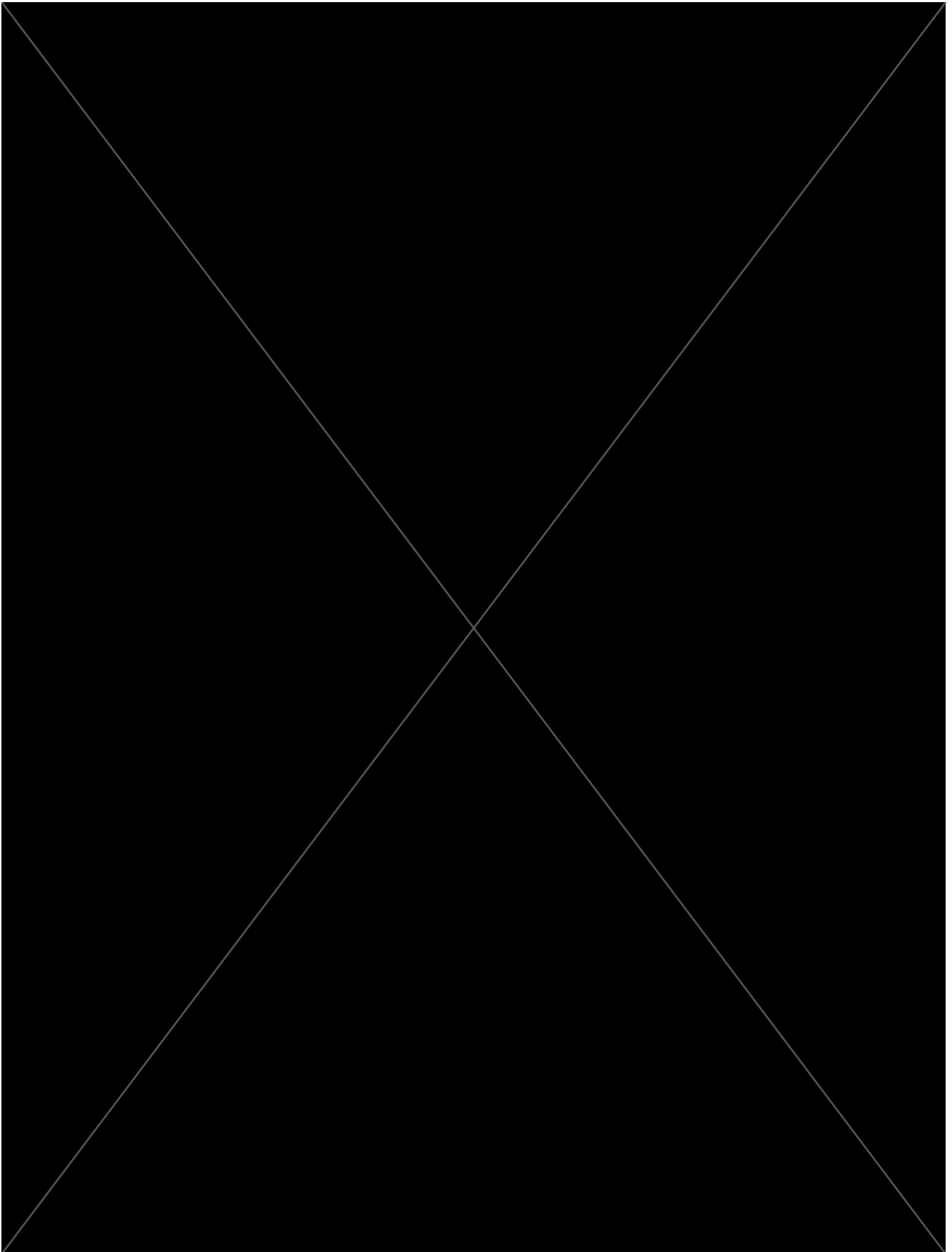
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

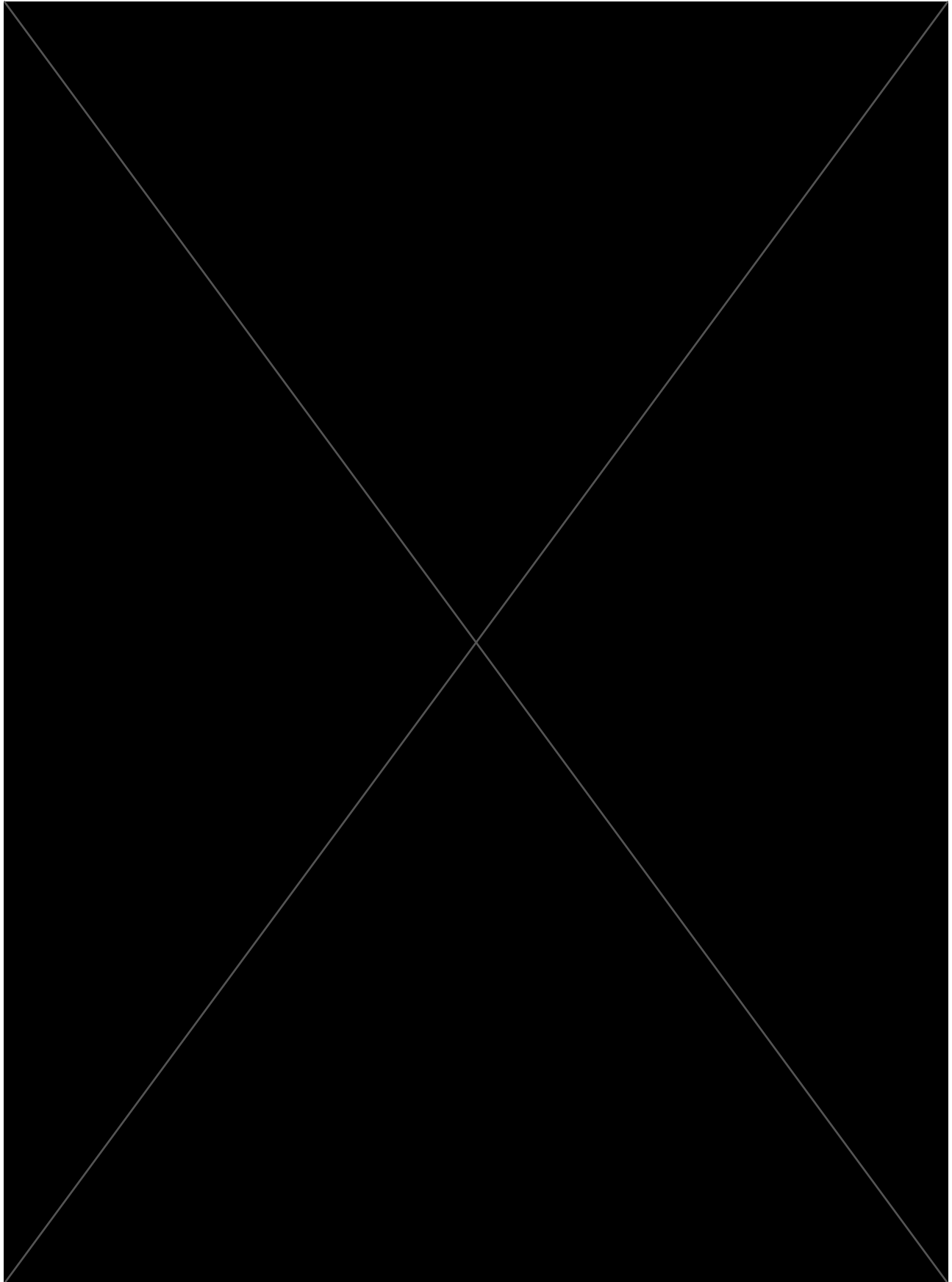
Magnolia Science Academy 2 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

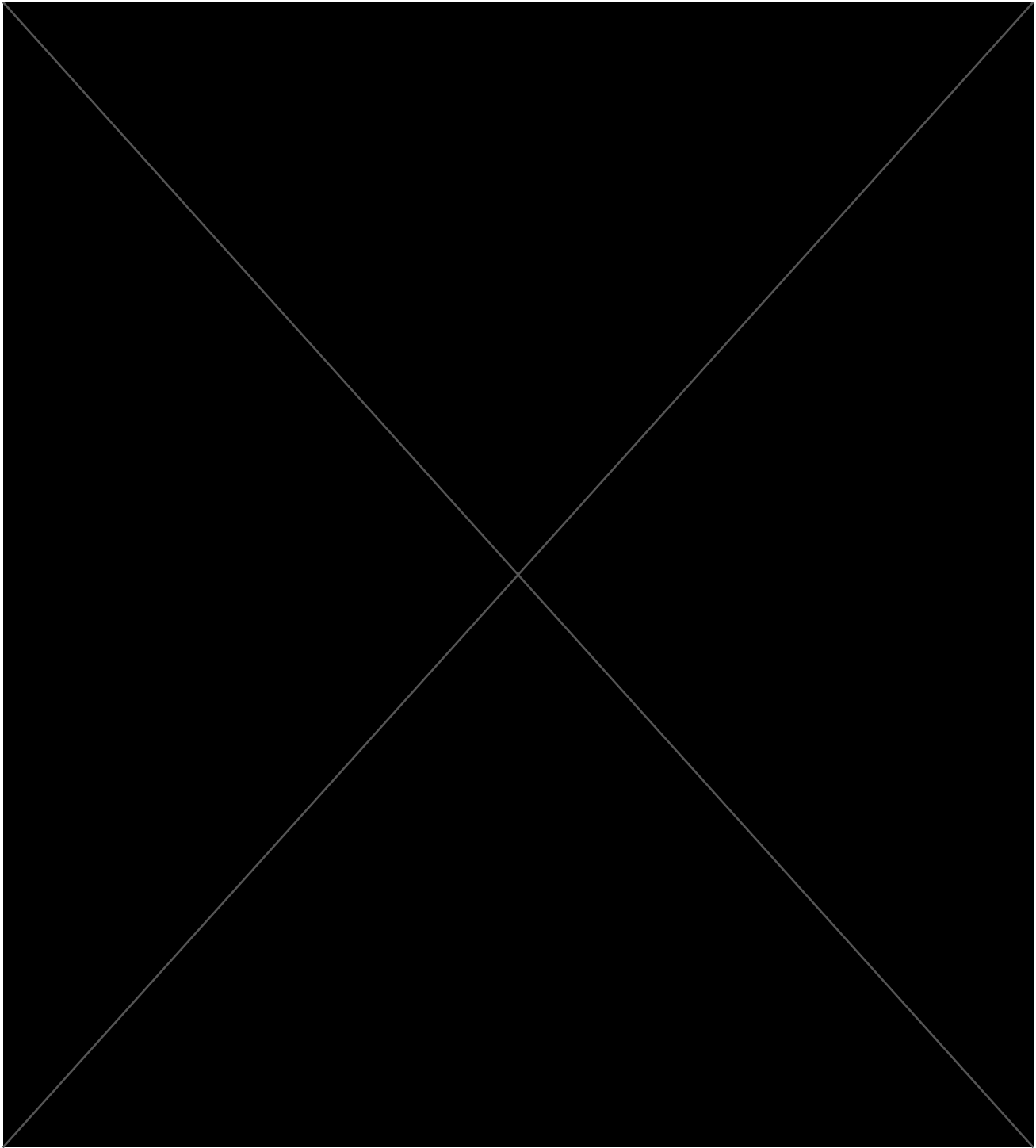


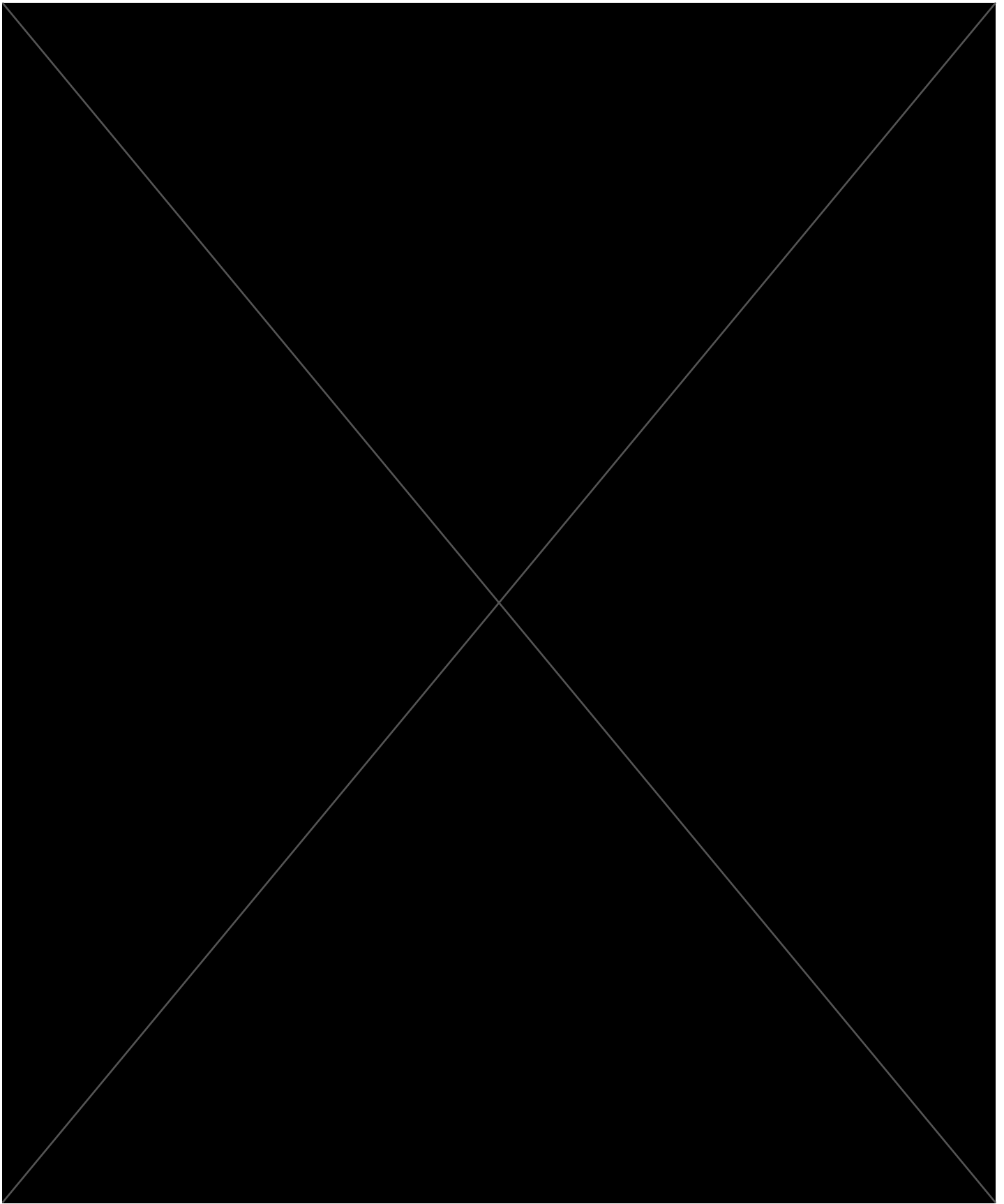
MAGNOLIA SCIENCE ACADEMY - 2

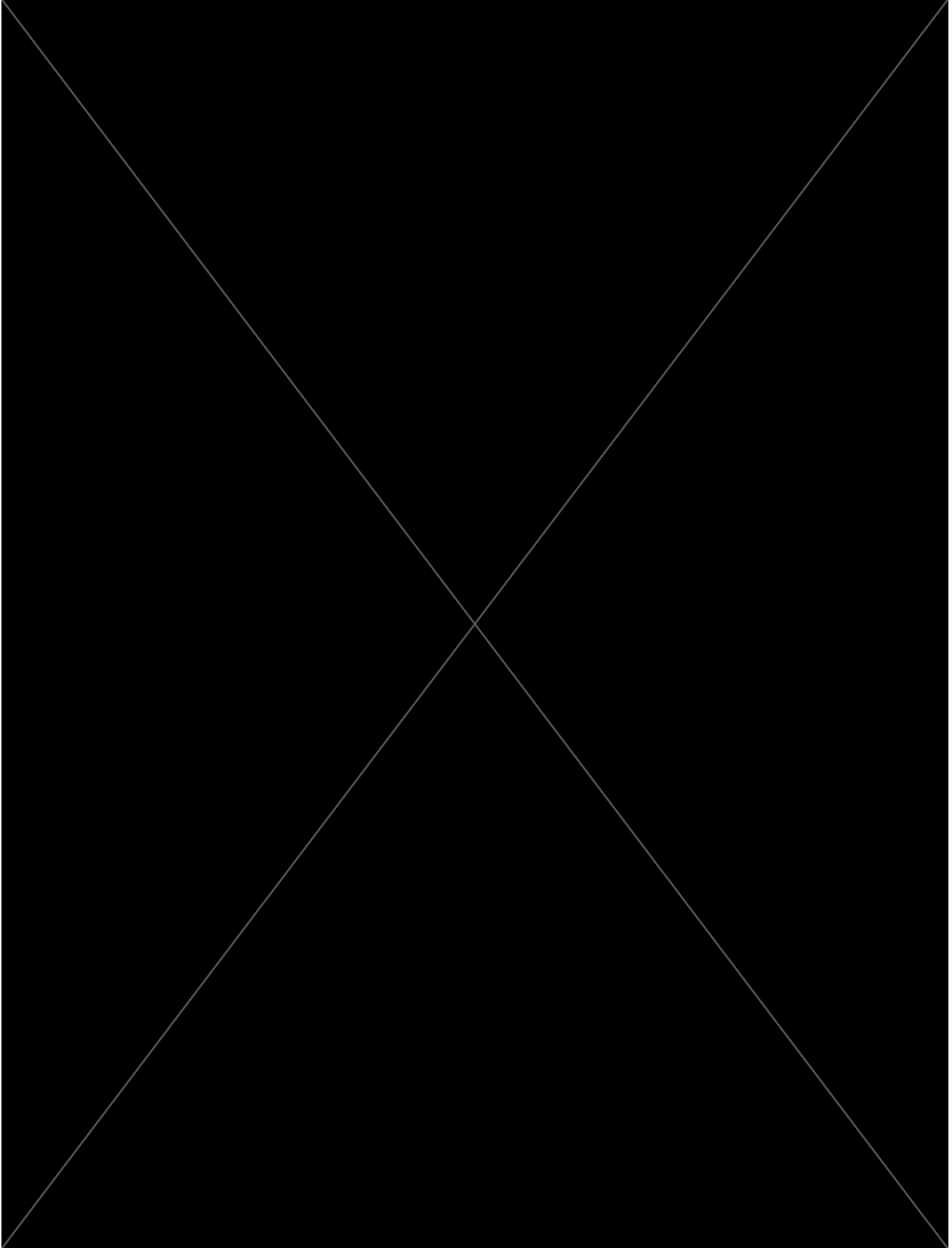
David Garner, Principal
17125 Victory Blvd,
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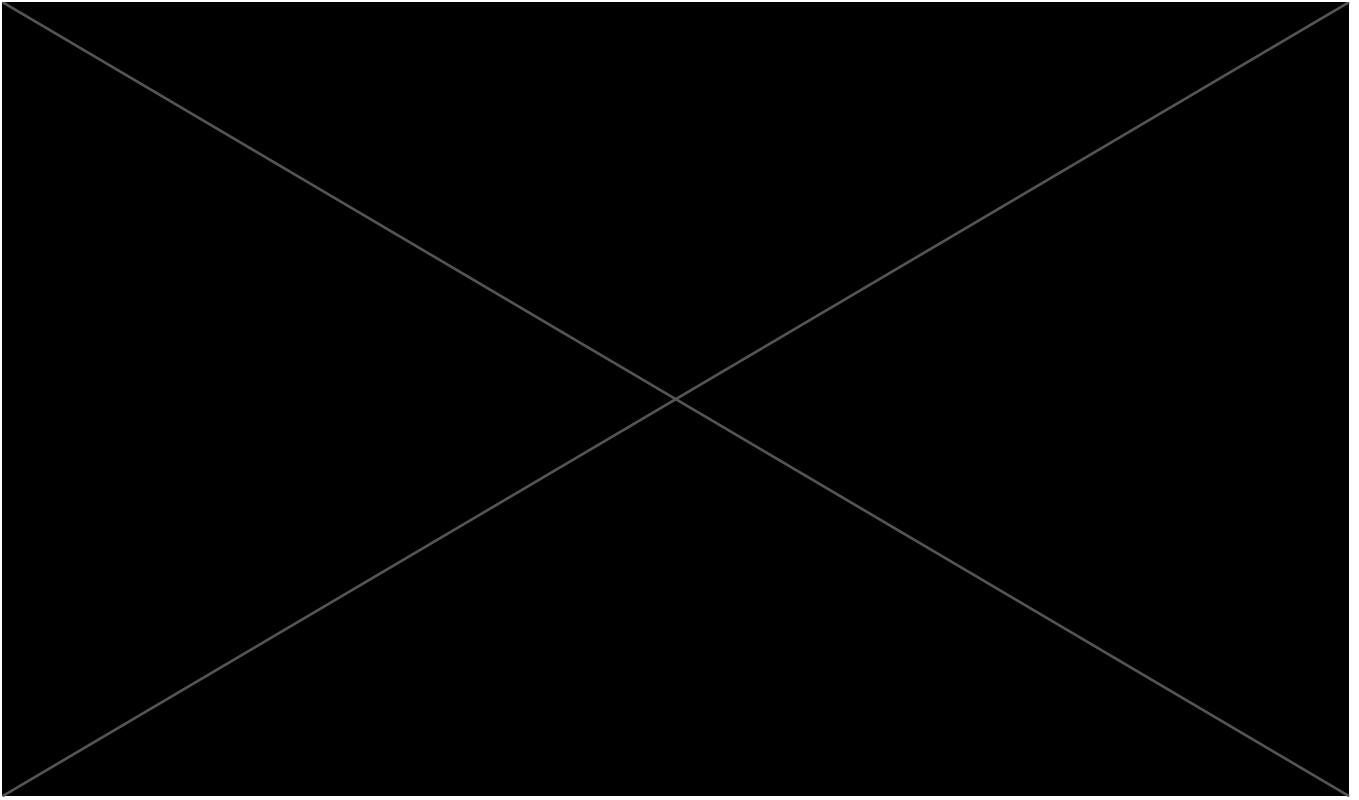












Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy 3 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



Zekeriya Ocel
1254 E Helmick St,
Carson, CA 90746
(310) 637-3806
zocel@magnoliapublicschools.org

A meeting for public input was held on January 12, 2023

Plan Revised January 12, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

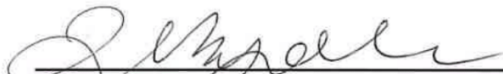
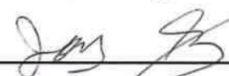
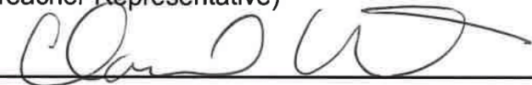


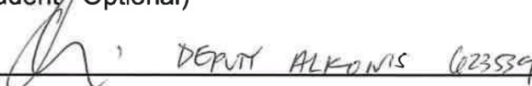


This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:30am - 4:00pm.

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

**Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the Magnolia Science Academy - 3 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

	1/17/2023
(Zekeriya Ocel), Principal (or Designee)	Date
	1/17/23
(Teacher Representative)	Date
	1/17/23
Parent	Date
	1/17/23
(Classified Employee Representative)	Date
	1/17/23
(Student - Optional)	Date
 DEPUTY ALKONIS 023539	1-26-23
(Law Enforcement Agency)	Date
(Fire Department)	Date
	1/17/23
(Other) Parent	Date
Alejandro Ruizman (Student)	1/17/23
 Think Together	1/17/23
Community Member	

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

The top three crime violations in the area of the school between August 16, 2022 (first day of school) and December 16, 2022, including

1. Larceny (78)
2. Motor Vehicle Theft (34)
3. Assault (24)

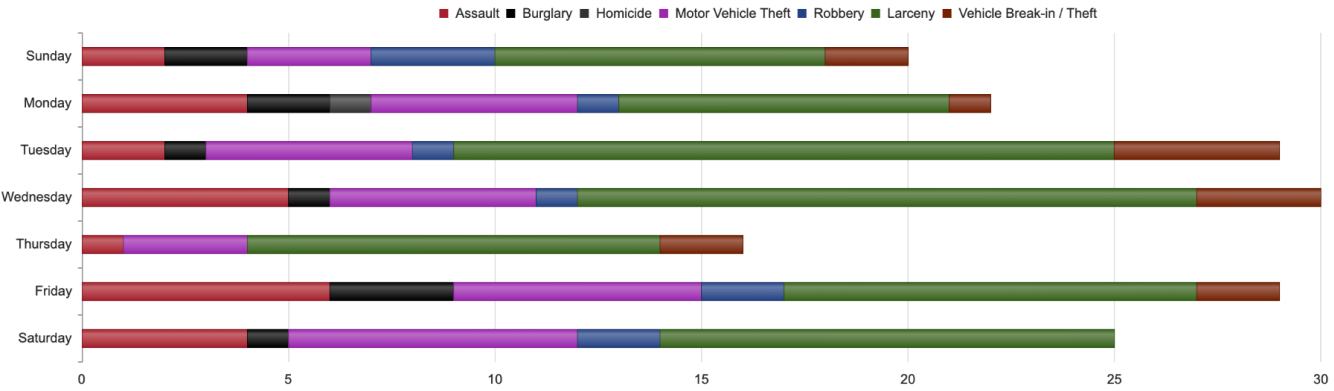
This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.

Crime Incidents

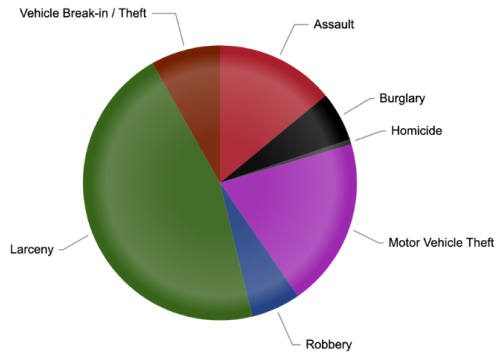
08-16-2022 to 12-16-2022 (123 Days)

171 Records

Day of Week Summary



Crime Summary



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on December 20th, 2022. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	0	0	4	22
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	1	0
Expulsion Data	0	0	1	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	0	0	50	50
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	92%	95%	90%	90.6%

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

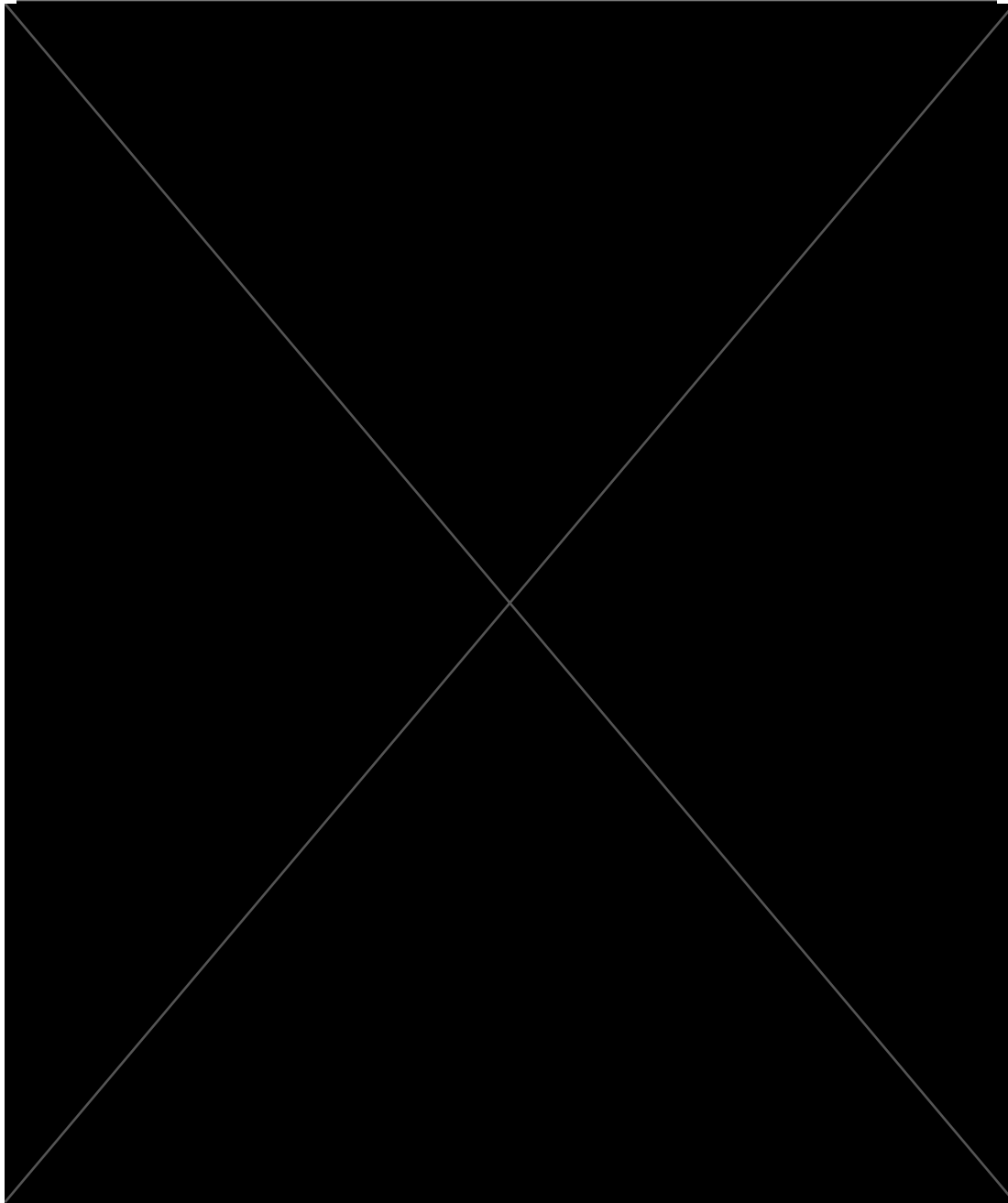
Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

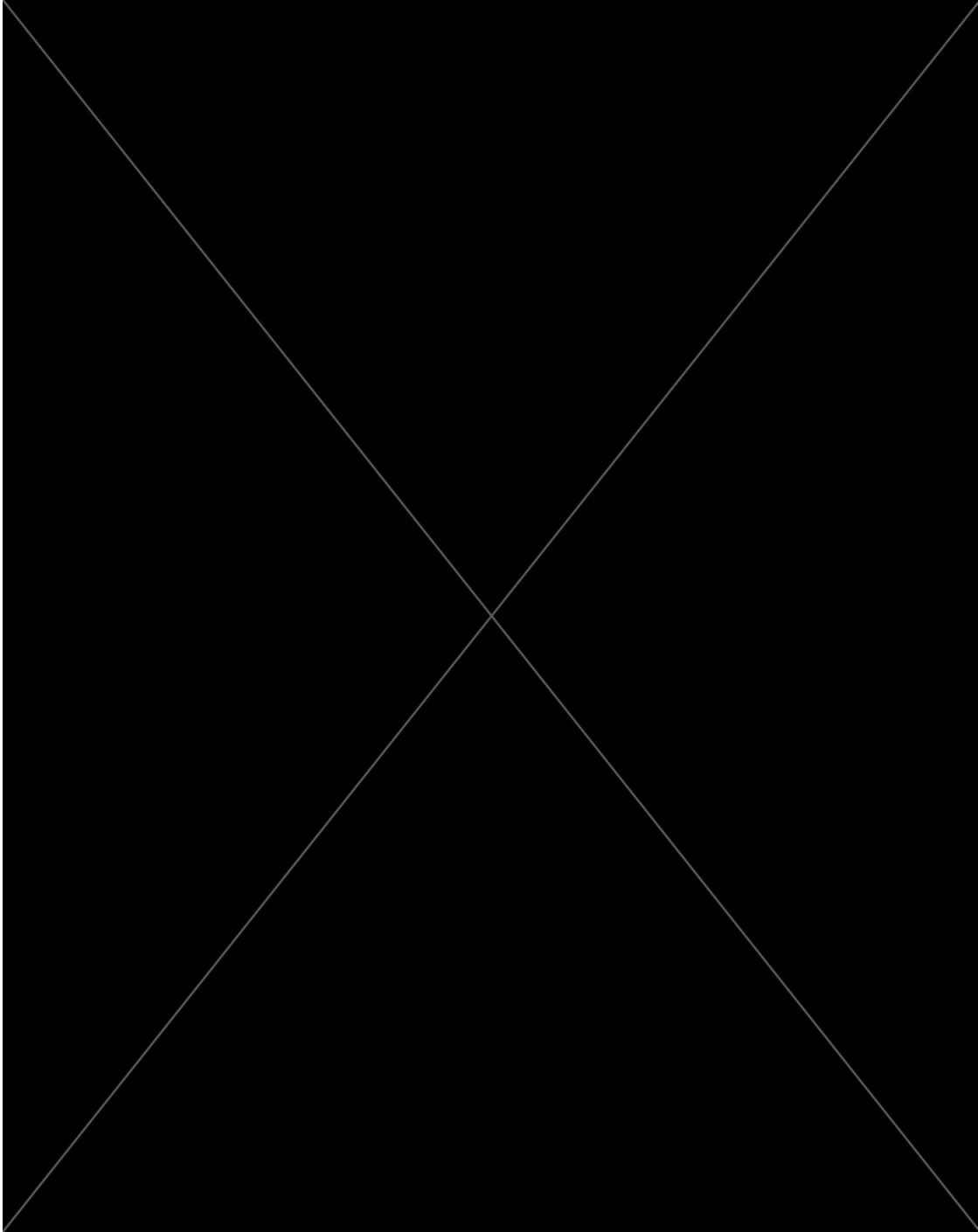
- **Objective:** Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- **Related Activities:** Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- **Resources needed:** Safety plan
- **Person(s) responsible for implementation:** Designated Administrator, Safety Committee
- **Budget:** Refer to schools' annual budget
- **Evaluation guidelines:** Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Safety

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and participate in emergency drills such as lockdown, earthquake, and fire

- Objective: Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the case of emergencies on campus
- Related Activities: Monthly drills on campus
- Resources needed: Safety plan, safety resources
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Principal, Safety Committee
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Emergency Drill Data - LACOE, LAUSD





Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name *
 Last Name *
 Email Address *

1) Drill Type *
 fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One *
 new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *
 4) Time Started *
 5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type *
 bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? *
 yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? *
 yes
 no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? *
 yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties *	<input type="radio"/> 5	d) Accounting for everyone *	<input type="radio"/> 5	e) Alert system *	<input type="radio"/> 5
	<input type="radio"/> 4		<input type="radio"/> 4		<input type="radio"/> 4		<input type="radio"/> 4		<input type="radio"/> 4
	<input type="radio"/> 3		<input type="radio"/> 3		<input type="radio"/> 3		<input type="radio"/> 3		<input type="radio"/> 3
	<input type="radio"/> 2		<input type="radio"/> 2		<input type="radio"/> 2		<input type="radio"/> 2		<input type="radio"/> 2
	<input type="radio"/> 1		<input type="radio"/> 1		<input type="radio"/> 1		<input type="radio"/> 1		<input type="radio"/> 1
	<input type="radio"/> n/a		<input type="radio"/> n/a		<input type="radio"/> n/a		<input type="radio"/> n/a		<input type="radio"/> n/a

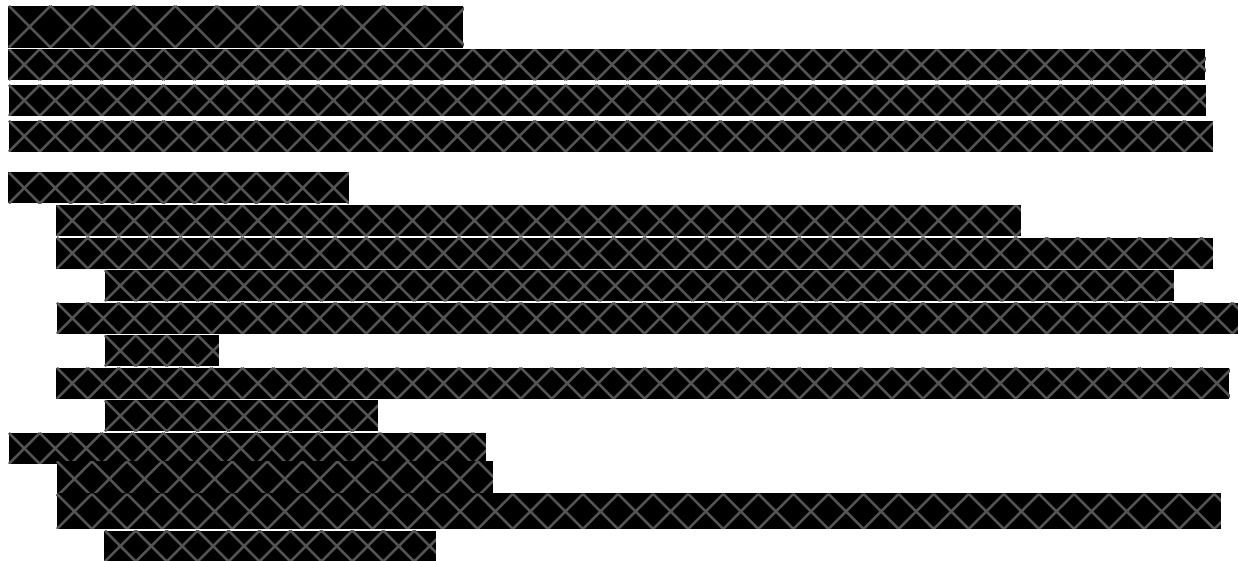
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

Emergency Drill Calendar 2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
Fire	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
Lockdown	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
Shelter-in-Place	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
Take Cover	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written

follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all the required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occurs throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the

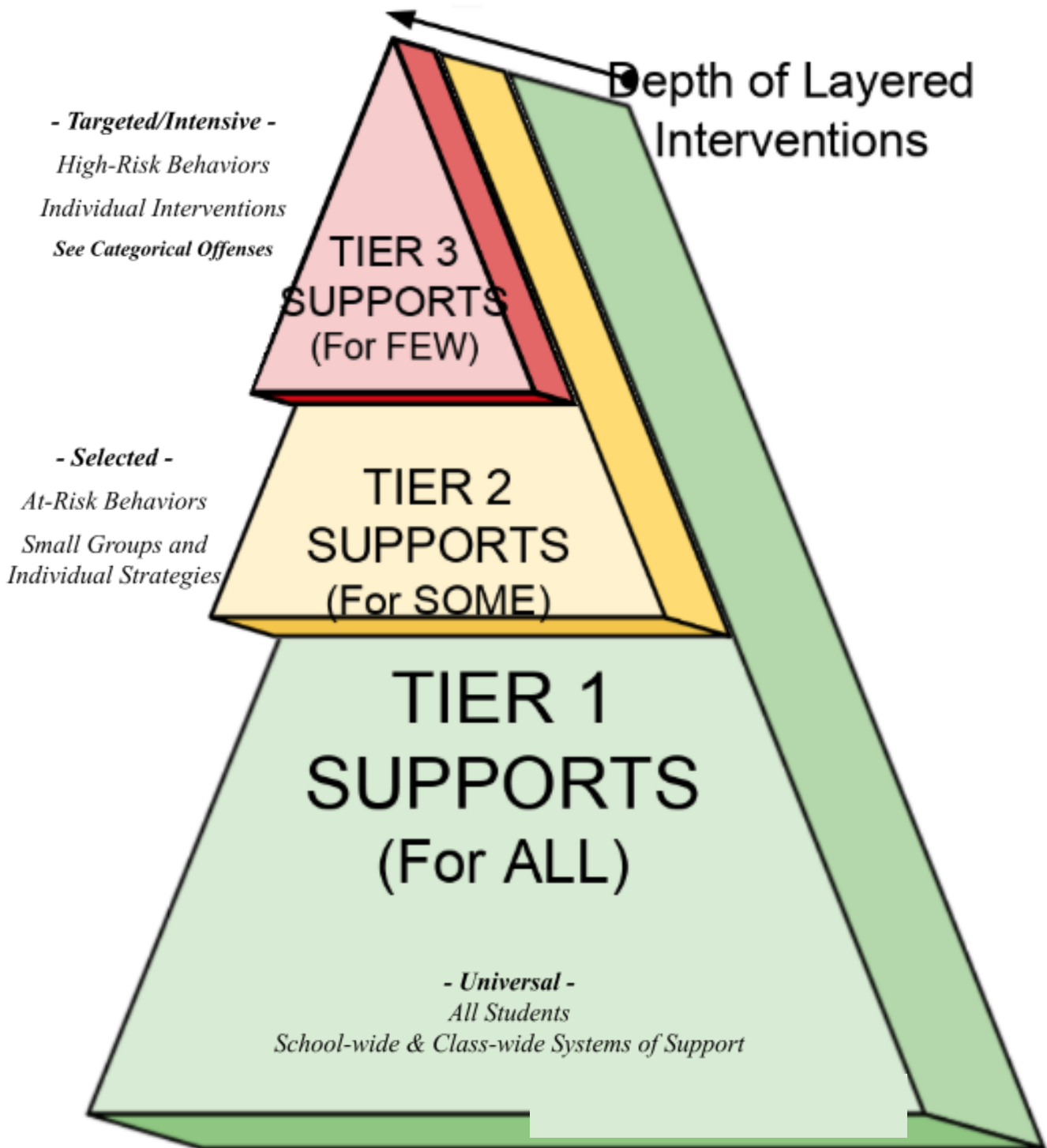
Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

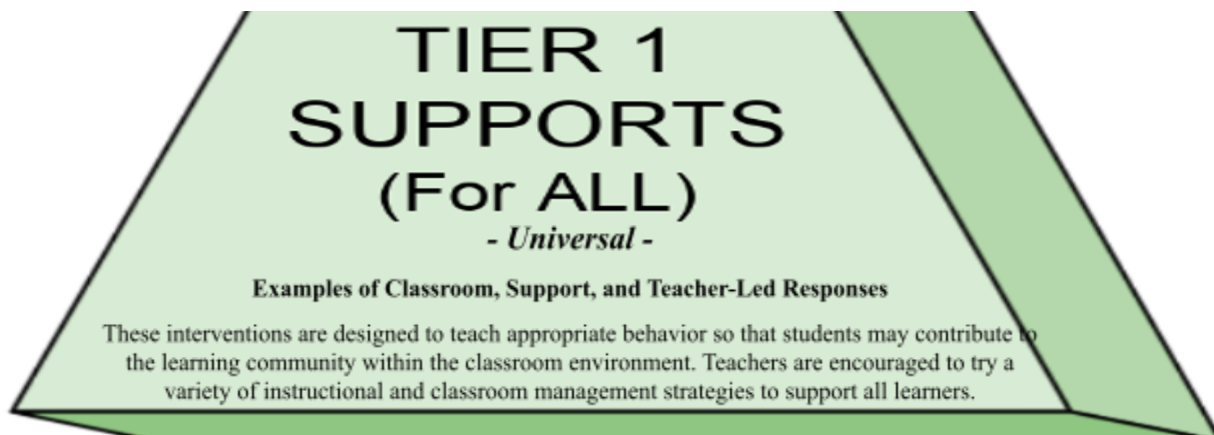
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

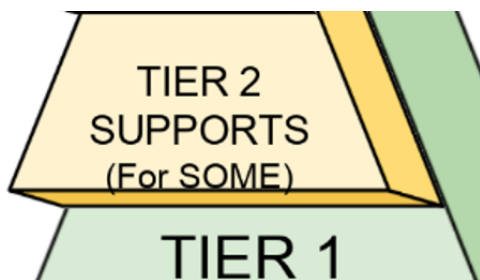
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

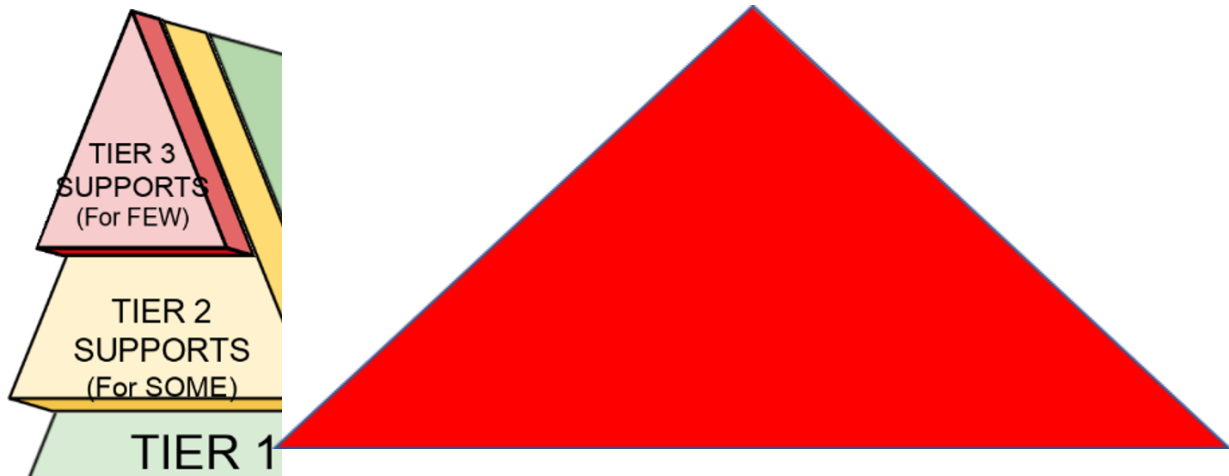


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 only)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. "Cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of "bullying" and "electronic act" above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS' education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS' policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS' bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed):*

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.
I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. *(Same contact information as in Level 3)* The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> <i>(required for all variations of dress uniform)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or jegging material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention. Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school. Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving the threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.
- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may

be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.

- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.
- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team

members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages

- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, an overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by the school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of them may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

The COPING ModelSM



INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.

Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy 3
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



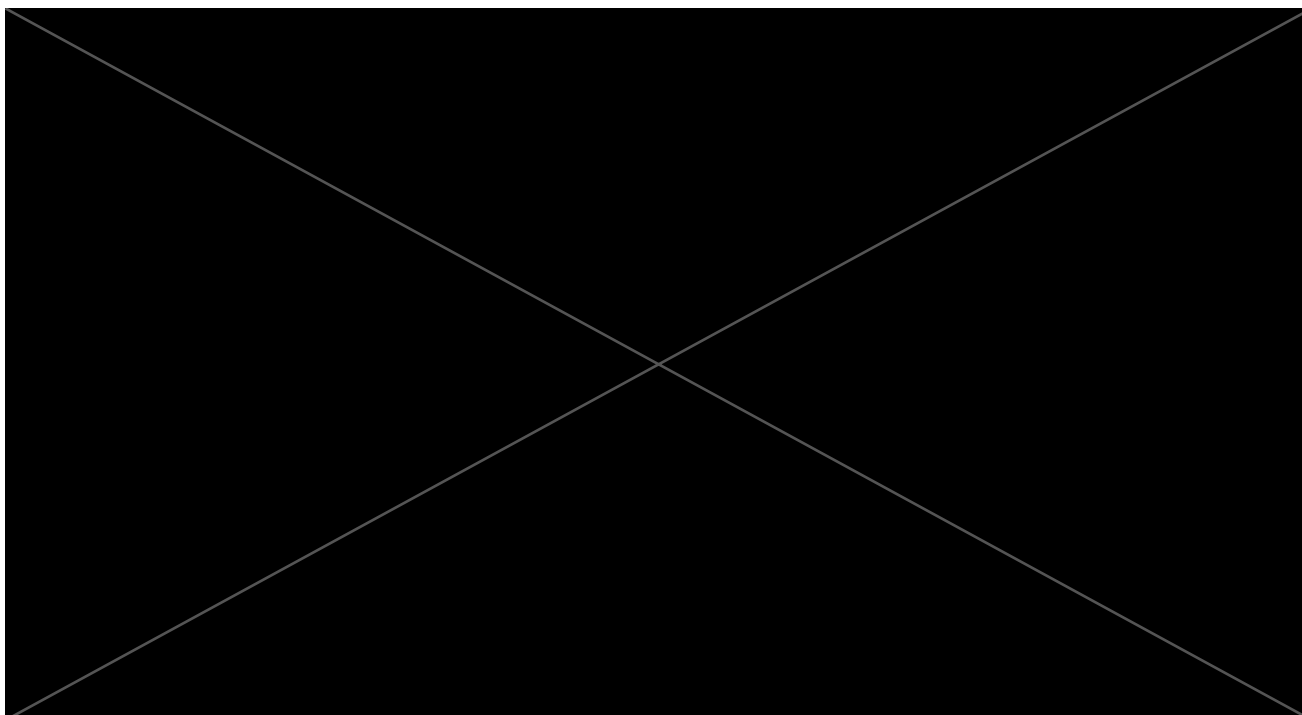
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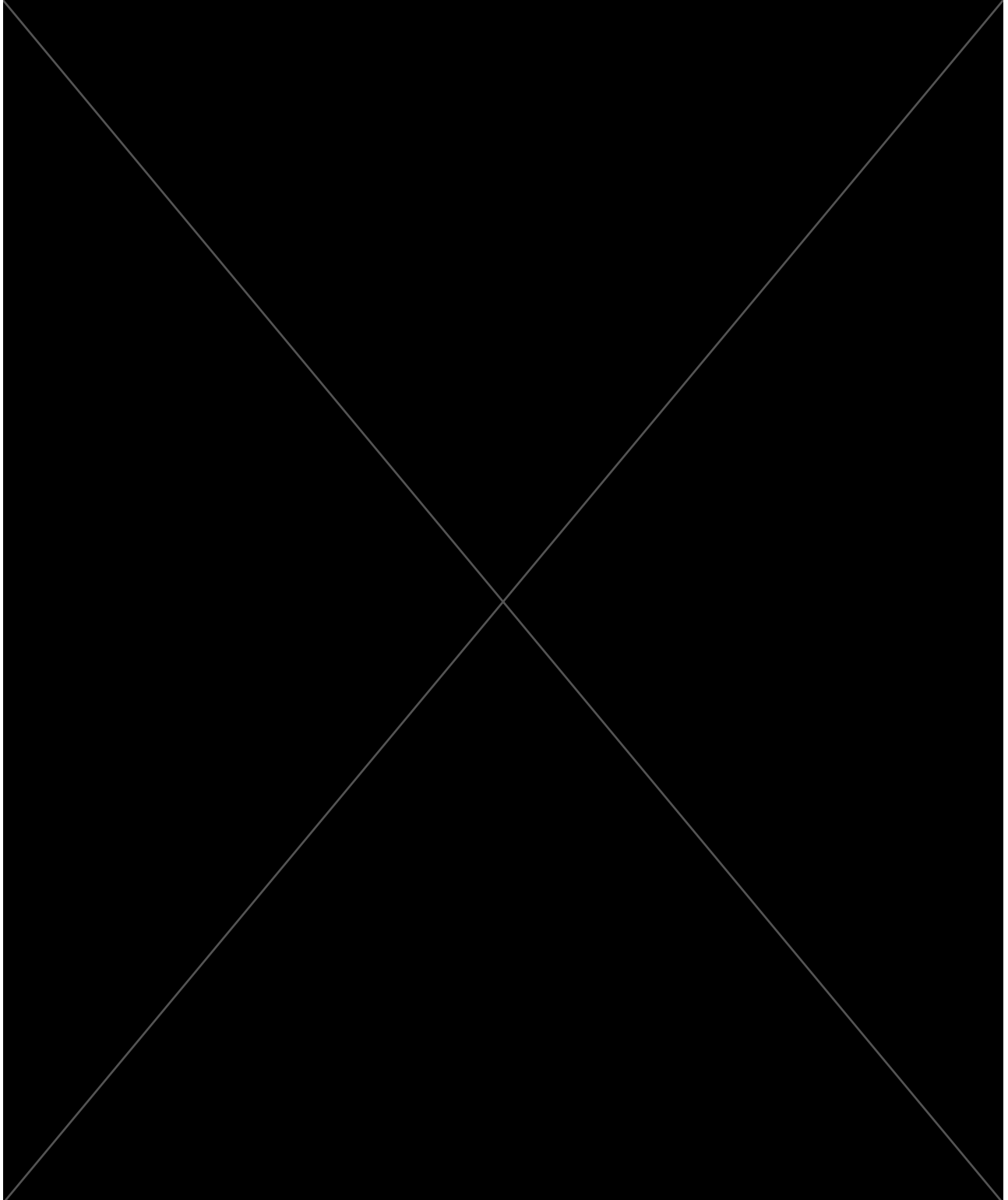
CSSP Definitions for School

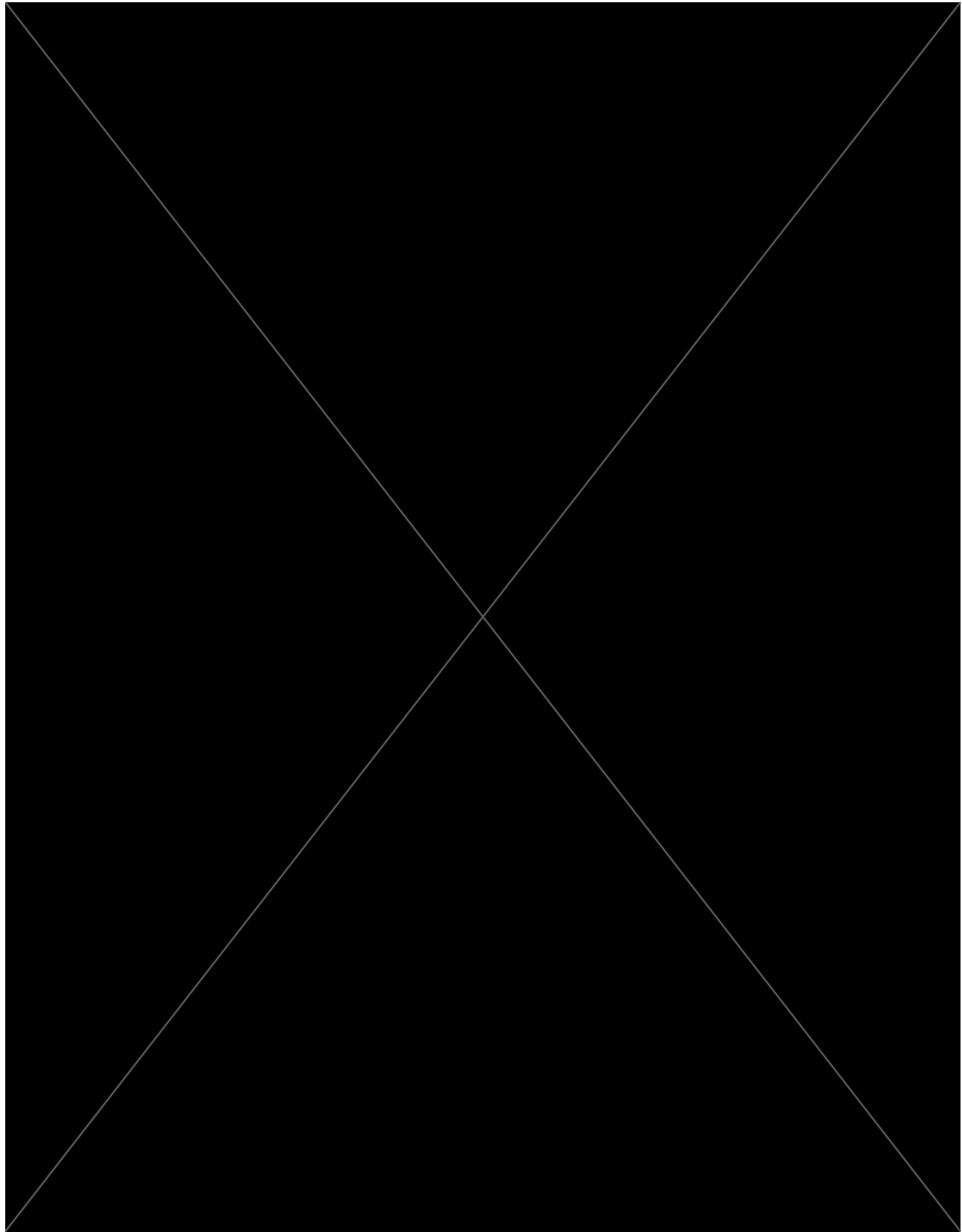
- Incident Commander – responsible for directing emergency operations
- Chief External Officer– Official spokesperson for an incident
- Agency Liaison – coordinates with outside agencies
- Safety Coordinator – ensures that emergency operations are conducted safely
- Operations Section Chief - responsible for managing all tactical operations at an incident
- Planning Section Chief - responsible for collecting and evaluating information
- Logistics Section Chief - provides all incident support needs such as facilities, transportation, communications, supplies/equipment and food services
- Finance/Administration Section Chief - responsible for managing all financial aspects and paperwork of an incident

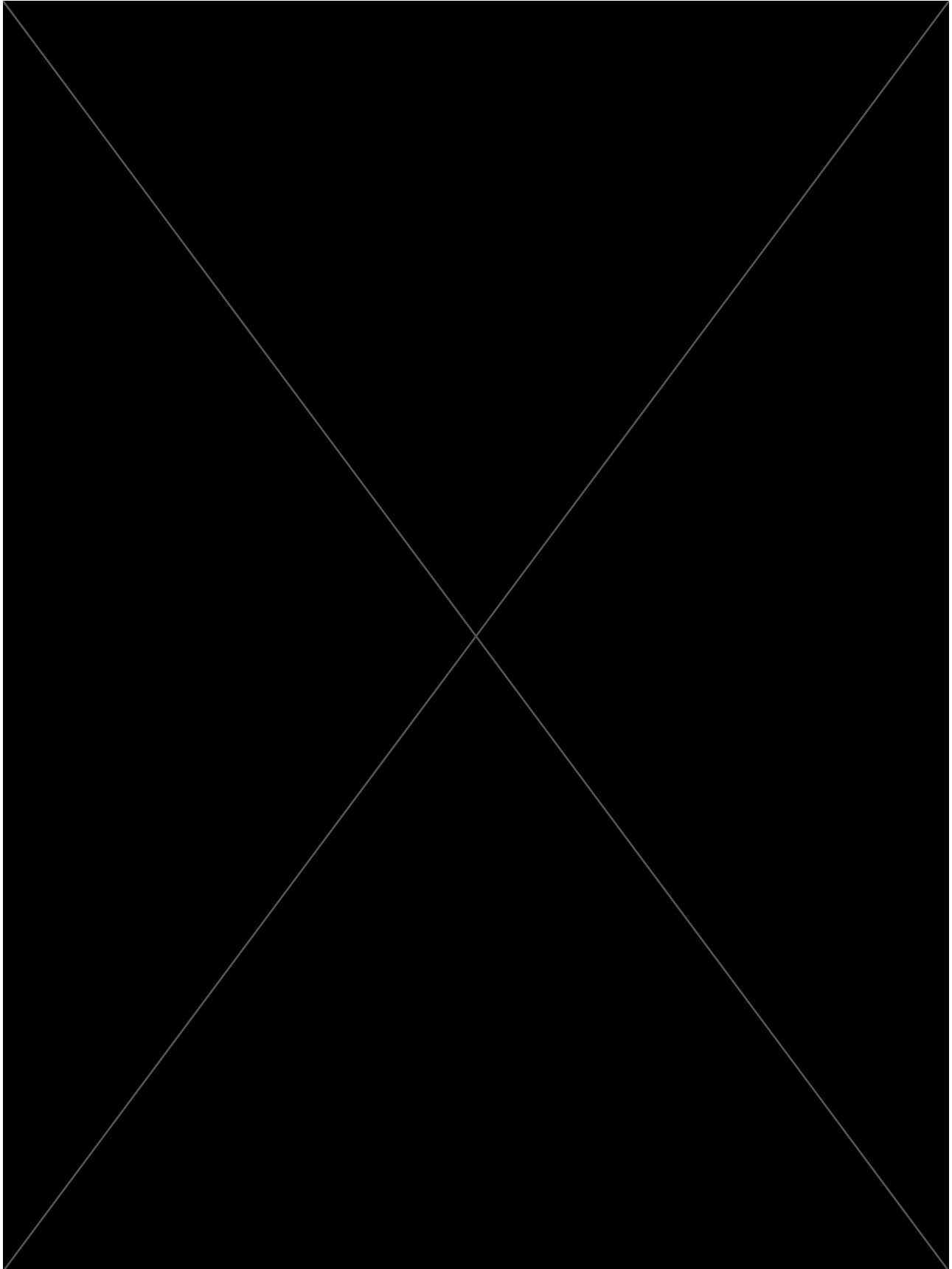
Emergency Teams:

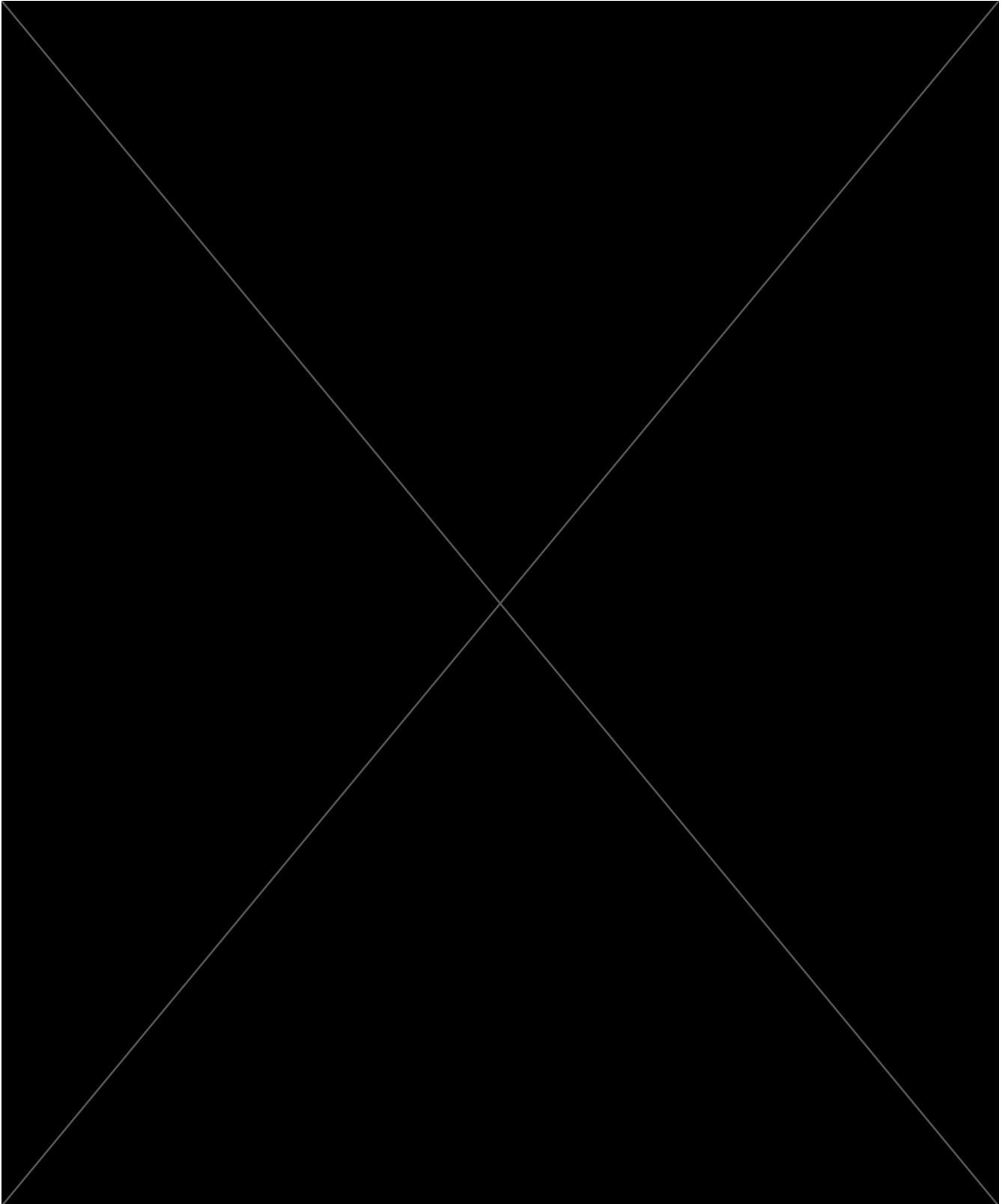
- Triage – ensures supplies are accessible, evacuates and stages supplies, performs triage and provides medical assistance
- Security/Utilities – ensures school site security and performs short-term repairs and shutoff of utilities
- Fire Suppression/Hazmat – extinguishes fires and evaluates chemical spills
- Request Gate – processes requests for student pick-up
- Reunion Gate – reunites students and parents at Reunion Gate
- Search and Rescue – performs search and rescue operations
- Assembly Area – ensures safe evacuation and accounting for all students, staff and visitors
- School Site Crisis – provides psychological/emotional support for students and staff
- Supply/Equipment - ensures adequate equipment and supplies
- Documentation – maintains emergency log
- Communication – analyzes situation and updates Incident Commander

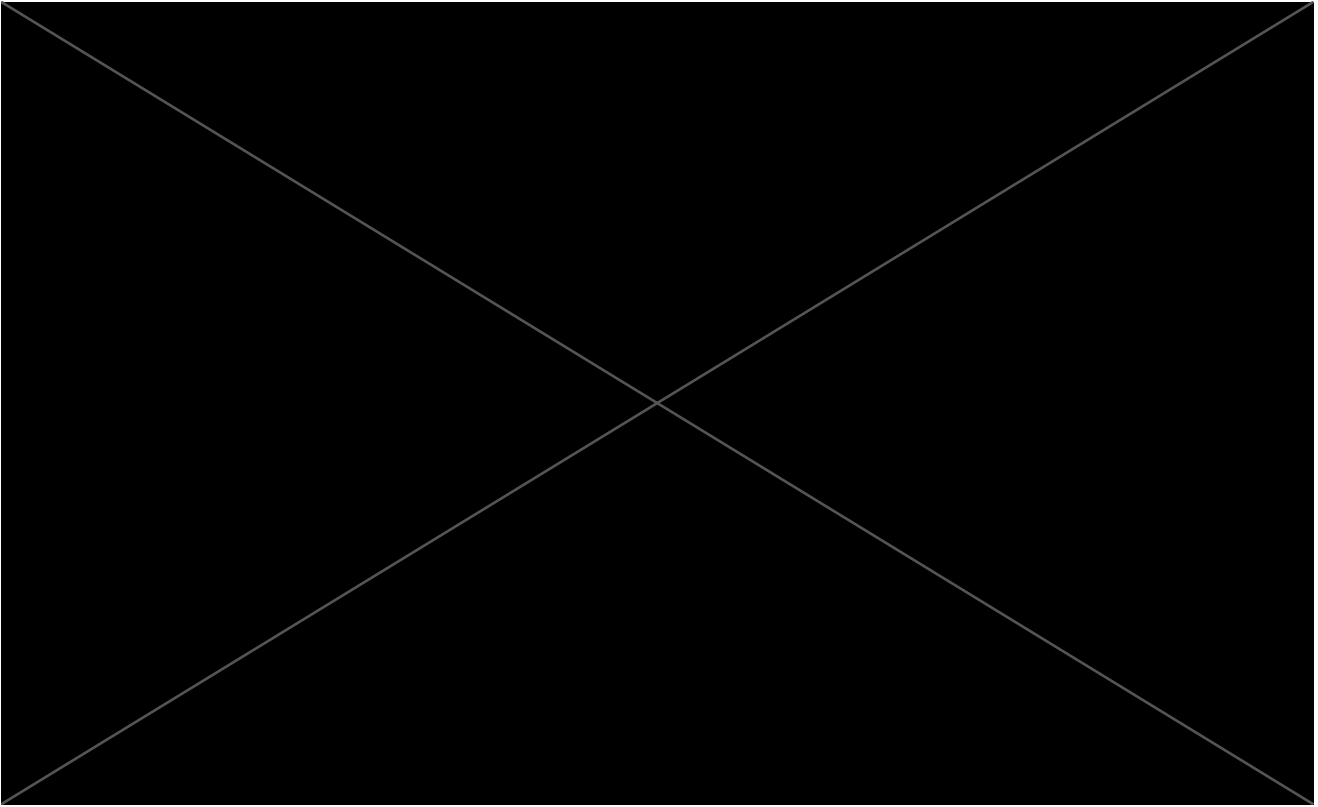












Comprehensive School Safety Plan
Magnolia Science Academy 4
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



Musa Avsar, Principal
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Los Angeles, California 90064
310-473-2464
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A meeting for public input was held on Feb 1, 2023

Plan Revised Feb 3, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:30am - 4:00pm.

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

**Magnolia Science Academy 4
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the Magnolia Science Academy 4 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

Musa Avsar January 31, 2023

Musa Avsar, Principal (or Designee) Date

Ahmet Katmer January 31, 2023

Ahmet Katmer, (Teacher Representative) Date

Signature Here Date
(Norma Padilla), Parent

Cristine Perez January 31, 2023
Cristine Perez, (Classified Employee Representative) Date

Signature Here Date
Javier Nurinda, (Student - Optional)

Signature Here Date
(name), (Law Enforcement Agency)

Signature Here Date
(name), (Fire Department)

Elizabeth Veloz January 31, 2023
(Elizabeth Veloz), (Assistant Principal) Date

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

The top three crime violations in the area of the school between August 16, 2022 (first day of school) and December 16, 2022, including

1. #1 Vehicle Break-in/Theft
2. #2 Larceny
3. #3 Burglary

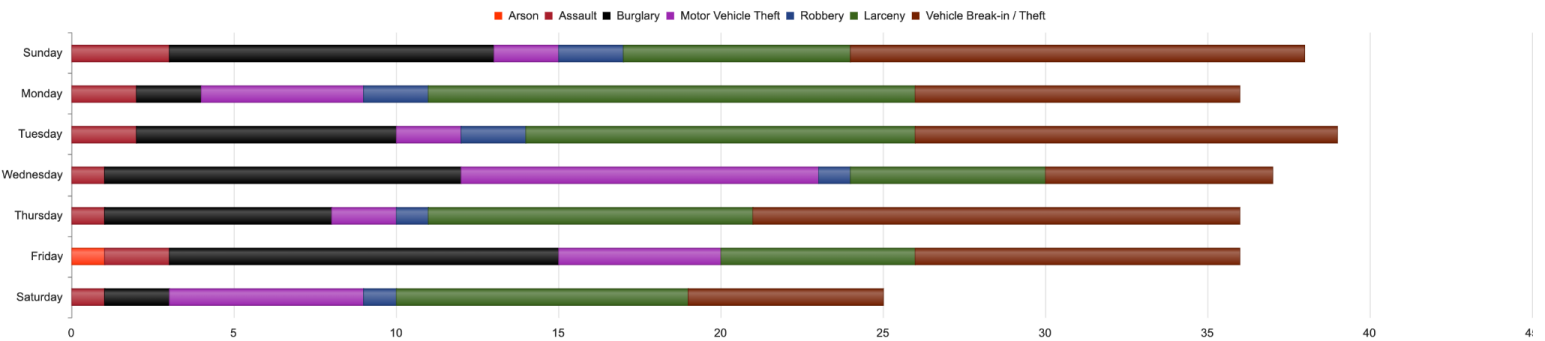
This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.

Crime Incidents

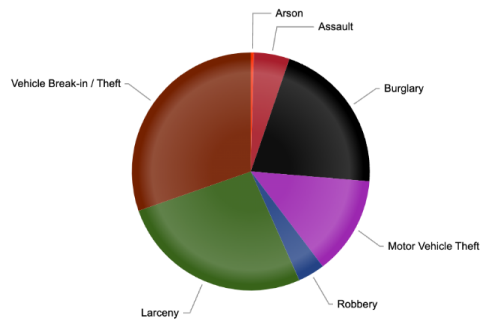
08-16-2022 to 12-16-2022 (123 Days)

247 Records

Day of Week Summary



Crime Summary



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on December 16, 2022. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	4	0	3	4
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	0	0
Expulsion Data	0	0	0	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	61	7	53	26
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	93.5%	95.6%	86.3%	89.8%
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	21.7%	18.0%	35.0%	43.8%
Graduation Rate	85%	100%	96.3%	TBD

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

- Objective: Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- Related Activities: Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- Resources needed: Safety plan
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated Administrator, Safety Committee
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Co-location Collaboration for Safety

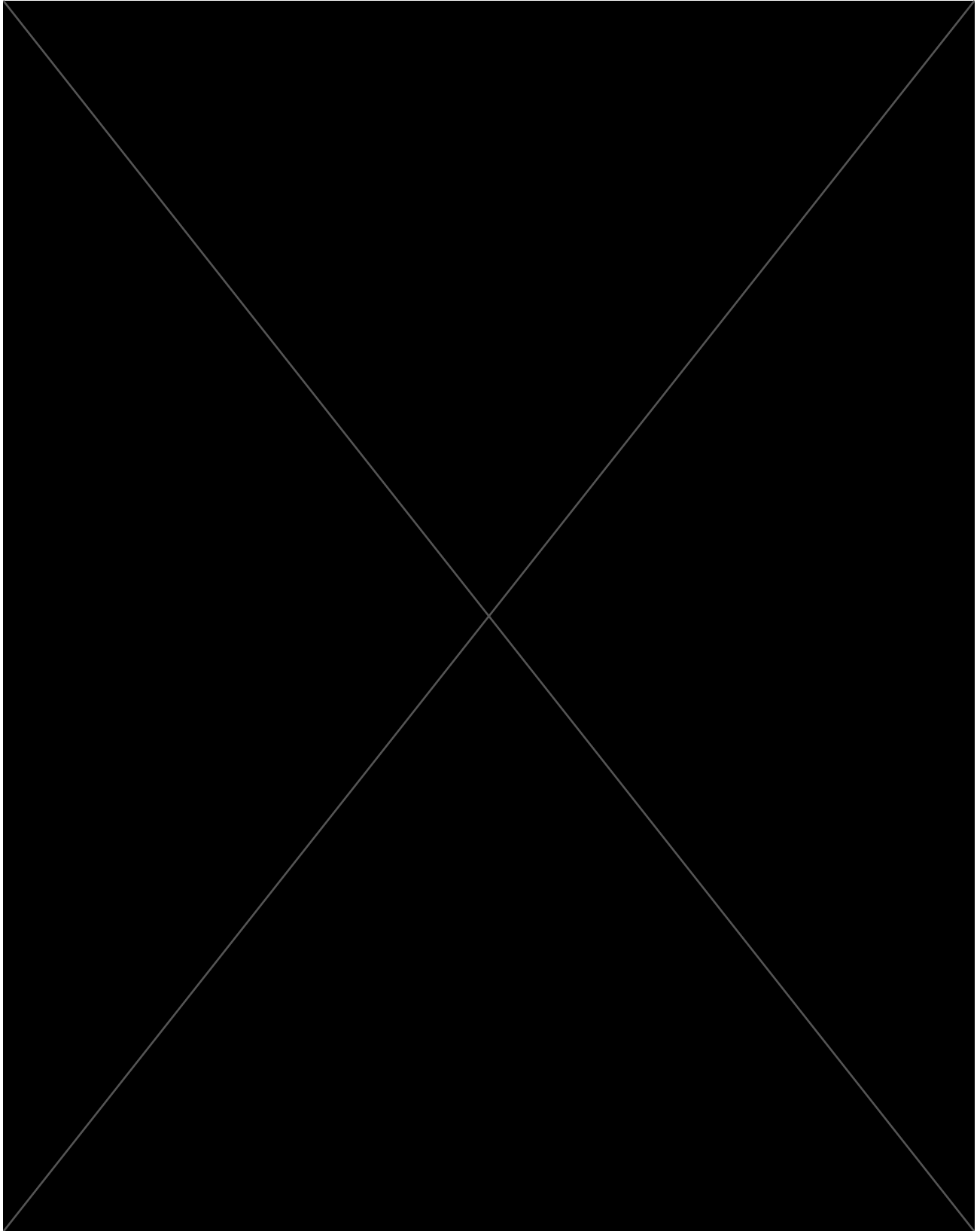
Goal(s): We will work with co-located schools implementing strategies to ensure student safety.

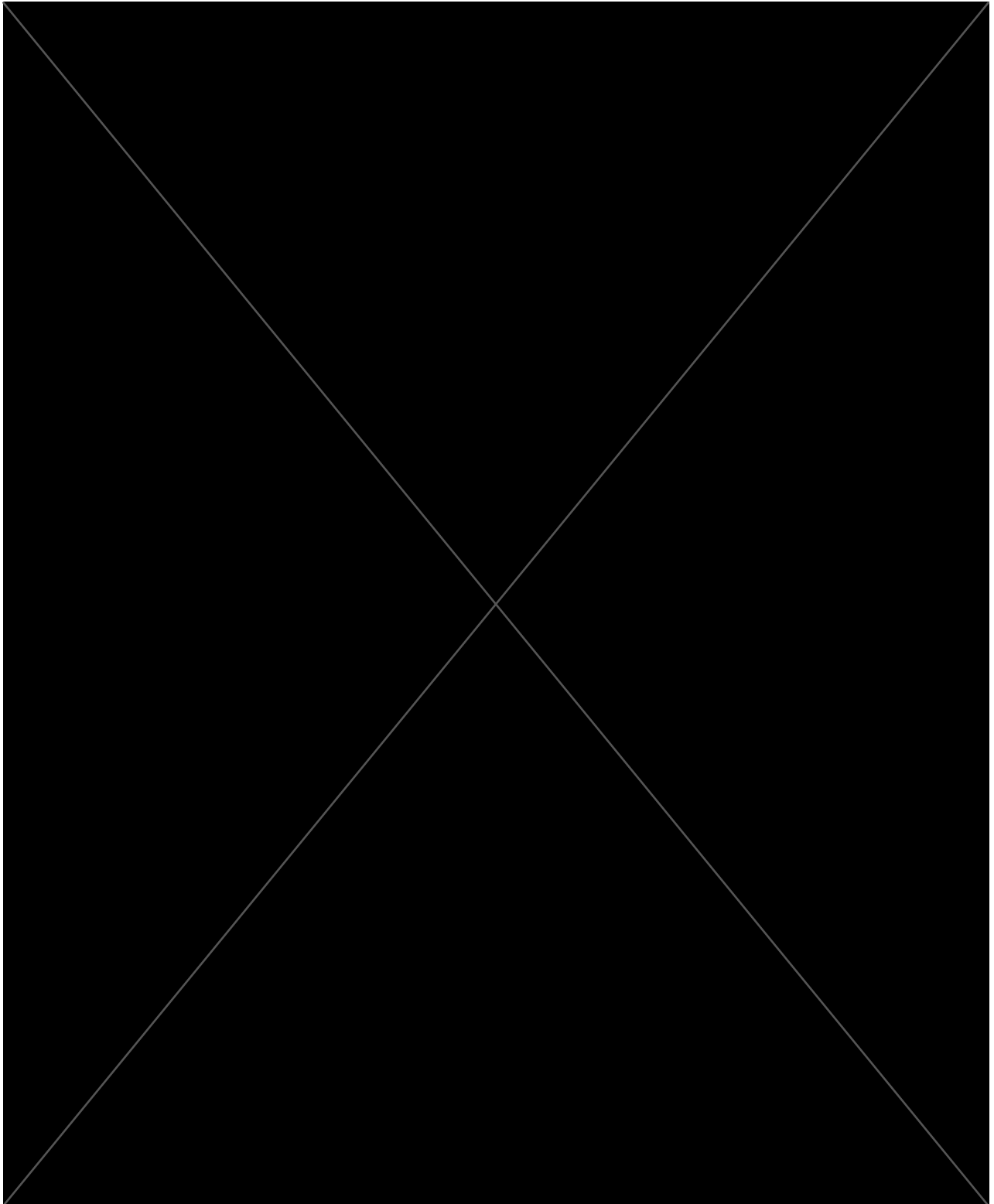
- Objective: Review the safety plans and share ideas to improve safety.
- Related Activities: Monthly collaboration meetings.
- Resources needed: School Safety Plans
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated administrators
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Meeting minutes

Component 3: Safety Drills

Goal(s): We will administer safety drills on a monthly basis in order to ensure student and staff readiness.

- Objective: To ensure students and staff are ready to act properly in case of emergencies.
- Related Activities: Creating an emergency drill calendar and implementing it.
- Resources needed: School Safety Plan
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated administrator and school staff
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Emergency drill evaluation forms.





Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____
--

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name * Last Name * Email Address *

1) Drill Type * fire earthquake lockdown shelter in place take cover

2) Select One * new drill submission drill resubmission actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *

4) Time Started *

5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type * bell/tone PA system megaphone whistle other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? * yes no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? * yes no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? * yes no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
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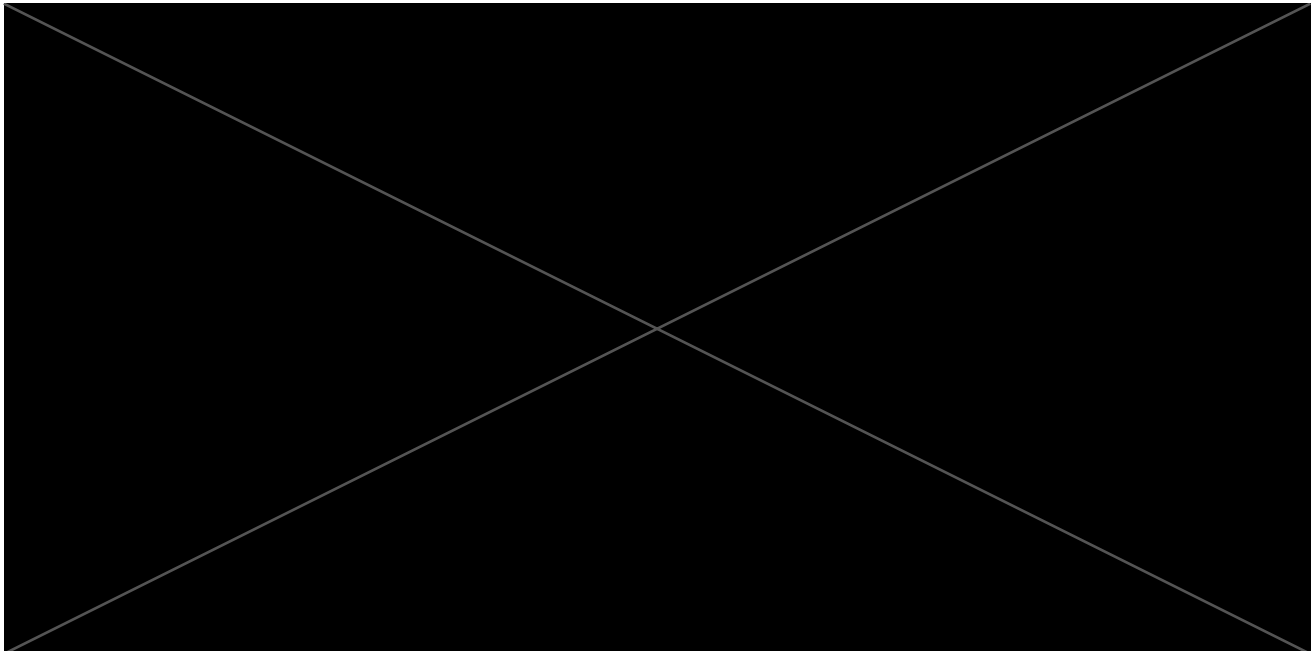
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? * yes no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

Emergency Drill Calendar 2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
<i>Fire</i>	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Lockdown</i>	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)</i>	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Shelter-in-Place</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Take Cover</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written

follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students, and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occurs throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the

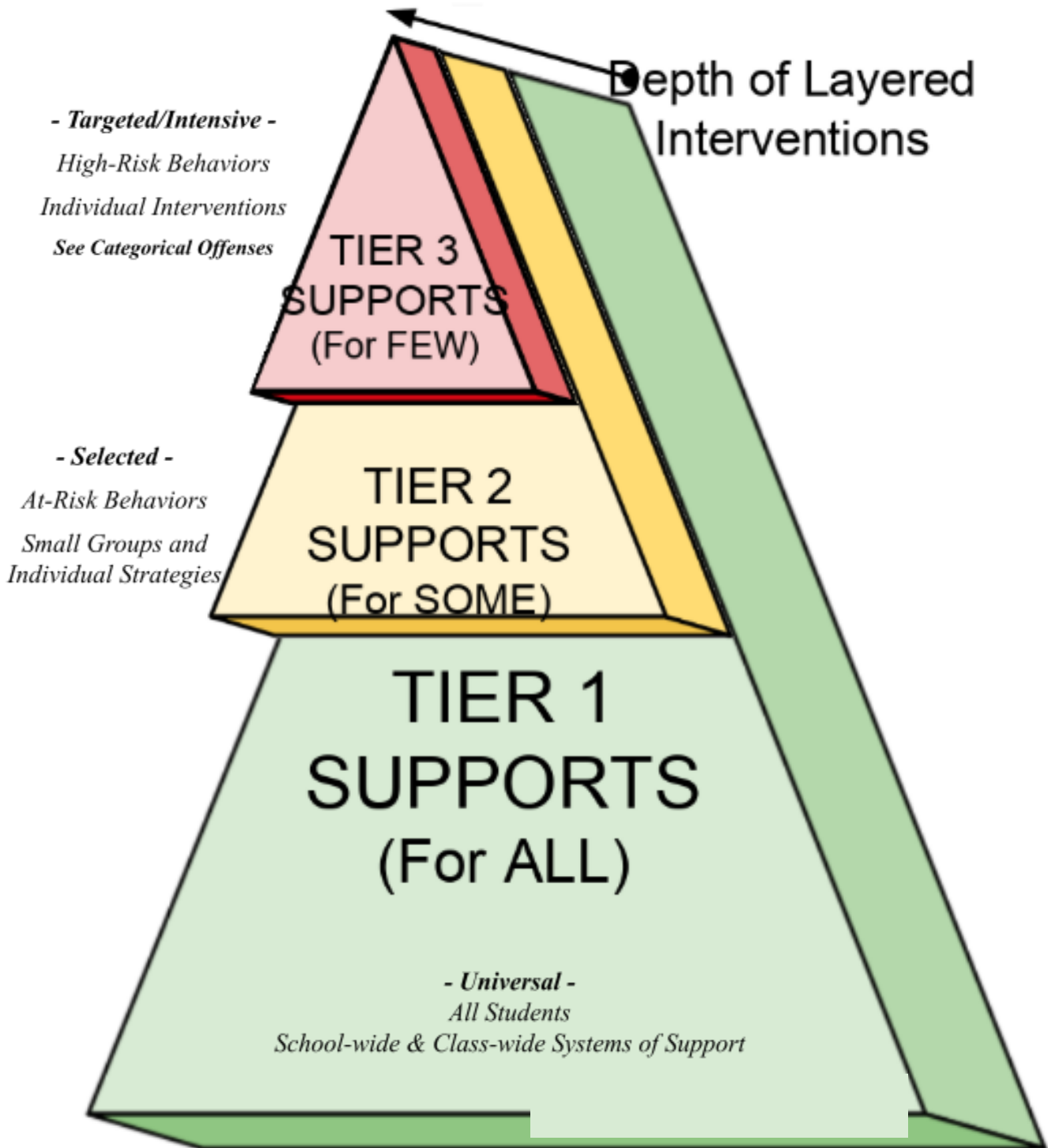
Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

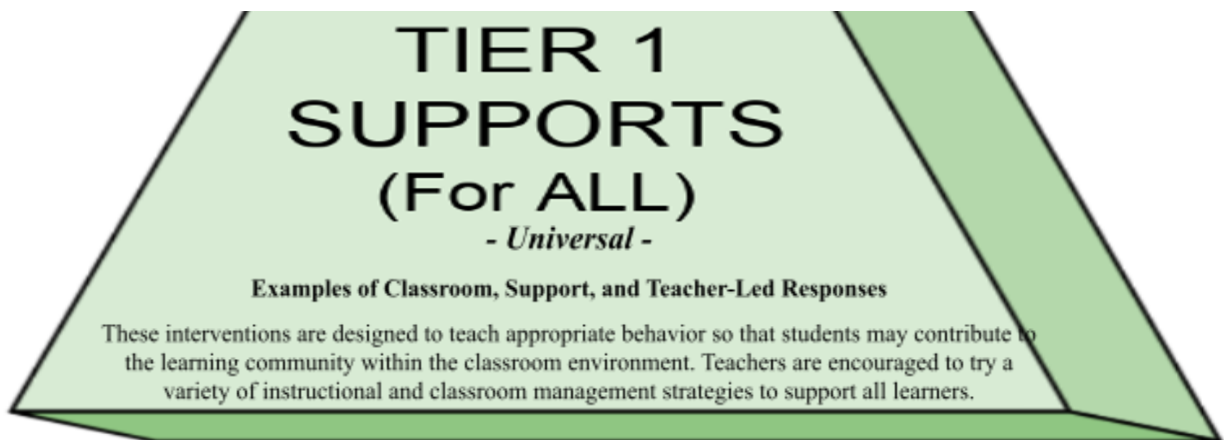
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

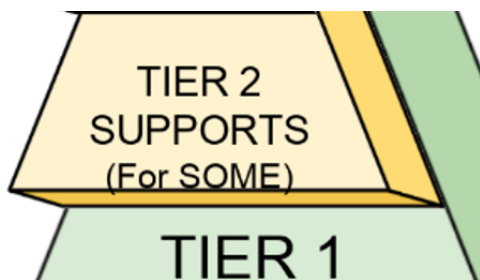
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

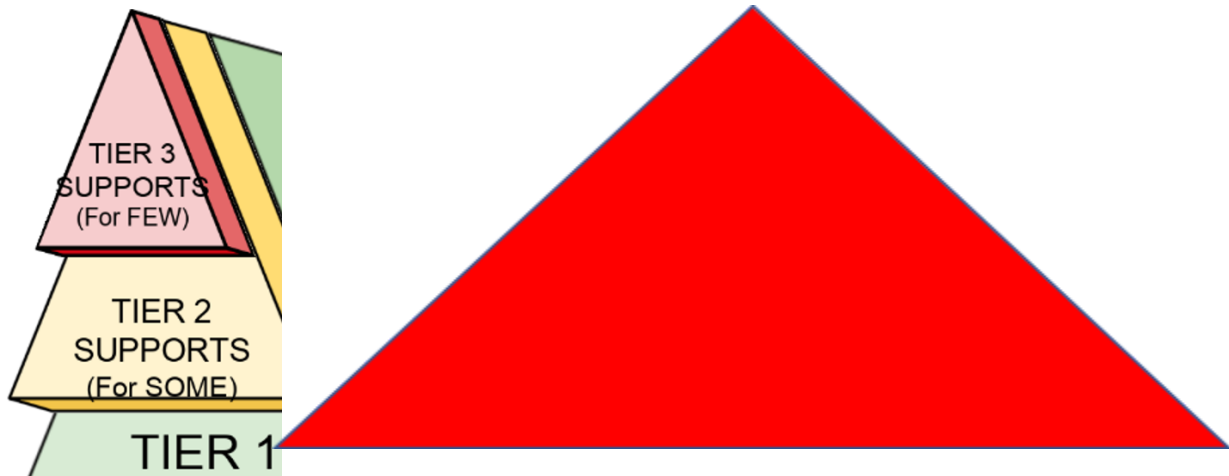


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 onry)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
 Magnolia Public Schools
 250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
 Los Angeles, CA 90012
 (213) 628-3634
 ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. “Cyber sexual bullying” does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of “bullying” and “electronic act” above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS’ education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS’ policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS’ bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed)*:

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.
I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. *(Same contact information as in Level 3)* The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> <i>(required for all variations of dress uniform)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or joggng material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention. Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school. Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving the threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office cCrisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.

- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.
- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.

- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers

- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages
- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, an overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by the school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of them may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

The COPING ModelSM



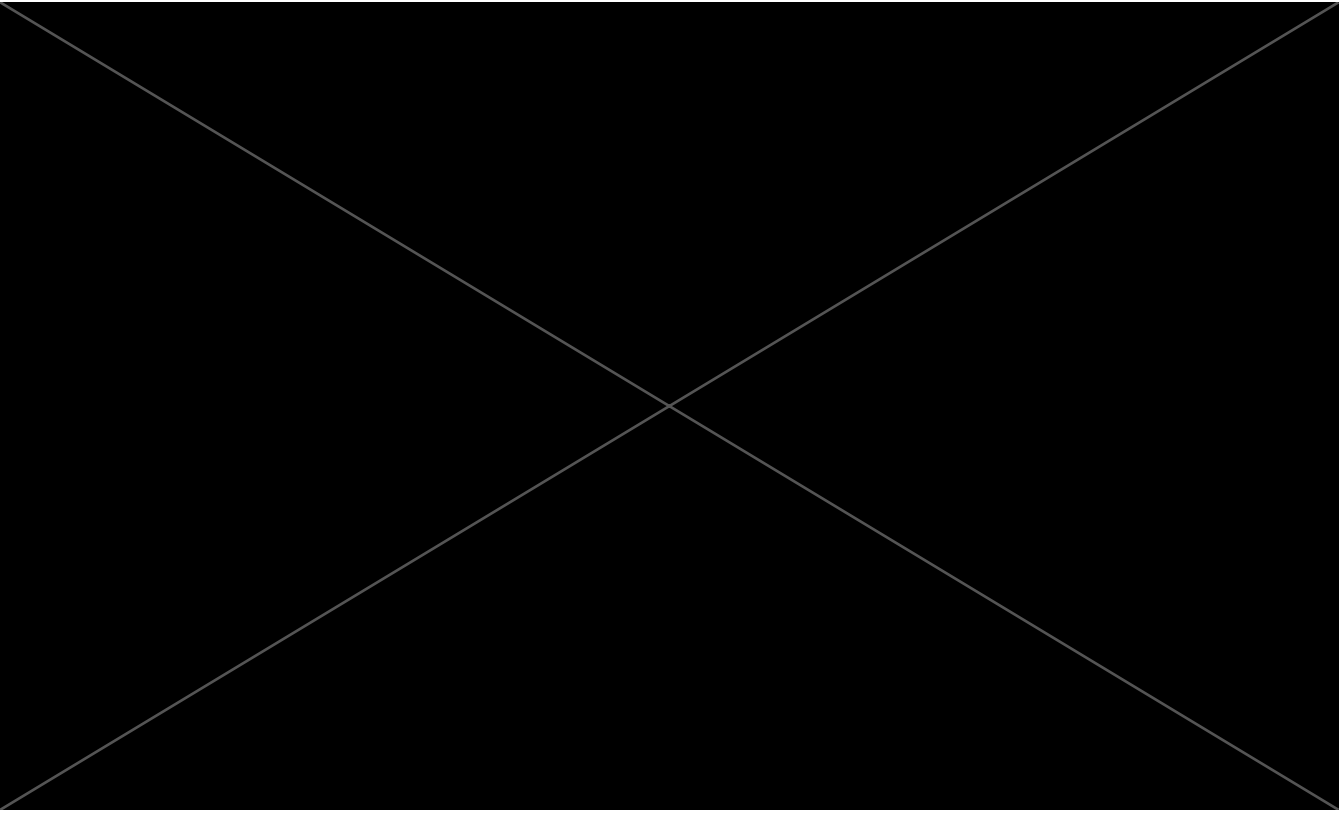
INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.

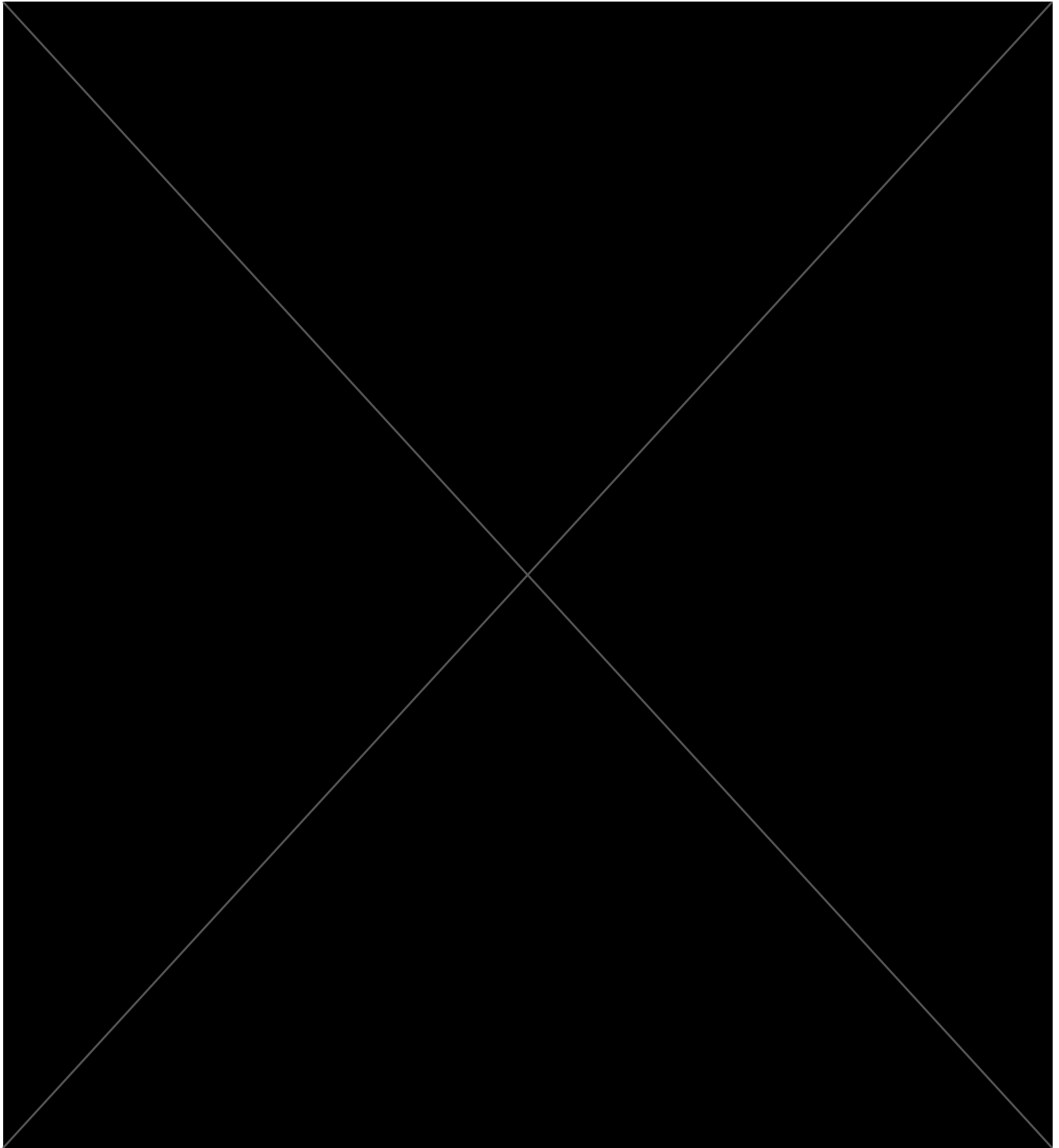


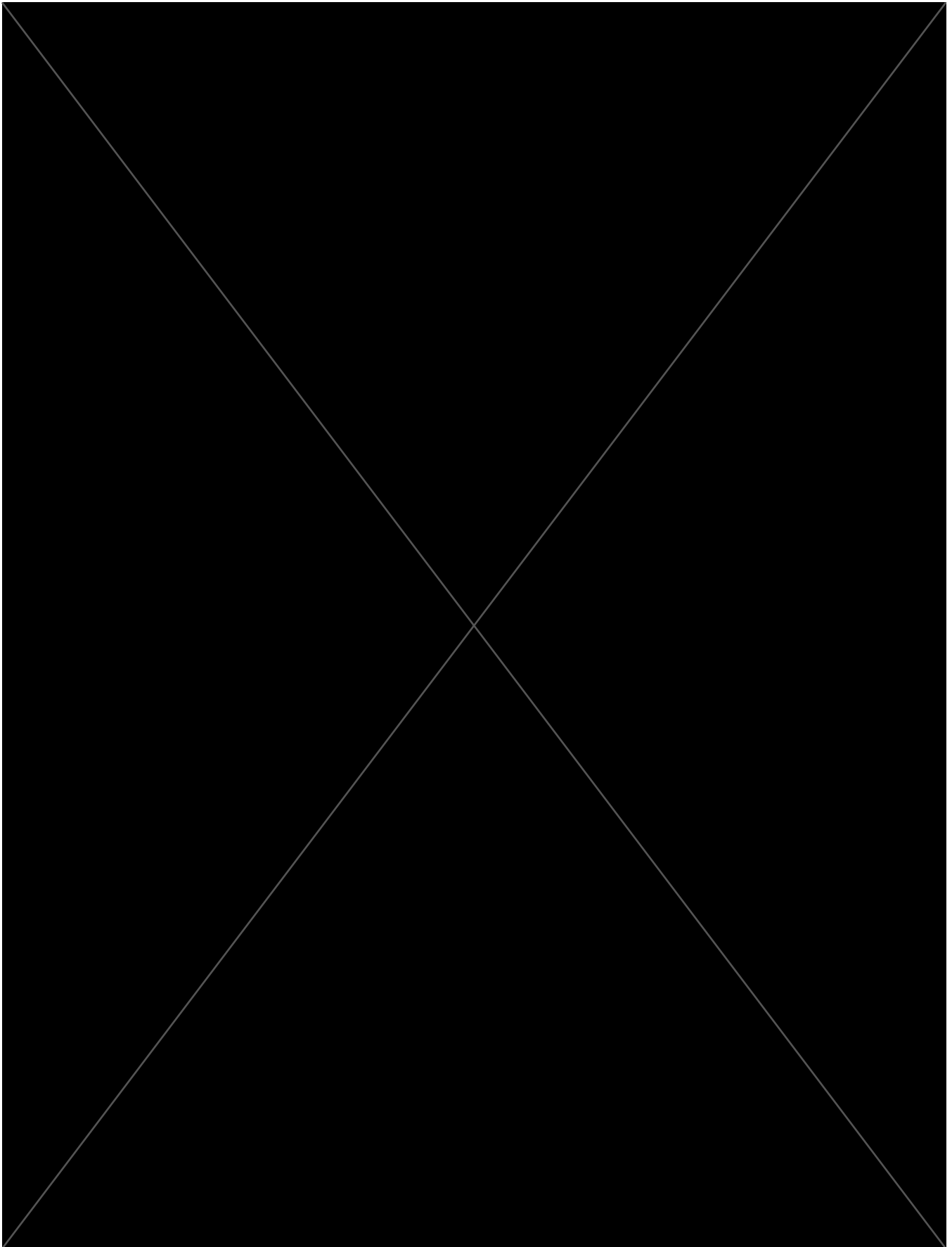
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

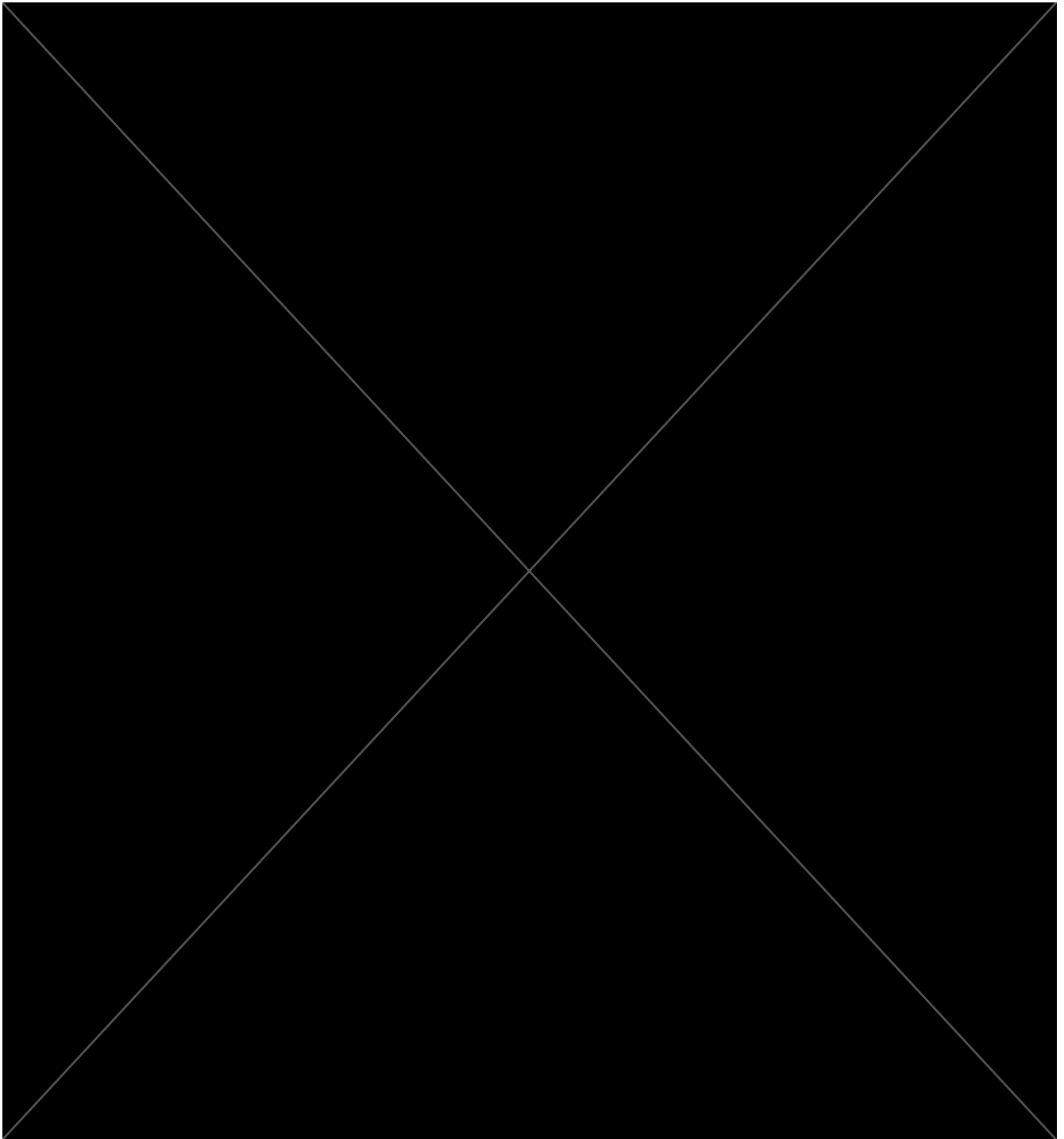
Magnolia Science Academy 4 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

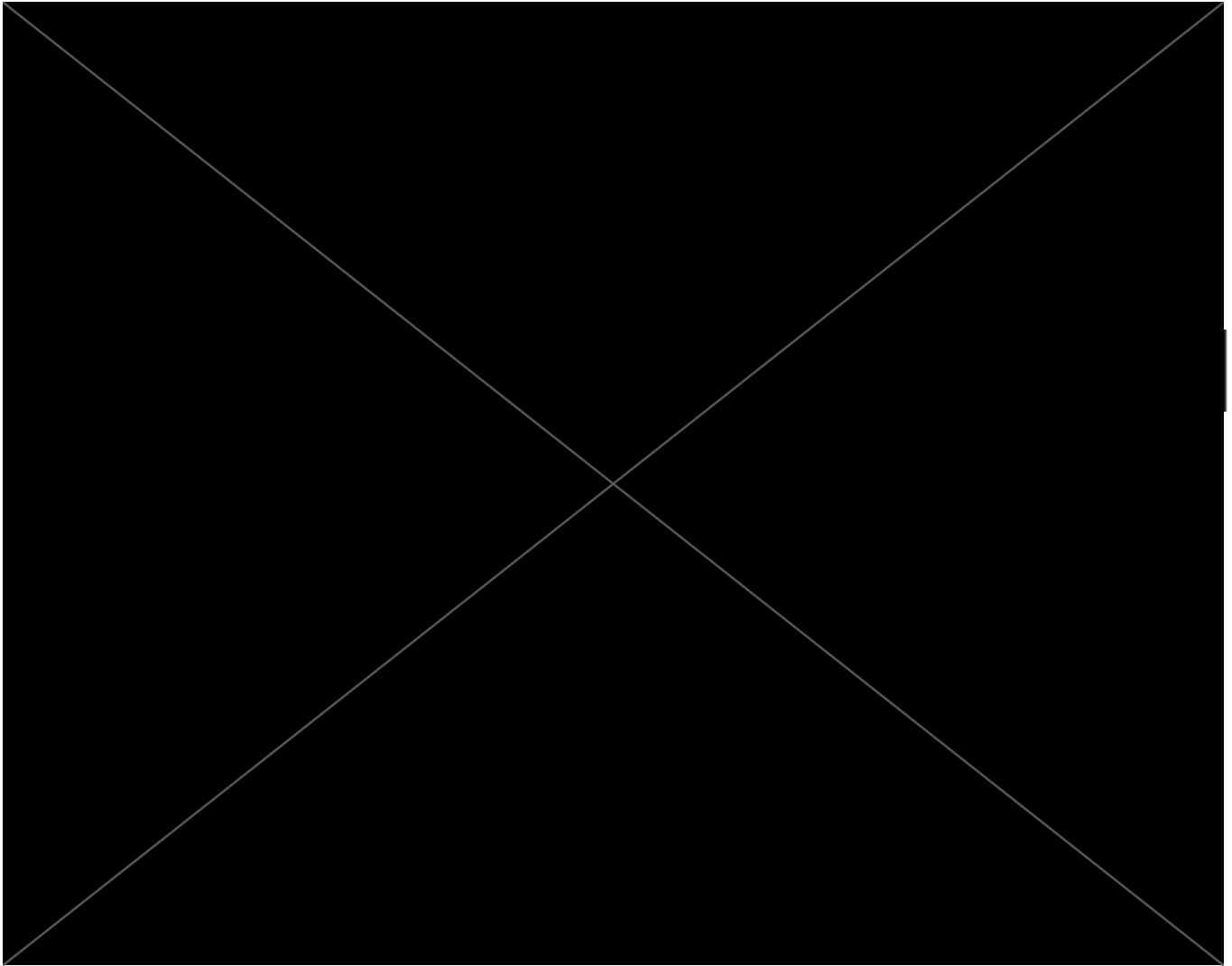


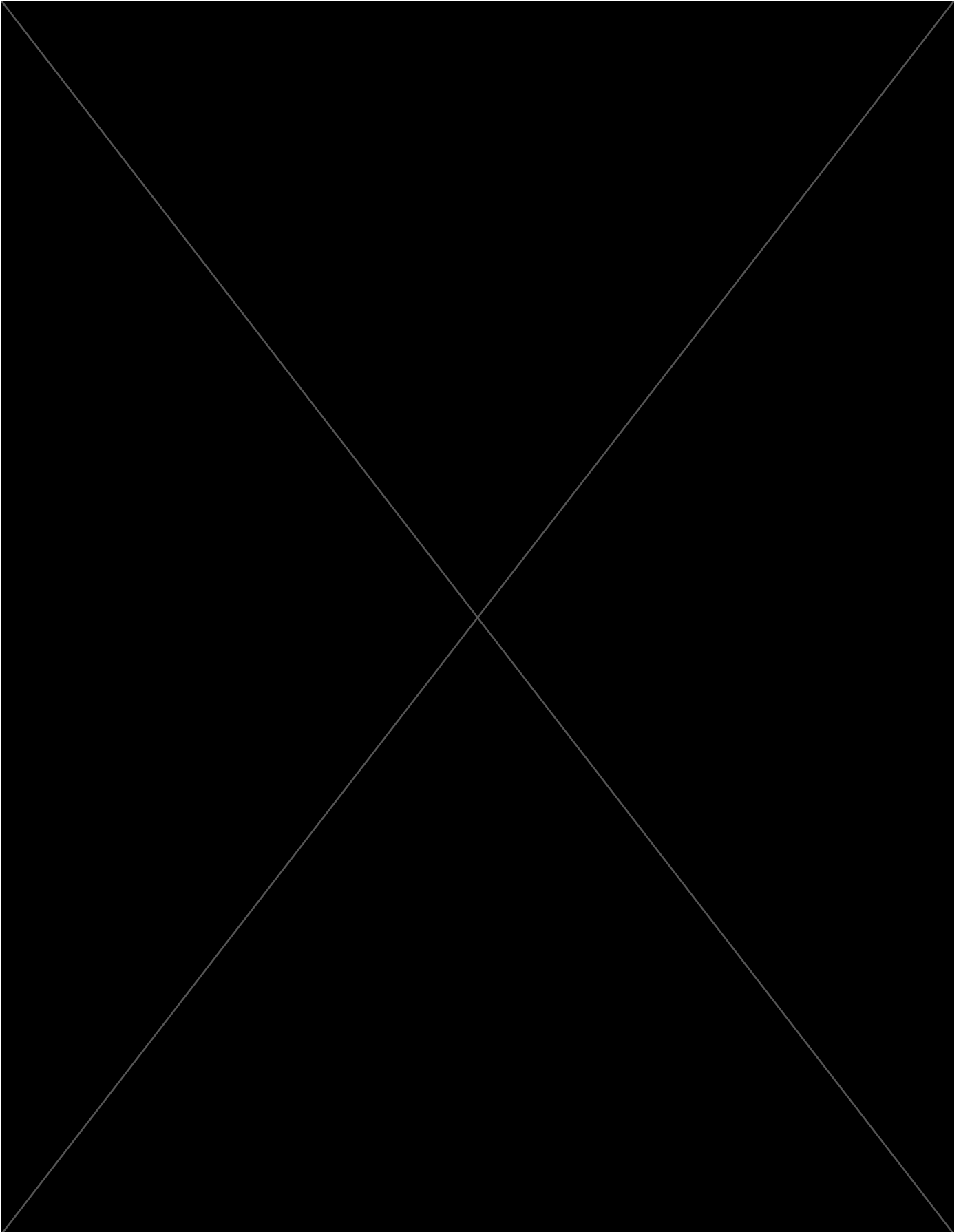
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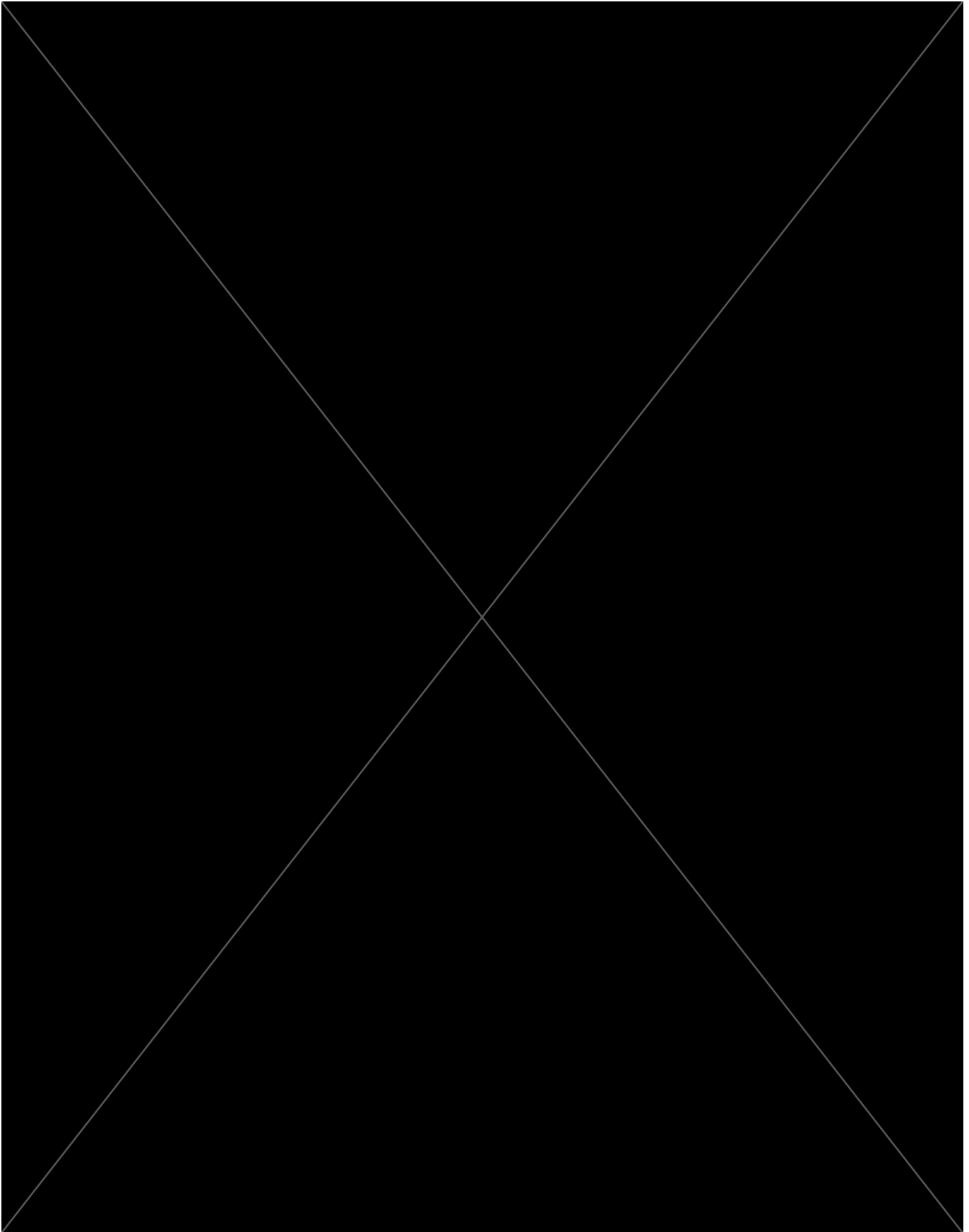


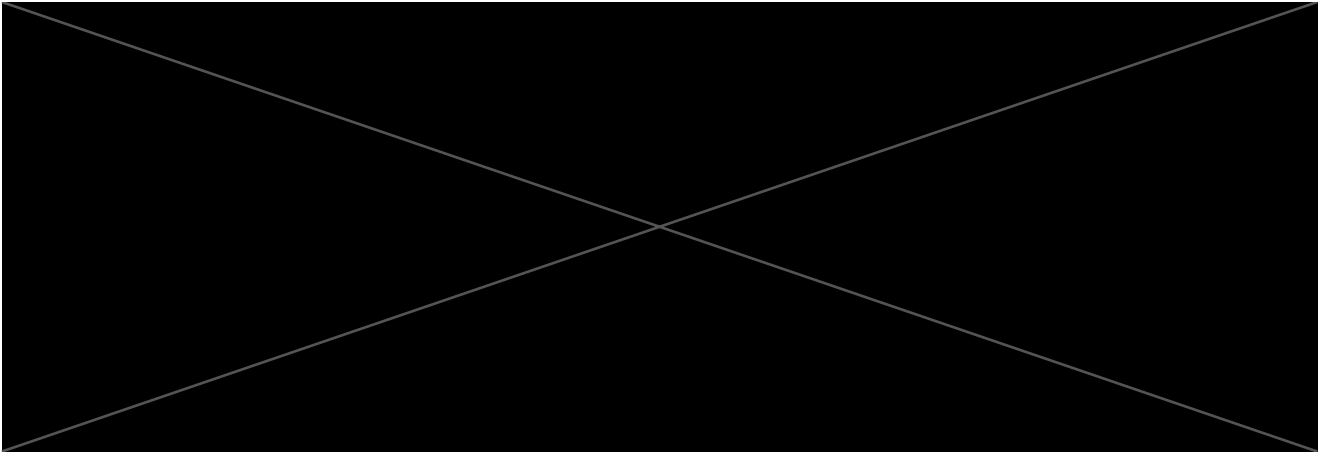












Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy 5 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



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A meeting for public input was held on January 20, 2023

Plan Revised Jan 23, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:30am - 4:00pm.

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.


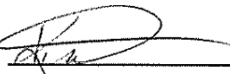
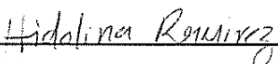

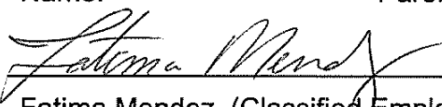
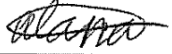
**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

**Magnolia Science Academy-5
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the MSA 5 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

**Magnolia Science Academy-5
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the MSA-5 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

		1/20/2023
Ali Kaplan, Principal (or Designee)	Adrian Uribe Dean of Students	Date
		1/20/2023
Kemal Fazla, (Teacher Representative)		Date
		01/20/2023
Name:	Parent	Date
		1/20/2023
Fatima Mendez, (Classified Employee Representative)		Date
<hr/>		
Jestin Ramos, (Student)		Date
<hr/>		
Name:	(Law Enforcement Agency)	Date
<hr/>		
Name:	, (Fire Department)	Date
		1/20/2023
(name), (Other)		Date
Alana De La Cueva (Student)		

Signature Page from Magnolia Science Academy (MSA) - Reseda MSA 5 is co-located with MSA

Magnolia Science Academy 1 Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page 2023-2024

The undersigned members of the Magnolia Science Academy 1 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.



Brad Plonka, Principal (or Designee)

1/31/23

Date



Mrs. Yasmeen Kaplan, teacher representative

1/31/23

Date

Silvia Rodriguez, Parent

Date



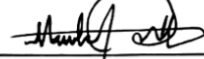
Maritza Barragan, Classified Employee Representative

1/31/23

Date

Melissa Poruch, Student Representative

Date



Oscar Bocanegra, Los Angeles Police Department

01/31/23

Date

Station #73, Los Angeles Fire Departments

Date

Date

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

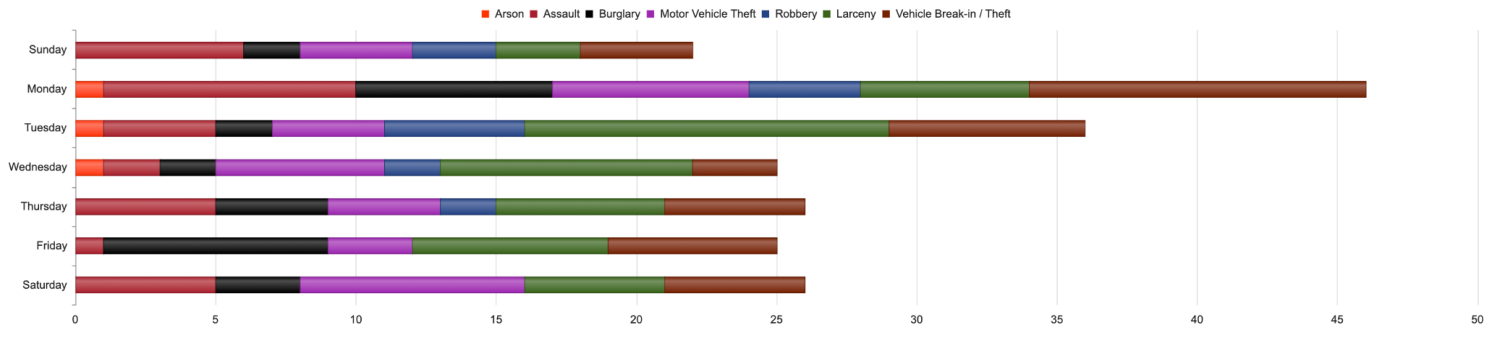
The top three crime violations in the area of the school between August 15, 2022 (first day of school) and December 16, 2022, including

1. Vehicle Break-In/Theft (59)
2. Larceny (56)
3. Assault (54)

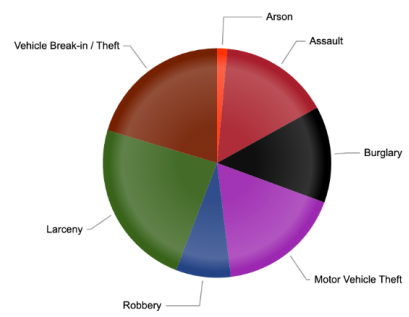
This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.

Crime Incidents 08-15-2022 to 12-16-2022 (124 Days) 206 Records

Day of Week Summary



Crime Summary



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on December 16, 2022. The following data was reviewed:

	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	0	2	3
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	0
Expulsion Data	0	0	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	96.83%	89.26%	90.6%
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	7.5%	35.0%	35.1%
Graduation Rate	100%	100%	TBD

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

- Objective: Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- Related Activities: Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- Resources needed: Safety plan
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated Administrator, Safety Committee
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Goal#2

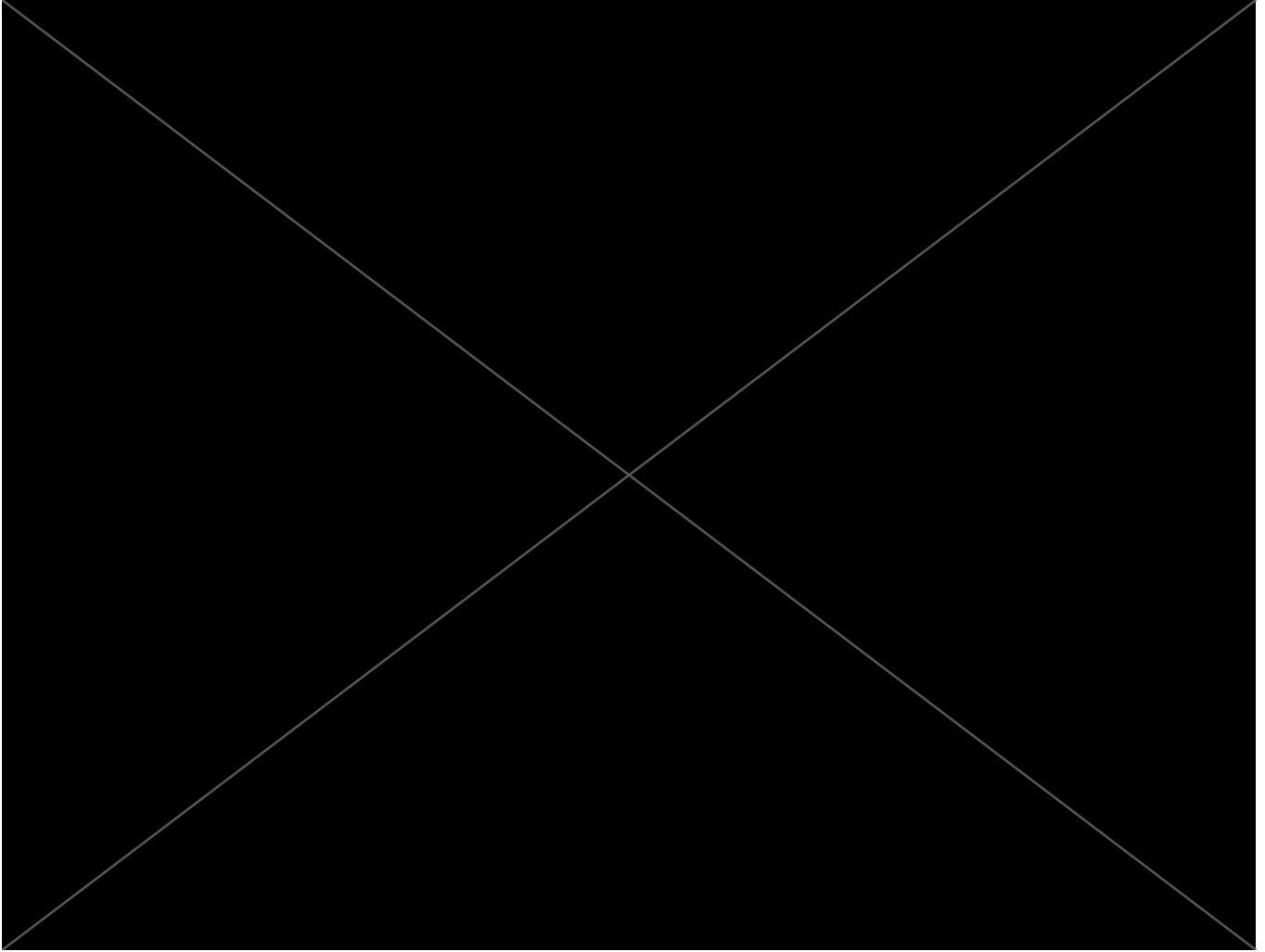
Goal(s): All staff members will monitor students' emotional well being.

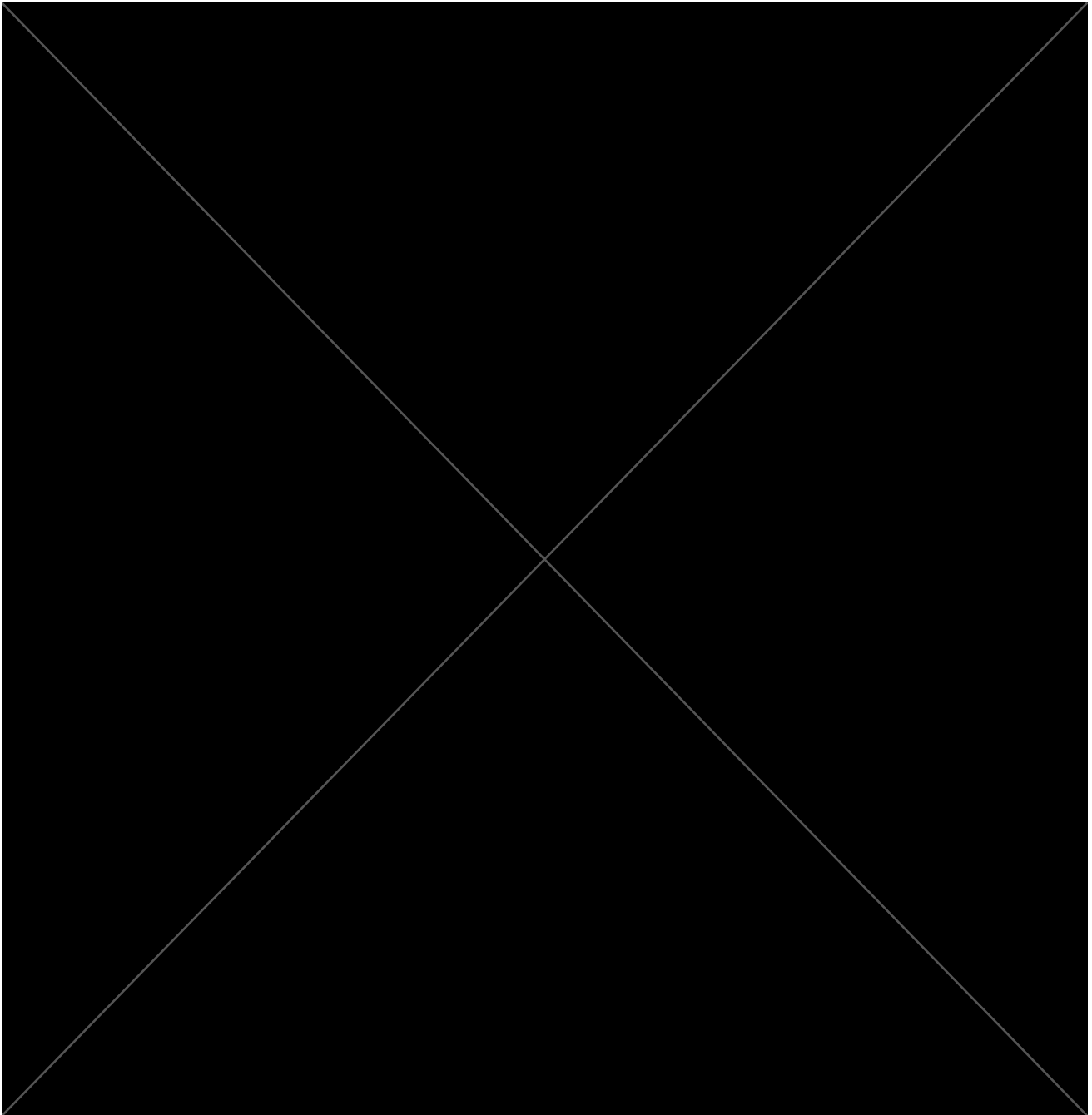
- Objective: Annually, the school will provide access to emotional counseling services to students.
- Related Activities: Review monthly behavior data and analyze SEL survey results.
- Resources needed: Kickboard and Panorama surveys.
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated Administrator & PBIS Team
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Educational Partner Surveys

Component 3: Goal#3

Goal(s): All PBIS team members will be trained in restorative justice circles in order to maintain a safe and respectful learning environment.

- Objective: All PBIS team members will receive restorative justice/community circle training.
- Related Activities: Professional development
- Resources needed: Training resource provided by the Los Angeles County of Education.
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated Administrator & PBIS Team
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Behavior data on Kickboard





Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name * Last Name * Email Address *

1) Drill Type *
 fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One *
 new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *

4) Time Started *

5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type *
 bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? *
 yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? *
 yes
 no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? *
 yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
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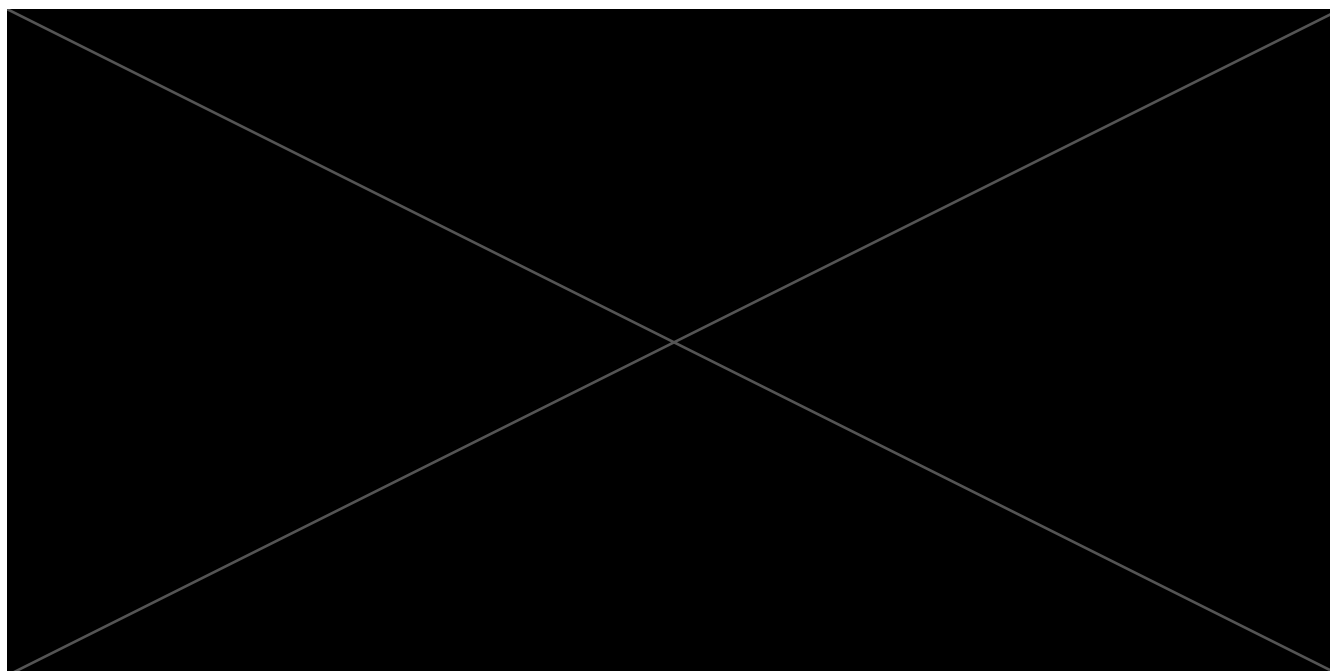
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

Emergency Drill Calendar 2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
<i>Fire</i>	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Lockdown</i>	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)</i>	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Shelter-in-Place</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Take Cover</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written

follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occurs throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the

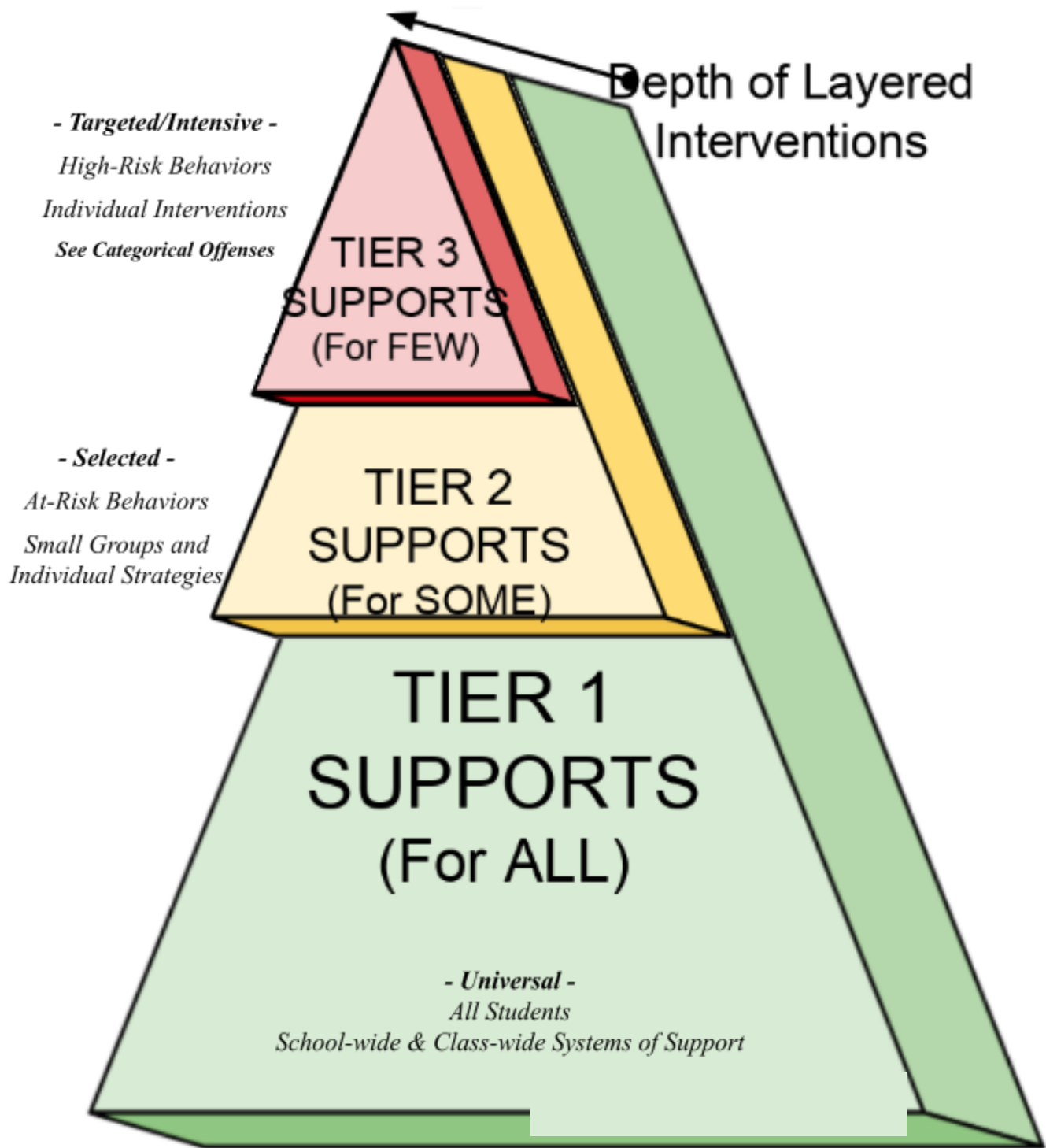
Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

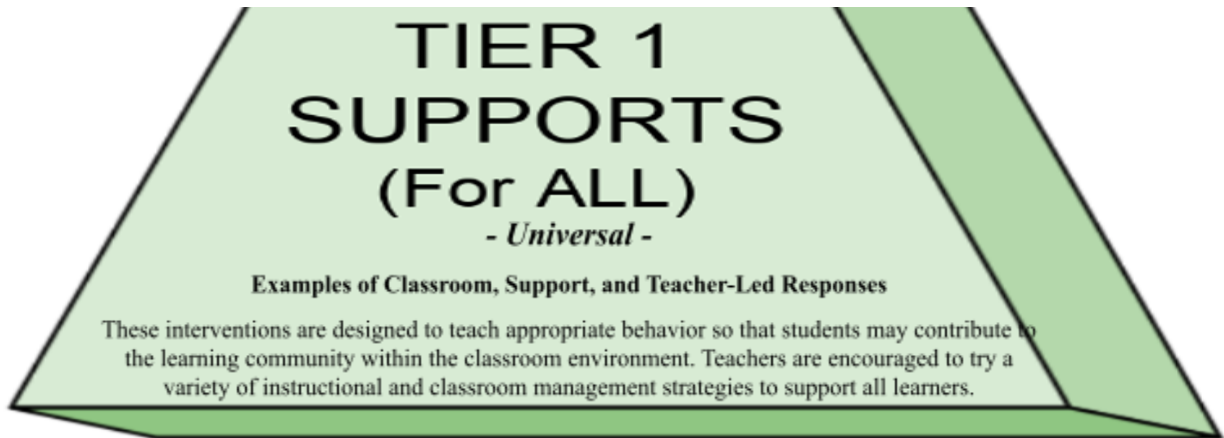
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

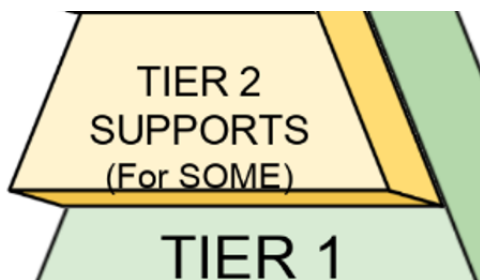
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

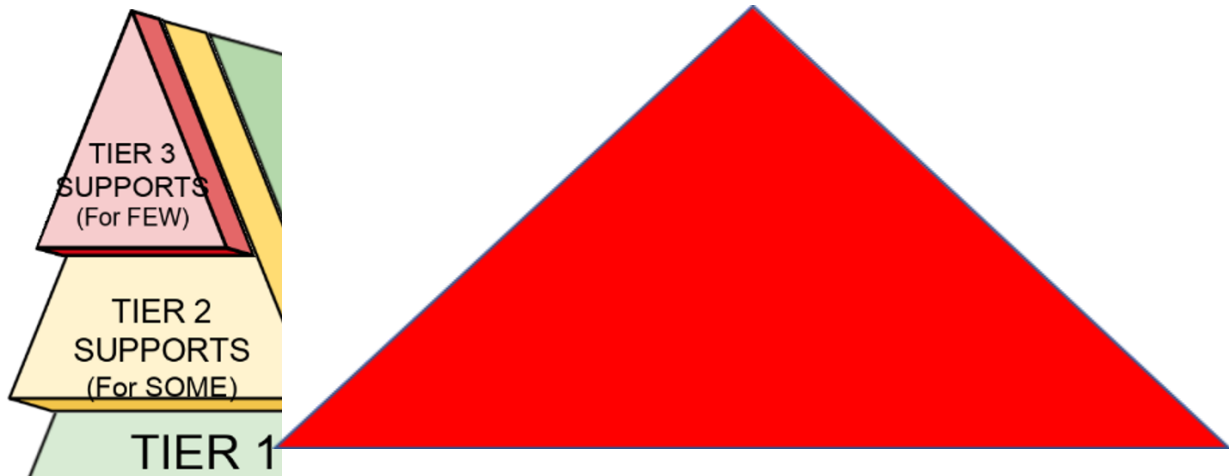


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at non charter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the school site, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 only)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. "Cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of "bullying" and "electronic act" above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS' education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS' policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS' bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed):*

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. *(Same contact information as in Level 3)* The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> <i>(required for all variations of dress uniform)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or joggng material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention. Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school. Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving the threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.
- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may

be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.

- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.
- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team

members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages

- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by the school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of them may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

The COPING ModelSM



INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

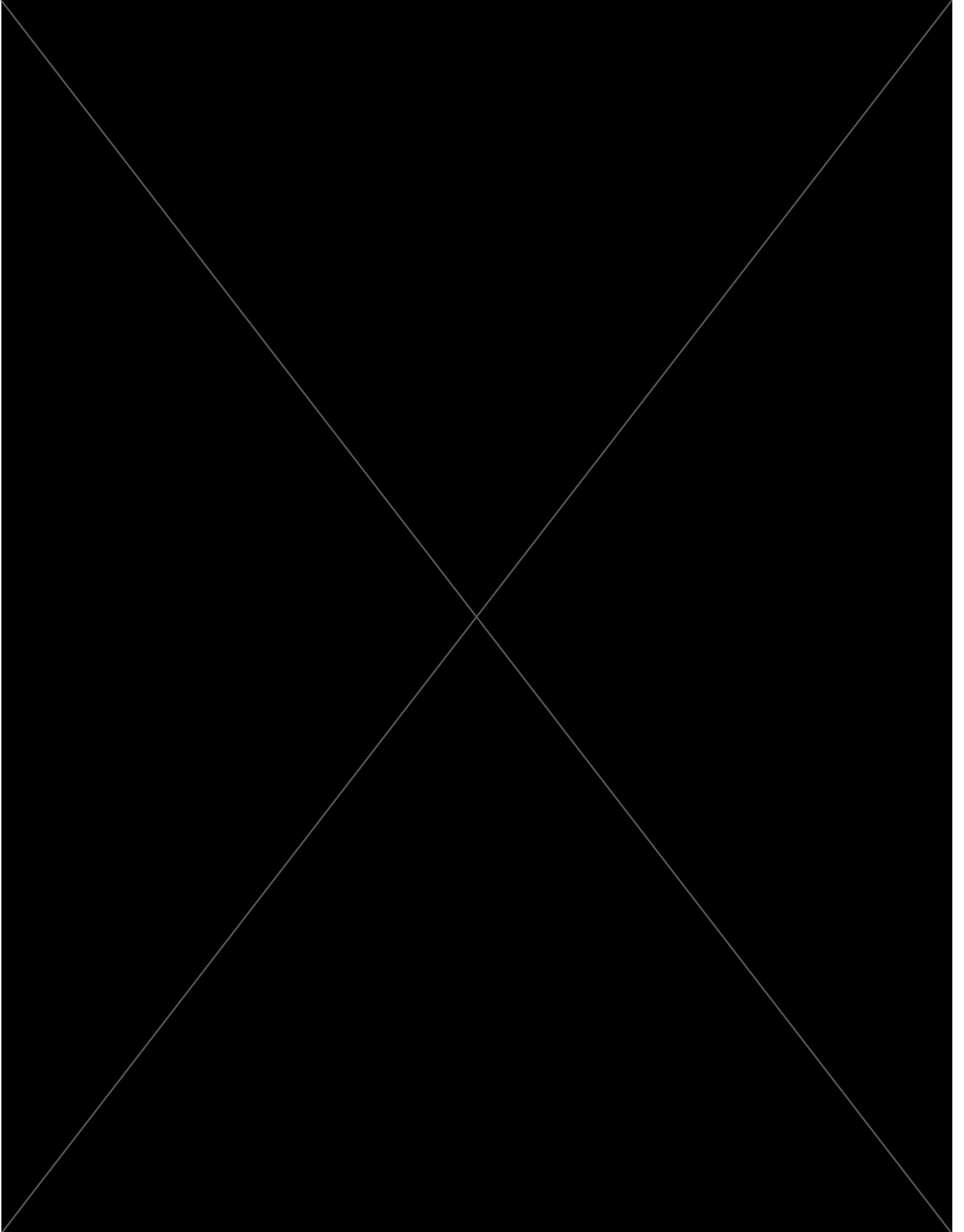
Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.

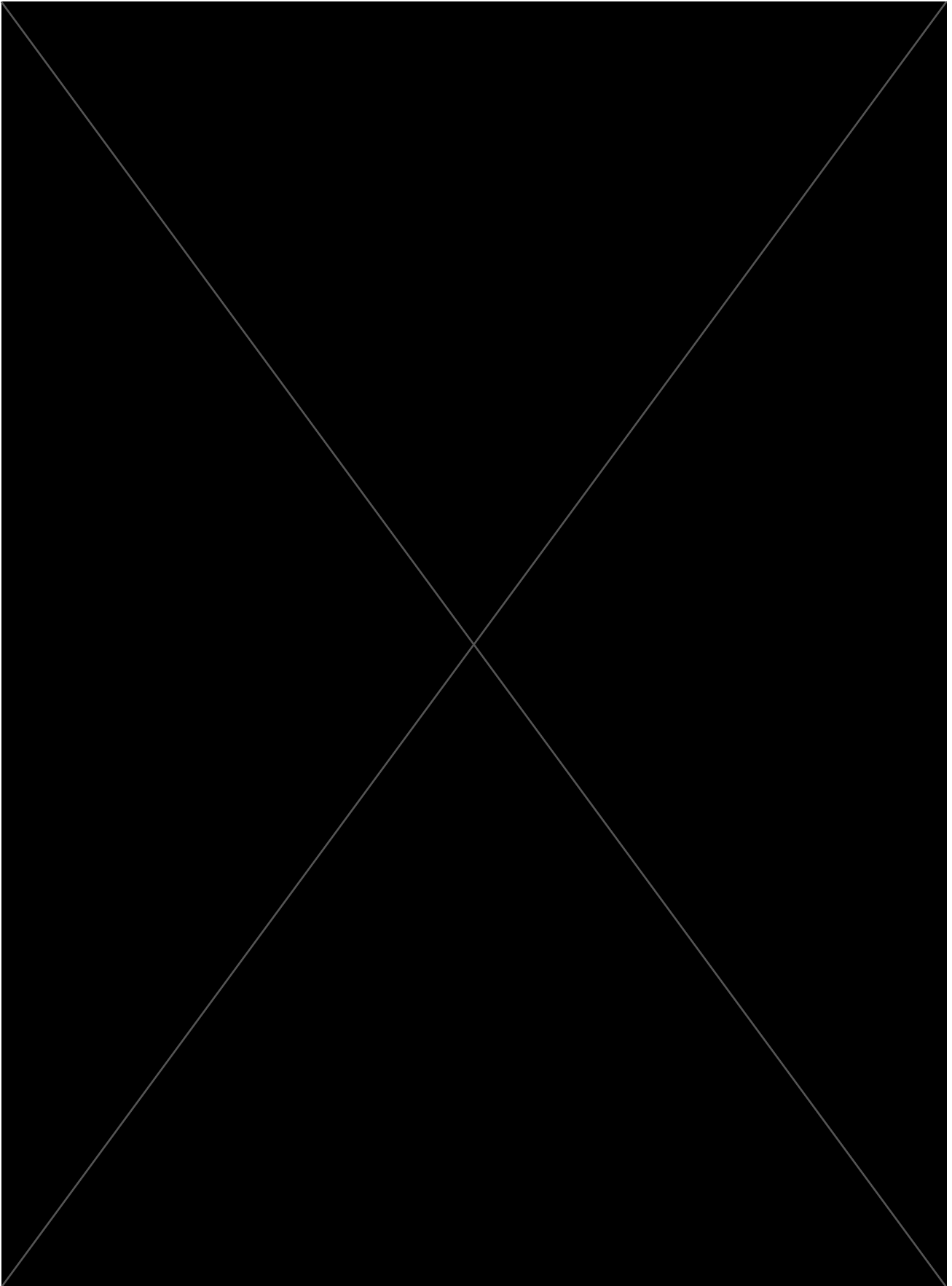
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

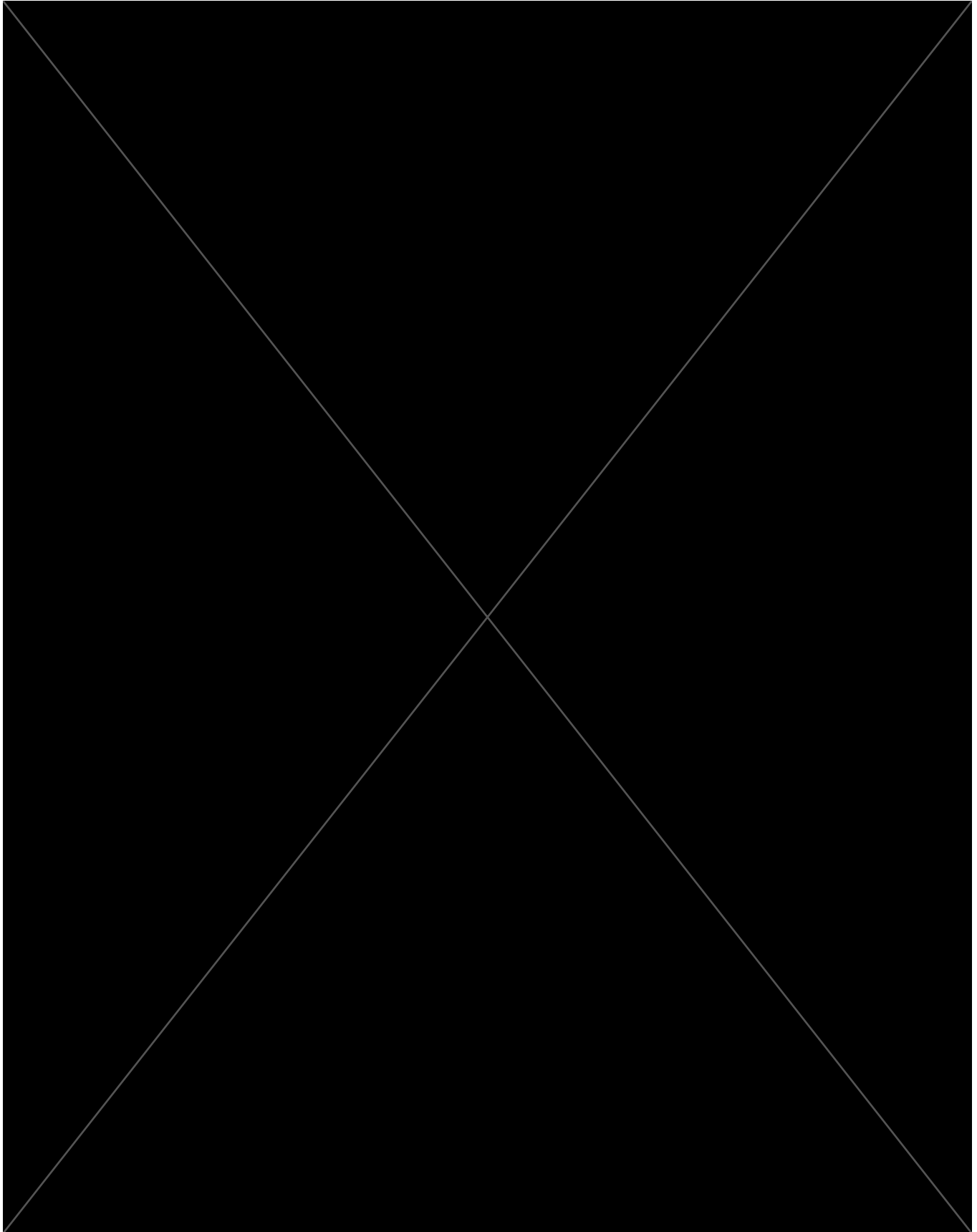
Magnolia Science Academy 5 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

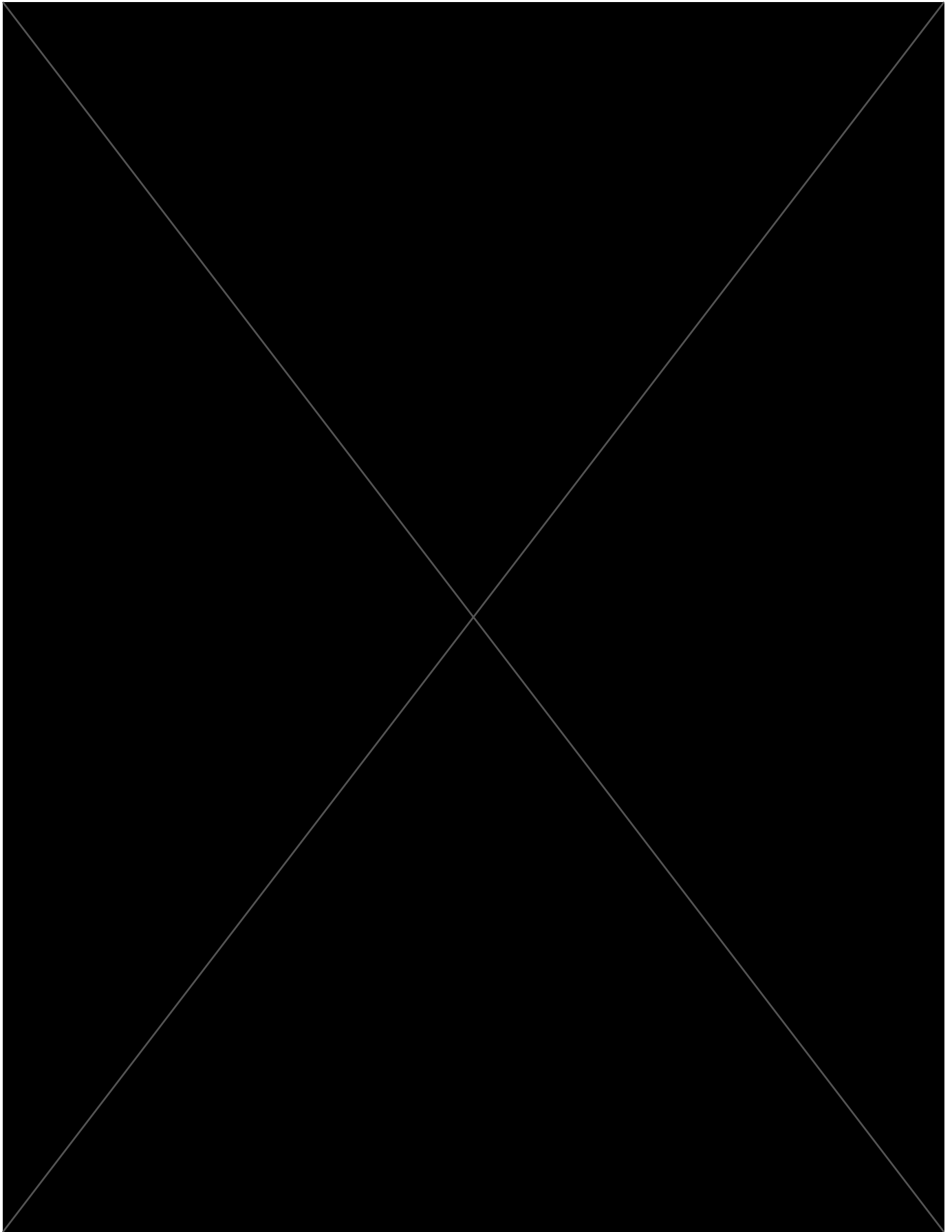


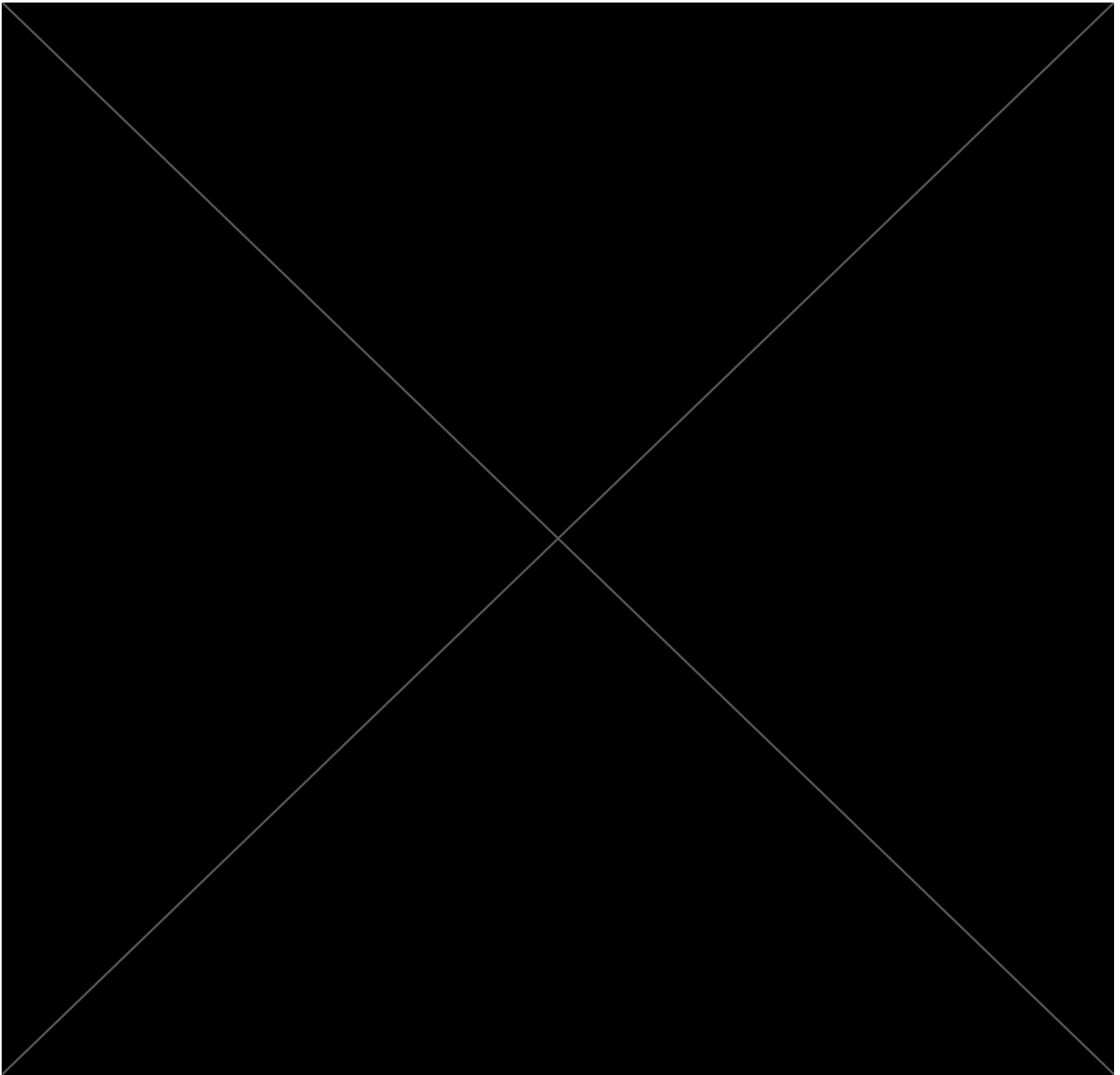
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Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy 6 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



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A meeting for public input was held on October 28, 2022
Plan Revised October 31, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:30am - 4:00pm.


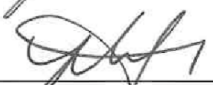


NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

Magnolia Science Academy 6 Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page 2023-2024

Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page 2023-2024

The undersigned members of the Magnolia Science Academy 6 Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

James Choe		9/30/22
(name), Principal (or Designee)		Date
Sarah Kim		11/1/2022
(name), (Teacher Representative)		Date
Ankara Wevare		10-28-22
(name), Parent		Date
maria Huero		10-28-22
(name), (Classified Employee Representative)		Date
silvestre Aguilte		11/1/22
(name), (Student - Optional)		Date
GASTON COBIAN #1420 LASPD		9-30-22
(name), (Law Enforcement Agency)		Date
		Date
(name), (Fire Department)		Date
		Date
(name), (Other)		Date

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

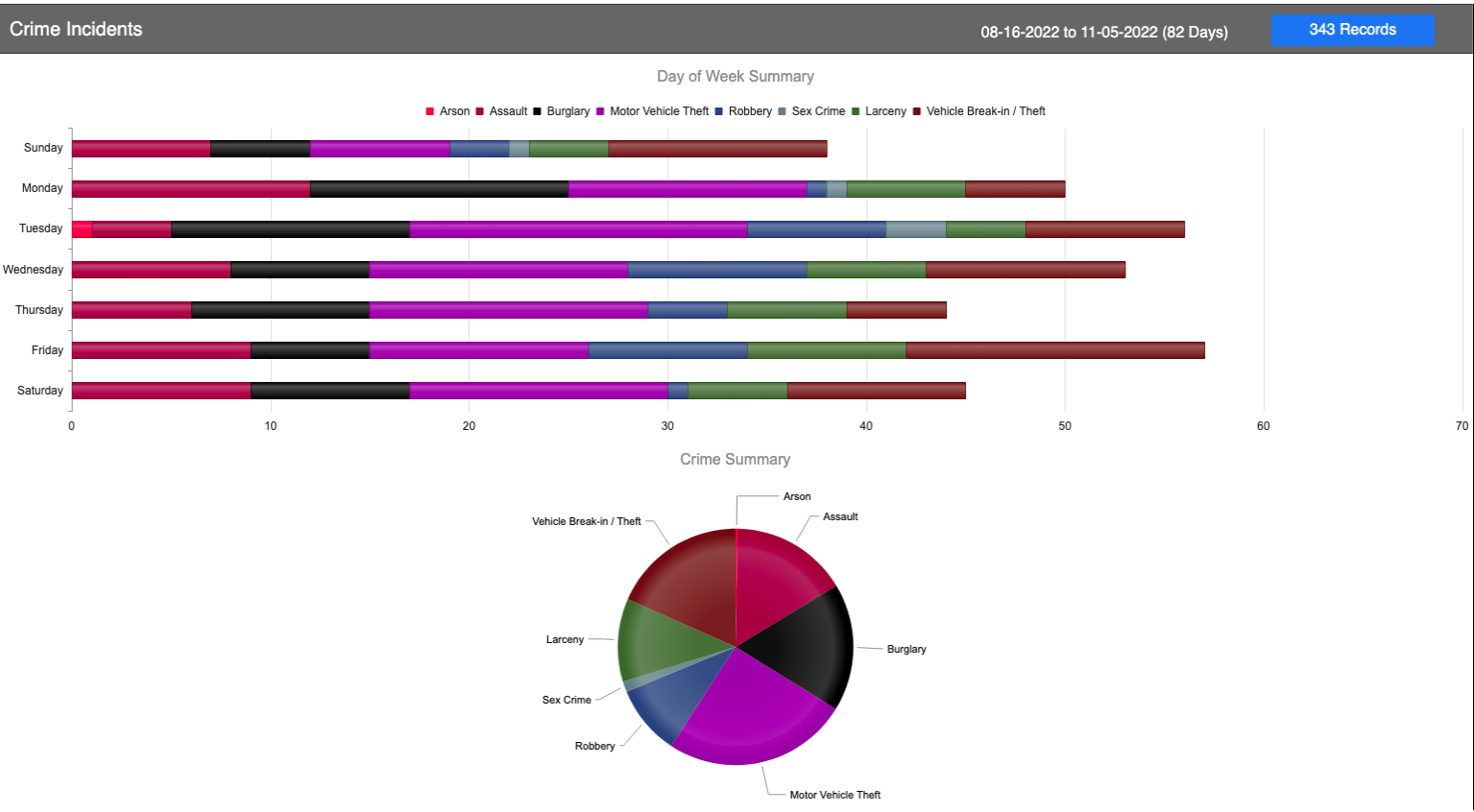
Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

The top three crime violations in the area of the school between August 16, 2022 (first day of school) and November 5, 2022, include:

1. #1 Motor Vehicle Theft (87)
2. #2 Vehicle Break-in/Theft (63)
3. #3 Burglary (60)

This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on January 31, 2023. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	0	0	1	0
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	0	2
Expulsion Data	0	0	0	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	0	0	0	0
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	N/A	N/A	92.76%	95.84%
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	14.1%	11.6%	33.0%	8.1%
Graduation Rate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

- **Objective:** Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- **Related Activities:** Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- **Resources needed:** Safety plan
- **Person(s) responsible for implementation:** Designated Administrator, Safety Committee
- **Budget:** Refer to schools' annual budget

- Evaluation guidelines: Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Absenteeism

Goal(s): Employees at MSA 6 will work collaboratively to reduce the chronic absenteeism rate and increase average daily attendance.

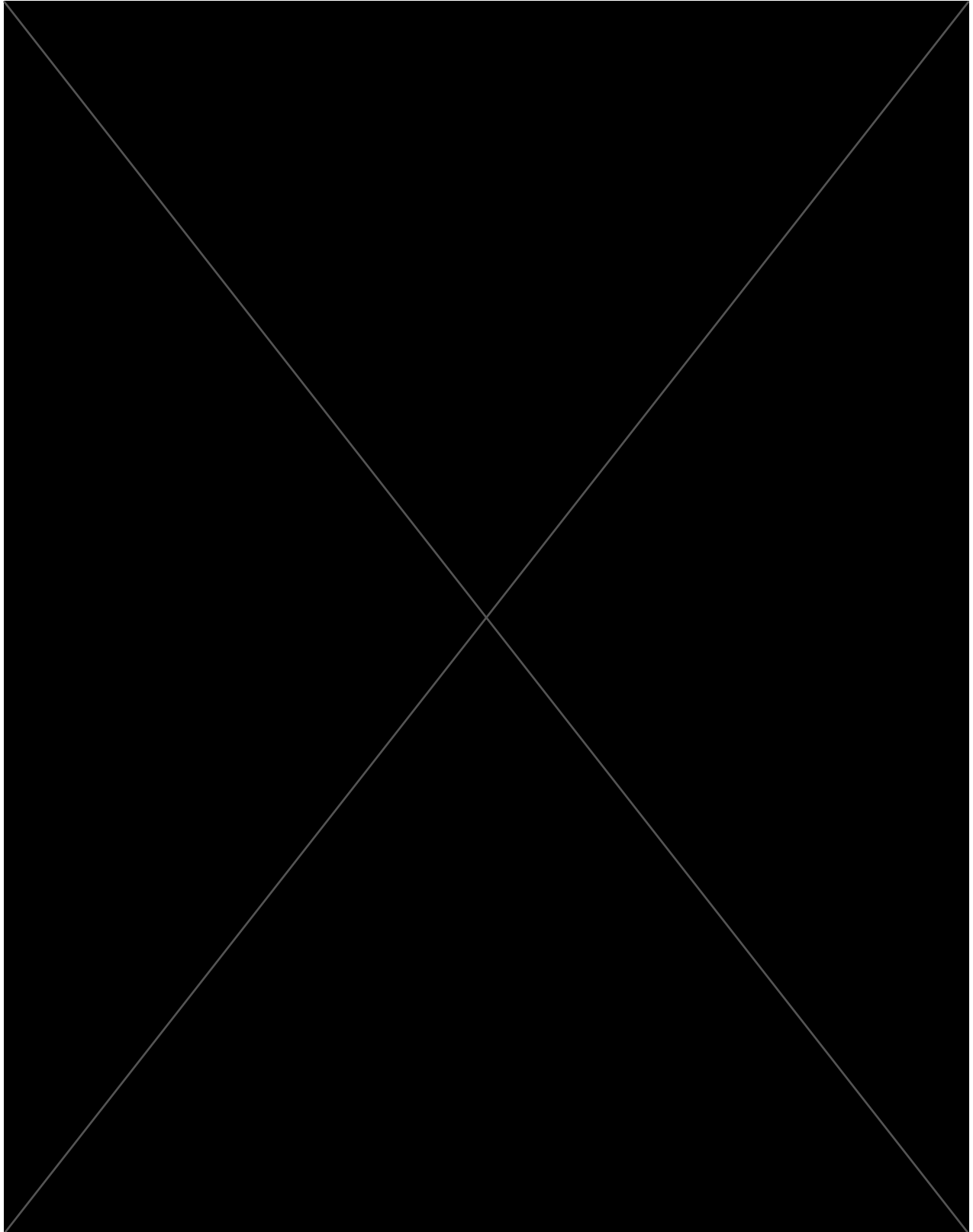
- Objective: Chronic absenteeism below 10%, and an average daily attendance rate of 97% or higher.
- Related Activities: Review absenteeism data weekly, issue attendance letters with fidelity, regular family contact with those at risk, semester awards for best attendance, and action plans for students at risk.
- Resources needed: MPS Attendance Tracker, SIS Data, SSPT template.
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Administrative team and teacher leads.
- Budget: Refer to the school's annual budget for home visits if necessary.
- Evaluation guidelines: EoY metrics.

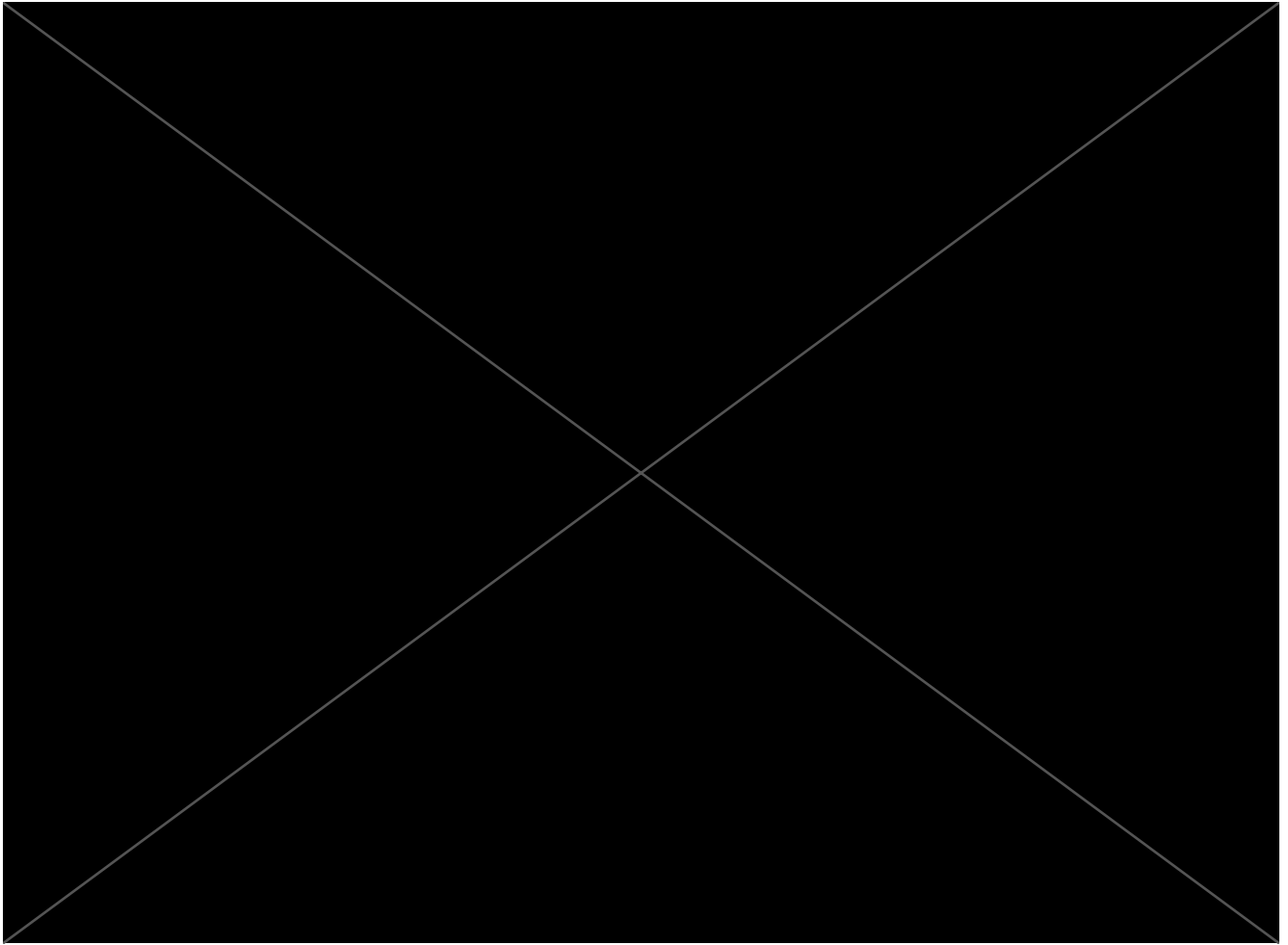
Component 3: Suspensions and Expulsions

Goal(s): Utilize PBIS and MTSS strategies to prevent suspensions and expulsions.

- Objective: Suspension rate under 3% and expulsion rate at 0%.
- Related Activities: Review behavior data weekly at staff meetings, conduct weekly PD on classroom management and activity strategies, conduct school-wide recognition assemblies, and communicate with families of at-risk students on a regular basis.
- Resources needed: MTSS training, behavior tracker, and suspension logs.
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Dean of Students/Assistant Principal, teacher leads.
- Budget: refer to the school's annual budget for PBIS rewards and home visit rates.
- Evaluation guidelines: EoY metrics.

School Maps





Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name *
 Last Name *
 Email Address *

1) Drill Type *
 fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One *
 new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *
 4) Time Started *
 5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type *
 bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? *
 yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? *
 yes
 no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? *
 yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
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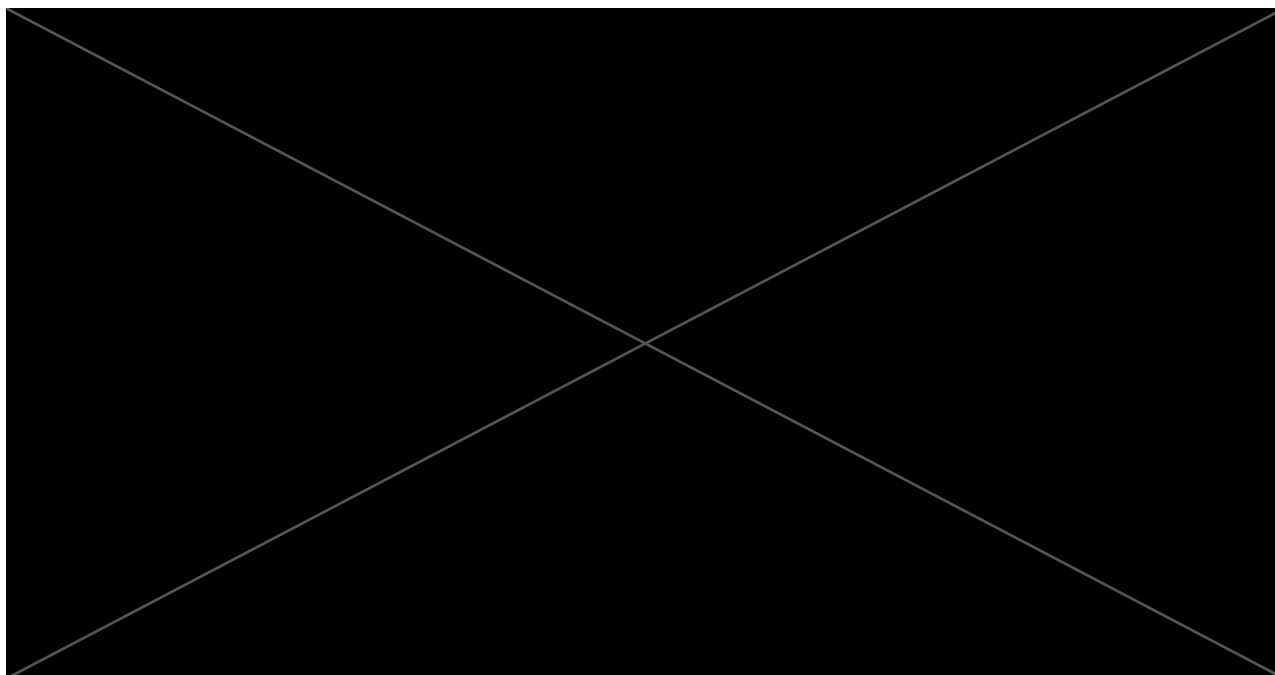
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

Emergency Drill Calendar 2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
<i>Fire</i>	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Lockdown</i>	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)</i>	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Shelter-in-Place</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Take Cover</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written

follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occur throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the

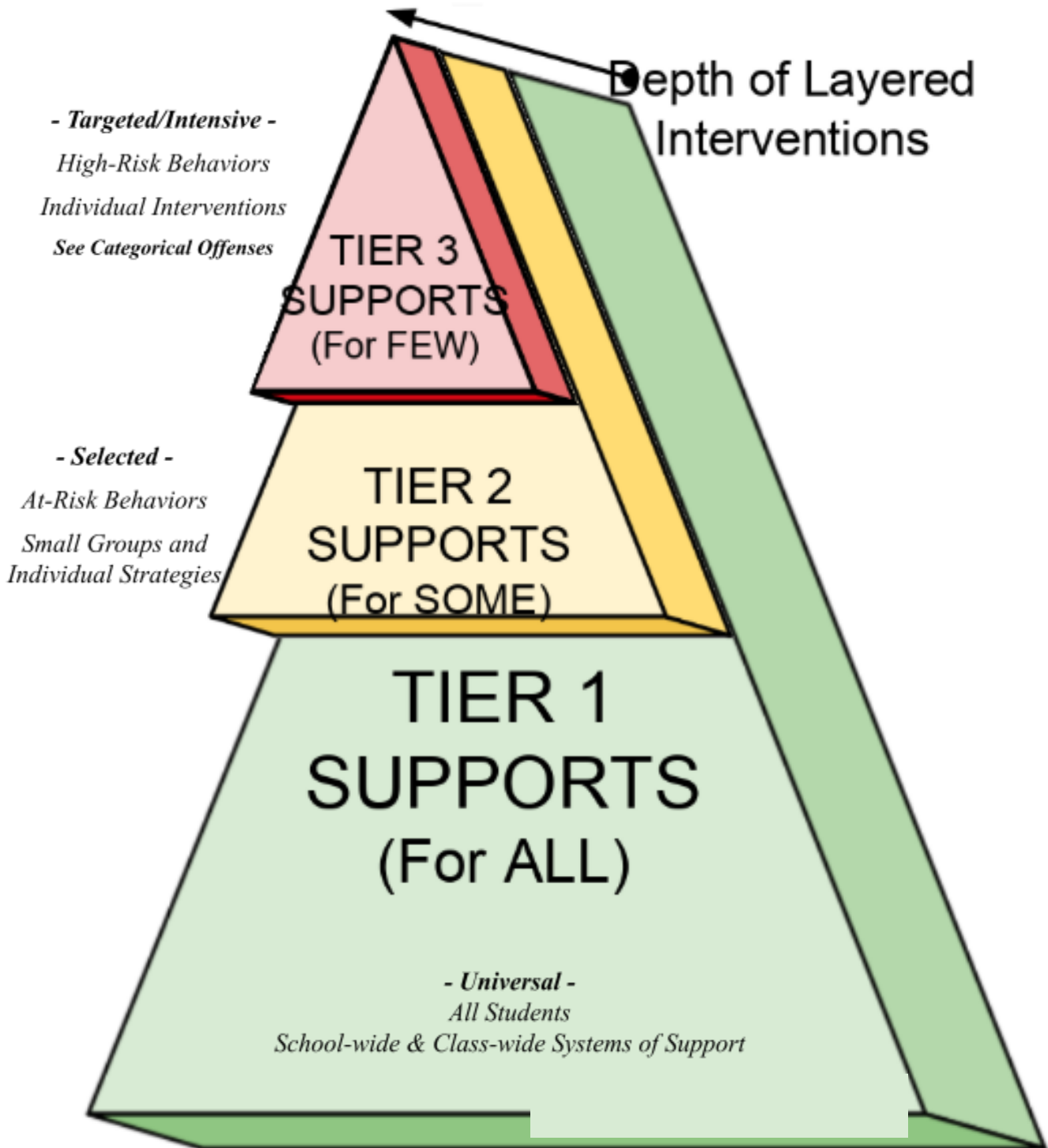
Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

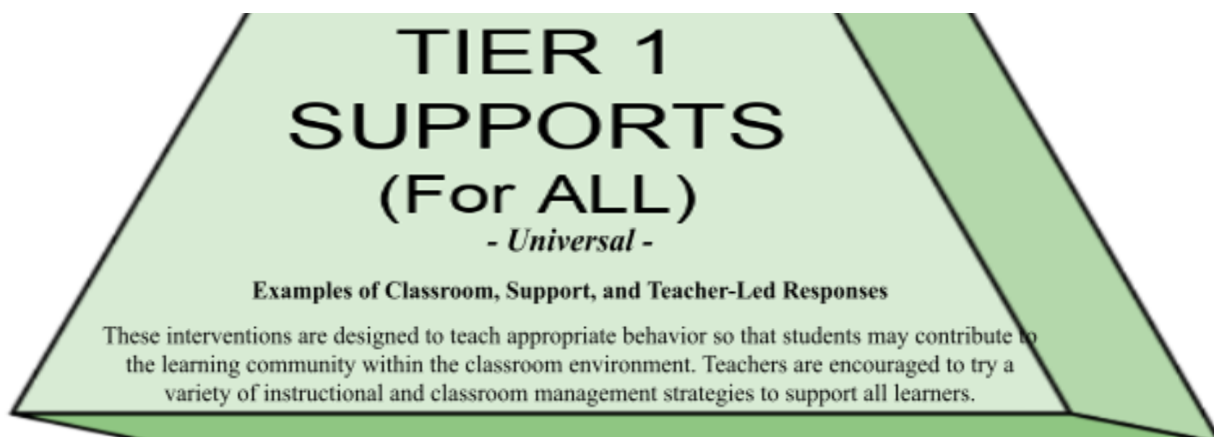
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

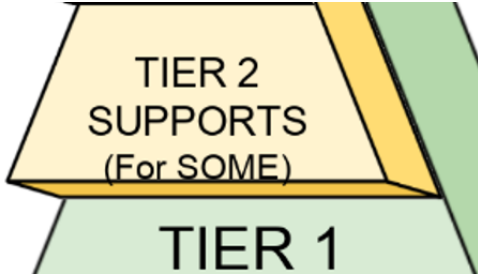
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

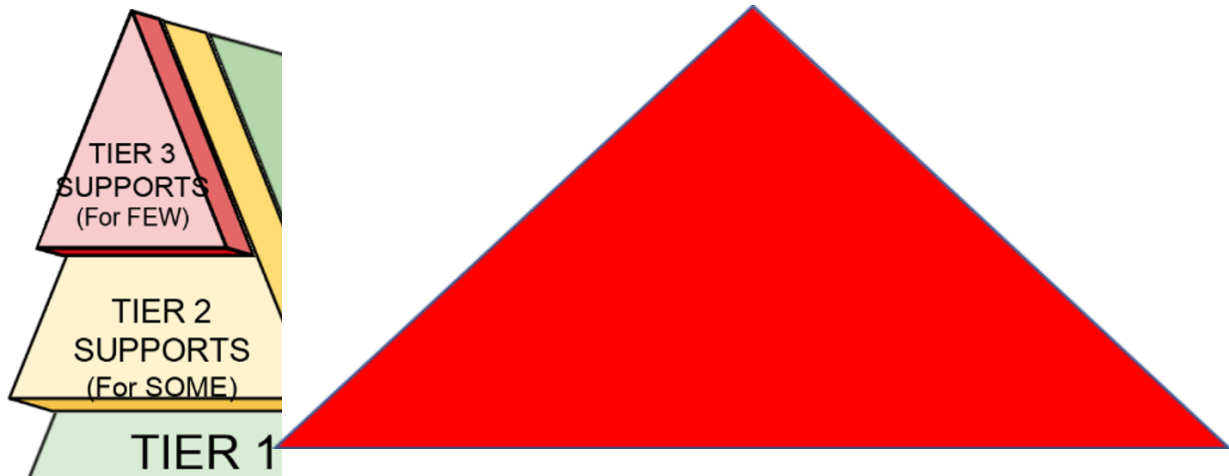


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 onry)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. "Cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of "bullying" and "electronic act" above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS' education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS' policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS' bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed):*

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. *(Same contact information as in Level 3)* The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing on the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent's point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations, and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> <i>(required for all variations of dress uniform)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or joggng material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school.
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crisis can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.
- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may

be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.

- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.
- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team

members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages

- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, an overdose of a student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by a school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of whom may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

MODULE 8 | Post-Crisis

The *COPING Model*SM

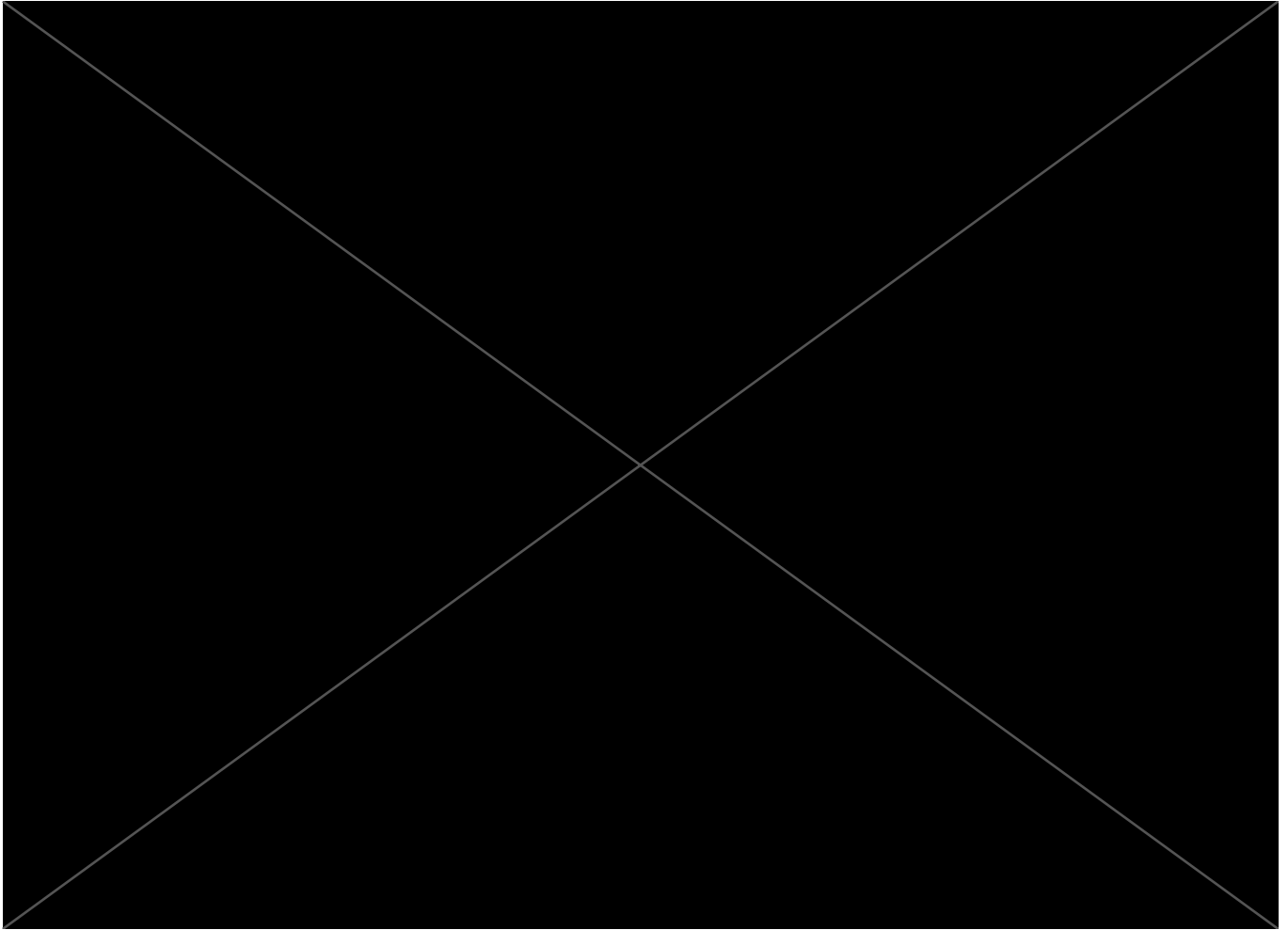
INDIVIDUAL

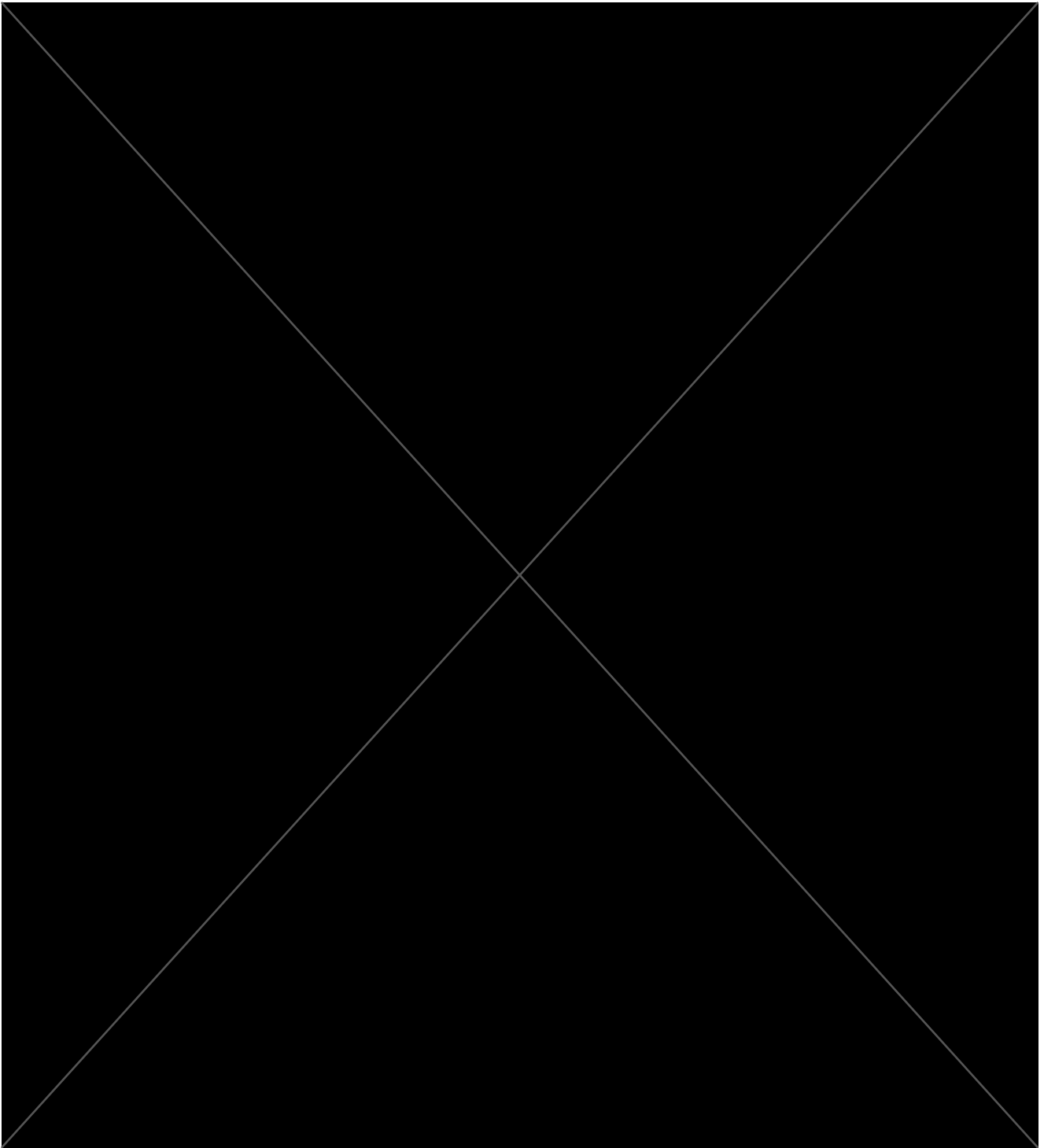


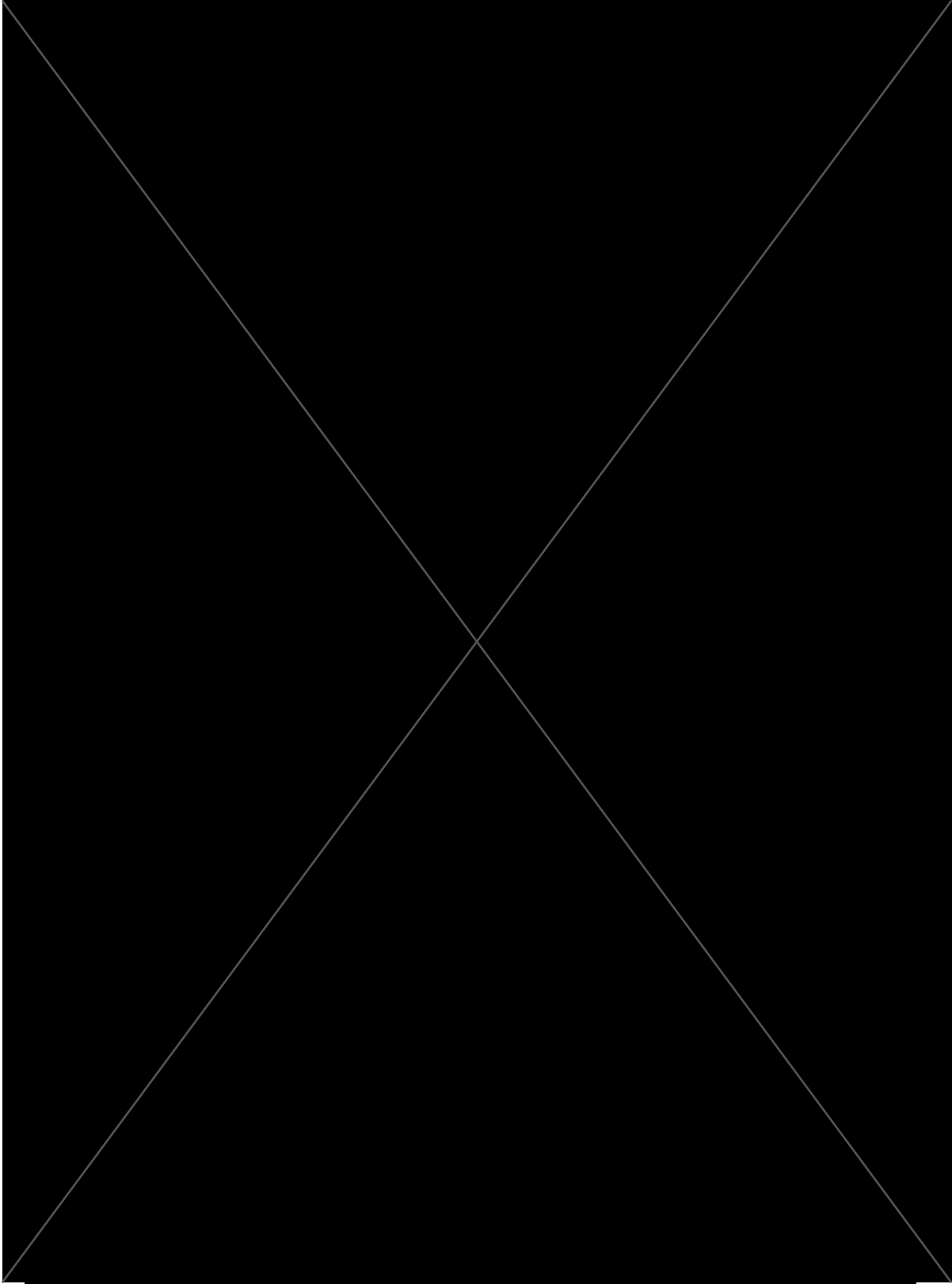
STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.





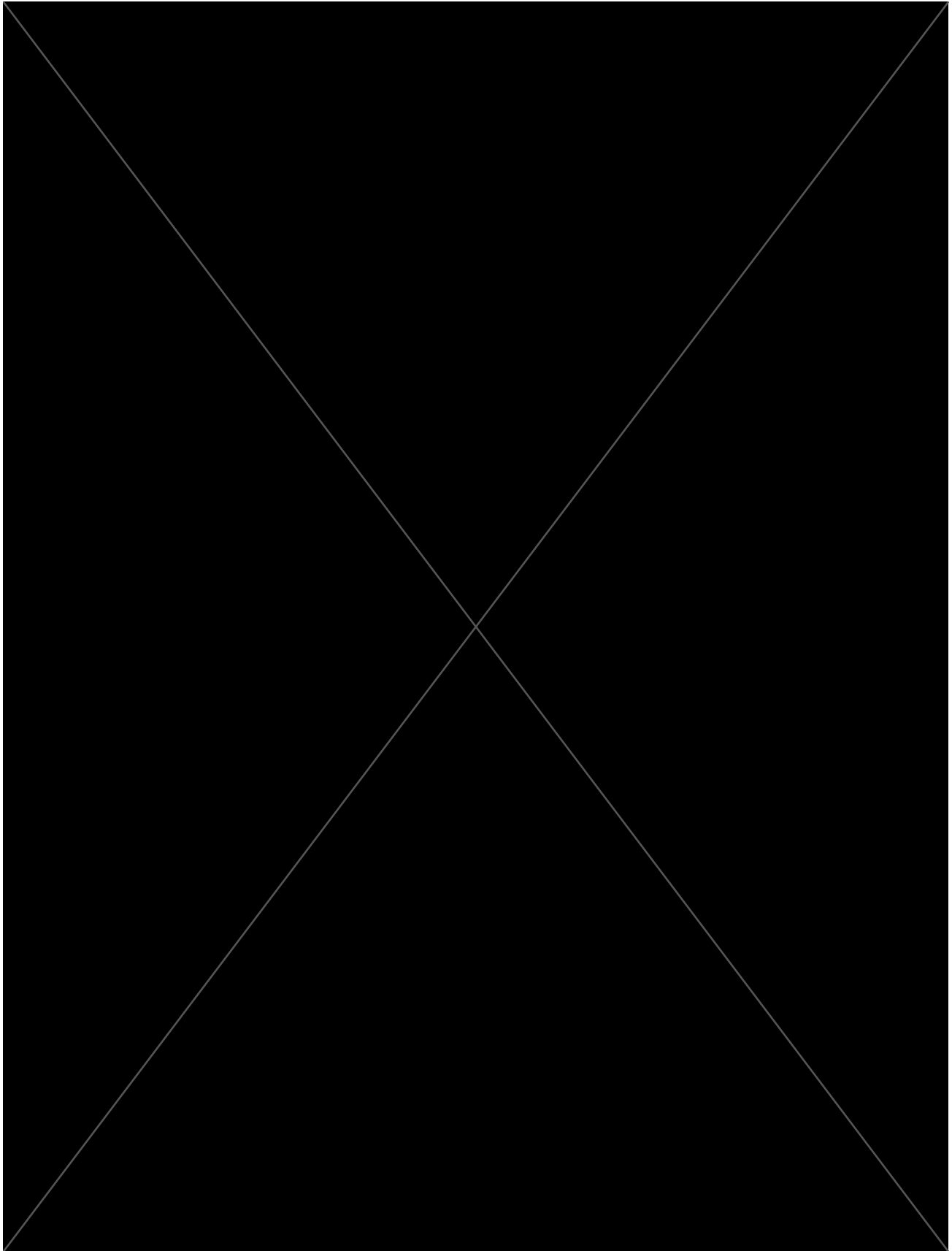


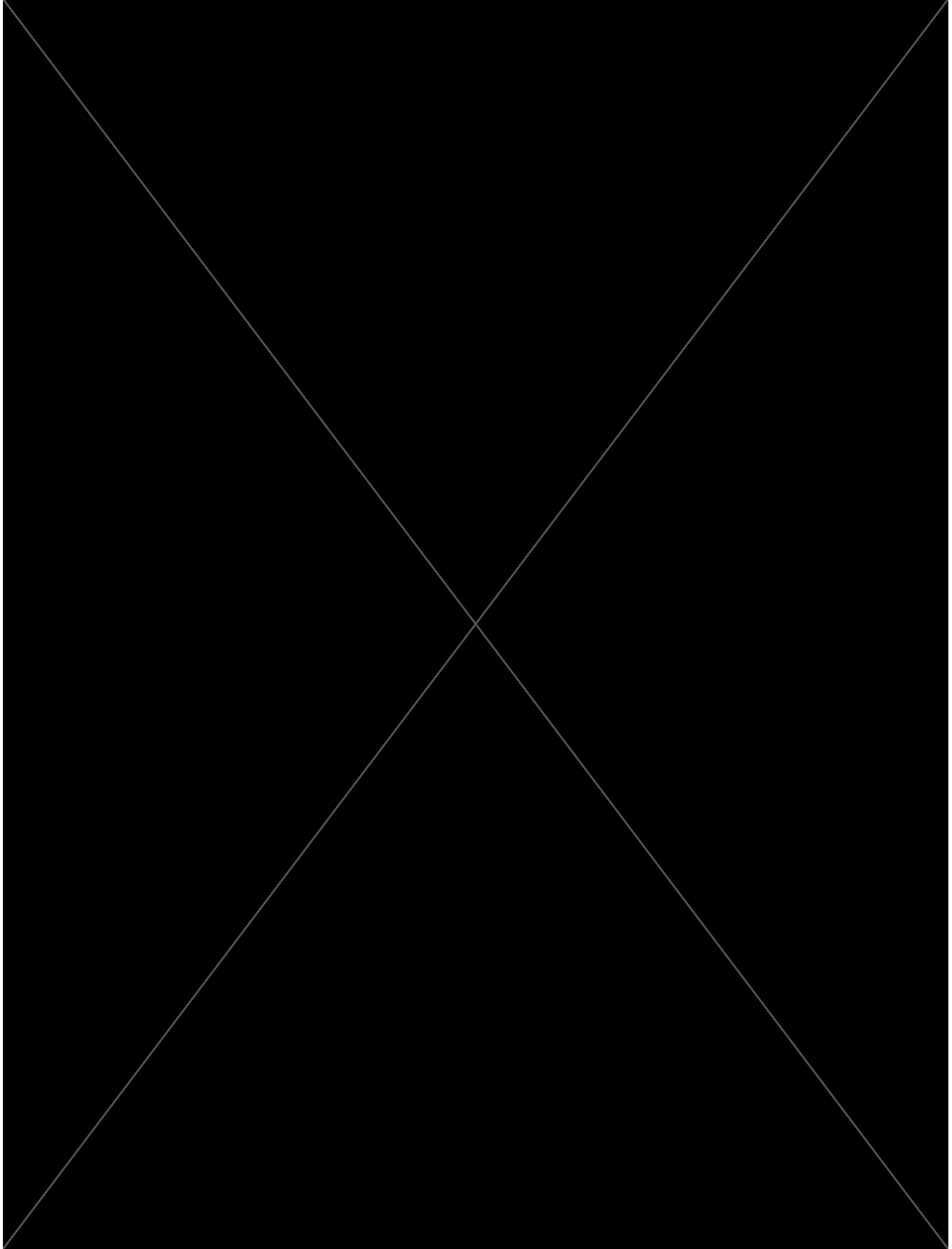
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

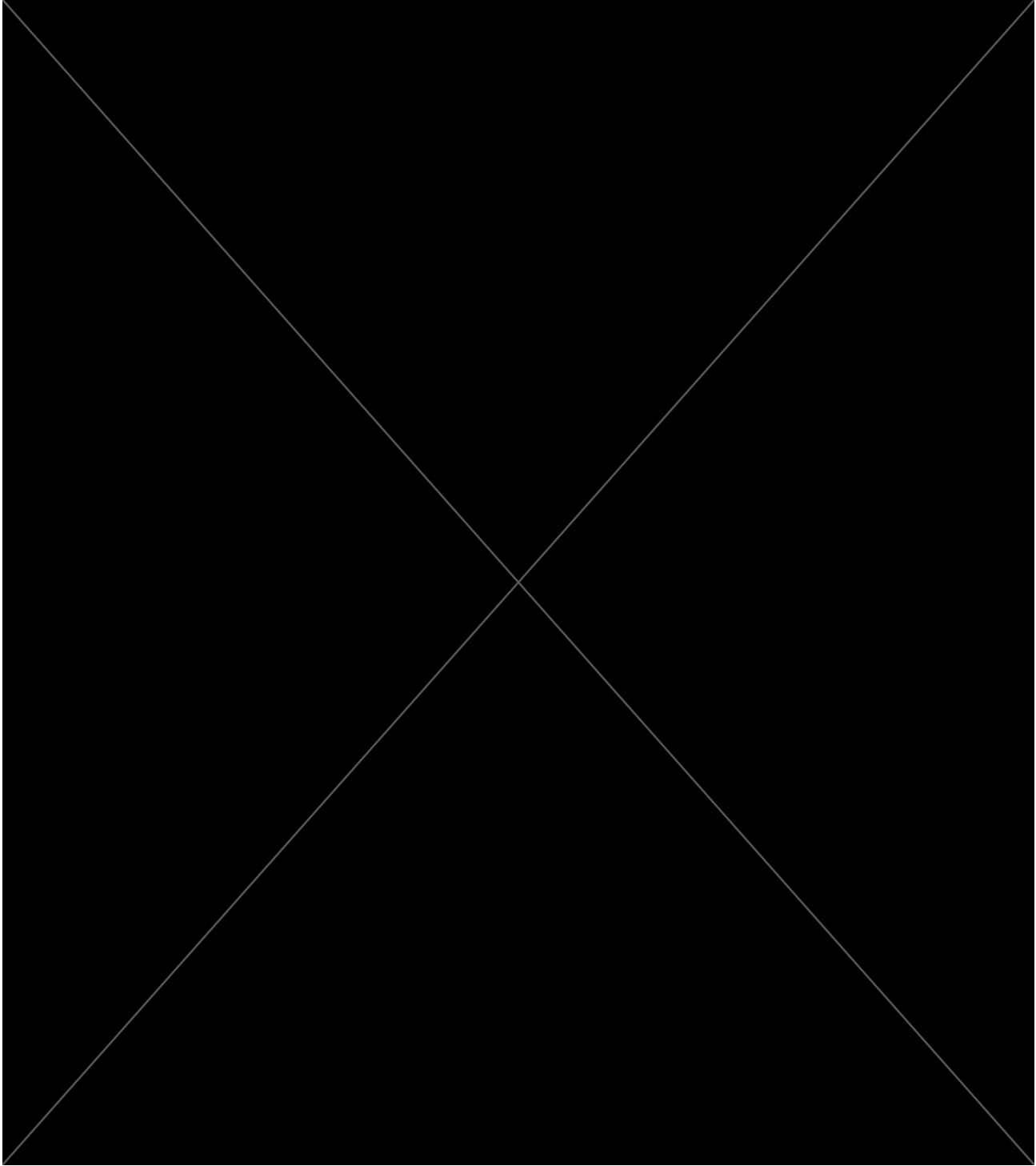
Magnolia Science Academy 6 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

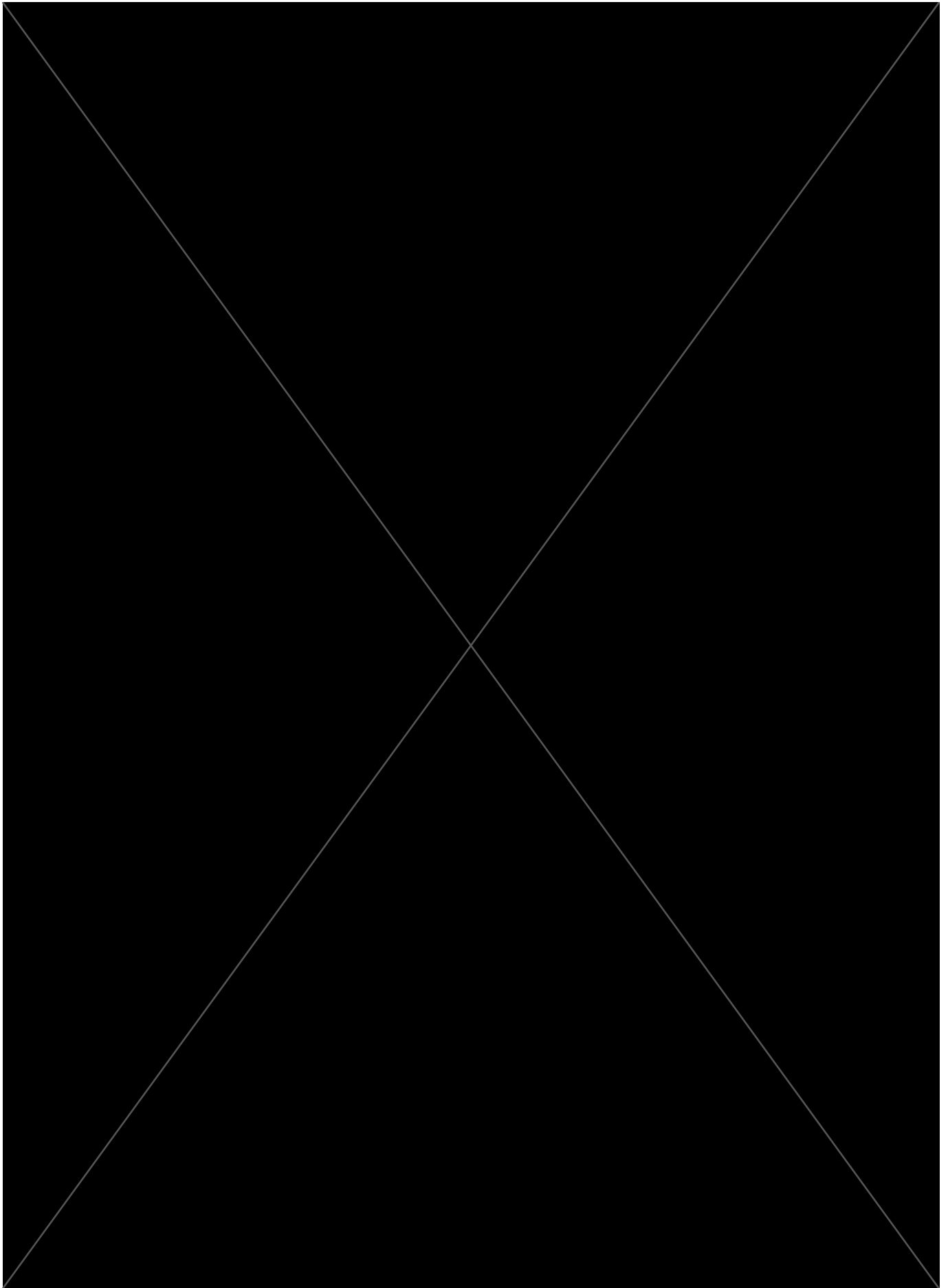


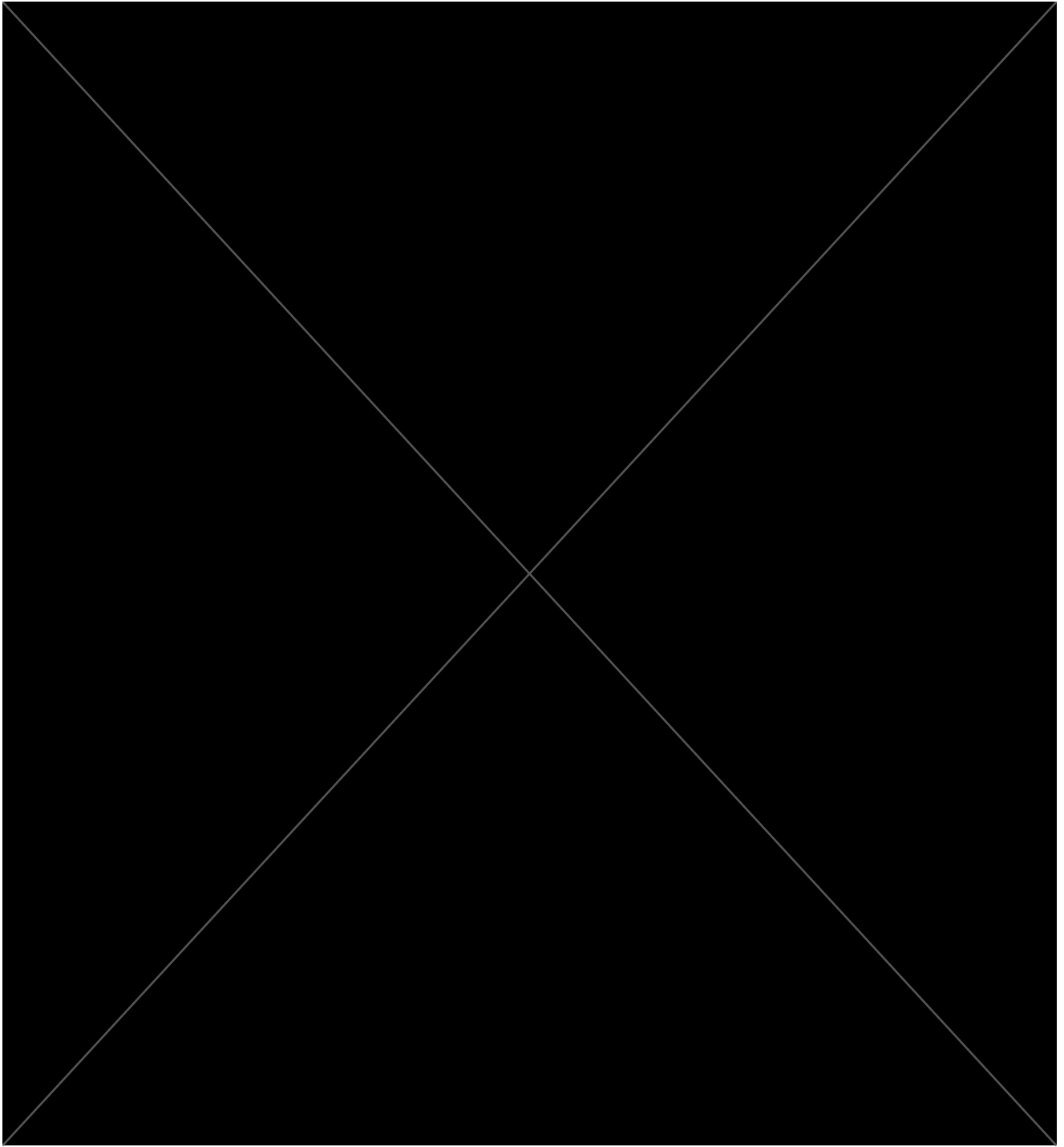
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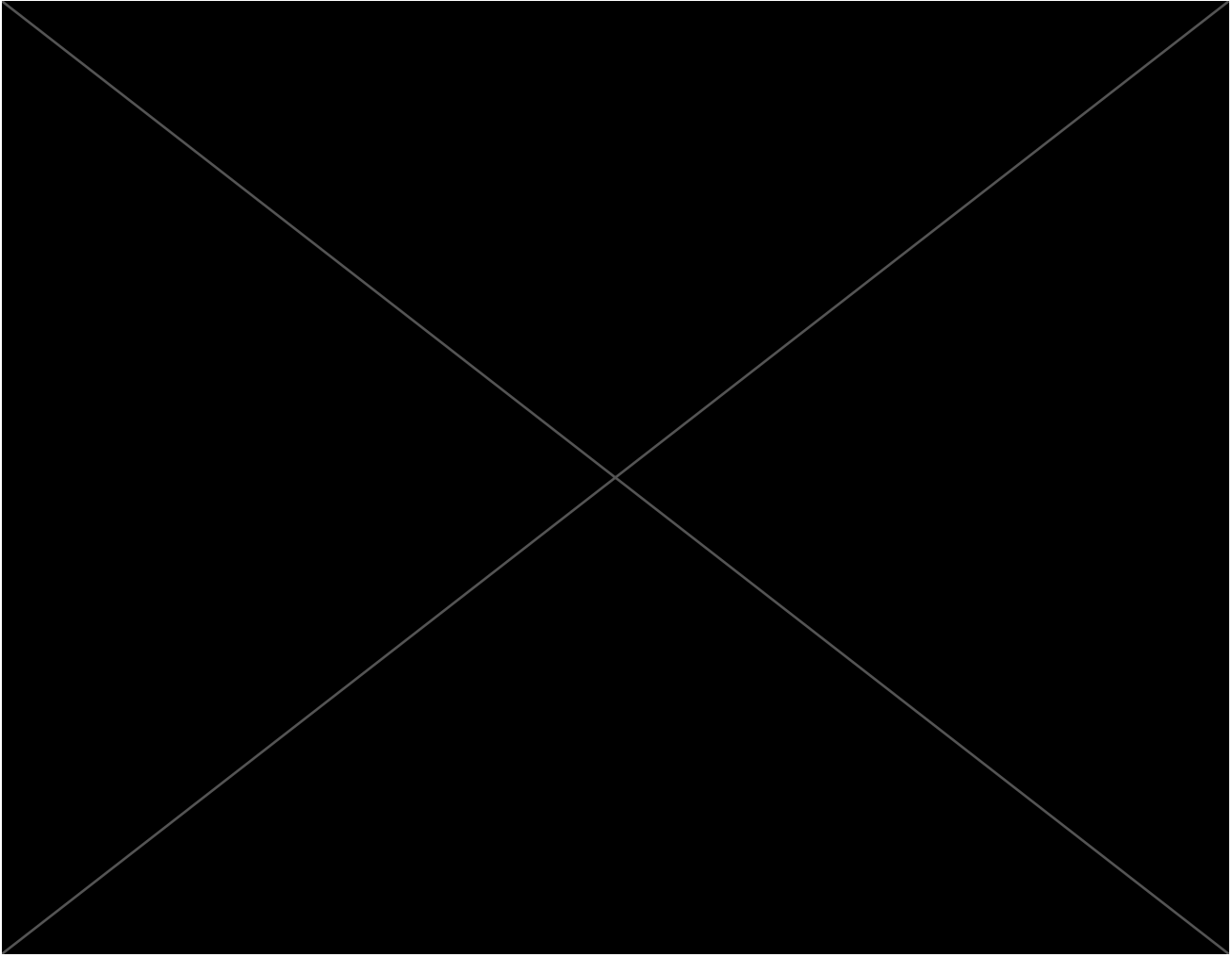












Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy 7 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



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A meeting for public input was held on January 17, 2023

Plan Revised January 20, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

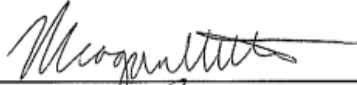
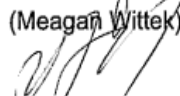
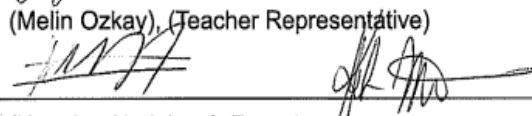
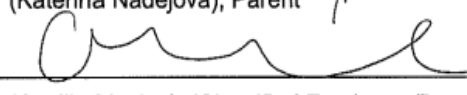
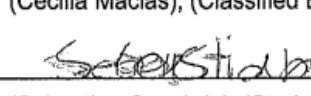
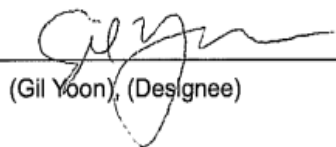
This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:30am - 4:00pm.

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

**Magnolia Science Academy 7
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the (MSA 7) Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

	1/23/23
(Meagan Wittek), Principal (or Designee)	Date
	11/23/23
(Melin Ozkay), (Teacher Representative)	Date
	11/23/23
(Katerina Nadejova), Parent	Date
	1/23/23
(Cecilia Macias), (Classified Employee Representative)	Date
	1/23/23
(Sebastian Sanabria), (Student - Optional)	Date
<i>Sandra Zamora</i>	1/17/23
(Officer Zamora), (Law Enforcement Agency)	Date
<i>Samuel Galvan</i>	1/12/23
(Samuel Galvan), (Fire Department)	Date
	1/23/23
(Gil Yoon), (Designee)	Date

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

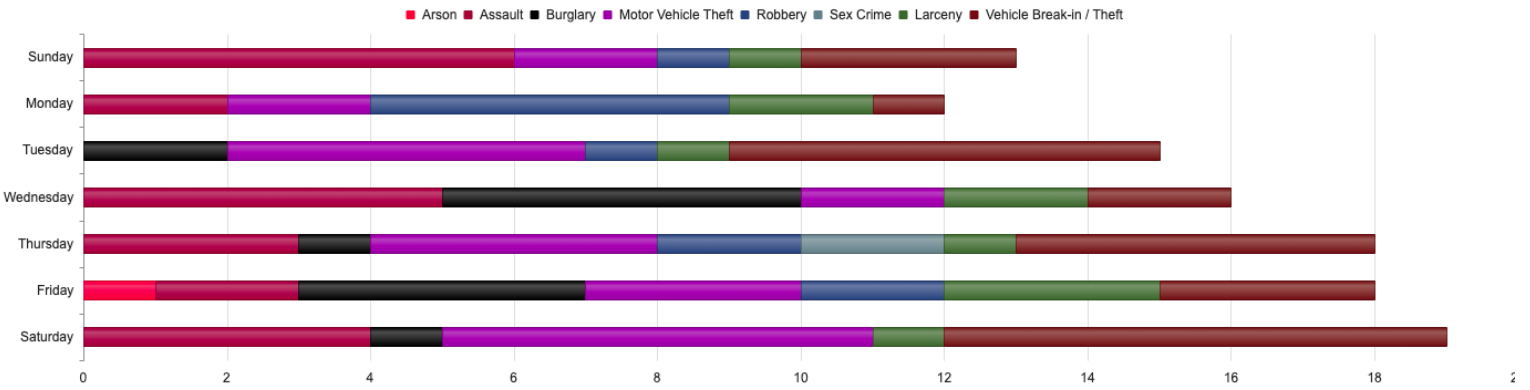
The top three crime violations in the area of 91325 between August 16, 2022 (first day of school) and December 18, 2022, including

1. Vehicle Break-in/Theft (27)
2. Motor Vehicle Theft (24)
3. Assault (22)

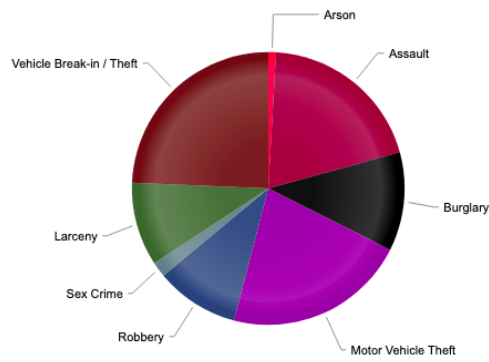
This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.

Crime Incidents 08-16-2022 to 12-18-2022 (125 Days) 111 Records

Day of Week Summary



Crime Summary



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on January 9, 2023. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	0	0	1	0
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	0	0
Expulsion Data	0	0	0	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	95.31%	97.09%	92.35%	92.69%
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	13.0%	n/a	24.5%	32%
Graduation Rate	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

- **Objective:** Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- **Related Activities:** Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- **Resources needed:** Safety plan
- **Person(s) responsible for implementation:** Designated Administrator, Safety Committee
- **Budget:** Refer to schools' annual budget

- Evaluation guidelines: Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Emergency Drills

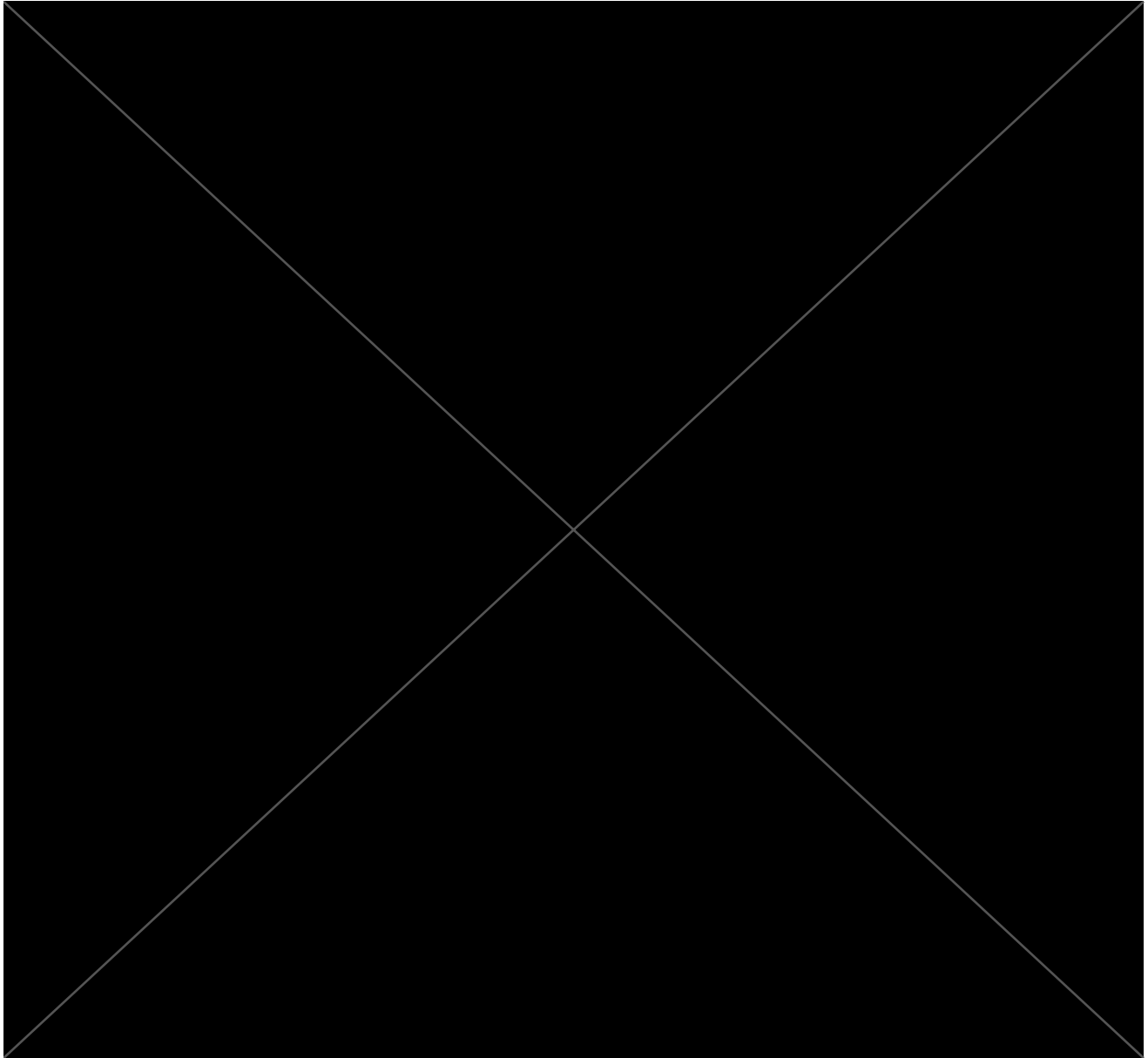
Goal(s): All students and staff will implement all emergency drill protocols and procedures as noted in the comprehensive school safety plan.

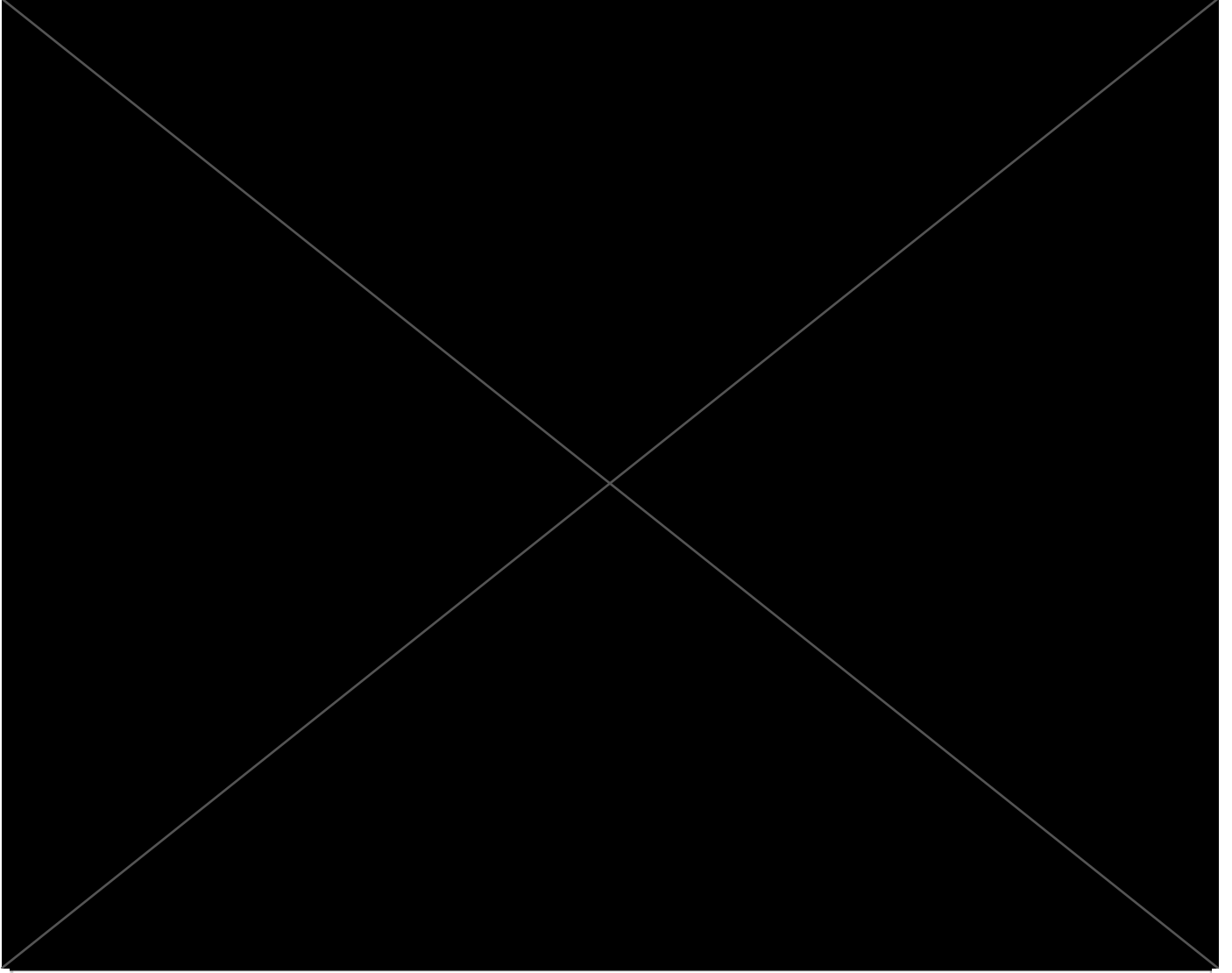
- Objective: Conduct monthly emergency drills as scheduled in our Emergency Drills Calendar
- Related Activities: Review and debrief after each emergency drill
- Resources needed: Emergency Drill Calendar
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated Administrator
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Emergency Drill Data Sheet, Student/Staff Emergency Roster Counts Sheet

Component 3: MTSS

Goal(s): Implement a Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior to support all student behavior and social-emotional health.

- Objective: Maintaining and reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports.
- Related Activities: Conduct SSPT and PBIS Meetings monthly or when needed
- Resources needed: MTSS Referral Form, Multi-Tiered support, and Intervention Charts
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated Administrator, MTSS Coordinator, Teacher & Staff. PBIS Team
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: PBIS Data Tracker, Office Referrals, Infinite Campus Behavior Management Logs





Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____
--

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name * Last Name * Email Address *

1) Drill Type *
 fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One *
 new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *

4) Time Started *

5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type *
 bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? *
 yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? *
 yes
 no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? *
 yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
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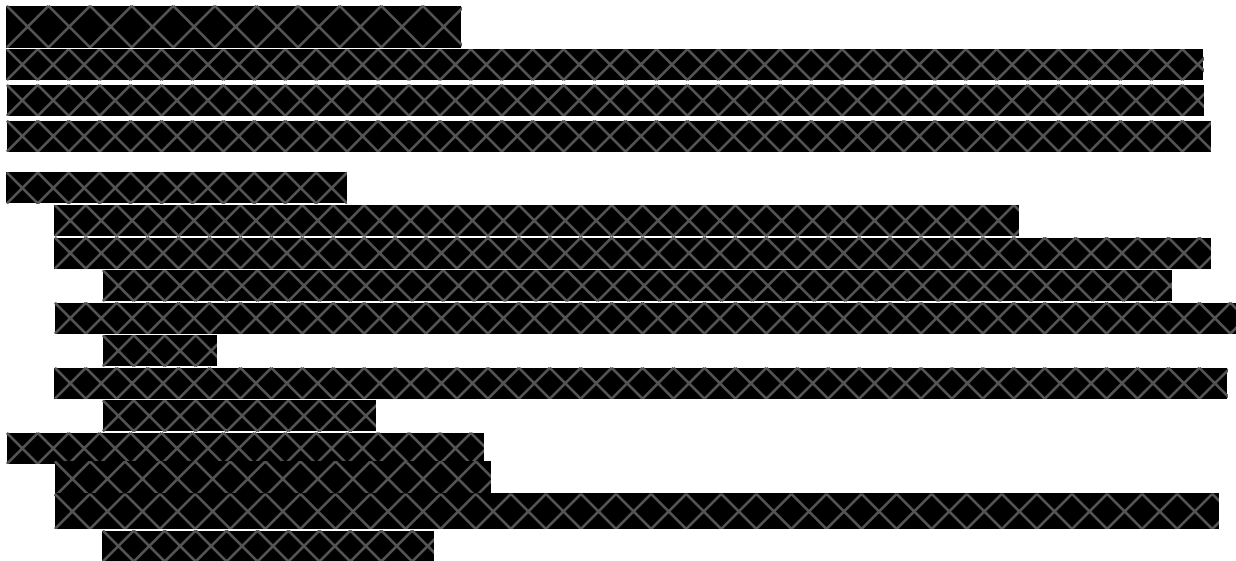
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

Emergency Drill Calendar 2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
Fire	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
Lockdown	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
Shelter-in-Place	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
Take Cover	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written

follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, and upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occurs throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the

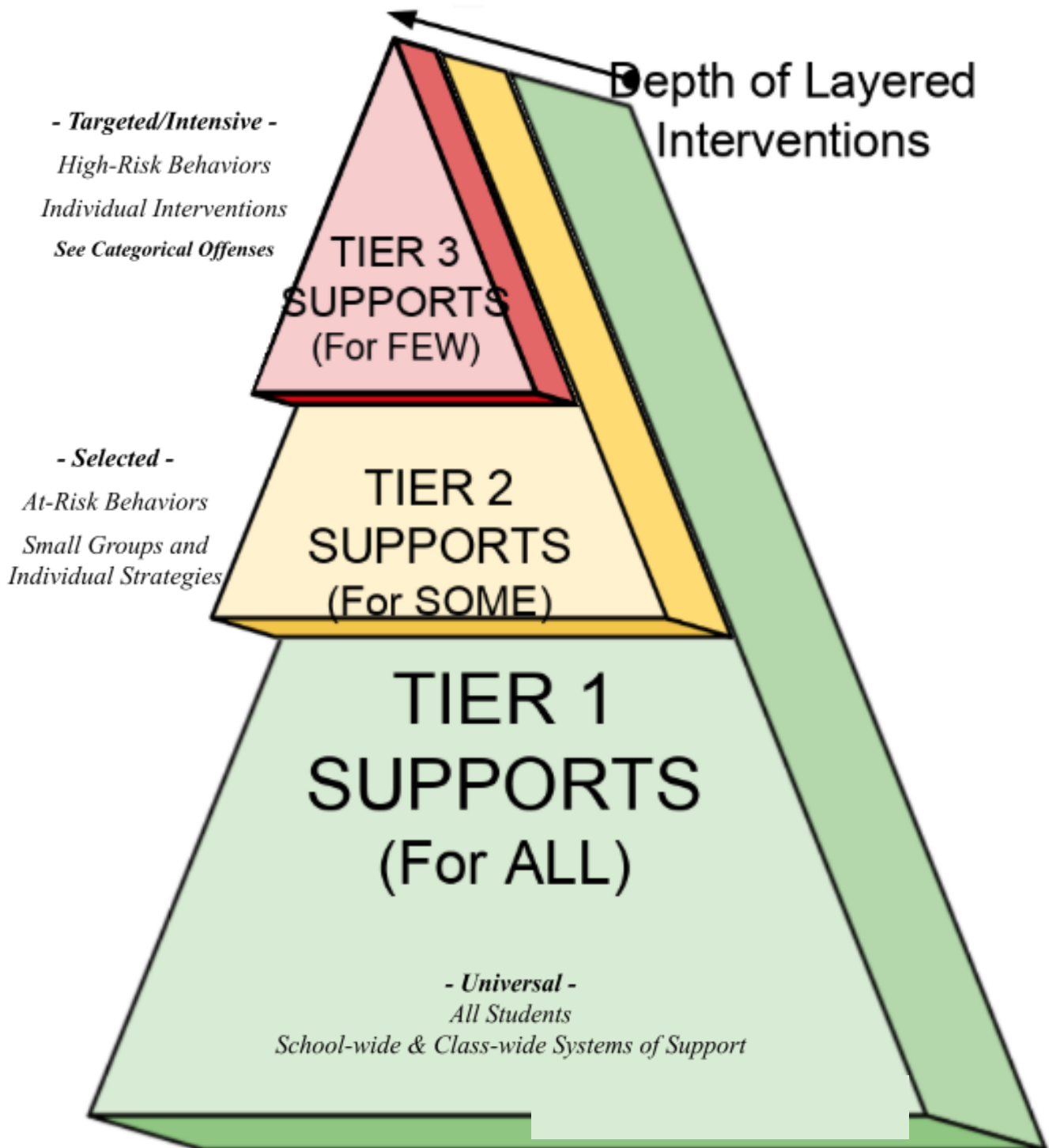
Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

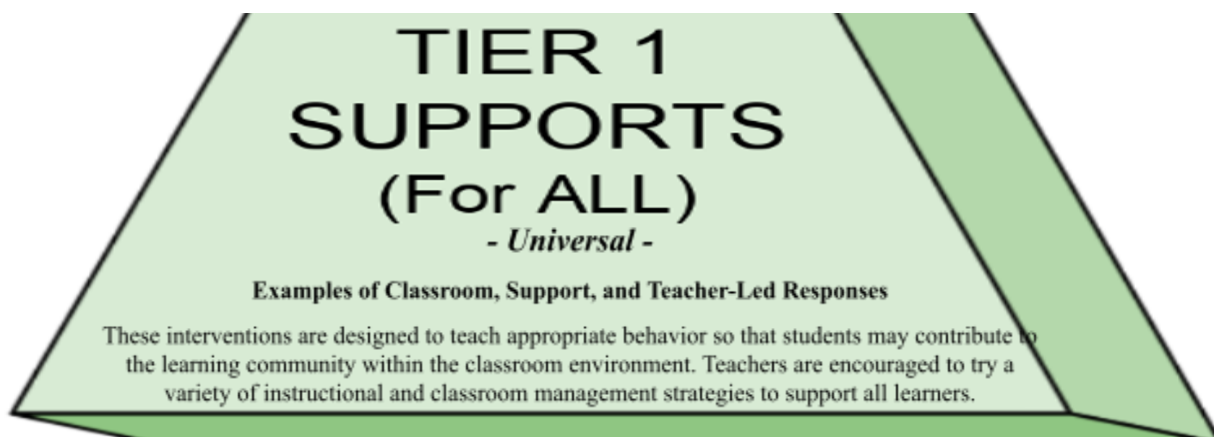
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

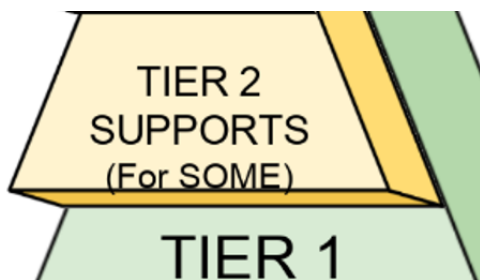
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

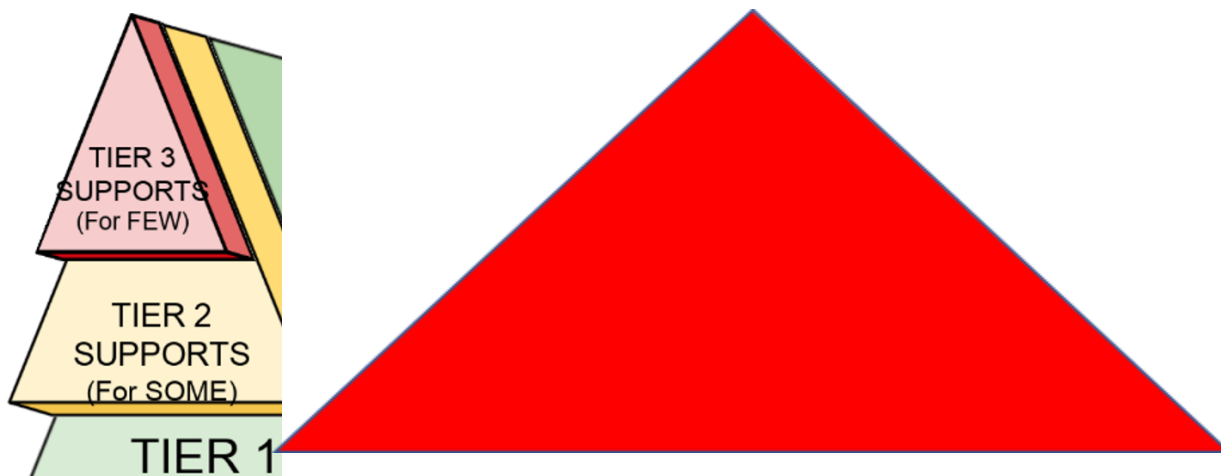


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 onry)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. "Cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of "bullying" and "electronic act" above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS' education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS' policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS' bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed):*

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.
I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. (*Same contact information as in Level 3*) The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> (required for all variations of dress uniform)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or jegging material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket. <p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school.
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office cCrisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.
- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may

be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.

- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.
- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team

members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages

- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by the school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of them may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

MODULE 8 | Post-Crisis

The *COPING Model*SM

INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.



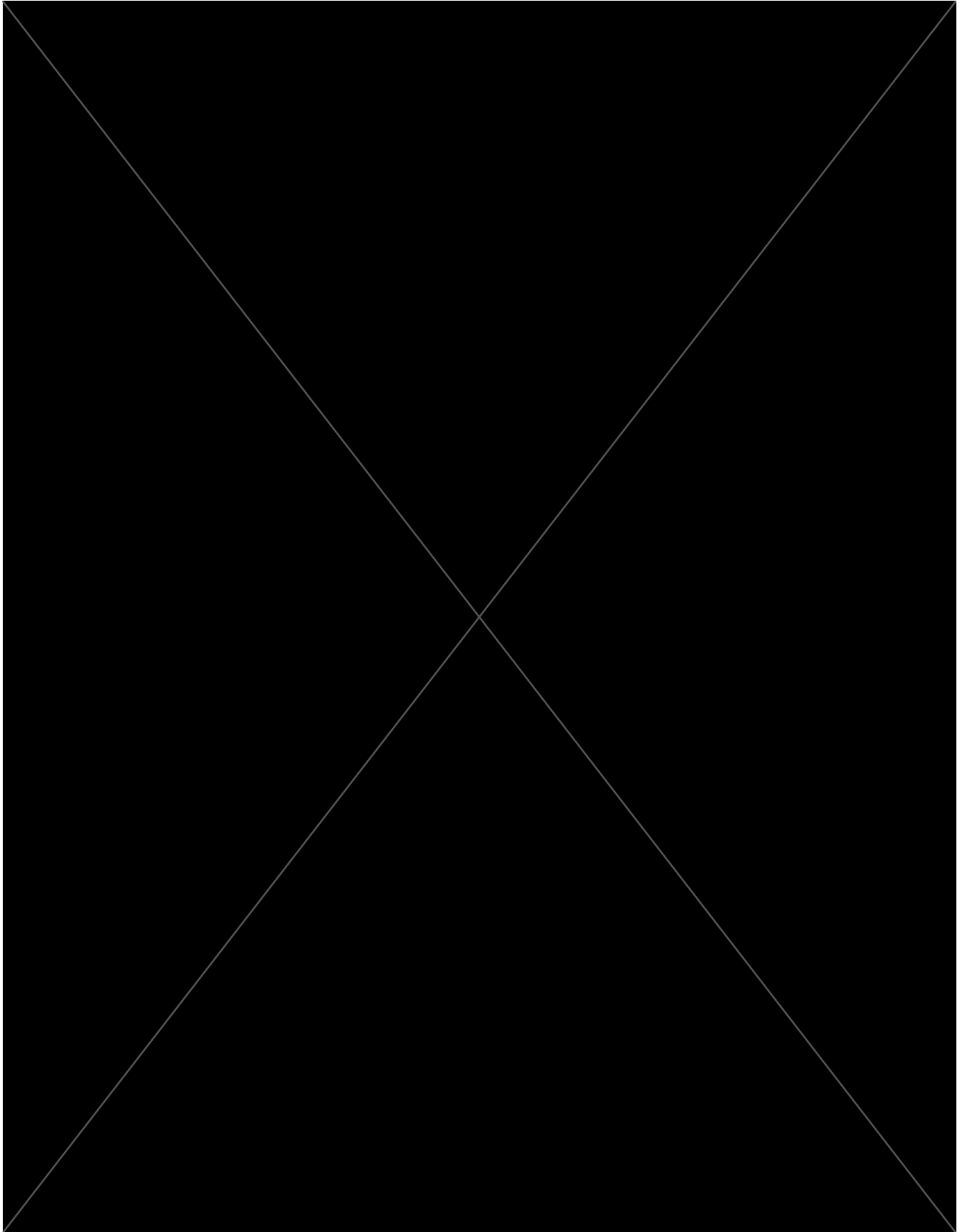
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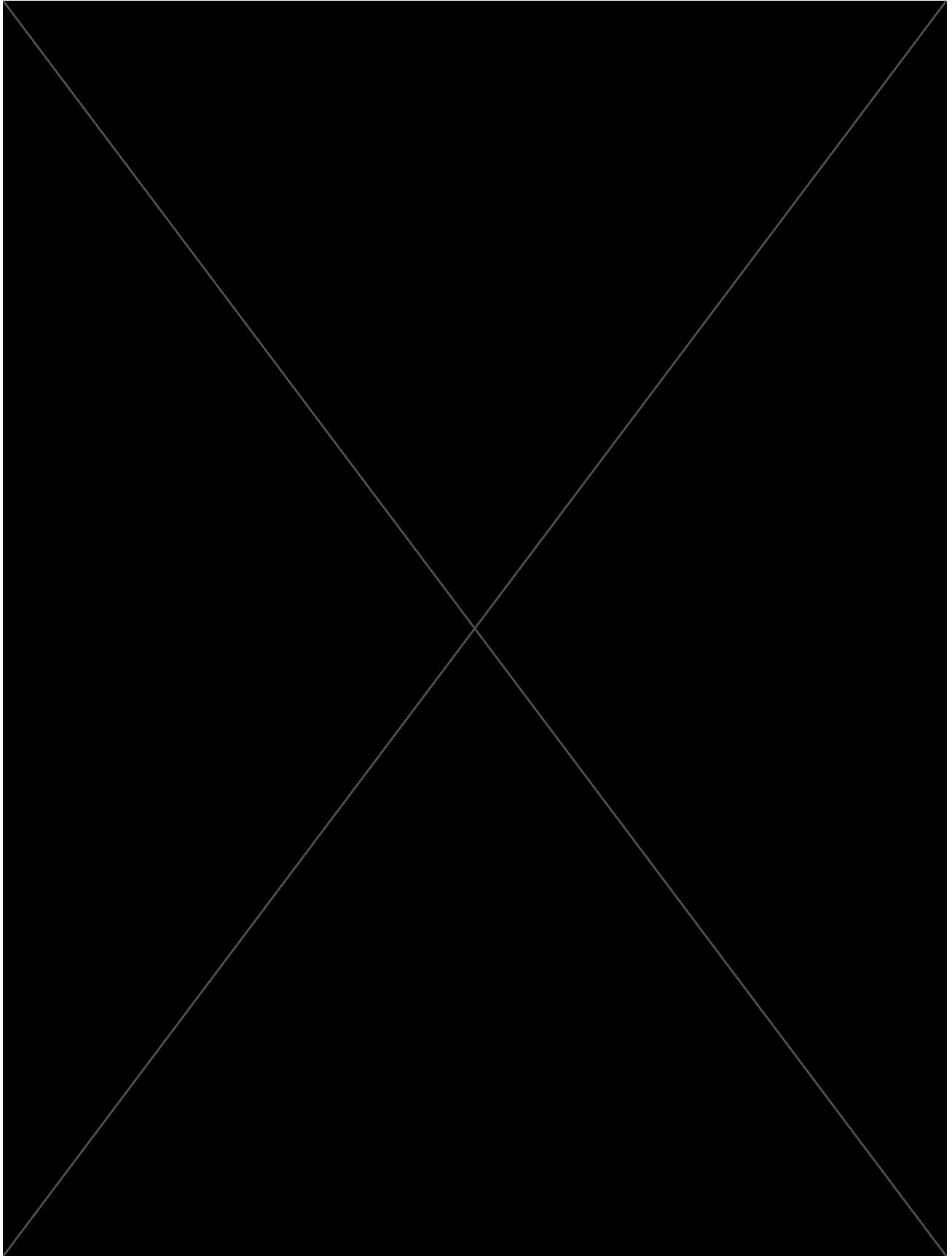
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

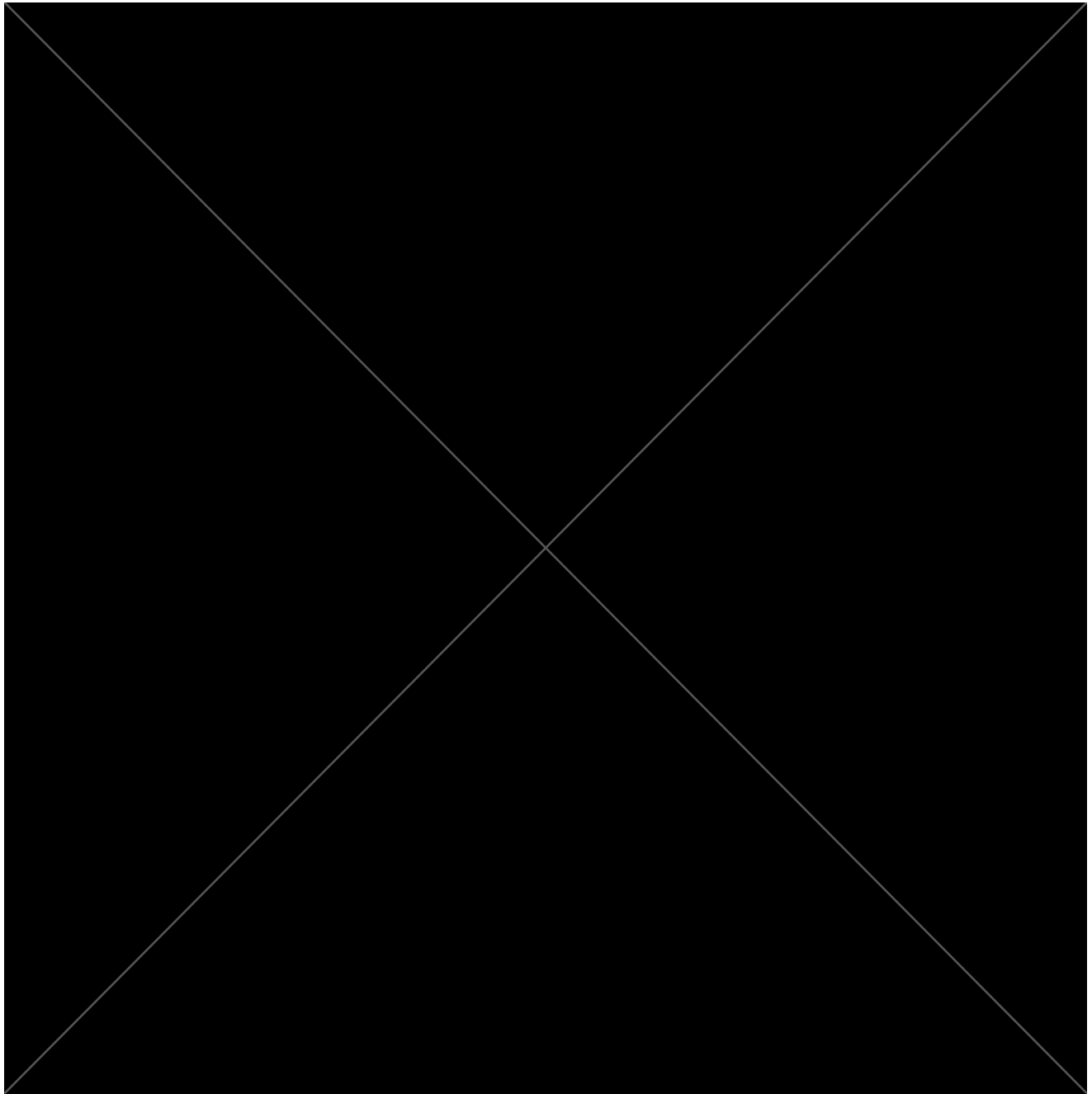
Magnolia Science Academy 7 MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

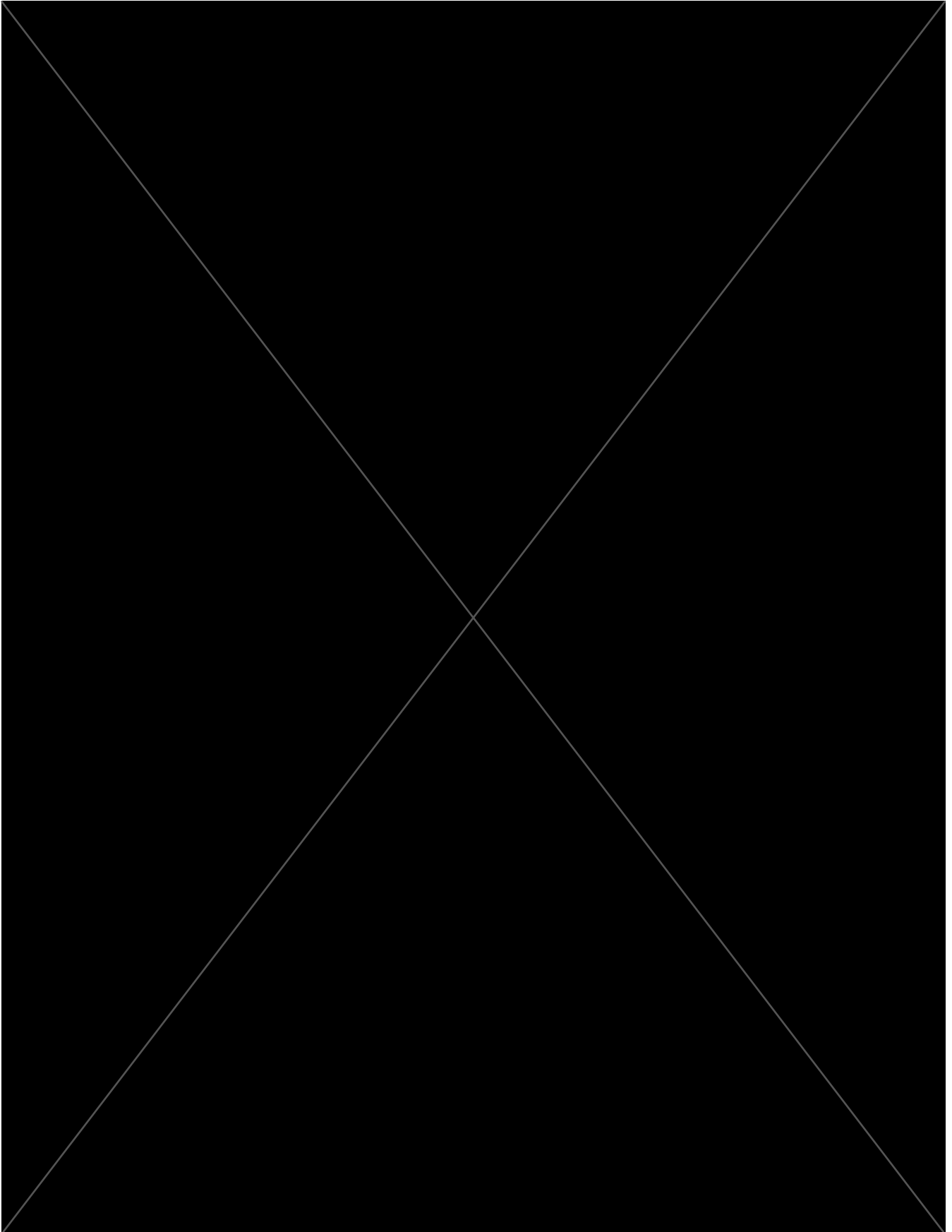


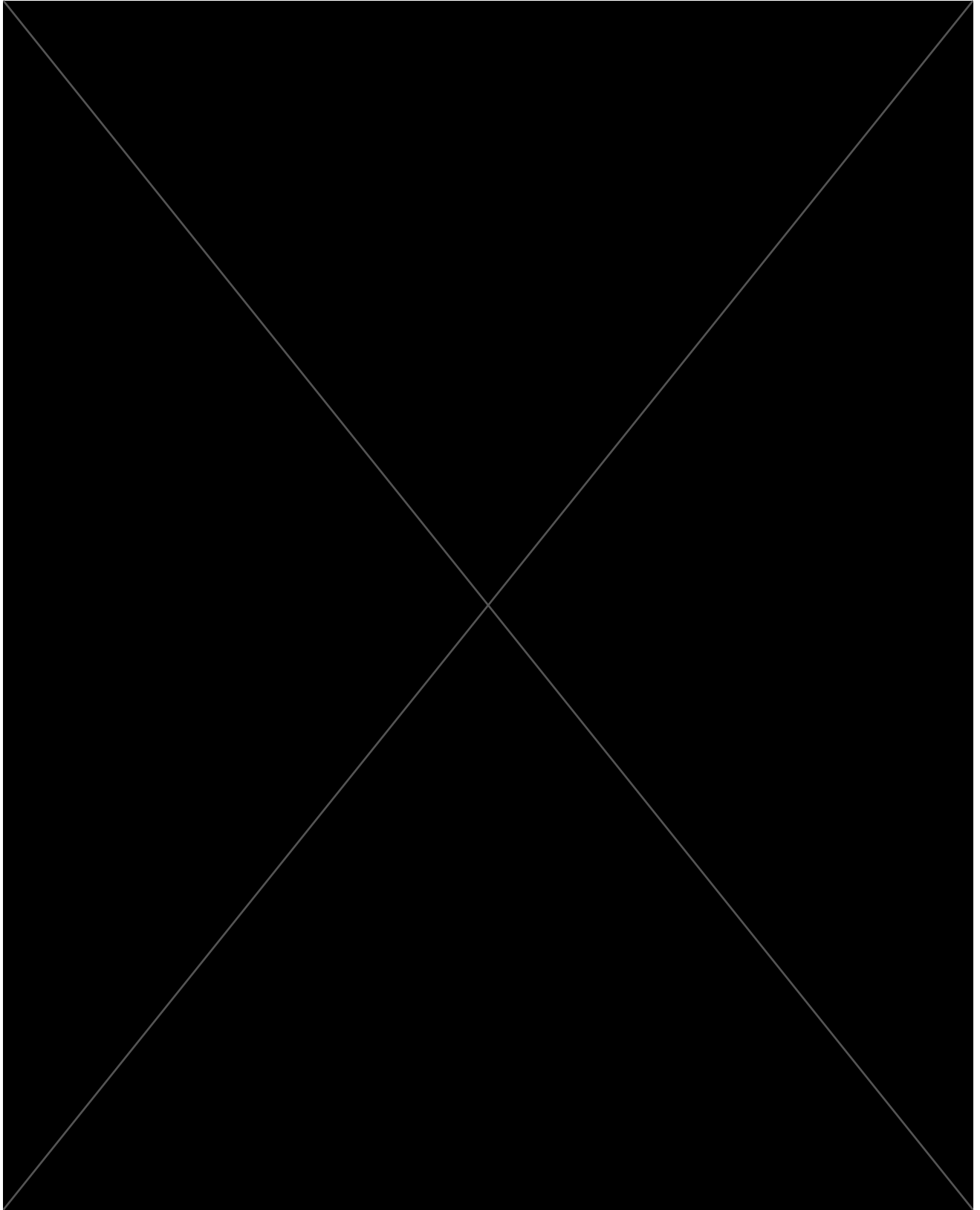
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Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy Bell
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



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A meeting for public input was held on Jan 23, 2023

Plan Revised Jan 23, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:30am - 4:00pm.

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

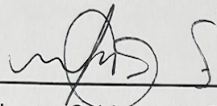
**Magnolia Science Academy- Bell
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

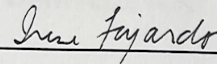
The undersigned members of the (Magnolia Science Academy- Bell) Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

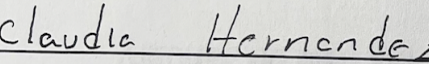
Laura Schlottman, Principal or Designee	Date
Irene Fajardo, Teacher Representative	Date
Claudia Hernandez, Parent	Date
Albert Nuyen, Classified Employee Representative	Date
Allison Hernandez, Student	Date
Bell Police Department, Law Enforcement Agency	Date
Station 163, Fire Department	Date

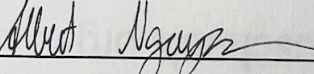
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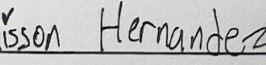
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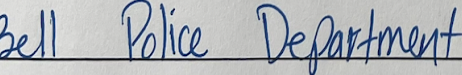

 _____ 1/23/2023
 Laura Schlottman, Principal or Designee Date

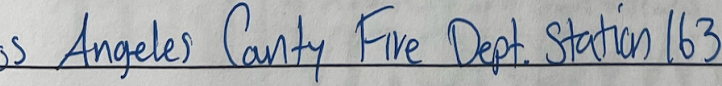

 _____ 1/23/2023
 Irene Fajardo, Teacher Representative Date


 _____ 1/23/2023
 Claudia Hernandez, Parent Date


 _____ 1/23/2023
 Albert Gnuyen, Classified Employee Representative Date


 _____ 1/23/2023
 Allison Hernandez, Student Date


 _____ 1/23/2023
 Bell Police Department, Law Enforcement Agency Date


 _____ 1/23/2023
 Station 163, Fire Department Date

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

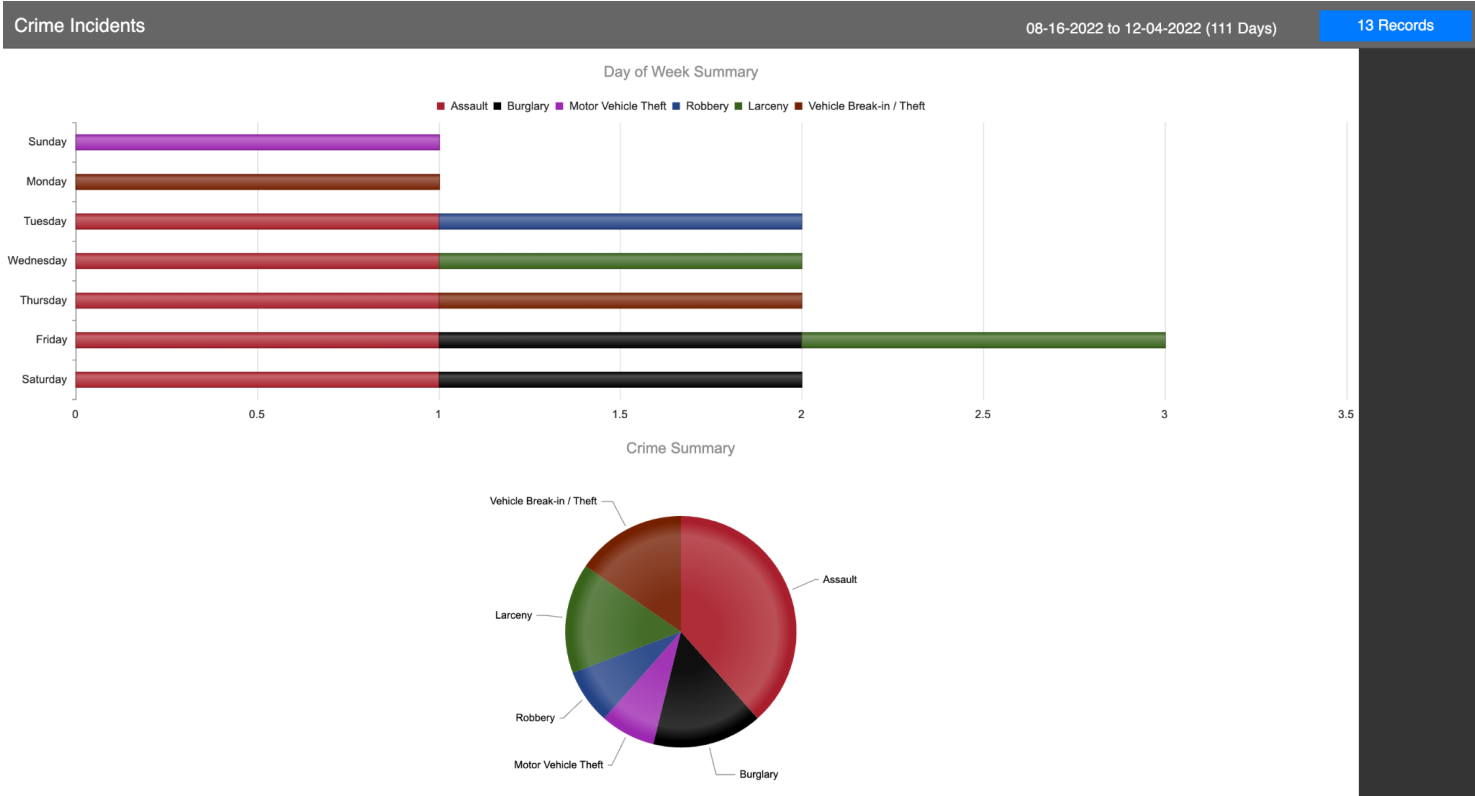
Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

The top three crime violations in the area of 90201 between August 16, 2022 (first day of school) and December 4, 2022, including

1. Assault
2. Burglary
3. Vehicle Break-in/Thief

This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on December 6, 2022. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	0	0	11	4
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	0	0
Expulsion Data	0	0	0	0
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	COVID-19 Engagement	COVID-19 Engagement	Hybrid Year Classroom ADA: 91.70% Non-Classroom ADA: 8.30%	96.33%
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	3.72%	3.8%	28.4%	3.92%

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

- Objective: Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- Related Activities: Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- Resources needed: Safety plan
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated Administrator, Safety Committee
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Decrease Chronic Absenteeism

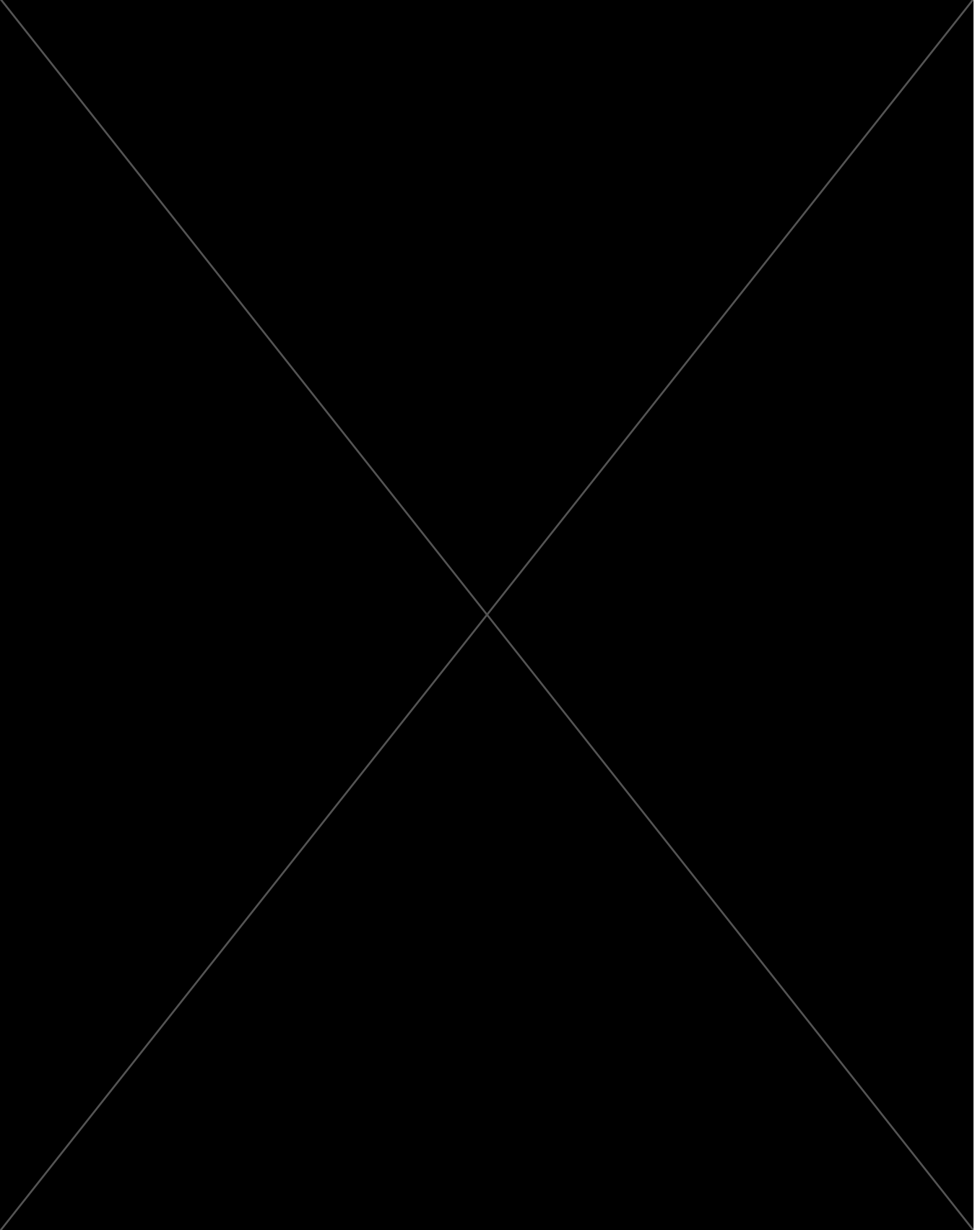
Goal(s):

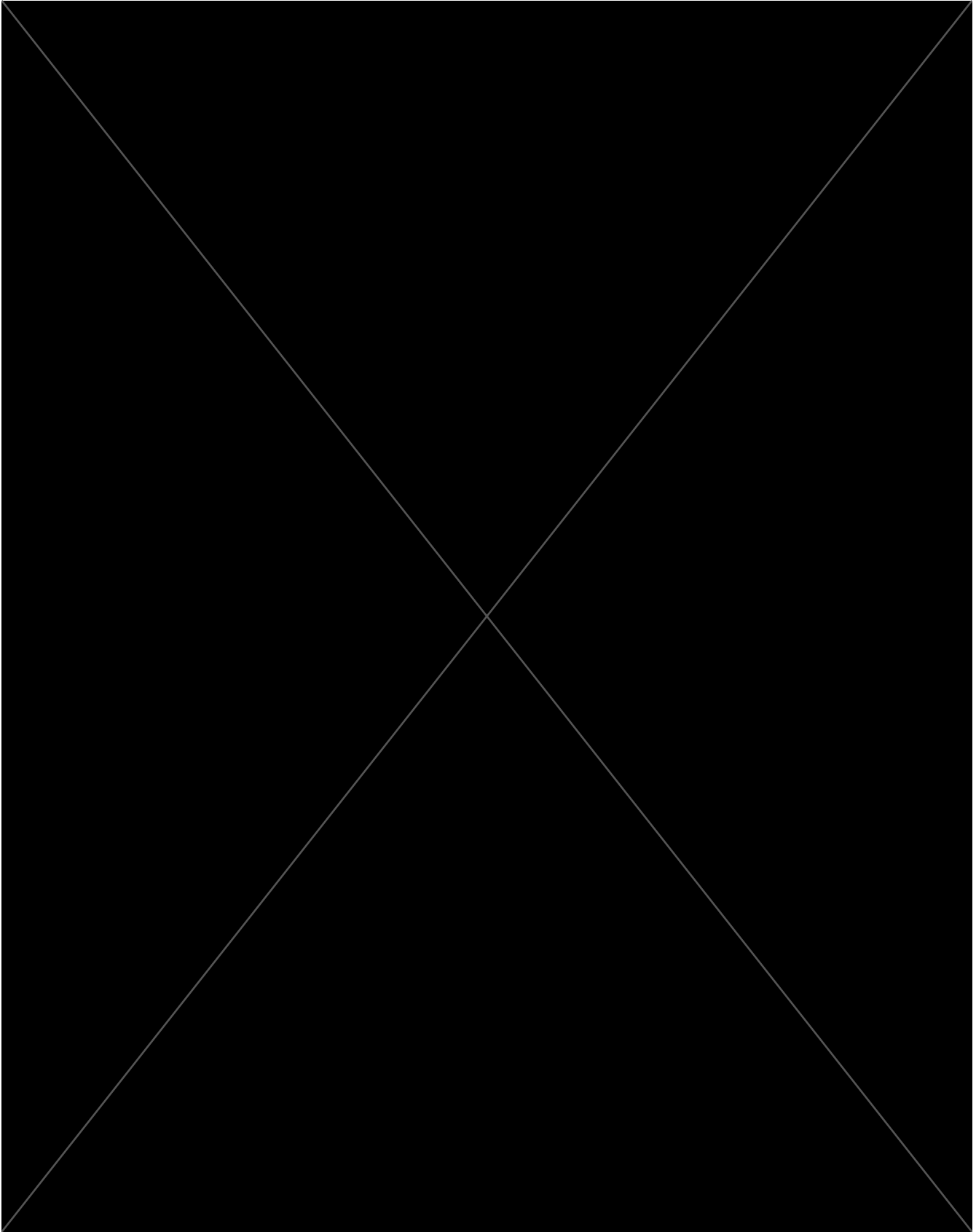
- Objective: Decrease the Chronic Absenteeism Rate by at least 10%
- Related Activities: Home visits targeting students
- Resources needed: School staff
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: All school staff
- Budget: Refer to schools annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Home visit rate vs. Chronic Absenteeism Reports

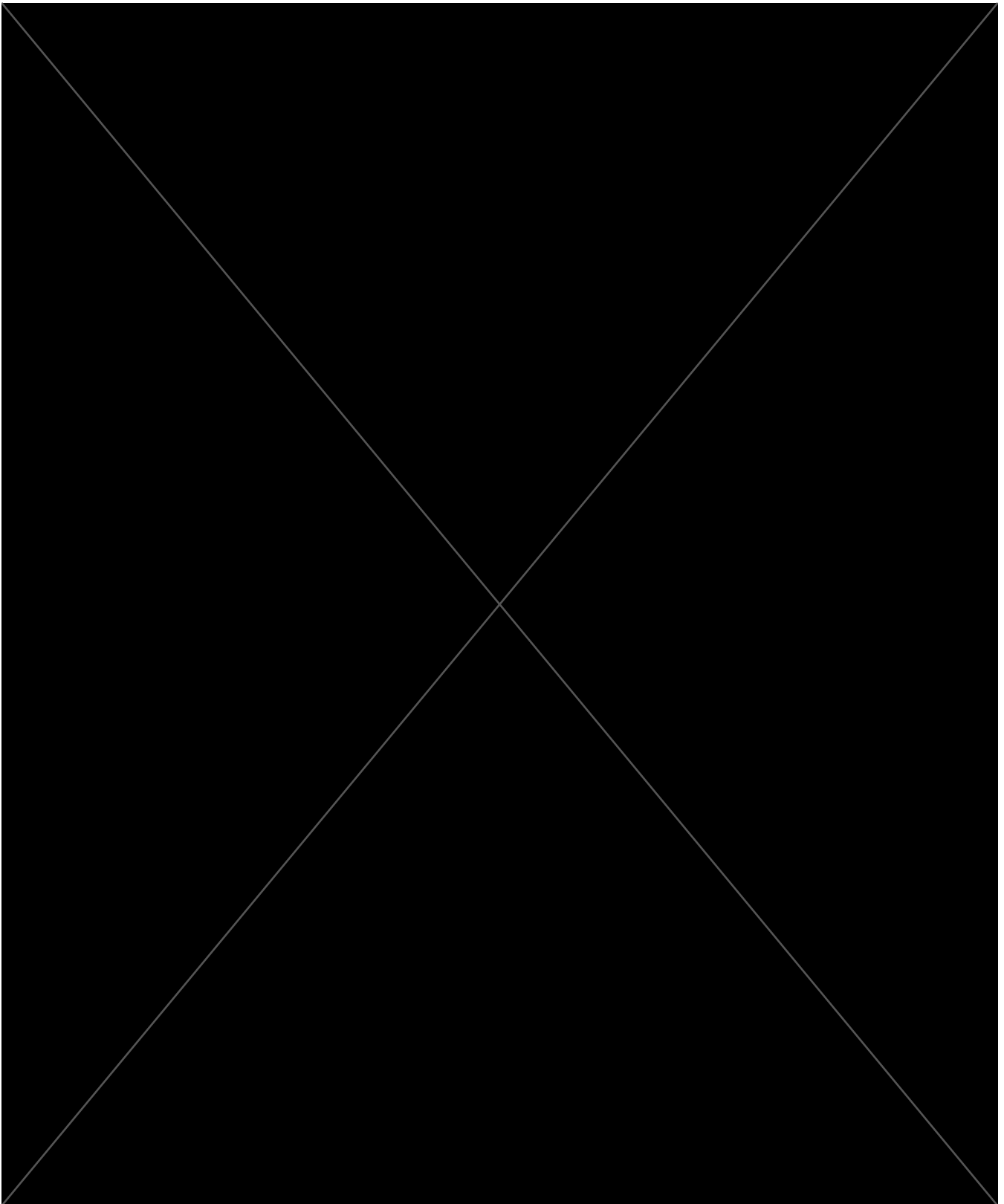
Component 3: Decrease Student Suspensions

Goal(s):

- Objective: The objective is to keep our suspension rates to <1%
- Related Activities: Consistent use of the Positivity Project curriculum with all of our students to teach them character skills.
- Resources needed: Positivity Project Curriculum, Staff
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: MSA-Bell Staff
- Budget: Refer to school budget
- Evaluation guidelines: End of the year suspension rates.







Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name *
Last Name *
Email Address *

1) Drill Type *
 fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One *
 new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *
4) Time Started *
5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type *
 bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? *
 yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? *
 yes
 no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? *
 yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
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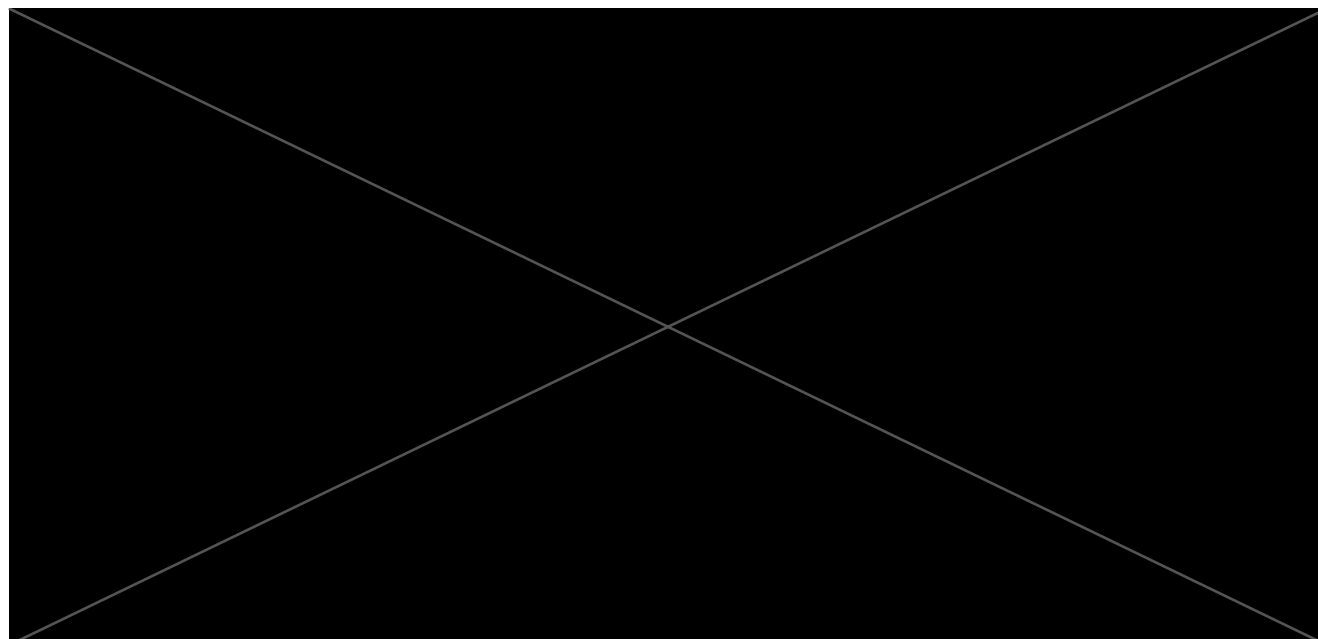
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

Emergency Drill Calendar 2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
<i>Fire</i>	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Lockdown</i>	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)</i>	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Shelter-in-Place</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Take Cover</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, and upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occurs throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the

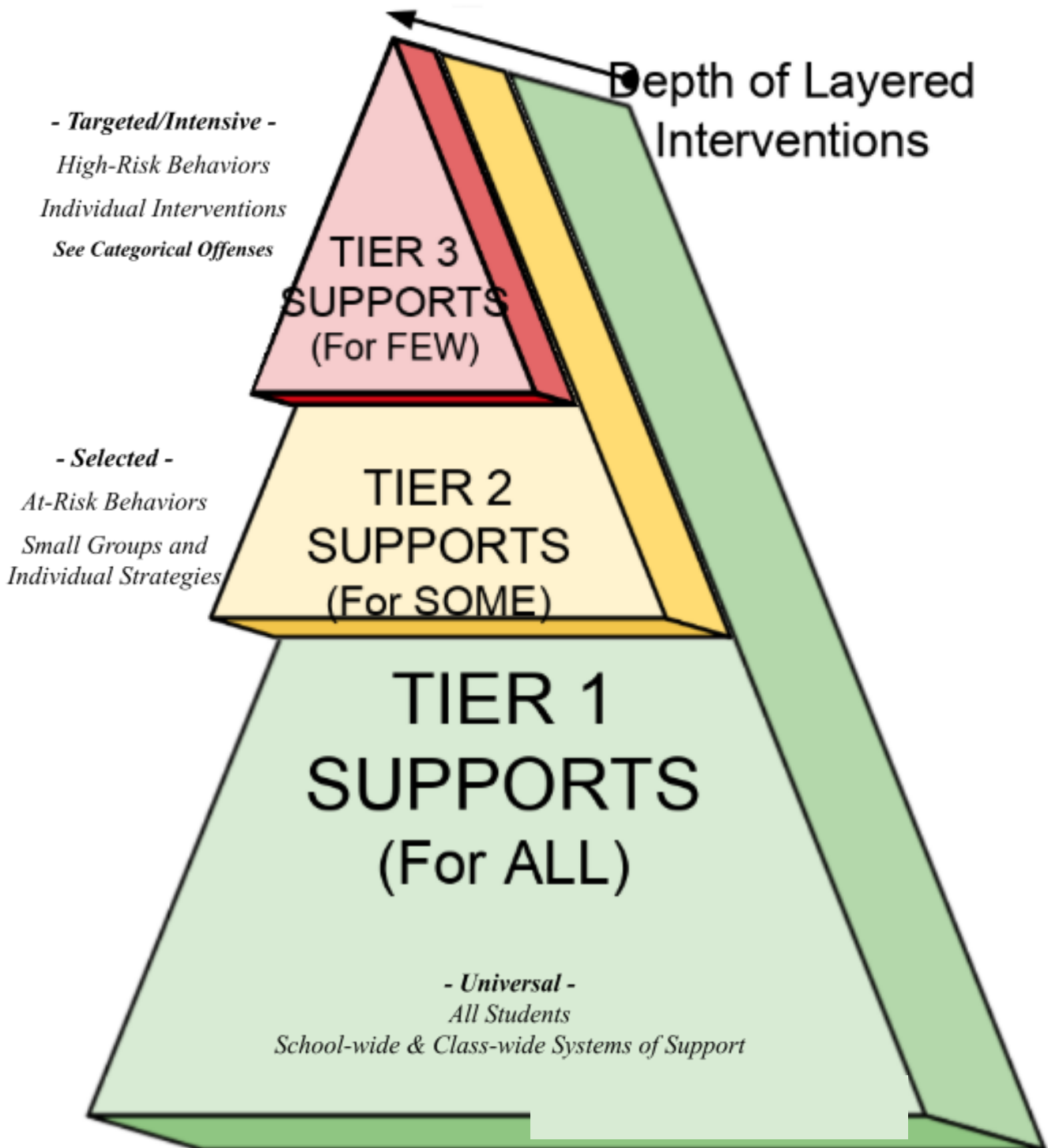
Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

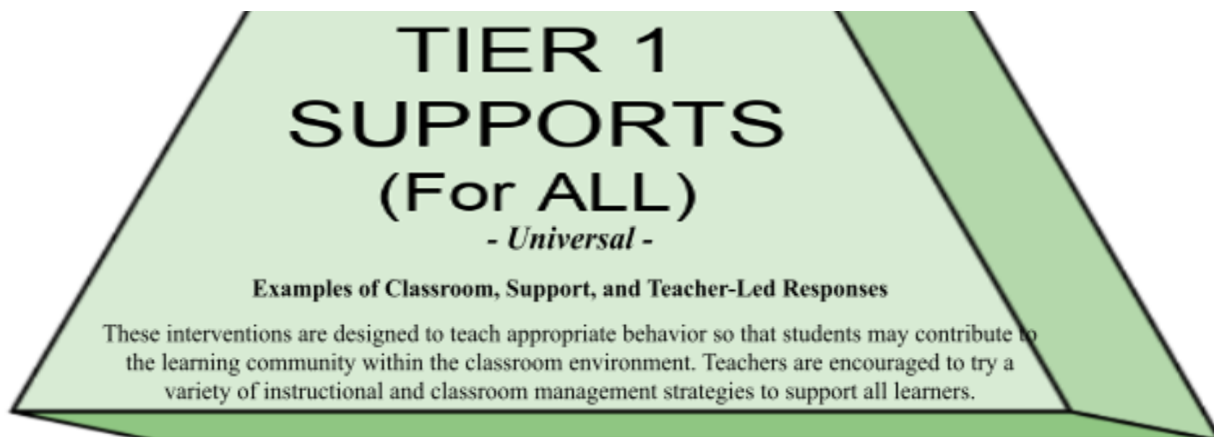
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

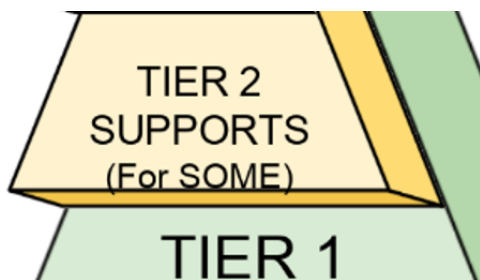
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

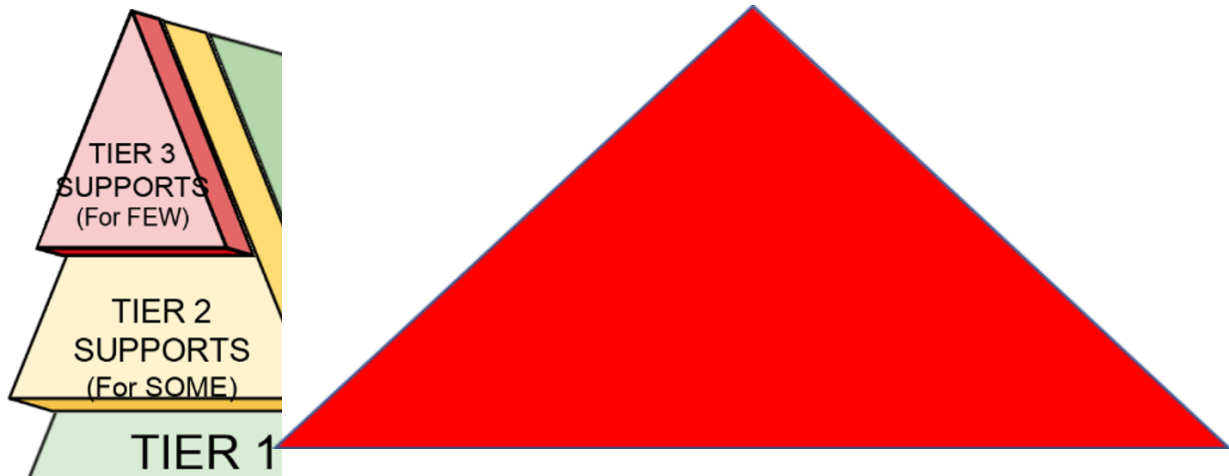


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 only)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
 Magnolia Public Schools
 250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
 Los Angeles, CA 90012
 (213) 628-3634
 ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. "Cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of "bullying" and "electronic act" above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS' education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS' policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS' bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed):*

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.
I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:
CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. (*Same contact information as in Level 3*) The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> <i>(required for all variations of dress uniform)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or jegging material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention. Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school. Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving the threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office cCrisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.

- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.
- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.

- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers

- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages
- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by a school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of whom may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

The COPING ModelSM



INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.

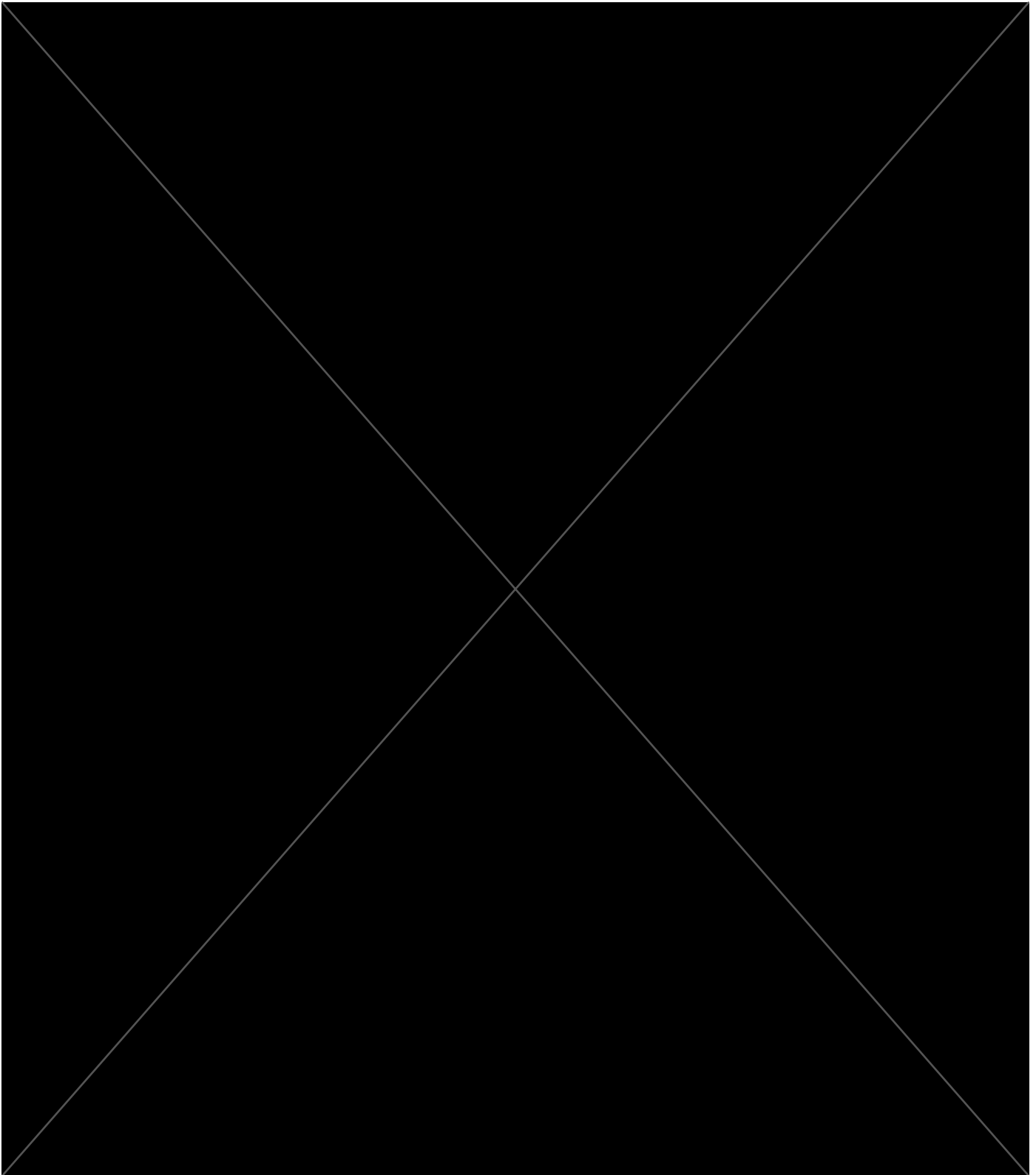
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

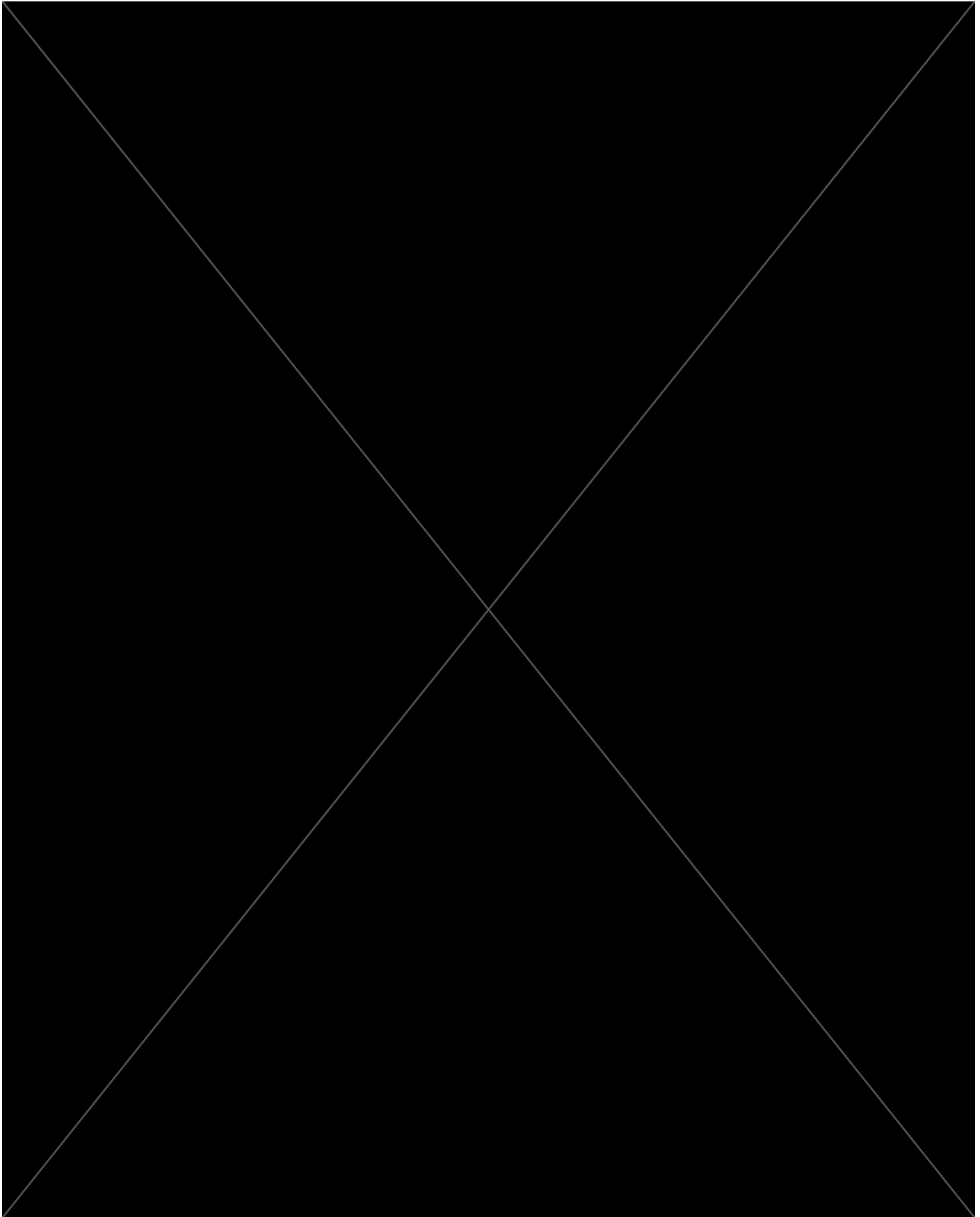
Magnolia Science Academy Bell MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

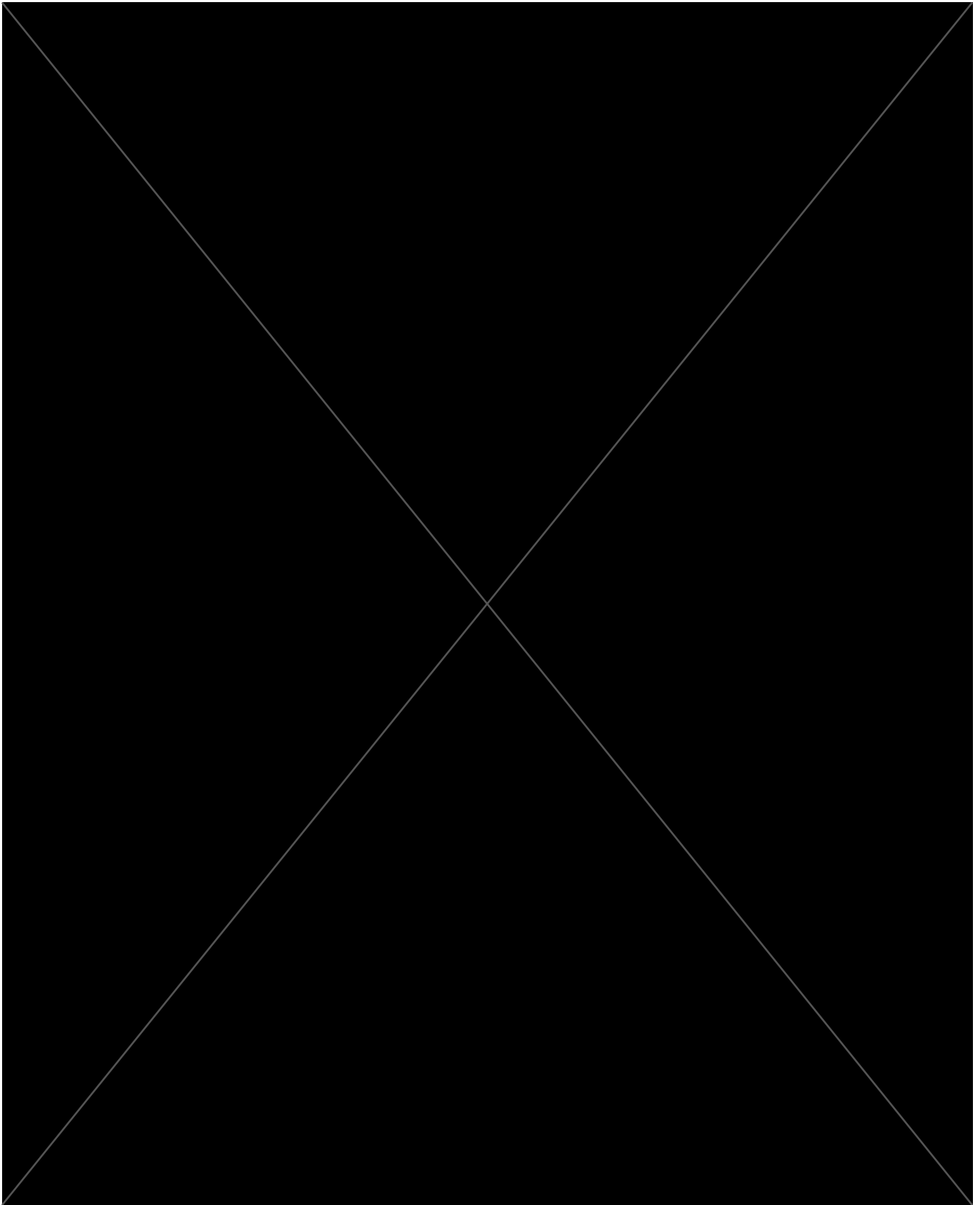


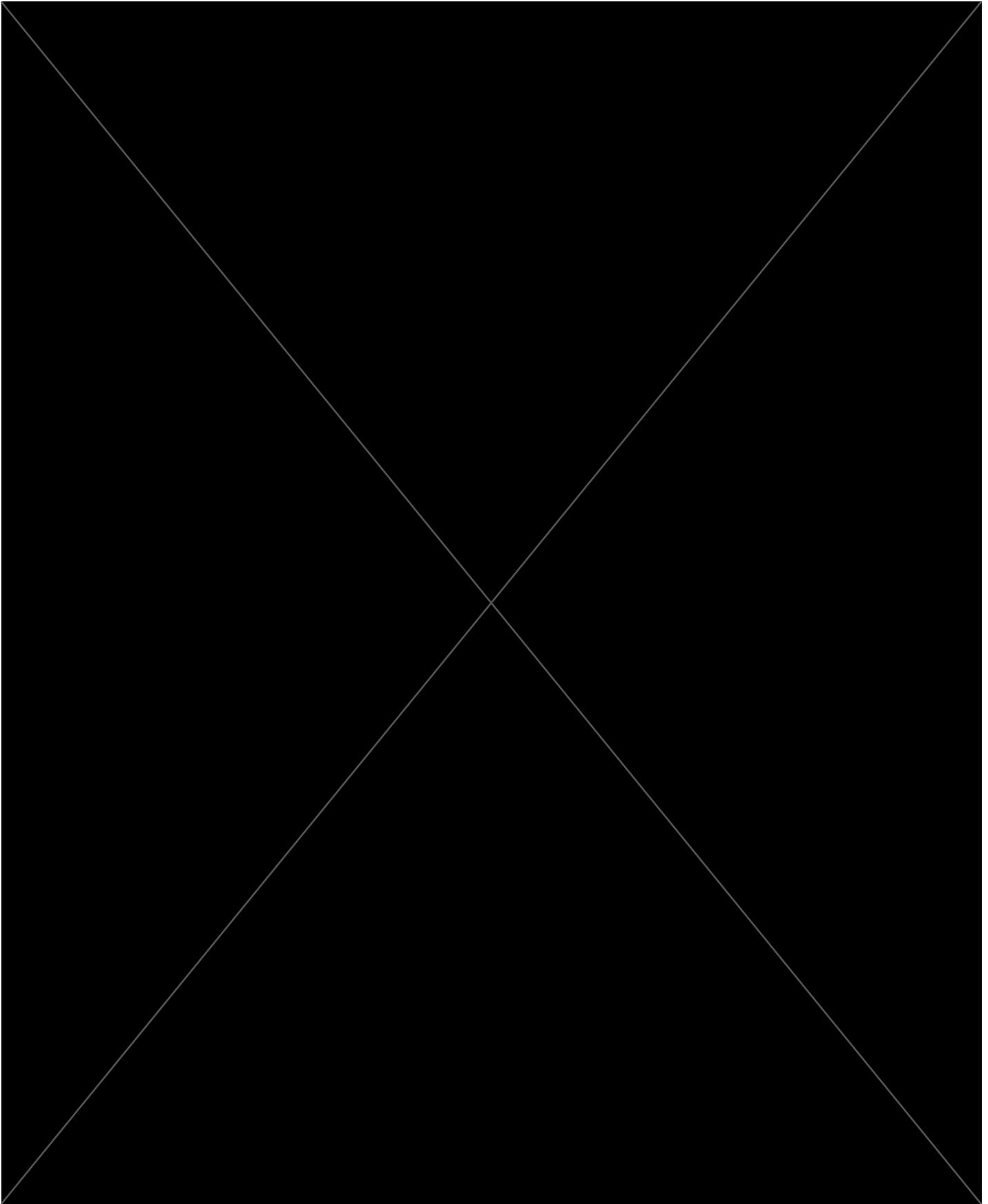
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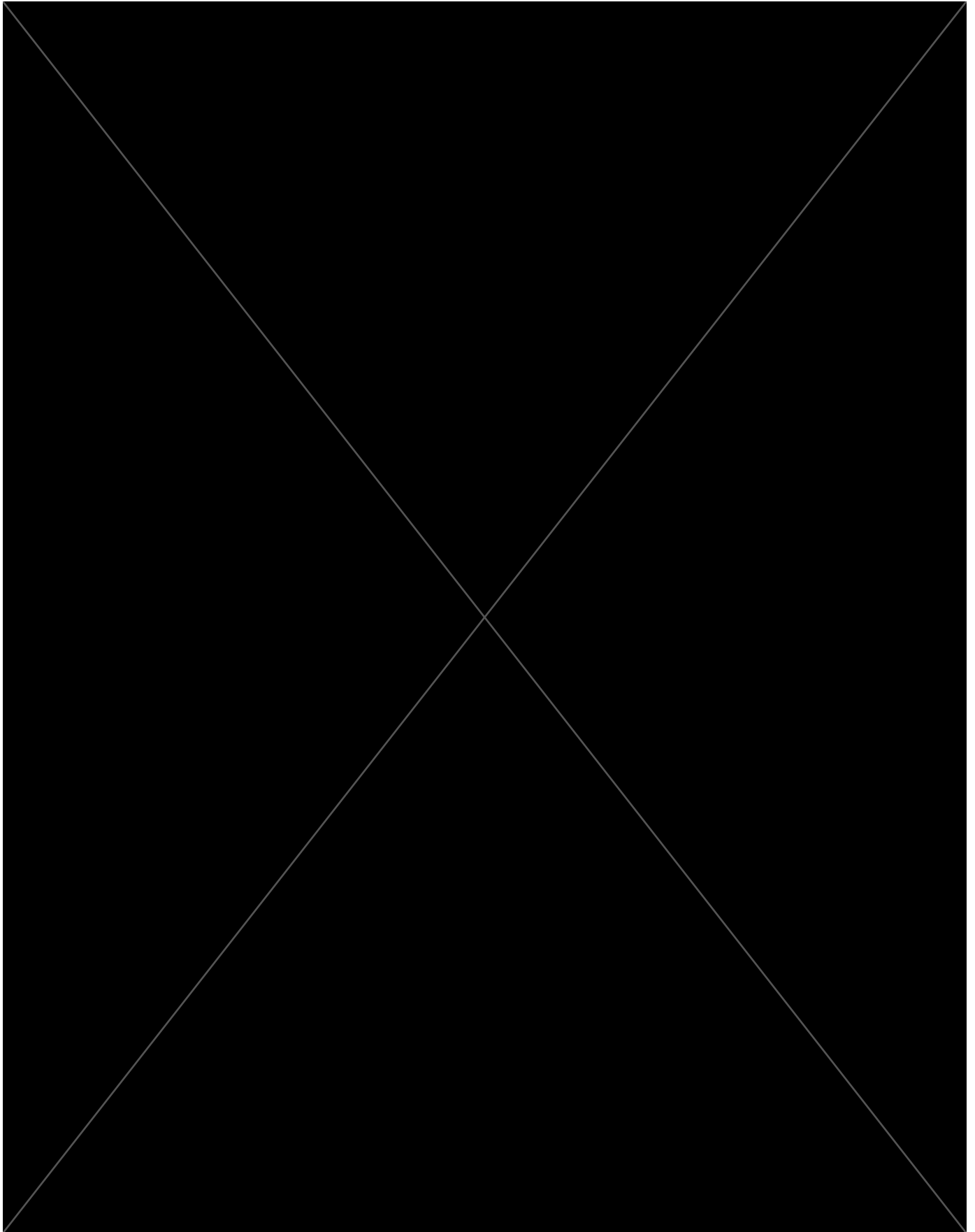
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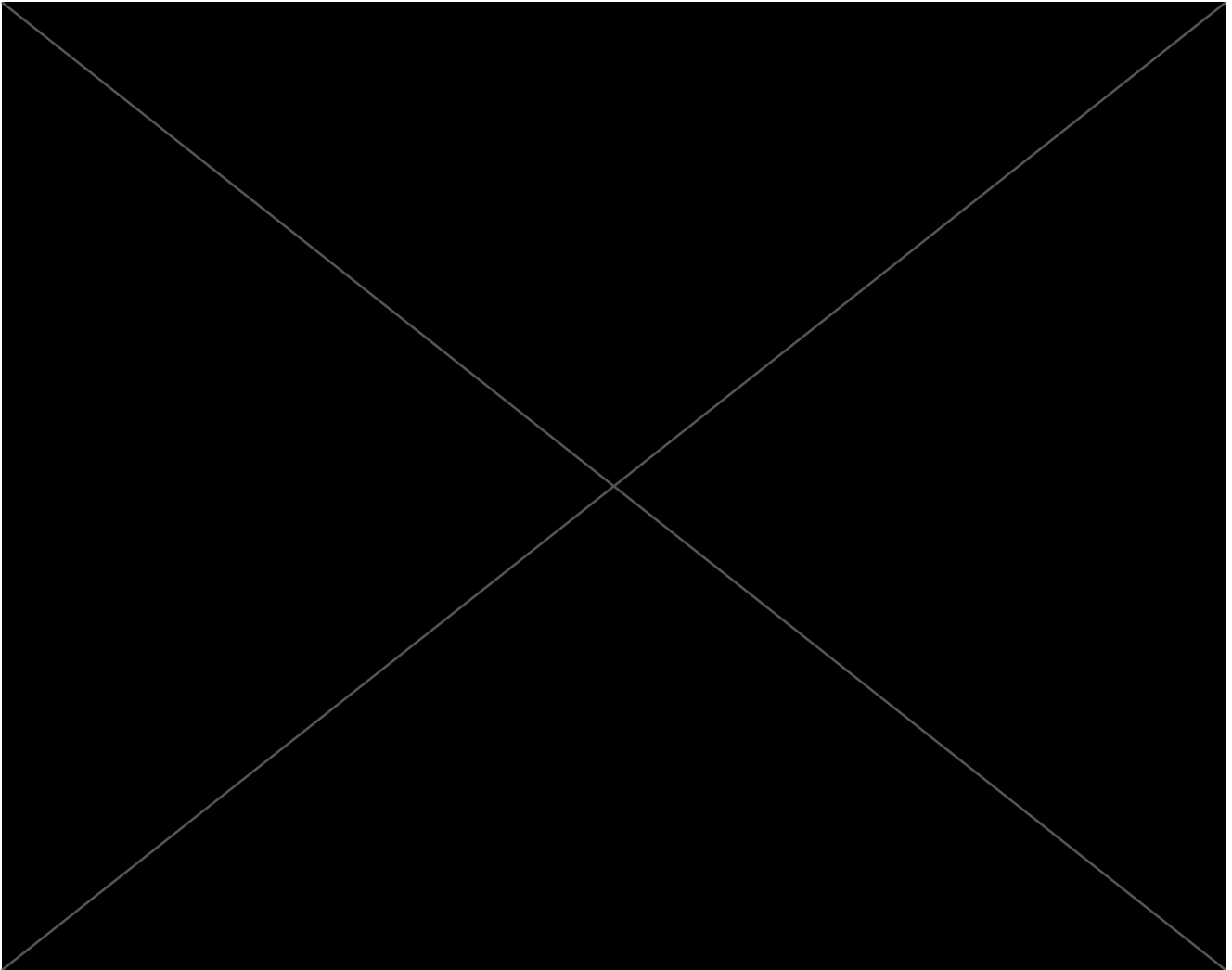












Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy Santa Ana MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



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A meeting for public input was held on December 13th, 2022

Plan Revised January 19th, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

This document is available for public inspection during regular business hours at 7:30am - 4:00pm.

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

**Magnolia Science Academy Santa Ana
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the **Magnolia Science Academy Santa Ana Parent Advisory Committee** certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

(name), Principal (or Designee)

Date

(name), (Teacher Representative)

Date

(name), Parent

Date

(name), (Classified Employee Representative)

Date

(name), (Student - Optional)

Date

(name), (Law Enforcement Agency)

Date

(name), (Fire Department)

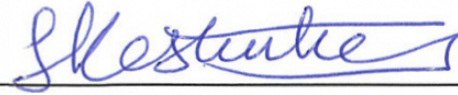
Date

(name), (Other)

Date

**MSA-Santa Ana
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the MSA-Santa Ana **Parent Advisory Committee** certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

 11/28/2022

(Steven Keskinturk), Principal (or Designee) Date

 11/28/2022

(Ibrahim Bayraktar and Candice Zaka), (Teacher Representatives) Date

Fernando Vidal (Father of Mark Vidal) 1/19/2023

(Fernando Vidal), Parent Date

 11/28/2022

(Benjamin Juarez), (Classified Employee Representative) Date

Danae Allen 11-28-22


(Danae Allen), (Student - Optional) Date

Oscar Lizarzi (S.A.P.D. Commander #2689) 1/18/2023

(name), (Law Enforcement Agency) Date

Evan Carey (O.C.F.A. Senior Fire Inspector) 1/17/2023

(name), (Fire Department) Date

 12-13-22

(Gabriella Lemus), (Community Member) Date

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

The top three crime violations in the area of the school between August 15, 2022 (first day of school) and December 16, 2022, include:

1. #1 Disturbing Peace (479)
2. #2 Assault (126)
3. #3 Burglary (26)

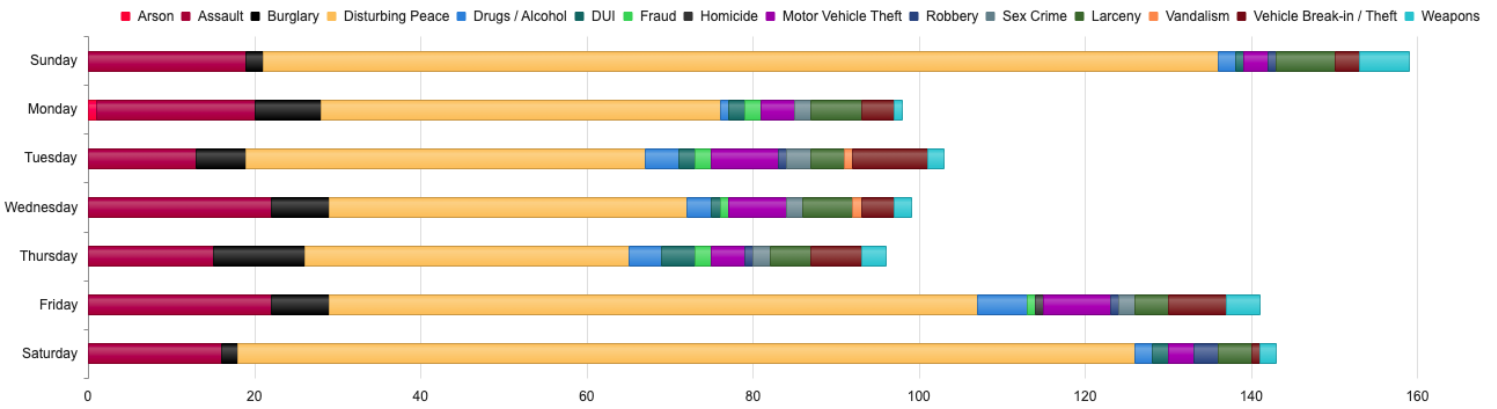
This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.

Crime Incidents

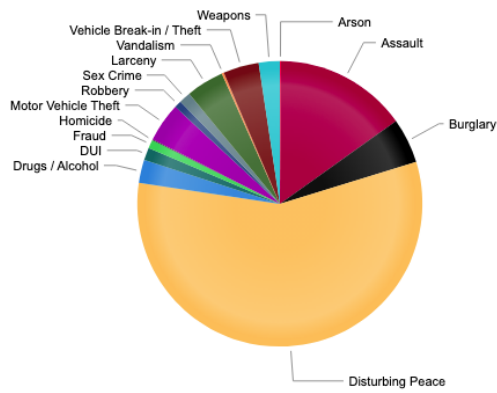
08-16-2022 to 12-16-2022 (123 Days)

839 Records

Day of Week Summary



Crime Summary



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on December 16, 2022. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	0	0	11	6
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	1	1
Expulsion Data	0	0	1	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	0	0	10	3
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	96.97%	97.61%	97.00%	94.11%
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	9.9%	5.3%	7.1%	5.89%
Graduation Rate	96.2%	100%	95.7%	TBD

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

- **Objective:** Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- **Related Activities:** Review regularly during Professional Learning Sessions, completion of training through CharterSafe, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- **Resources needed:** Safety plan
- **Person(s) responsible for implementation:** Designated Administrator, Safety Committee
- **Budget:** Refer to schools' annual budget

- Evaluation guidelines: Educational Partner Surveys

Component 2: Student Check-Ins

Goal(s): The school as a whole to help the students apply real-world solutions and use tools of positivity to address their greatest areas of need.

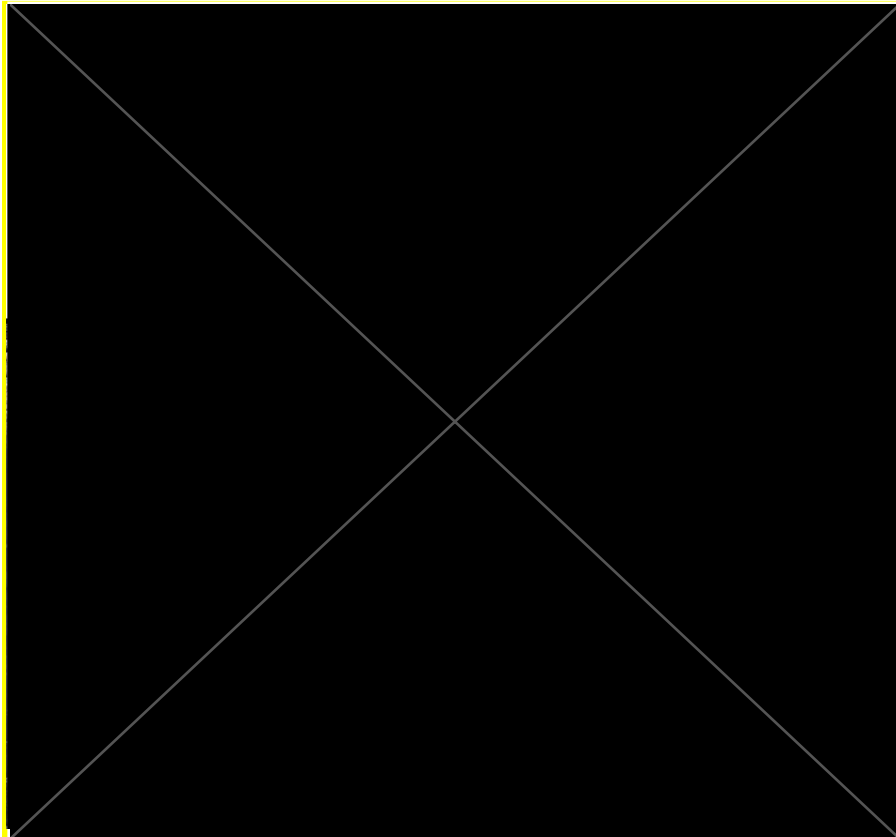
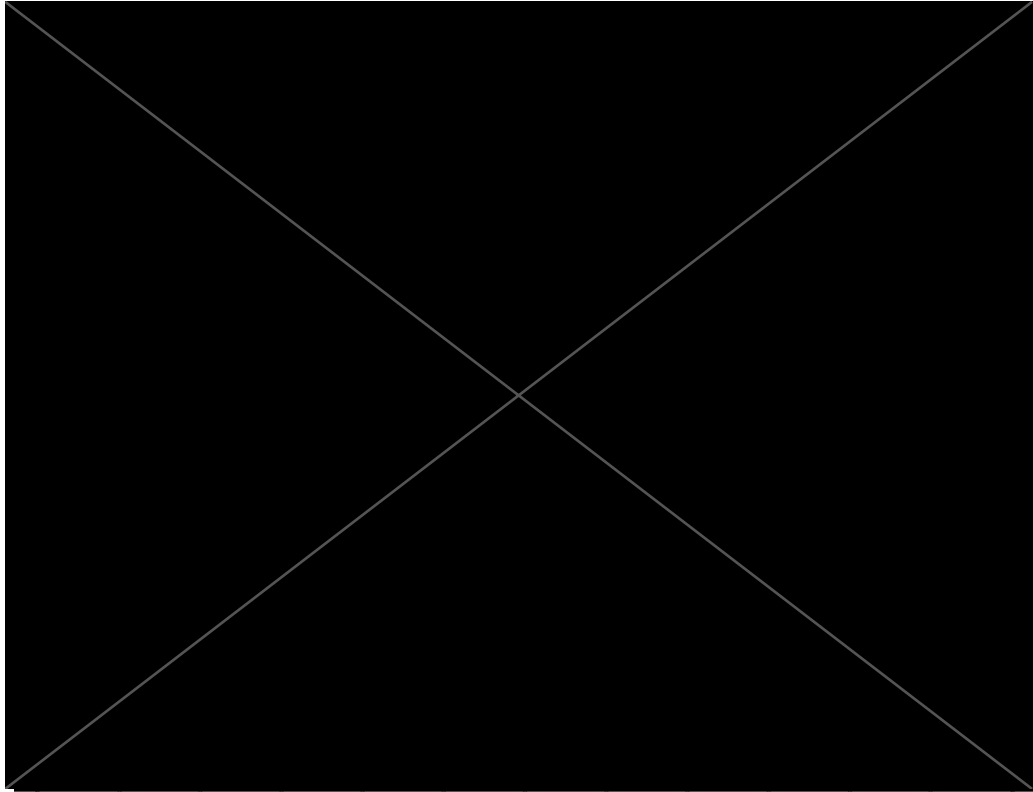
- Objective: a 15% increase in positive responses when answering the Challenging (Elementary) and Describing (Middle / High School) Feelings section of the Fall 2023 SEL survey.
- Related Activities: Daily and weekly PBIS and SEL check-ins with students, to assess their socio-emotional needs at school and at home.
- Resources needed: TBD
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: MSA-Santa Ana School Administration (both Elementary and Secondary)
- Budget: TBD
- Evaluation guidelines: The Fall 2023 SEL survey

Component 3: Strengthen Community Participation and Collaboration

Goal(s): Strengthen Community Participation and Collaborations

- Objective: All students, families, staff, and other educational partners will have access to meaningful engagement opportunities that help cultivate leadership, advocacy, and collaboration in a safe and nurturing environment. Educational partners will feel a sense of community and connectedness.
- Related Activities: 1) Seeking family input for decision making 2) Building partnerships with families for student outcomes 3) MTSS - PBIS and SEL support 4) Annual educational partner surveys 5) Community outreach and partnerships.
- Resources needed: TBD
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: MSA-Santa Ana School Administration (both Elementary and Secondary)
- Budget: This goal pertains to educational partners, seeking family input, PBIS and SEL support, annual stakeholder surveys, and community partnerships, has no significant expenditures
- Evaluation guidelines: Admin meetings to update, monitor, and adjust progress.





Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ NO: _____

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select
 First Name * Last Name * Email Address *

1) Drill Type * fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover
 2) Select One * new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *
 4) Time Started *
 5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type * bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other
 7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *
 8) Did everyone on campus participate? * yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? * yes
 no
 12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? * yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *
 Select up to 20 choices
 14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system *	<input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
--	--	--	--	--	--	------------------------------	--	-------------------	--

16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written

follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, and upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and align them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occur throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the

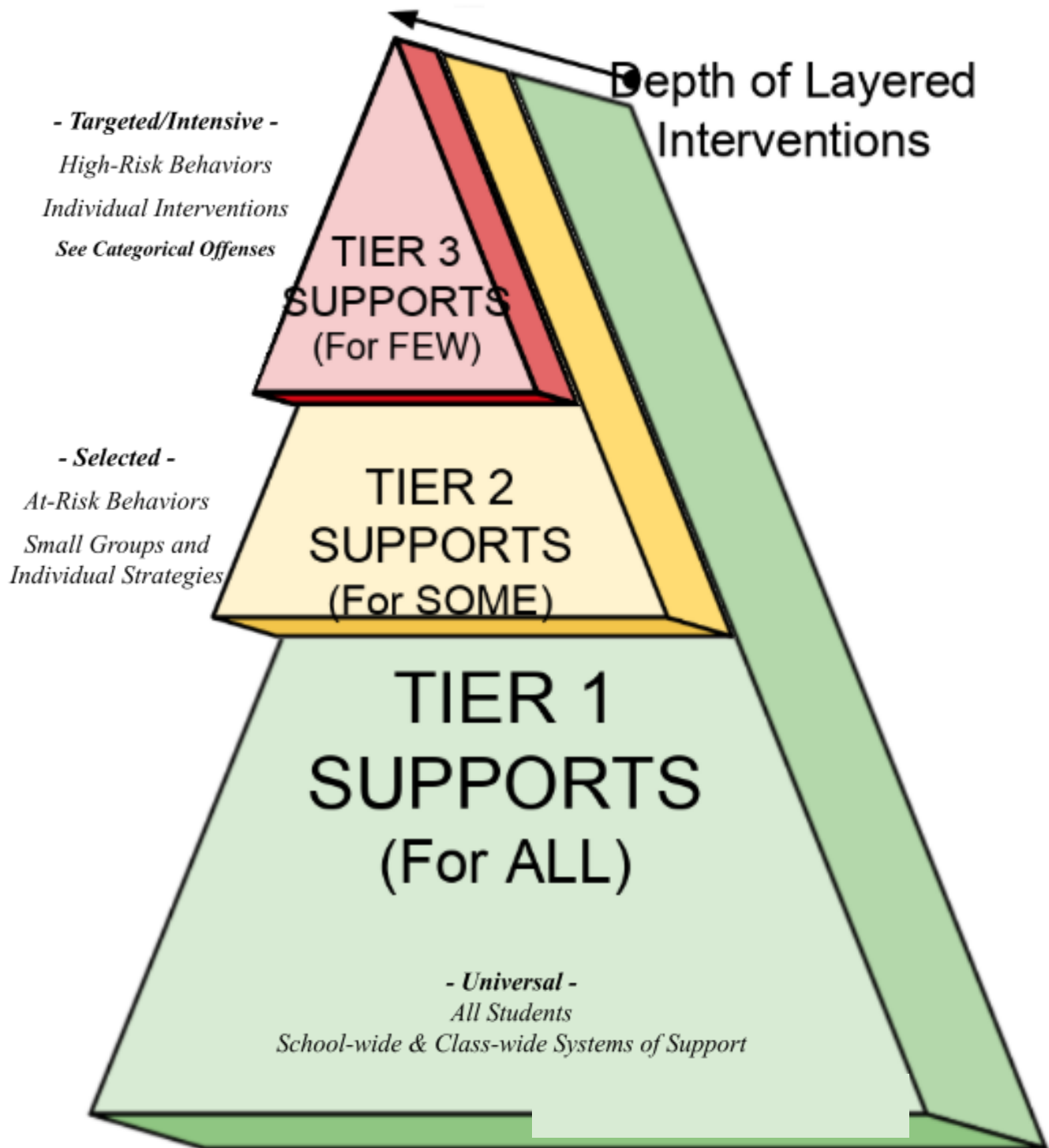
Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

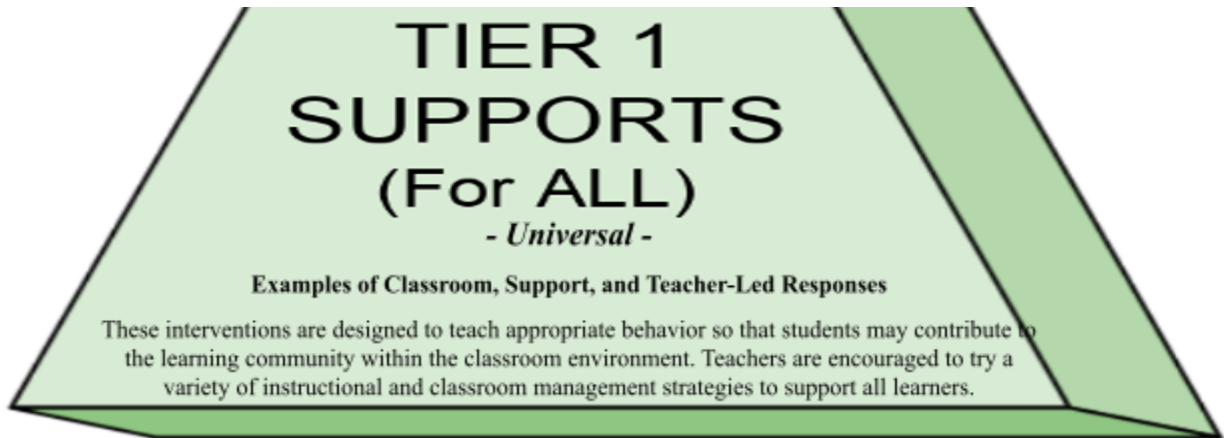
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

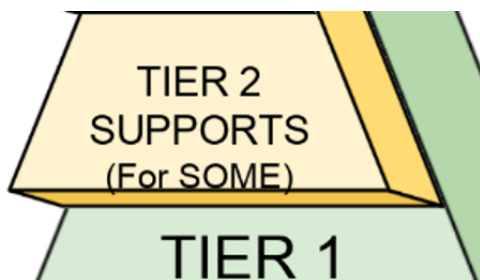
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

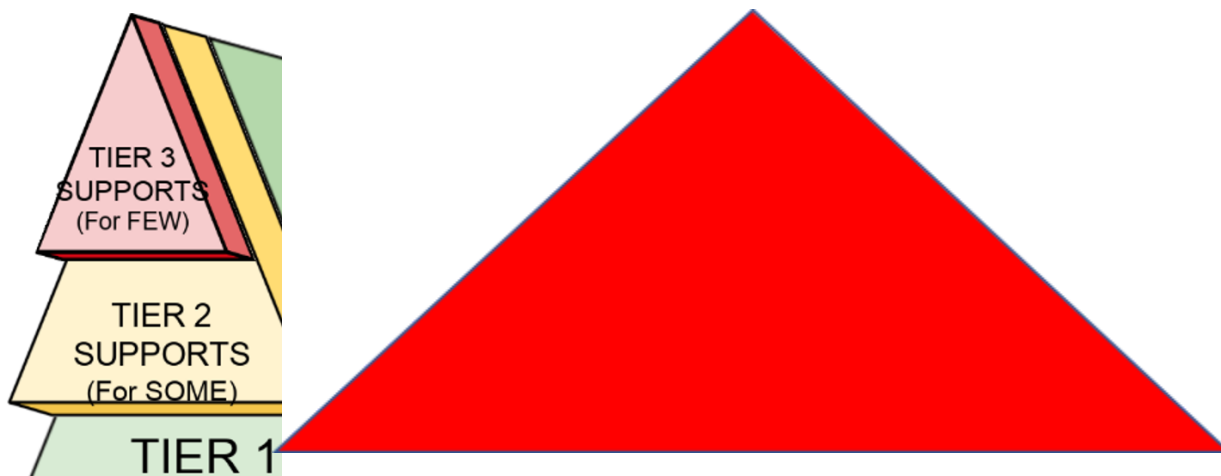


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 onry)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. “Cyber sexual bullying” does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of “bullying” and “electronic act” above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS’ education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS’ policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS’ bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed):*

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. *(Same contact information as in Level 3)* The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> <i>(required for all variations of dress uniform)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or jegging material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention. Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school. Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving the threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent

- Slurred/impaired speech
- Recorded/disguised voice
- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.

- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.
- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.
- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may

be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.

- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.
- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team

members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages

- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by the school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of them may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

The COPING ModelSM



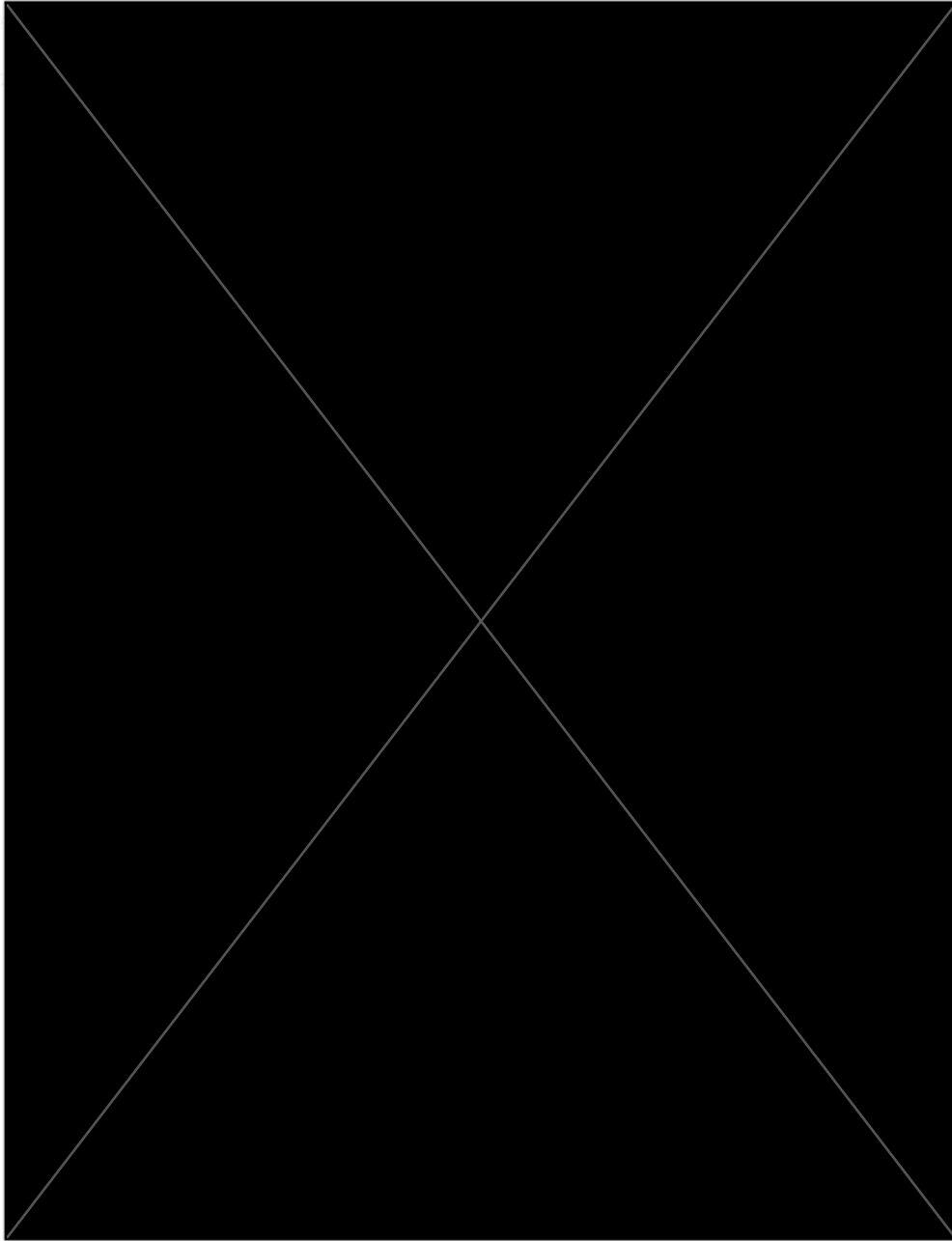
INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

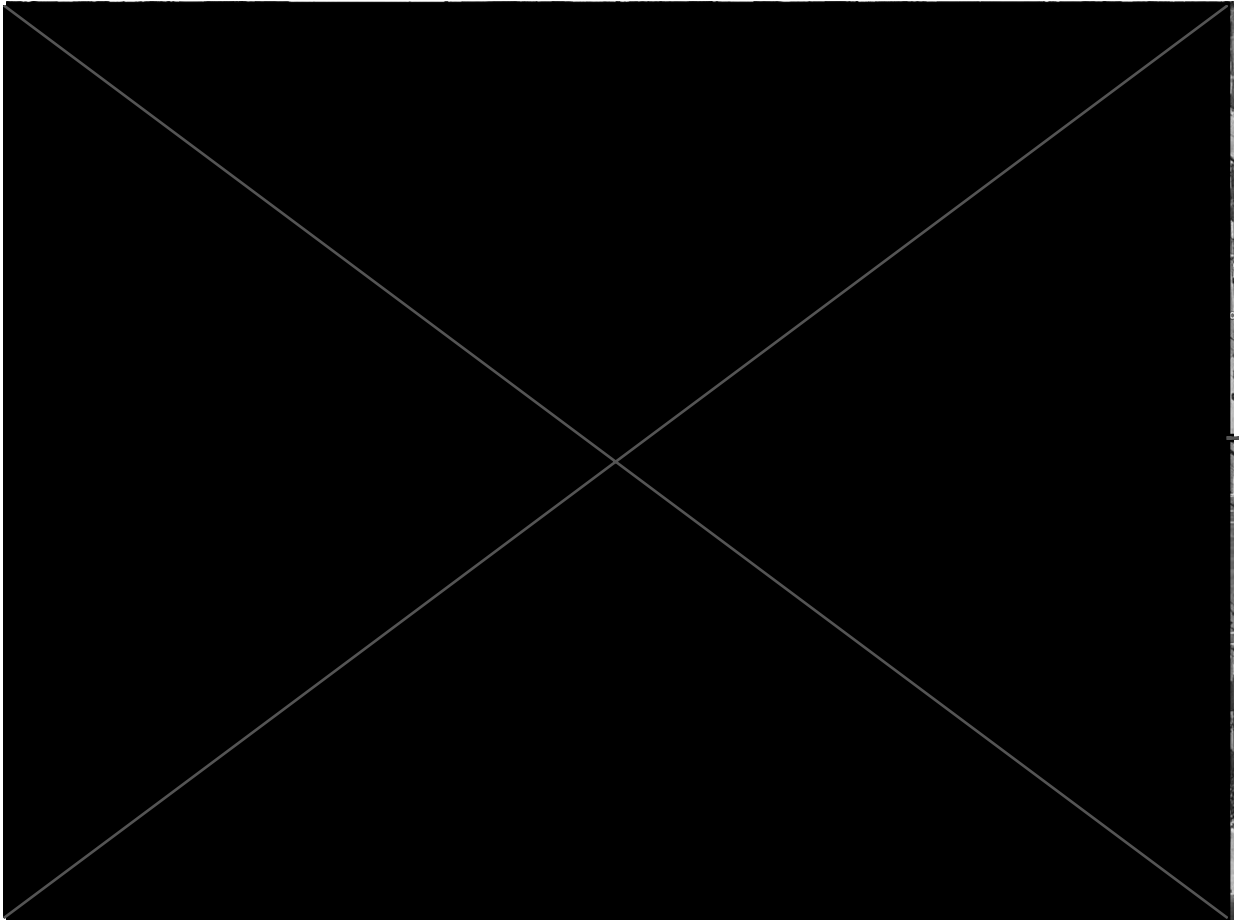
<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.



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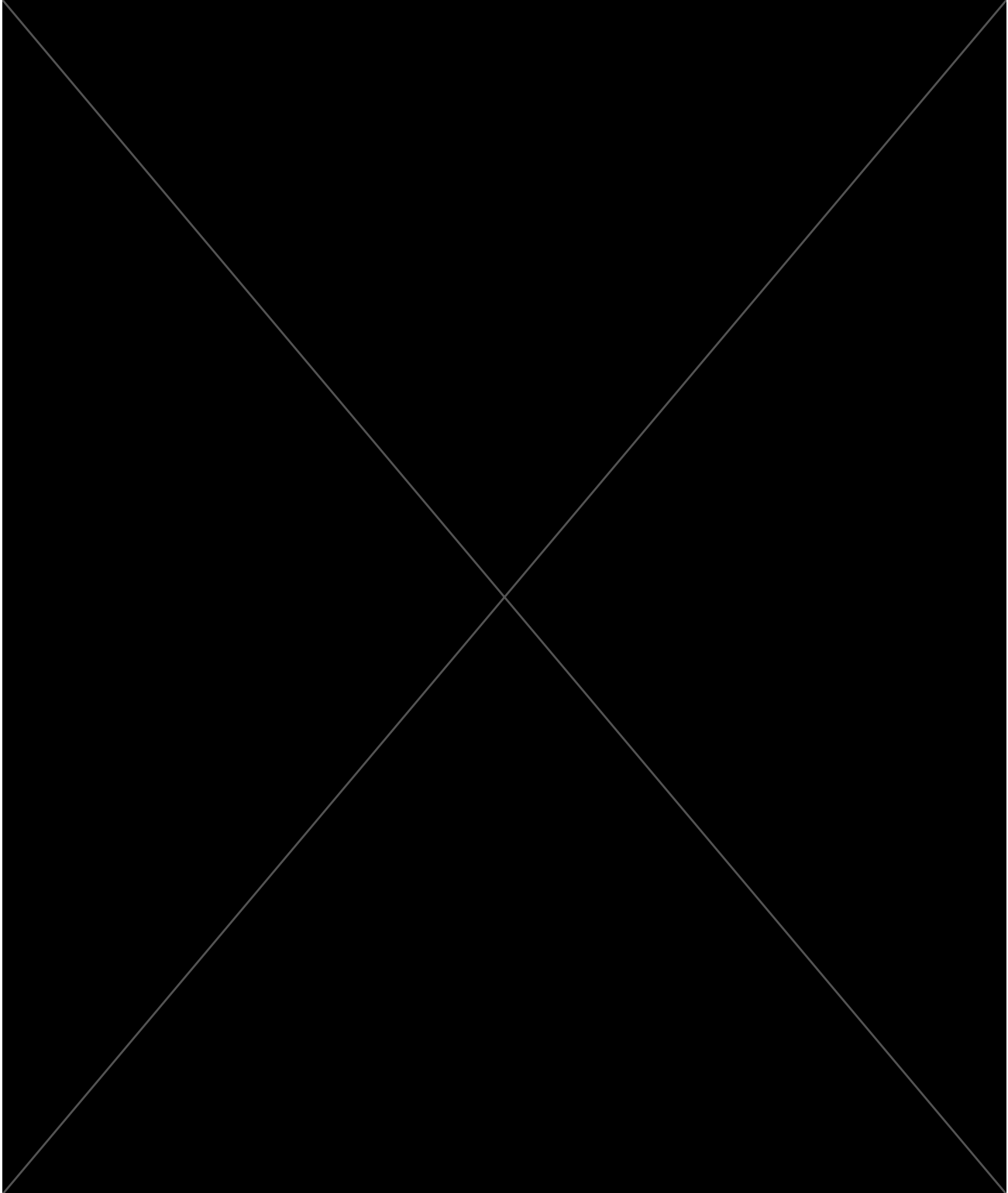


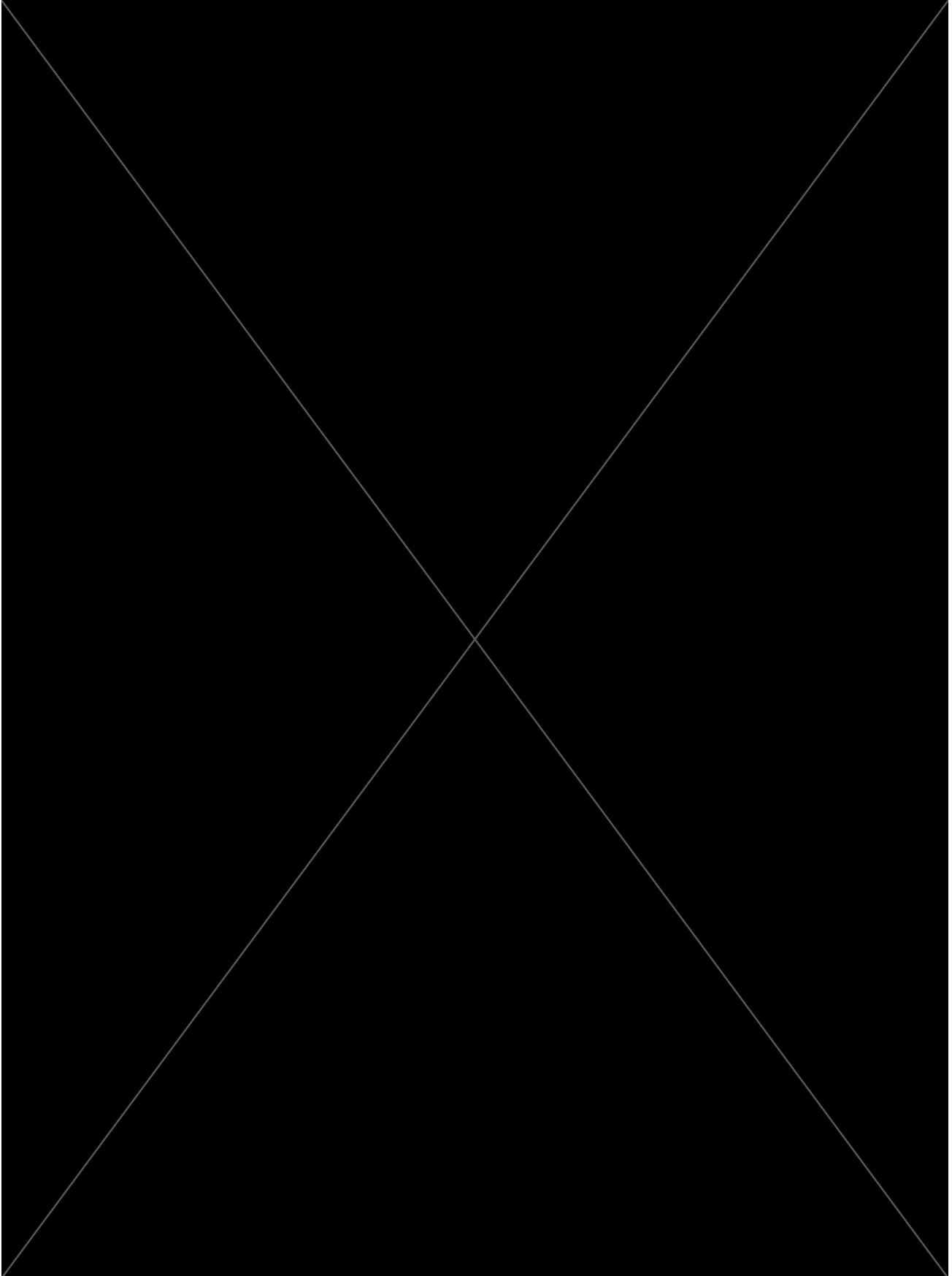
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

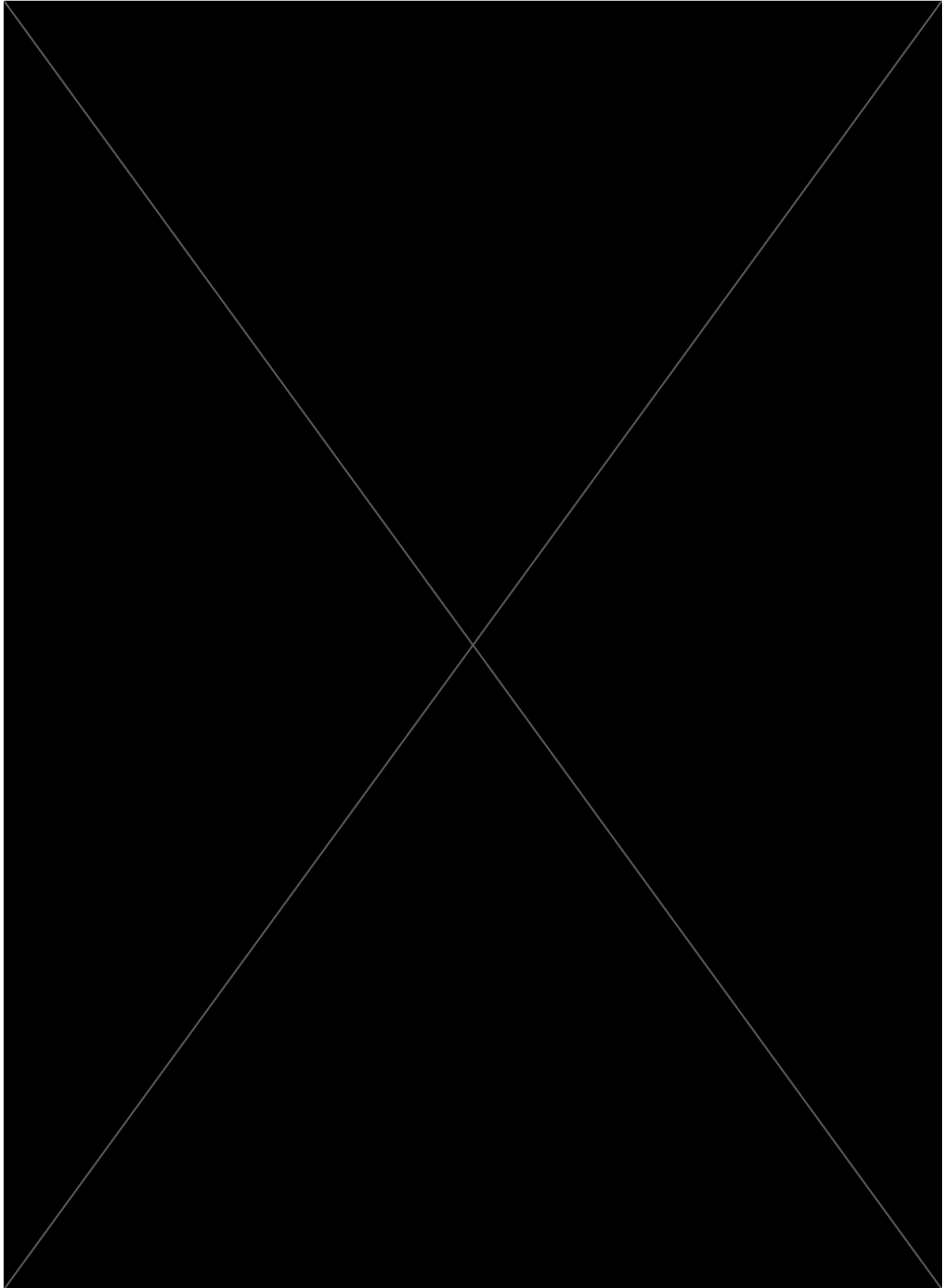
Magnolia Science Academy Santa Ana MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

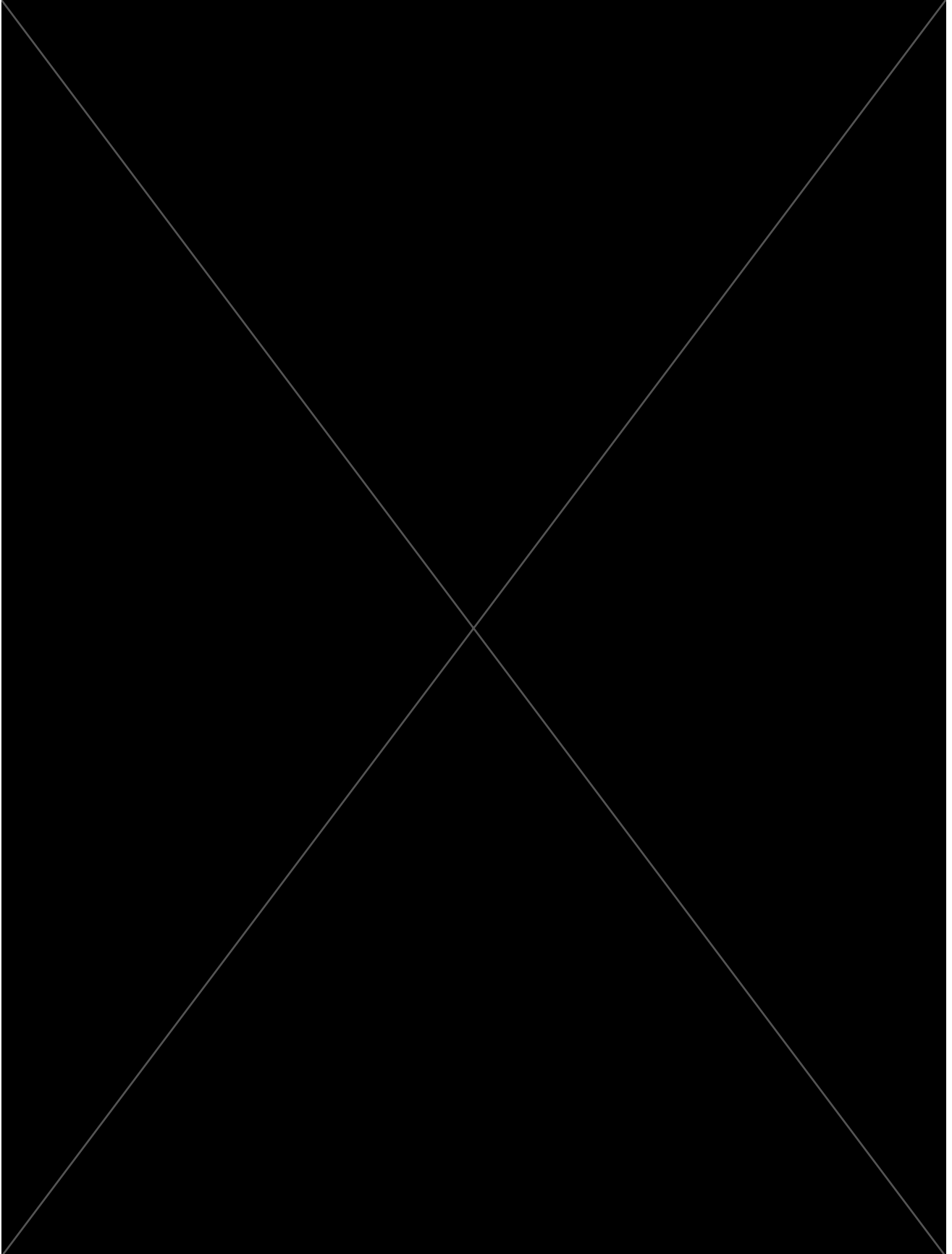


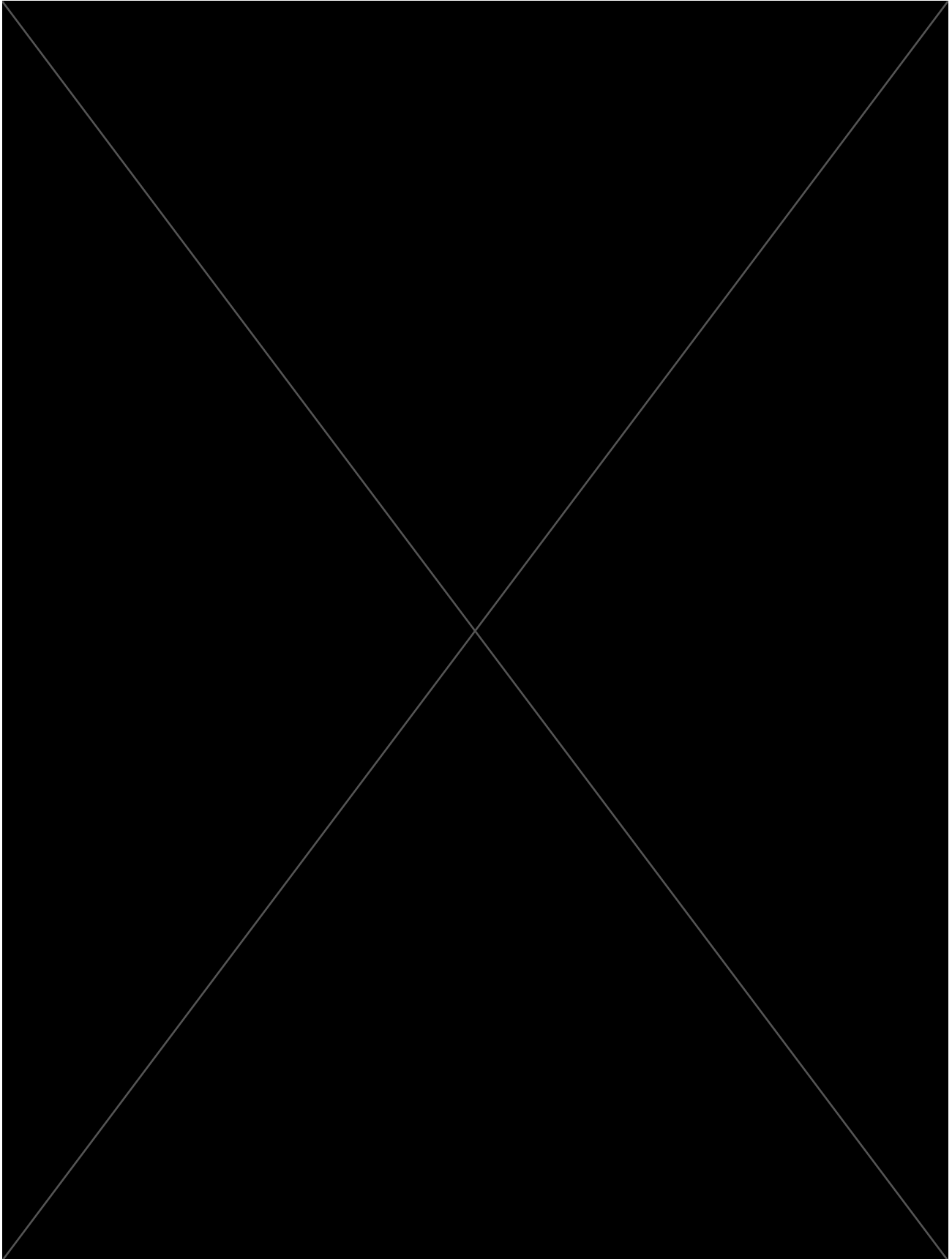
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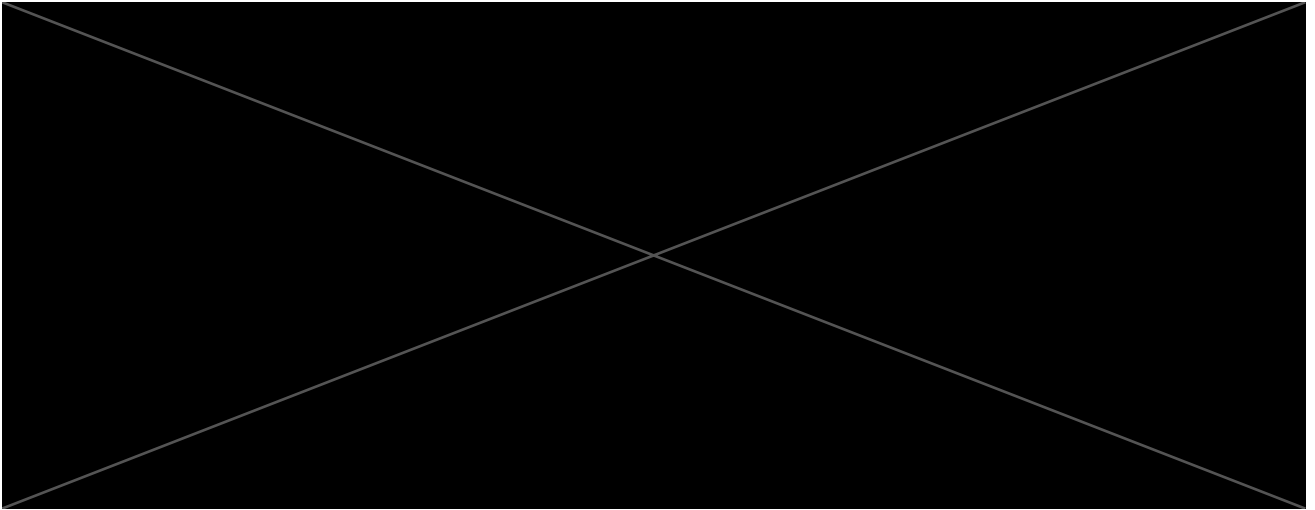












Comprehensive School Safety Plan

Magnolia Science Academy San Diego MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS



Gokhan Serce, Principal
6525 Estrella Avenue,
San Diego, CA 92120
619-644-1300

gserce@magnoliapublicschools.org

A meeting for public input was held on December 6, 2022 and
January 3, 2023

Plan Revised January 3, 2023

Plan approved by
MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD
February 9, 2023

This document is available for public inspection during regular business
hours at 8:00am - 4:00pm.

**Tactical Information is Redacted from the
Public View for Safety Purposes**

NOTE: Tactical information is excluded from the public inspection document. A "Public Inspection Log" will be used to record the name, address, phone number, and method used for verifying the identity of all individuals requesting to inspect this plan. This document is not available for inspection on the internet.

**Magnolia Science Academy San Diego
Comprehensive School Safety Plan - Signature Page
2023-2024**

The undersigned members of the Magnolia Science Academy San Diego Parent Advisory Committee certify that the requirements of California Education Code 32280-32282 have been met in the development of the following Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

Gokhan Serce, Principal (or Designee)	Date
Lexee Hutchins, Teacher Representative	Date
PAC, Parent	Date
Classified Employee Representative	Date
Student (Optional)	Date
Law Enforcement Agency (Shared with Officer R. Raynor - Eastern Division on December 5, 2022)	Date
Fire Department (Shared with Fire Marshall Jeff Kaimer on November 8, 2022)	Date
	Date



Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

MEETING INFORMATION

Tuesday January 3, 2023

5:30pm-6:30pm

AGENDA

- | | <u><i>PAC Members</i></u> |
|--|---|
| I. Call to Order | |
| II. Pledge of Allegiance | |
| III. Public Comment -Up to 5 speakers.
A. No comments made | Gokhan Serce - <i>Principal</i> |
| IV. Roll Call/Establish Quorum
A. established | Prabalini Parameshwaran- <i>Chairperson</i> |
| V. Action Item: Approval of the Minutes from 12/6/2022
A. Unanimously approved | Lexee Hutchens - <i>Vice Chairperson</i> |
| VI. Chairperson's Report
A. Welcome back and Happy New Year | Caitlin Wright- <i>Secretary</i> |
| Public Comment | Latif Arslan - <i>Member</i> |
| 1. Up to 3 speakers, one minute each | Crystal Sanford - <i>Member (absent)</i> |
| 2. No comments | Elexis McBee - <i>Member</i> |
| VII. Announcements from Principal Serce | Joel Lillegraven - <i>Member</i> |
| VIII. Action Item: Approval of Comprehensive School Safety Plan 2023-2024 | Johanna Ginsberg - <i>Member (absent)</i> |
| A. Mr. Serce reviewed and answered questions from PAC members about the safety plan. | William Ceravolo - <i>Member</i> |
| B. Recommendations: | Amy Snyder- <i>Member (absent and will not longer attend)</i> |
| 1. Put more student victim rights in for page 11. (similar language to adults). | |
| 2. Add that we have an AED on campus and that the school staff are trained to use it | |
| 3. Add glossary or first use of acronyms add the definition (ex: SIS, PBIS) | |
| 4. Add language specifically for racial discrimination (student to student harassment policies in general) or where to find the policy if it doesn't get added to the safety plan (ex: instead to handbooks) | |
| C. Unanimously approved | |

Our Mission

Magnolia Public Schools provides a safe and nurturing community using a whole-child approach to provide a high-quality, college preparatory STEAM educational experience in an environment that cultivates respect for self and others.

Our Vision

Graduates of Magnolia Public Schools commit to building a more peaceful and inclusive global society by transforming traditional ideas with creative thinking, effective communication, and the rigor of science.

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PURPOSE & PREPARATION

Statement of Purpose

A Comprehensive School Safety Plan helps to ensure a safe school environment, thereby enhancing the learning experience and improving student academic achievement. This plan is implemented to protect students and staff's safety and provide emergency preparedness and guidelines. This plan addresses the following objectives:

- Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff.
- Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations.
 - Co-located schools are expected to collaborate and coordinate responses to emergency situations. The collaborative plan should include comprehensive goals, activities, teams, and dates to ensure that everyone on campus will work together for the well-being of all.
- Protect the school's facilities and property.
- In the case of an emergency, allow the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible.
- Provide for coordination between the school and local emergency services when necessary.

Plan Organization

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The plan is organized into 5 components:

1. Purpose and Preparation - address threats and hazards to the school and safety needs before, during, and after an incident.
2. Prevention - strategies to educate and bring awareness to members of the learning community.
3. Response - strategies, and procedures for conducting drills and handling potential threats to the learning community.
4. Recovery - Establish therapeutic rapport after an incident. This can include using the school and community-based resources to handle the emotional impact of the crisis and assess the needs of the learning community.
5. Quick Reference Guide - an internal tool to quickly activate the team and safety protocols associated with specific incidents that might occur within the learning community.

Safety Goals and Objectives

Emergency safety plans are drafted to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year. As part of the planning process, each MPS school site reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year.

Assessment of Data

Local Crime Data

Data Source reviewed to develop statistical analysis was local Law Enforcement crime data via [crimemapping.com](https://www.crimemapping.com)

The top three crime violations in the area of the school between August 29, 2022 (first day of school) and December 16, 2022, including

1. #1 Larceny (34)
2. #2 Vehicle Break-in/Theft (23)
3. #3 Assault (21)

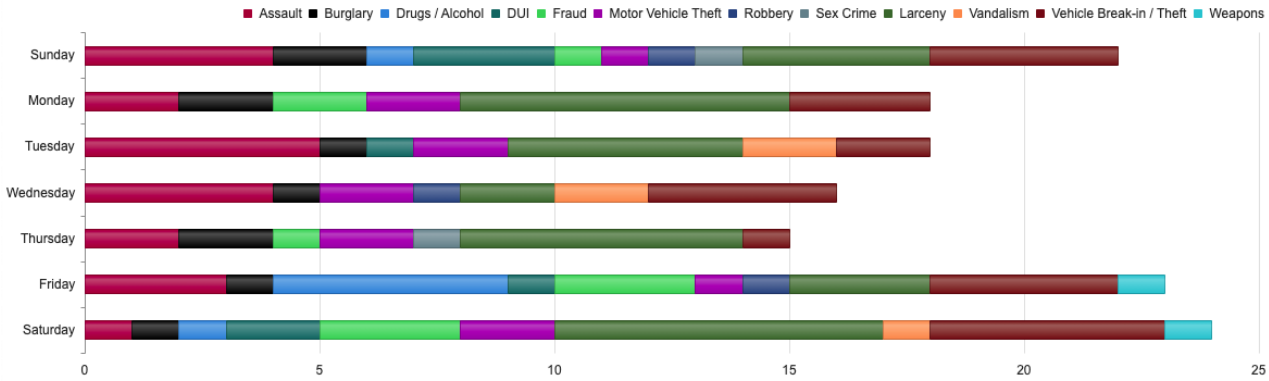
This data is represented by the following graphic pulled from the source website.

Crime Incidents

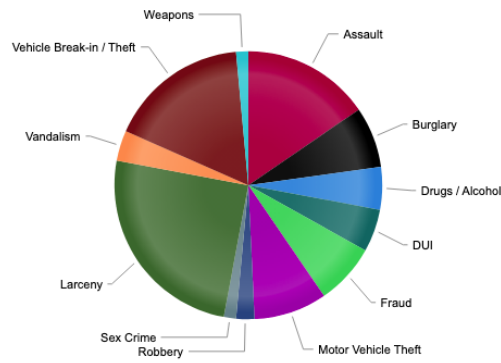
08-29-2022 to 12-16-2022 (110 Days)

136 Records

Day of Week Summary



Crime Summary



School-wide Data

Data regarding the school community was compiled from Infinite Campus, local records, and logs. Data was reviewed on December 16, 2022. The following data was reviewed:

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Suspension Data Out-of-School	12	0	15	4
Suspension Data In-School	0	0	1	1
Expulsion Data	1	0	0	0
Office Discipline Referrals ODRs	34	0	20	5
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Rate	100%	100%	92.82%	92.68%
Chronic Absenteeism Rate	2%	2%	2%	1%
Graduation Rate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

The committee reviewed the data and identified the appropriate strategies and programs that provide high-level school safety. Those programs and strategies include:

- Parent/Student Handbook
- School Safety Committee
- Discipline Committee
- Administration
- Local School Administration
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Parent Task Force
- Student Leadership
- Local Law Enforcement Collaboration

We will continue to review data in the upcoming academic year to continually revise and identify appropriate strategies and programs that provide/maintain a high level of school safety, both on and off campus.

Component 1: School Climate

Goal(s): All employees will uphold and implement all stated policies and procedures as noted in the school-wide safety plan.

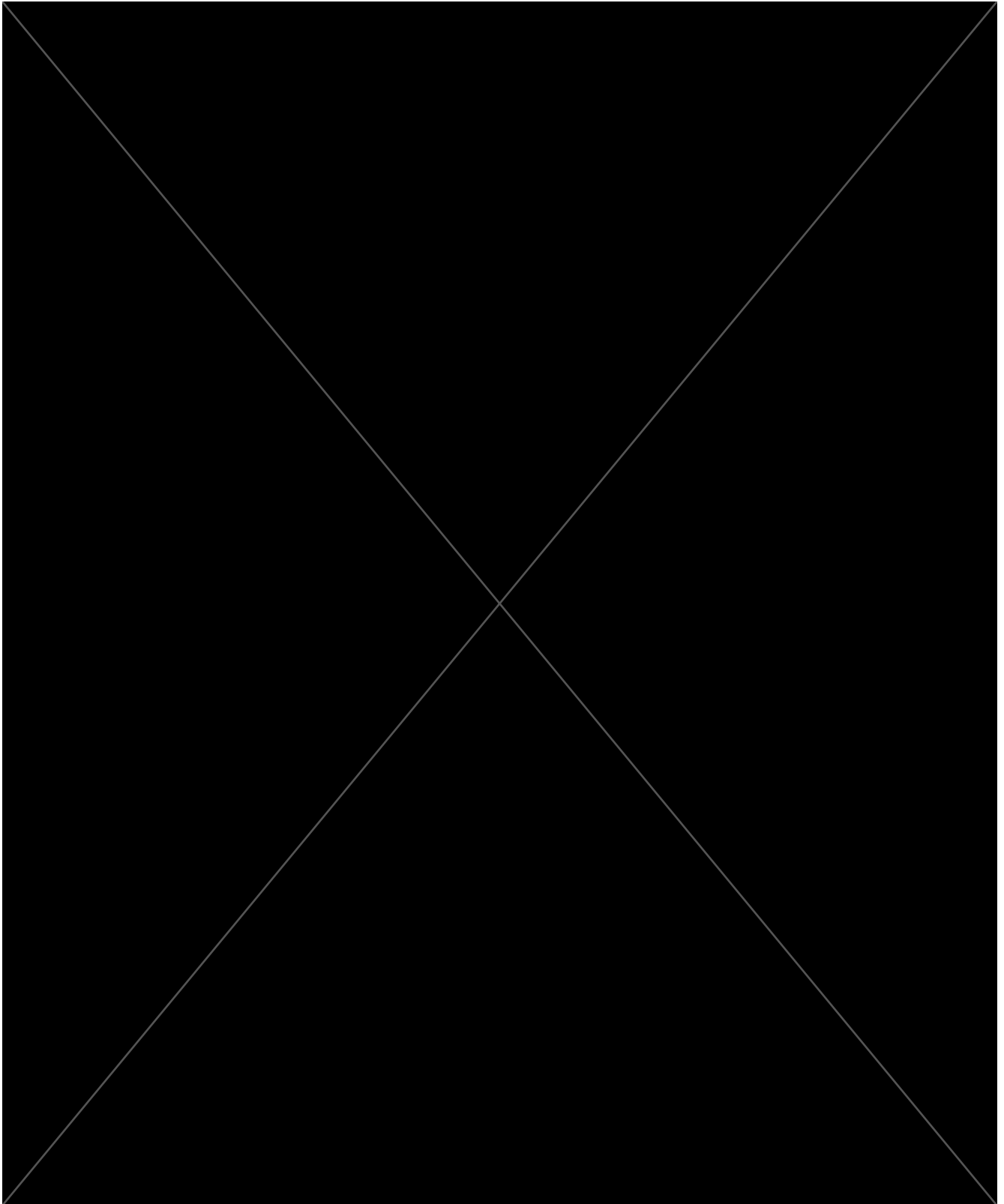
- **Objective:** Annually, all employees will review the policies and procedures as noted in the comprehensive safe school plan.
- **Related Activities:** Review regularly during Professional Development, committee meetings, and safety meetings.
- **Resources needed:** Safety plan

- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Designated administrator, safety committee
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Surveys, Feedback from stakeholders

Component 2: Physical Environment

Goal(s): Maintain and upkeep a safe school campus

- Objective: Monthly school personnel will complete a campus walk-thru form to identify any areas of need.
- Related Activities: Teachers can report concerns during weekly staff meetings.
- Resources needed: Walk-thru form, building supplies
- Person(s) responsible for implementation: Plant manager
- Budget: Refer to schools' annual budget
- Evaluation guidelines: Surveys, Feedback from stakeholders



Emergency Drills

Status Report Form

Magnolia Science Academy

DATE: _____

DRILL/EMERGENCY STATUS REPORT

RETURN TO THE ASSEMBLY AREA/INCIDENT COMMAND CENTER

TEACHER'S NAME _____ **ROOM** _____

TEACHER'S ASSISTANT'S NAME: _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

PARENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

STUDENT VOLUNTEER(S): _____ **PRESENT: YES** ___ **NO** ___

TYPE OF EMERGENCY DRILL:

FIRE: _____ **DROP/TAKE COVER:** _____ **EARTHQUAKE:** _____ **LOCK DOWN:** _____

SHELTER IN-PLACE: _____ **EVACUATION:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

ALL STUDENTS ACCOUNTED FOR: YES: _____ **NO:** _____

MISSING OR UNACCOUNTED FOR:



INJURED STUDENTS/PERSONS & LOCATION:

STUDENT(S)	LOCATION

OTHER:

STUDENT WHO ARE ABSENT:	STUDENT WHO LEFT EARLY:

Emergency Drill Evaluation

Search and select

First Name *
 Last Name *
 Email Address *

1) Drill Type *
 fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One *
 new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted *

4) Time Started *

5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone) *

6) Alert Type *
 bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0." *

8) Did everyone on campus participate? *
 yes
 no

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

11) Was an Incident Command Post established? *
 yes
 no

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post? *
 yes
 no

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill? *

 Select up to 20 choices

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	d) Accounting for everyone * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a	e) Alert system * <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> n/a
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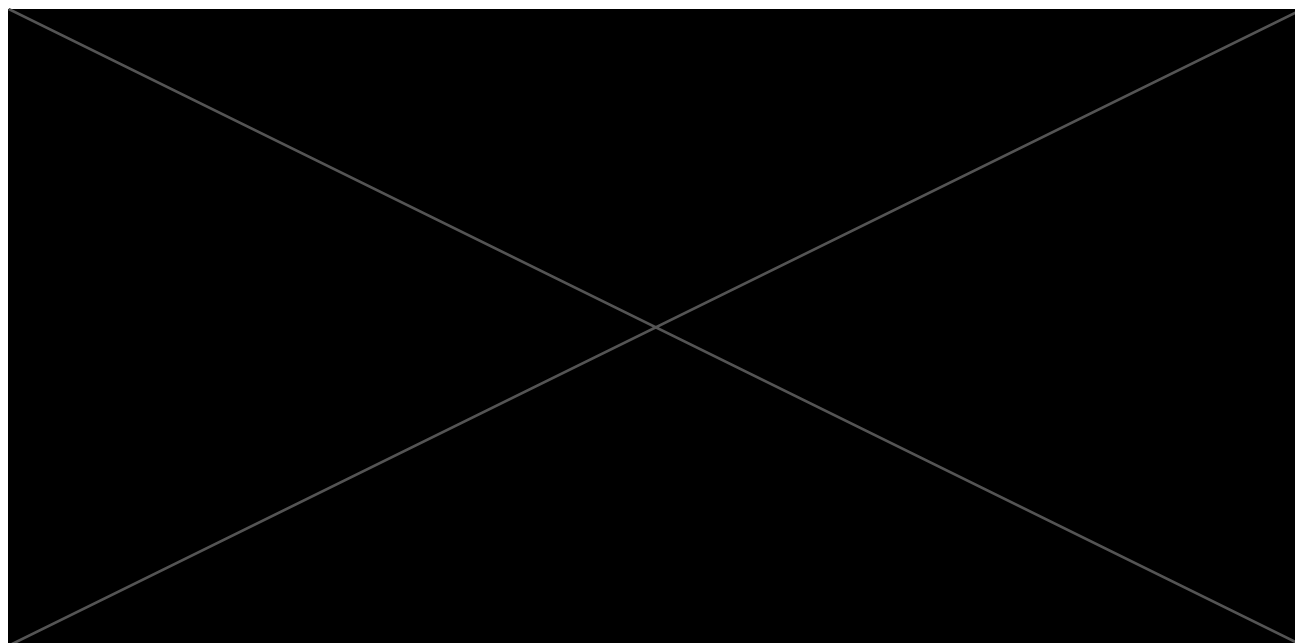
16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill? *
 yes
 no

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

Emergency Drill Calendar 2023-2024

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
<i>Fire</i>	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	First week* of school until proficient, then once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Lockdown</i>	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days* of student in-person classes once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Earthquake (Drop/Cover/Hold On)</i>	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Shelter-in-Place</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Take Cover</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester* at minimum, including summer school.



PREVENTION

Employee Preparedness

A number of measures are taken on an ongoing basis to ensure that school staff is prepared to respond immediately and appropriately to disasters. These include:

- Review of this Plan and any other emergency policies and procedures;
- Review of an employee's role during an emergency;
- Knowledge of how to conduct and evaluate required drills;
- Familiarity with the layout of buildings, grounds, and all emergency procedures;
- Review of the location of all emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire alarms, and emergency equipment and supplies;
- Attend updated training in first aid, CPR, use of fire extinguishers and search and rescue as necessary.

Employee Skills

At the beginning of each school year, all instructional and non-instructional staff will be asked by the School Principal, or designee, to identify those with special skills or experience that may be helpful during an emergency. These employees may be asked to fulfill specific emergency management roles (i.e., first aid, CPR, search & rescue, and/or fire extinguisher training & certification).

The instructional staff is responsible for the following:

- Present instruction to students about emergency preparedness plans for the site and student responsibilities in case of a major emergency;
- Always maintain attendance sheets readily accessible in order to check attendance in the event of evacuation;
- Update the contents of classroom emergency kit and keep it in a safe, accessible location;
- Participate fully in fire, earthquake and evacuation drills;
- Have planned activities for students for use during periods of confinement during an emergency.

The School Principal, or designee, is responsible for the following:

- Assign employees to roles and responsibilities for an emergency, taking into consideration the skills, abilities, and normal functions of employees;
- Ensure that all employees are familiar with the site maps and evacuation plans and are trained in emergency response and preparedness roles and responsibilities;
- Update the list of employees who are trained in first aid, CPR, the use of fire extinguishers, and search and rescue. Arrange for update training as necessary;
- Update as necessary the site floor plan showing evacuation routes and the location of assembly areas, emergency supplies and equipment, fire extinguishers, fire alarm pulls, master electrical panels, and main water and gas shut-off valves;
- Ensure that emergency procedures are posted in classrooms, hallways, school office, cafeterias, and employee lounges;
- Update the list of any disabled students or employees or those who may need evacuation assistance or other special assistance;
- Test the site warning system and ensure that the system's signal(s) is recognized and understood by employees and students;
- Conduct an inventory of all emergency supplies and equipment and replace used or outdated supplies and equipment;
- Maintain a list of emergency phone numbers in a readily accessible location.

Employee/Student Special Needs

Staff with temporary or permanent impairments of sight, hearing or mobility may self-identify indicating what assistance may be required in the event of an emergency. Students with special needs are identified at the beginning of each school year. Parents are asked to provide written information/instructions concerning the

specific needs. Those areas of the school that have employees and/or students with permanent mobility impairments should maintain any necessary evacuation device on each floor where such employees and/or students are located.

Emergency Onsite Personnel

Staff emergency phone contacts will be kept on file at the school office. Staff with specific training in emergency response, safety, CPR, etc. will also be noted on a list kept at the school.

Child Abuse Reporting

Child abuse shall be reported in compliance with the procedures set forth in the MPS Employee Handbook and in accordance with California law. The reporting of suspected child abuse is mandatory. Our staff will continue to receive training to establish best practices for school personnel to prevent abuse, including sexual abuse, of children on school grounds, by school personnel, or in school-sponsored programs, and post on our department's Internet Web site links to existing training resources, in compliance with EC 44691.

Mandated reporters include, but are not limited to, teachers; instructional aides; teacher's aides or assistants; classified employees; certificated pupil personnel employees; administrative officers or supervisors of child attendance; administrators and employees of a licensed daycare facility; Head Start teachers; district police or security officers; licensed nurses or health care providers; and administrators, presenters, and counselors of a child abuse prevention program. (Penal Code 11165.7)

Reasonable suspicion means that it is objectively reasonable for a person to entertain a suspicion, based upon facts that could cause a reasonable person in a like position, drawing when appropriate on his/her training and experience, to suspect child abuse or neglect. However, reasonable suspicion does not require certainty that child abuse or neglect has occurred nor does it require a specific medical indication of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reportable Offenses

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Responsibility for Reporting

A mandated reporter shall make a report using the procedures provided below whenever, in his/her professional capacity or within the scope of his/her employment, he/she has knowledge of or observes a child whom the mandated reporter knows or reasonably suspects has been the victim of child abuse or neglect. (Penal Code 11166)

Reporting Procedures

1. Initial Telephone Report

Immediately or as soon as practicable after knowing or observing suspected child abuse or neglect, a mandated reporter shall make an initial report by telephone to any police department (excluding a school district police/security department), sheriff's department, county probation department if designated by the county to receive such reports, or county welfare department. (Penal Code 11165.9, 11166)

- Los Angeles County 800-540-4000 or <https://reportChildAbuseLA.org>
- Orange County 714-940-1000 or 800-207-4464 and [Forms | County of Orange Social Services Agency](#)
- San Diego County 858-560-2191 or 800-344-6000

2. Written Report

Within 36 hours of knowing or observing the information concerning the incident, the mandated reporter shall then prepare and either send, fax, or electronically submit to the appropriate agency a written

follow-up report, which includes a completed Department of Justice form (SS 8572). (Penal Code 11166, 11168)

Victim Interviews by Social Service and Law Enforcement

Whenever a representative from the Department of Social Services or another government agency investigating suspected child abuse or neglect deems it necessary, a suspected victim may be interviewed during school hours, on school premises, concerning a report of suspected child abuse or neglect that occurred within the child's home or out-of-home care facility. The child shall be given the choice of being interviewed in private or in the presence of any adult school employee or volunteer aide selected by the child. (Penal Code 11174.3)

A staff member or volunteer aide selected by a child may decline to be present at the interview. If the selected person accepts, the principal or designee shall inform him/her of the following requirements: (Penal Code 11174.3) The purpose of the selected person's presence at the interview is to lend support to the child and enable him/her to be as comfortable as possible.

- The selected person shall not participate in the interview.
- The selected person shall not discuss the facts or circumstances of the case with the child.
- The selected person is subject to the confidentiality requirements of the Child Abuse and Neglect

Reporting Act, a violation of which is punishable as specified in Penal Code 11167.5.

If a staff member agrees to be present, the interview shall be held at a time during school hours when it does not involve an expense to the school. (Penal Code 11174.3)

Release of a Child to Peace Officer

When a child is released to a peace officer and taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse or neglect, the designee and/or principal shall not notify the parent/guardian, but rather shall provide the peace officer with the address and telephone number of the child's parent/guardian. It is the responsibility of the peace officer or agent to notify the parent/guardian of the situation. (Education Code 48906)

Procedures for Safe Ingress and Egress from School

Maps are available in our front office to facilitate the safe comings and goings of pupils, parents, visitors, and school employees to and from school. In addition, evacuation maps and routes are in the front office.

***Please see the school map within the Safety Plan**

Visitors and guests are welcome at the school. However, to safeguard students and staff, reasonable precautions should be taken. Visitors should:

1. Always report and sign in at the office.
2. Be provided with a visitor's badge.
3. Be prepared to provide identification to school personnel.
4. Respect school rules.

School personnel should:

Ensure all exterior doors are marked with a notice to visitors to first report to the office. Exterior doors should remain locked, except doors near the office area.

1. Staff should receive training on how to greet visitors. The first question is "May I help you?"
2. Someone should greet every visitor.
3. Any intruder found roaming the building should be escorted to the office. Someone can then provide any additional information or directions. (NOTE: An intruder is anyone without a visitor's badge or lacking visible identification stating who they are, i.e., a school employee)

Visitors who fail to comply with school procedures:

1. Should verbally be informed they are in violation of school policy. (Example - "Sir, you must report to the office immediately. If you fail to do so, you will be considered a trespasser, and school security will be called.")

If this fails:

1. Notify the office of the situation.
2. Follow the person, if possible, and continue to give notice of the violation of school rules.
3. Police should be notified or call 911.
4. Office should activate a building-wide notification plan concerning an intruder(s):
 - PA announcement using predetermined code phrases.
 - Classroom doors should be closed.
 - Students should remain in their current areas.

Social Climate: School and Physical Environment

Our staff believes that safety and education are a shared responsibility between parents, teachers, and students. The successful operation of this school depends on the cooperation of everyone concerned. Each group is responsible for doing its part to make school a place where we can learn, be safe and play together in harmony. Everyone has the right to feel safe, secure, and accepted regardless of color, race, gender, popularity, ability, religion, or nationality. Our handbook allows us to share our vision with the students and parents of our team.

MPS is a reflection of all of us. All of our policies are intended to provide a safe and orderly environment that will be conducive to learning. Our faculty and staff look forward to sharing their expertise in academics, special programs, and extracurricular activities. We encourage you to get to know the school, its programs, activities, and schedule. Become an active participant in your education. Get involved through classes, clubs, and activities.

MPS is aware of the fact that a school environment is viable only with clearly defined and implemented rules. MPS compiled the student-parent handbook, which addresses the school's regulations and policies to set a standard.

Effective Communication

When issues or concerns arise with a teacher, staff member, or administrator, students and parents are encouraged to address the situation with the person involved first.

If students express that they are having a problem at school, it is important for parents to understand the best way to address these problems. If the problem involves a classroom situation or a situation with a teacher, the following remedies are recommended:

1. Parents should encourage their child to talk with the teacher.
2. Parents can encourage their child to talk with an administrator.
3. If the child is reluctant to talk with a teacher or administrator, a parent may offer to accompany their child and talk with the teacher.

It is very important to demonstrate to children how to actively and constructively solve a problem. If the problem is important enough for the child to talk about, it is important for the child to learn how to be a part of the solution.

Parent Concern

1. Talk with the teacher. Teachers can explain classroom situations from an adult perspective and from a professional perspective, and usually, that will resolve misunderstandings
2. If the problem persists after a reasonable time, talk with the teacher again.
3. If the problem is still not resolved, make an appointment with the related administrator.

For example, if you are unsure of a decision made in the classroom about a consequence given for a behavior, you should discuss the situation with the teacher first. If after this discussion, you feel the situation is unresolved, it should be brought to the attention of the Dean of Students. If it is still not handled to your satisfaction, the Principal should be notified.

If after meeting with the Principal, you still have concerns, MPS Central Office and the MPS Board and, after that, the School District/County/State would be the next avenue of communication.

Teachers, staff, and administration are available through email, phone, in person, and by appointment. Due to the busy schedules of the teachers and administration, parents are asked to not "drop-in" for appointments, but to set up a meeting in advance. Parents should not talk to teachers, other parents, students, or administrators in a disrespectful or threatening manner.

Student's Rights and Responsibilities

I am aware of my responsibilities and will do my best to satisfy my parents'/teachers' expectations at MPS because this will help me do better in the future. I agree to really try and do the following:

- I will come to school dressed in uniform every day and on time.
- I will be prepared for all my classes with all required materials.
- I will complete class work and homework on time.
- I will do all the homework assigned to me the best way I can and ask for help when needed.
- I will strive consistently to give my best, and to make my best academic progress.
- I will act responsibly and respectfully at all times and towards all members of the school community.
- I will follow all school rules.
- I will obey the School's Code of Conduct.
- I will respect my property, that of others, and that of the School.
- I will take good care of my books, and other materials the School allows me to use.
- I will serve my community.

Parents' Rights and Responsibilities

I understand that my child's studies are very important and my participation in activities at MPS is a critical component of my child's educational success. Therefore, I agree to carry out the following responsibilities to the best of my ability:

- I will take a positive and active role in supporting my student's education.
- I will make certain my student attends school regularly and on time.
- I will notify school when child is absent and provide appropriate documentation.
- I will ensure that my student follows the school attendance policy and dress codes.
- I will ensure that my child come to school rested, clean, well-fed, and appropriately dressed (in student uniform).
- I will notify office immediately if there is a change of home address or phone number.
- I will set aside a specific time and place for my student to do homework.
- I will support my student in completing homework, including, if necessary, limiting time watching television, computer gaming, and recreational internet use.
- I will allow my student to attend remedial and other programs offered if requested by the school as is needed for individual improvement.
- I will set up a college-bound environment at home and support my student through the college admission and scholarship-finding process.
- I will emphasize my child adheres to the MPS Discipline Code at all times.
- I will enforce the School Code of Conduct with my child, including ensuring my child is wearing the uniform and promoting respect for teachers and all adults and students.
- I will follow through with any problem behaviors noted by the School.
- I will attend orientation meetings prior to the start of School.

- I will communicate regularly with my student's teachers to ensure his/her academic success (includes attending at least two conferences in a school year).
- I will review information and work sent home and/or posted online for parents and students via the school website and the online Student Information System and respond as necessary (computer access is available for parents at School if needed).
- I will review progress reports that are sent by the School and respond as necessary.
- I will encourage positive attitudes toward school.
- I will talk with my student about what he/she is learning.
- I will expect and encourage my student to be focused on learning.
- I will expect and support my student to strive consistently to give his/her best, and to make his/her best academic progress.
- I will assure that my child does not destroy materials (textbooks, equipment, etc.) and/or MPS property.
- I will pay for any damages to materials and/or property incurred by student.
- I will assure that students do not bring destructive materials to school (markers, paint, etc.)
- I will assure that all school materials loaned to students will be returned in the condition issued (textbooks, library books, etc.) I will pay for any lost or damaged books in CASH only.
- I understand that a student's bringing or possession of any weapon is grounds for expulsion from the Charter School.
- I will complete and return all necessary school forms and documents on time as requested by school officials.
- I will try to volunteer at School when requested. (Parents/guardians are not required to volunteer for MPS.)

School Responsibilities

- The School will provide a high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables all students to meet the State Core Curriculum Content Standards in all content areas through an aligned curriculum and rigorous assessment.
- The School will provide a variety of support programs to enhance instruction at all grade levels.
- The School will send frequent reports to parents on their child's progress.
- The School will hold parent-teacher conferences during which this Compact will be discussed as it relates to the individual student's achievement. Conference dates will be listed on the school calendar and additional dates will be sent through notification by the School.
- The School will grant parents reasonable access to staff by appointment through the office.
- The School will provide parents with the ability to observe classroom activities by appointment through the office.

Building Capacity for Engagement

Infinite Campus

MPS uses an online web portal, Infinite Campus, to enable parents, students, and teachers to communicate more efficiently. Teachers have a webpage for every class in which they post course material, homework assignments, projects, course grade statistics, and records of students' grades on quizzes, tests, class participation, and homework assignments. Students and parents use confidential passwords to log on.

ParentSquare

MPS uses a unified school-to-home engagement platform called ParentSquare. This platform enables the school to send automated messages to parents with student-specific information. MPS uses ParentSquare to communicate attendance information, news, upcoming events, parent and family engagement opportunities, surveys, resources for parent education, and more. With extensive student information system integration, translation to more than 100 languages, and access via app, email, text, voice, and web portal, ParentSquare enables the school to engage all families, ensuring equitable communication.

Parent Advisory Committee (PAC)

As part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), educational partner (students, families, staff, and community members) input is vital. Schools are required to host meetings that support the relationship between all educational partners to review the LCAP and various components that play a role in student success. PAC meetings will take the place of School Site Council (SSC) meetings, in an effort to promote effective and efficient meetings.

PAC meetings will be held throughout the school year and will be involved with

- Plan, review, and improve the LCAP, Title I, and Part A programs and aligning them to the LCAP;
- Primary committee reviewing the parent and family engagement policy and, if applicable, other school program plans. School leadership will work closely with PAC to ensure parents are engaged in the school improvement process.

Parent Task Force (PTF)

Our parent association holds annual elections for the following positions: President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary. Approximately 10% of our parents continuously attend monthly PTF meetings. The PTF provides the space for parents to lead meetings as a way to leverage support for current fundraising goals, cultural events, and engagement opportunities for all families. The meetings are led by PTF Committee Officers that were elected by families that represent the interest and support the success of all students at Magnolia. During these meetings, parents collaborate on how to leverage their experience and skills to support a common goal for student success.

Professional Development

Professional development occurs on a regular basis to address the diverse needs of our students and their various learning styles. Prior to the start of the academic school year, teachers receive extensive training on school-wide academic expectations and how to meet the needs of all learners. Teachers are trained on the rules and regulations students are expected to uphold, including but not limited to illegal substances (drugs, alcohol, and related paraphernalia) and the risks and factors related to this. Also, training on bullying awareness and bullying prevention occurs throughout the school year to help minimize bullying-related altercations.

We collaborate with outside consultants, including law enforcement, with expertise in sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education in accordance with EC 49380 effective January 1, 2015.

Physical Environment

Our school provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment characterized by trust, caring, and professionalism. We have adopted and implemented a comprehensive set of health, safety, and risk management policies to create a safe and secure learning environment. These policies comply with all applicable state and local health and safety laws and regulations. It is the responsibility of the on-site school administration to consistently monitor all activities to ensure the safety and security of the students. Parents and students are also made aware of these policies as it regards them in the form of student and parent handbooks. We are dedicated to enforcing school functions as a drug-free, alcohol-free, and tobacco-free zone, as well as a zero-tolerance policy for sexual harassment for all employees, students, and parents. Students are educated about bullying and cyberbullying via school-wide assemblies and individual guest speakers. All staff members are mandated reporters in case of child abuse or violence. Emergency safety plans have been written up to address emergency situations (e.g. natural disasters and fires). Each classroom is equipped with a copy of these plans and disaster drills are practiced throughout the year.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior

MPS maintains as a priority reinforcing positive behavior through intervention supports. Should students continue to make poor choices the administration team and school staff will create a plan with the parent/guardian to decrease unwanted behaviors and reinforce desired behaviors. Students and guardians have access to the school SIS as a means of staying informed on student progress. The student, family, and school connection is part of the

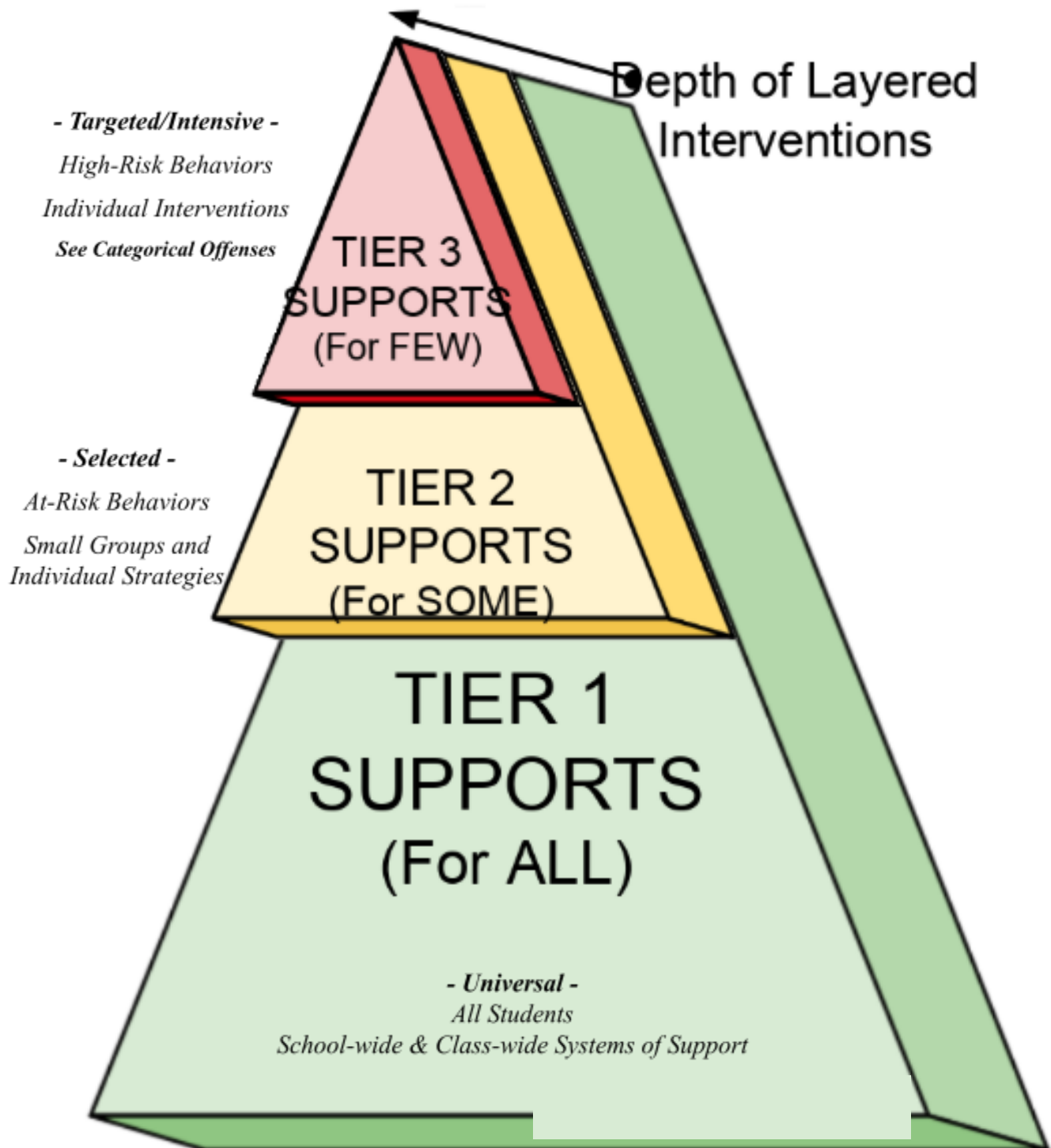
Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS) model for our learning community and it takes collaboration with all educational partners.

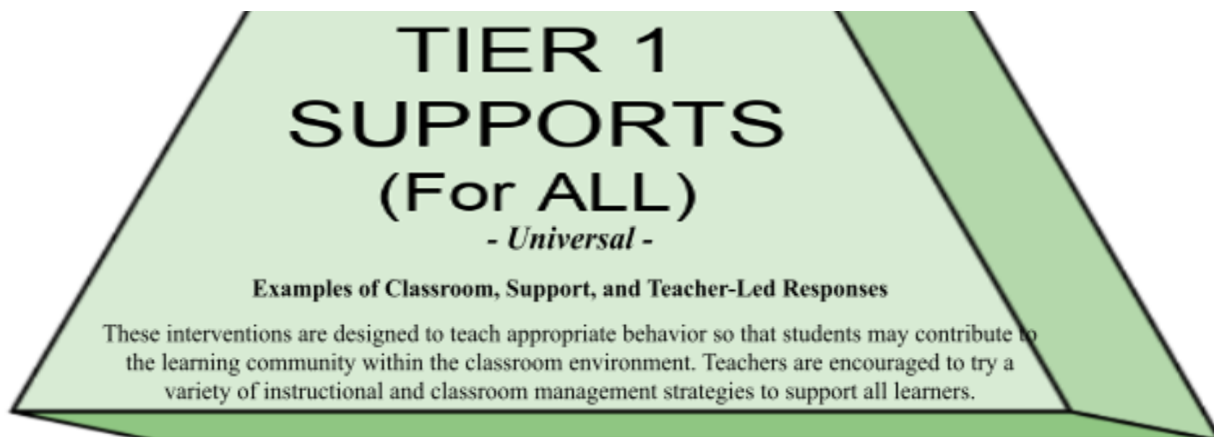
All students at MPS are entitled to the rights guaranteed by the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, and applicable case law, and their rights will not be knowingly denied by the required code of conduct or by any disciplinary actions taken by the school. Accordingly, after an analysis of each case, any student who exhibits any of the unacceptable student behaviors listed in this handbook may incur consequences. These consequences range from notification of parents, reflection, to emergency removal from a school activity, suspension, expulsion, and referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies.

MPS reserves the right to notify the authorities and the Department of Education as required by law relating to disciplinary actions taken. It is to be noted that MPS reserves the right to discipline any act that has a nexus with MPS or the school community and causes a substantial disruption to the normal operation of the School. In other words, MPS may discipline behavior at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored function or any activity or any act that causes a substantial disruption to the school environment or that is performed with/on/by/via school equipment or school property. MPS respects and observes the rights of students to lawful student expression, as outlined in the "MPS Student Freedom of Speech/Expression Policy" available in the office of each MPS school.

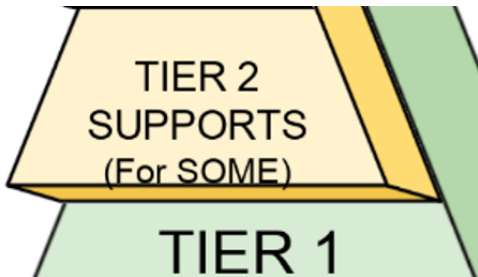
The following charts and tables delineate unacceptable types of behavior in three levels and possible interventions as part of MPS' system of response to behavior.

Multi-Tiered System of Response to Behavior





Level 1 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Invading personal space ● Antagonizing others ● Violation of school/class rules ● Horseplaying ● Violating off-limits/restricted area ● Habitually tardy and/or not being in assigned location ● Disrupting the learning environment/Off task ● Littering ● Not having proper materials, supplies, and/or equipment for class participation ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Dress code violation ● Inappropriate language/actions (hurtful, vulgar, gossip, etc.) ● Passive participation in hurtful acts/words against others ● Lewd or inappropriate displays of affection ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ School-wide PBIS ✓ Social-emotional learning program ✓ Proactive classroom management ✓ Regular, preemptive communication with families ✓ Classroom incentives ✓ Seating, assignment, behavioral accommodations ✓ Conferencing with student(s) and parents ✓ Verbal correction and redirection ✓ Reminders, role-play, daily progress sheet ✓ Loss of classroom privileges ✓ Written and/or verbal reflection

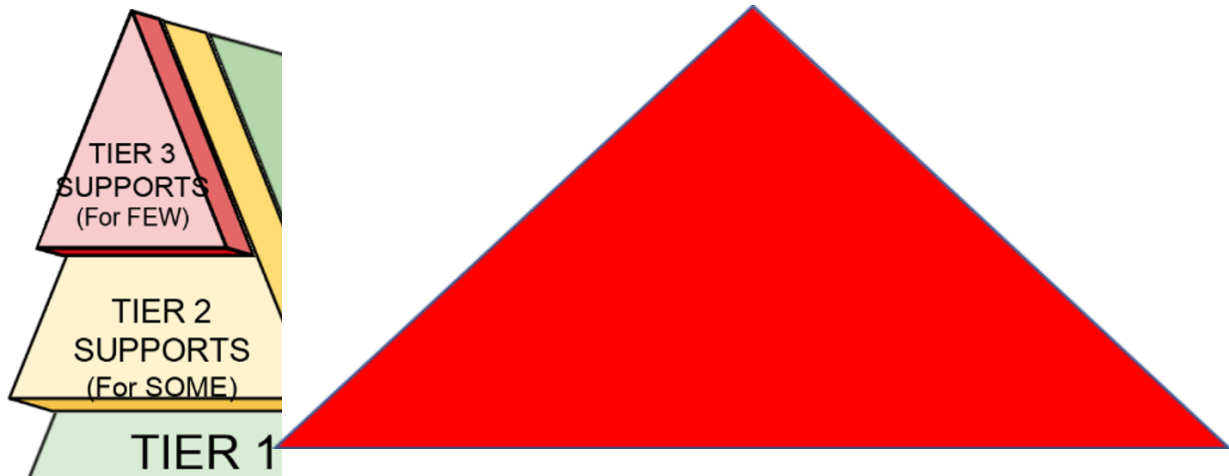


- Selected -

Examples of Support, Removal and Administrative Responses

These responses engage the students' support system to ensure successful learning and to alter conditions that are inappropriate or disruptive.

Level 2 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Using/possessing tobacco and/or lighter ● Violating traffic or safety regulations ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Leaving school and/or school bus without permission ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using objects inappropriately (i.e., the use of an object to harm others or damage property) ● Physical assault without serious bodily injury (i.e., pushing with intent, kicking, hitting, pinching, spitting) ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Plagiarism/academic dishonesty ● Leaving school or classroom without permission (truancy) ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding district filter, etc.) ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Failure to attend to/complete assigned restorative action ● Gambling or Extortion ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Sexually explicit behavior ● Planning and/or arranging actions with malicious intent ● Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Bullying/cyberbullying ● Violation of personal boundaries ● Refusing to cooperate and comply with school rules/personnel 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Behavioral contract ✓ Self-monitoring ✓ School-home communication ✓ Adult or peer mentorship ✓ Utilize check-in and check-out system ✓ Intensive academic and/or social support ✓ Reflection (lunch, after school, Saturday, etc.) ✓ Refer student to SSPT ✓ Loss of privileges ✓ Counseling ✓ Temporary removal from class ✓ Extended school day ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion



Level 3 Infractions	Interventions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Physically assaulting with serious bodily injury ● Conduct or habits injurious to others (peers/authority) ● Using/possessing controlled and/or dangerous substances and/or paraphernalia ● Bullying (harassing, intimidating, cyberbullying) ● Fighting and/or arranging altercations ● Using/possessing weapons and/or weapon paraphernalia including but not limited to those prohibited under federal law ● Harassment (i.e., physical, verbal, and sexual) ● Arson, attempting to commit arson and/or possession of explosives/fireworks (i.e., smoke bombs, sink bombs, etc.) ● Causing a false fire alarm ● Making a bomb/explosive threat ● Encouraging other students to violate school rules ● Student hazing ● Using gang and/or secret society symbols/acts ● Inappropriate use of electronic devices ● Public displays of sexually explicit behavior ● Defacing and/or vandalism of school property ● Gambling ● Habitual violations of school/class rules ● Forgery of signatures ● Stealing and/or possessing stolen property ● Improper use of computer (e.g., viewing unauthorized websites, cheating, overriding school filter, etc.) ● Sexual explicit behavior, Lewd Conduct, Writing or drawing obscene /profane language/pictures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ All Tier 1 and Tier 2 interventions ✓ FBA-based behavior intervention plans ✓ Teaching replacement behavior ✓ Home and community supports ✓ Self-management program ✓ Restricted access ✓ In-school reflection and/or suspension ✓ Short-term out-of-school suspension ✓ Extended out-of-school suspension ✓ Request for alternate educational setting ✓ Suspension and/or expulsion

Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures

"The procedures by which pupils can be suspended or expelled." (Ed. Code § 47605(b)(5)(J).)

The Suspension and Expulsion Policy and Procedures have been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS" or "Charter School"). In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* which describes the offenses for which students at noncharter schools may be suspended or expelled and the procedures governing those suspensions and expulsions in order to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removal. The language that follows is largely consistent with the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to an annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions, expulsions, and involuntary removals, and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

Consistent with this Policy, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension, expulsion, and involuntary removal, and it may be amended from time to time without the need to seek a material revision of the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary policies and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This policy and its procedures will be printed and distributed annually as part of the Student Handbook which will clearly describe discipline expectations.

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School administration shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this policy and its procedures are available upon request at the Principal's office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the applicable provisions of the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent/guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) school days before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent/guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform the student, the student's parent/guardian, or educational rights holder of the basis for which the student is being involuntarily removed and the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder's right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below. Students may be involuntarily removed for reasons

including, but not limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the student's independent study Master Agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(c)(4).

Procedures

Discipline includes but is not limited to advising and counseling students, conferring with parents/guardians, reflection during and after school hours, use of alternative educational environments, suspension and expulsion.

Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)

Positive Consequences:

MPS school staff has committed itself to encouraging and supporting the attainment of academic skills as well as social skills, such as listening, friendship-making, problem-solving, and alternatives to aggression. To inspire and encourage students to develop their potential in all of these areas, the following reinforcements will be used for positive behavior:

- Individual awards/recognition
- Classroom awards/recognition
- Certificates
- Displays
- Positive contact with parent/guardian
- Special activities (field trips, movie nights, picnics, etc.)
- Publications
- Assemblies
- Positive SIS points

Positive student behavior and improvements will be acknowledged and encouraged by the MPS staff. Teachers will not only report discipline issues in the school information system but also positive behaviors and accomplishments. Parents will also be informed of positive behavior and improvements via phone, email, and home visits. Students will receive certificates and/or rewards for outstanding performance and behaviors.

Alternatives to Suspension and/or Expulsion

To intervene in student behavior, MPS has a progressive discipline plan in place at each of its schools. This plan is published at the beginning of each school year in the Parent/Student handbook. The handbook also includes a school-parent-student compact that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will develop a partnership to help children achieve high academic and behavior standards. The discipline plan includes information about student expectations and the progression of disciplinary procedures from day-to-day discipline to suspension and expulsion.

MPS believes that alternatives to suspension align with our schoolwide positive behavior support plan. Following is a list of alternatives to be considered before suspending a student: warning, phone call home, parent conference, teacher/administrative reflection, written assignment/research/presentation, loss of privileges, behavior contract, parent shadowing, mentorship (peer/teacher), referral (counseling, SSPT, Dean /Principal), assigning volunteer work/community service, Saturday school, and in-school suspension.

Reflection

Reflection will be held on the assigned day either during the lunch period or after school for up to 60 minutes. Students will have at least one (1) day notice that they must serve a reflection that is longer than twenty (20) minutes in order to make arrangements to be picked up from school. Parents may request in person a delay of the reflection; no phone calls, emails, or notes will be accepted for this request.

In School Suspension

Notice of In School Suspension (ISS) and the reasons for the ISS will be given to the student and the parent in writing. The student will remain on campus during school hours in a designated area, not in their regular class setting. The student will have no or limited contact with students and teachers while serving an ISS. The student is expected to complete their classroom assignments and school community service during ISS.

Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; or d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

Enumerated Offenses

Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students may be suspended when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. This section shall only apply to students in any of grades 4-12, inclusive.
- l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.

- o) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family’s safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.
- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual’s academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in Education Code Section 233(e). This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) “Bullying” means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

- 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
 - (d) An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.

- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4.

Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion when it is determined the student:

- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
- b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
- c) Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
- d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
- e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of a student's own prescription products by a student.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this policy, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a student organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective student. For purposes of this policy, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this policy, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so

unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for their own safety or for their immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases, or the personal property of the person threatened or their immediate family.

- q) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this policy, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- r) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This provision shall apply to students in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of their age, or for a person of their age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on their physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with their ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
 - 2) "Electronic Act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.

- (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
- iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
- (a) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this policy, "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- u) A student who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a student who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (3)(a)-(b).
 - v) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the student unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.

Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the student:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any device of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code Section 11053, et seq.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Sections 261, 266c, 286, 287, 288, or 289 of former Section 288a of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code Section 243.4..

If it is determined by the Administrative Panel that a student has brought a firearm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the student shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The Charter School will use the following definitions:

- The term “knife” means (A) any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (B) a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing; (C) a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches; (D) a folding knife with a blade that locks into place; or (E) a razor with an unguarded blade.
- The term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.
- The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (A) bomb; (B) grenade; (C) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces; (D) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce; (E) mine; or (F) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

Suspension Procedure

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or designee with the student and the student’s parent/guardian and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against the student and shall be given the opportunity to present their version and evidence in their defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two (2) school days, unless the student waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a student for failure of the student’s parent/guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student’s parent/guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of return following suspension. This notice shall state the specific offense(s) committed by the student as well as the date the student may return to school following the suspension. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or designee, the student and the student's parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the student should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the student or the student's parent/guardian, unless the student and the student's parent/guardian fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the student's presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the student poses a threat or danger to others. Upon either determination, the student's suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion hearing.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the student, or the affected student, a teacher shall provide to a student in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more school days, the homework that the student would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the student either upon the student's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the student's overall grade in the class.

5. Suspension Appeals

Students and parent/guardian may appeal a suspension within five (5) school days of the suspension. This appeal will be made in writing to the Principal and heard by a Reflection Committee. The Reflection Committee is an advisory committee to the Principal, trained quarterly in restorative practices and PBIS, and will comprise of at least one school administrator (serves as procedural advisor), and at least two teachers, and may also include a non-certificated employee. All Reflection Committee hearings on suspensions will be held within two (2) school days of the appeal being made. The decision of the Reflection Committee is final and will be delivered to the parent/guardian in a written response. Based on the information submitted or requested, the Reflection Committee may make one of the following decisions regarding the suspension:

- Uphold the suspension
- Determine that the suspension was not within school guidelines, overturn the suspension, and order that all records and documents regarding the disciplinary proceeding be destroyed. No information regarding the suspension will be placed in the student's permanent record or shared with anyone not directly involved in the proceedings.

Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(c)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled by a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three (3) members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the Student nor a member of the Charter School Board of Directors. The Administrative Panel shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

It is preferable for the Administrative Panel members to have experience in education law and student discipline. Typical Administrative Panel members include teachers, school administrators and Home Office Chiefs/Directors.

The Home Office will coordinate all administrators and teachers who serve on the Reflection Committee at their school sites to be “on call” for a particular month should their presence be needed at an Administrative Panel hearing. The Administrative Panel may expel any student found to have committed an expellable offense.

Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the student for expulsion.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded to the student and the student’s parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the student. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing.
2. A statement of the specific facts, charges and offenses upon which the proposed expulsion is based.
3. A copy of MPS’ disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation.
4. Notification of the student’s or parent/guardian’s obligation to provide information about the student’s status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment.
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student’s parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor.
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing.
7. The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing.
8. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student’s behalf including witnesses.

Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearing Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

MPS may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the student.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of their right to (a) receive five (5) calendar days notice of their scheduled testimony; (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of their choosing present in the hearing at the time the complaining witness testifies, which may include a parent/guardian or legal counsel; and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. MPS must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness’ use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which the complaining witness may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.

5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours the complaining witness is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The entity conducting the hearing may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany the complaining witness to the witness stand.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, MPS must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to MPS. The entity presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising their discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom they believe is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.
8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the courtroom during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the student being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense.

Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled student, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have their testimony heard in a session closed to the

public.

Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the student shall immediately be returned to their previous educational program.

The Administrative Panel may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the student to the student's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Administrative Panel. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the student is deemed to be on probationary status. The Administrative Panel may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the student commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing student conduct. If the Administrative Panel revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the student may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Administrative Panel shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all students, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Administrative Panel shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

Written Notice to Expel

The Principal or designee, following a decision of the Administrative Panel to expel, shall send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Administrative Panel's adopted findings of fact, to the student and student's parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following:

1. Notice of the specific offense committed by the student
2. Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with MPS
3. The reinstatement eligibility review date; a copy of the rehabilitation plan; the type of educational placement during the period of expulsion, and notice of appeal rights/procedures

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following:

1. The student's name
2. The specific expellable offense committed by the student

Disciplinary Records

MPS shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at MPS. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

Expulsion Appeals

In order to appeal an expulsion, the student/parent/guardian must submit a written appeal to the CEO of MPS outlining the reason for the appeal, attaching any supporting documentation, within ten (10) calendar days of being informed of the expulsion.

In response to the written request for an appeal, the CEO of MPS shall call a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Board shall convene a hearing on the appeal within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of a timely written request for an appeal. *(This timeline supersedes the timeline statement in the charter petition if different.)*

At the hearing on the appeal, the student shall have the right to present evidence. The Board will consider evidence and/or testimony as appropriate and will render a written decision that shall be in the best interest of the student and MPS. That decision shall be final.

Interim Placement

MPS shall be responsible for the appropriate interim placement of students during and pending the completion of the MPS's student expulsion process and shall facilitate the post-expulsion placement of expelled students.

MPS shall work with the District for an interim placement or other alternative programs. Should MPS determine after the referral that the student will remain at MPS pending the expulsion hearing based on the best interest of the student, or if MPS secures another alternative interim placement at another charter school or school within its CMO, if appropriate and aligned with applicable charter petitions, MPS will notify the District of such determination.

Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Administrative Panel at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one (1) year from the date of expulsion when the student may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

Readmission or Admission of Previously Expelled Student

The decision to readmit a student after the end of the student's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled student from another school district or charter school who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the student's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the student and student's parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the student has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the student poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding the Principal's or designee's determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding the readmission or admission of the student during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The student's readmission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school student who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's Board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a parent, guardian, educational rights holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal. Students who are involuntarily removed for truancy will be given a rehabilitation plan and will be subject to the readmission procedures set forth herein.

Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA/District

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA/District and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA/ District of the discipline of any student with a disability or student that the Charter School or the SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;
- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent/guardian, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent/guardian of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent/guardian or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period

provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent/guardian and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Principal or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
- b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
- c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.

6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent/guardian has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however, the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent/guardian has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

Students with an IEP

If a student has an IEP, that IEP and any applicable behavior plan shall be followed, according to state and federal law. If the behavior(s) worsens or the frequency increases, the student's IEP team may meet to review the plan and its implementation and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior(s). Special Education staff, general education staff, parents, and related service providers specified in the IEP must be informed and involved.

MPS follows state and federal laws regarding discipline, including suspension and expulsion, of students with disabilities. See above: Suspension and Expulsion Procedures for more information.

Procedures for Notifying Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each student who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code Section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

This notification will be provided on our school letterhead:

To: ALL CERTIFICATED STAFF
 From: **Admin**
 Re: Student Suspension Information

*Education Code 49079 and Welfare and Institutions Code 827 require that teachers be notified of the reason(s) a student has been suspended. We have incorporated this notification into the existing "Attendance Reporting screen". On the daily attendance report, when a student is suspended, it will show in Infinite Campus. The information provided is for the student's current teachers only. All information regarding suspension and expulsion is **CONFIDENTIAL**, and is not to be shared with any student(s) or parent(s). Teachers are asked to secure the list so students and others may not view it.*

The following are examples of Ed. Code 48900 and 48915 violations that may appear on your report.

E.C. 48900

- a(1) Cause, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person
- a(2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense
- (b) Possessed, sold or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive or other dangerous object
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged or negotiated to sell a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person an imitation
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school or private property
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school or private property
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawful offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia
- (k) Disrupted school activities or willfully defied the valid authority of school personnel (Grades 9-12 only)
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school or private property
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault or committed a sexual battery
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying
- (t) Aided and abetted the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury or serious bodily injury to another person
- .2 Committed sexual harassment (Grades 4-12 only)
- .3 Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence (Grades 4-12 onry)
- .4 Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils (Grades 4-12 only)
- .7 Made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both

E.C. 48915(a)(1)

- A. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
- B. Possession of a knife or other dangerous object.
- C. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance.
- D. Robbery or extortion.
- E. Assault or battery upon a school employee.

E.C. 48915(c)

- 1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
- 2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
- 3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
- 4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- 5. Possession of an explosive

If you have any questions or want more information, please see me.

**Sample
Confidential
Memorandum**

To: _____, Teacher
From: _____, Principal
Date:

Re: Students having committed specified crime

The student named below has been convicted of a penal code violation.

Welfare and Institutions Code 827 requires teachers to be informed when a student has engaged in certain criminal conduct.

NOTE: SUCH INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND CANNOT BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED BY THE TEACHER OR OTHERS. UNLAWFUL DISSEMINATION OF THIS INFORMATION IS PUNISHABLE BY A SIGNIFICANT FINE. (EC 49079)

PLEASE DESTROY THIS NOTE IMMEDIATELY AFTER READING.

_____ was found to have committed the following criminal activity:

If you have any questions, please see me.
Principal

Title IX

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Policy

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students' ability to learn, negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, Magnolia Public School ("MPS" or the "Charter School") prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as "misconduct prohibited by this Policy."

To the extent possible, the Charter School will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. MPS school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, the Charter School will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom MPS does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This Policy applies to all employees, students, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. MPS will promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. MPS complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Coordinator ("Coordinator")

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Definitions - Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs;
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; or

- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected classes above.

Prohibited Unlawful Sexual Harassment

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et seq.*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution's admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by MPS.

MPS is committed to providing a work and educational environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - o Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults.
 - o Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.
- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - o Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
 - o Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
 - o Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's or the employee's sex.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - o Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment.

- o Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic.
- o Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable student* or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by MPS.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above.
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a student for the purpose of bullying the student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:
 - a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a student to another student or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of "bullying," above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.

- b. “Cyber sexual bullying” does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of “bullying” and “electronic act” above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in MPS’ education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that MPS investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

In accordance with existing discrimination on the basis of gender in education institutions is prohibited. All persons, regardless of the gender, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination in education programs or activities conducted by the School.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

MPS advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

MPS informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of MPS’ policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. MPS encourages parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

MPS employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. MPS advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at MPS and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

Charter School educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other students based on protected characteristics.

MPS’ bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

MPS informs MPS employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

MPS annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other MPS employees who have regular interaction with students.

MPS informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

Charter School also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by MPS, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

MPS encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for MPS students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

MPS will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the MPS UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, MPS will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene when safe to do so, call for

assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634
ceo@magnoliapublicschools.org

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. MPS will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels they are a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that the student can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

MPS prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to MPS' education program or

activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or MPS' educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. MPS will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of MPS to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of MPS, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator (or administrative designee) determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, to provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation. However, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that MPS prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - MPS may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with MPS' policies.
 - MPS may remove a respondent from MPS' education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with MPS' policies, provided that MPS undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

- This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, MPS may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If MPS offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.
 - MPS will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. MPS shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, MPS will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in MPS' educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed.

However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable MPS policy.

- MPS may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at MPS; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent MPS from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
- If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, MPS will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- **Determination of Responsibility**
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - MPS will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of MPS' code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from MPS or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by MPS in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find MPS' resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of MPS' decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the MPS Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and MPS will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- MPS will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location. MPS will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.
- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

MPS is committed to provide a workplace free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action, up to, and including dismissal, of the offending employee.

Sexual harassment consist of sexual advances, request for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (1) submission of the conduct is either made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (2) an employment decision is based upon an individual's acceptance or rejection of that conduct; (3) that conduct interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an employee who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against him or her or against another individual.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment in the workplace as required by law. Each employee has the responsibility to maintain a workplace free from any form of sexual harassment. Consequently, should any individual, in particular those with supervisory responsibilities, become aware of any conduct that may constitute sexual harassment or other prohibited behavior, immediate action should be taken to address such conduct. Employees and students are expected to act in a positive and professional manner and to contribute to a policy, productive School environment that is free from harassing or disruptive activity. Any employee who believes they have been sexually harassed or has witnessed sexual harassment is encouraged to immediately report such harassment to the Principal (or MPS Human Services for MPS employees).

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body.

Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:

- Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience.
- Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an employee for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any employee to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct.
- Subjecting or threats of subjecting an employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making performance of the employee's job more difficult because of the employee's sex.

Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere at the workplace by employees, such as:

- Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing to work or possessing any such material to read, display or view at work.
- Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic; and
- Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an employee by sex in an area of the workplace (other than restrooms or similar rooms).

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this policy. Moreover, please note that while in most situations a personal relationship is a private matter, these relationships are not appropriate in a professional setting, particularly where one of the parties has management or supervisory responsibilities. As such, consensual relationships in the workplace may violate MPS Policy.

Complainants and witnesses under these policies will be protected from further harassment and will not be retaliated against in any aspect of their employment due to their participation in an investigation, filing of a complaint or reporting sexual harassment.

MPS will investigate complaints promptly and provide a written report of the investigation and decision as soon as practicable. The investigation will be handled in as confidential a manner as possible consistent with a full, fair, and proper investigation.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination, and Bullying Complaint Form

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) *(Attach additional pages, if needed):*

I hereby authorize MPS to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Print Name

Date

To be completed by MPS:

Received by

Date

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) Policies and Procedures

Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or “Charter School”) complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. MPS is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any MPS program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant and Parenting Pupils;
 - Adult Education;
 - After School Education and Safety;
 - Career Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development;
 - Compensatory Education;
 - Consolidated Application;
 - Course Periods without Educational Content;
 - Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who Are Homeless, Migratory Pupils, former Juvenile Court Pupils now Enrolled in a public school and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Local Control & Accountability Plans (LCAP)/LCFF;
 - Migrant Education;
 - Physical Education Instructional Minutes;
 - Pupil Fees;
 - Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs;
 - School Plans for School Achievement;
 - School Safety Plans;
 - Schoolsite Councils.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. "Pupil fee" means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student's parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families' ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
- c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans ("LCAP") only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
- d. If MPS finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education ("CDE") finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by MPS to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
- e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or MPS and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.

Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If MPS adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations ("C.C.R.") sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153. MPS acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. MPS cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, MPS will attempt to do so as appropriate. MPS may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or

proceedings, as determined by the CEO, MPS campus Principal, or designee on a case-by-case basis. MPS shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure MPS' compliance with law:

CEO and Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St STE 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Upon receipt of a complaint, the CEO will appropriately assign to the Principal of the MPS campus attended by the complainant. That Principal and/or designee shall investigate the complaint, with oversight by the CEO.

The CEO or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the CEO or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the CEO, the compliance officer for that case shall be the President of the MPS Board of Directors.

Notifications

The CEO or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy will be made available on MPS' website.

MPS shall annually provide written notification of MPS' UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in MPS speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California State preschool programs that MPS is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.
3. A statement that MPS is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal MPS' decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of MPS' decision, except if MPS has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals MPS' decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended

by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.

9. A statement that if MPS finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, MPS shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of MPS' UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that MPS has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

Step 1: Filing of Complaint

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the CEO, Principal, or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the CEO, Principal, or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The CEO, Principal, or designee shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the MPS Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by MPS.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, MPS staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

Step 2: Mediation

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process. Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment,

intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information. If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint. The use of mediation shall not extend MPS' timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

Step 3: Investigation of Complaint

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

MPS' refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

Step 4: Final Written Decision

MPS shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. MPS' Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of MPS' receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. MPS' Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether MPS is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if MPS finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal MPS' Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when MPS has used its UCP to address a complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of MPS' expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with MPS and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. MPS failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, MPS's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in MPS' Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in MPS' Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which MPS' Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the Principal or designee, under oversight by the CEO, shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of MPS' complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to MPS for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies MPS that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, MPS will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by MPS when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, MPS has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with MPS.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of MPS' complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if MPS has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

General Complaint Procedures

The ultimate purpose of this general complaint procedure is to encourage the growth and development of MPS as a healthy community. Conflict is often a part of any development or growth process and may arise in any community. An effective process for resolving conflict is therefore both consistent with the vision and mission of MPS, and an essential component of the communication model that our School has adopted.

MPS recognizes that effective communication is paramount in effective conflict resolution and therefore strongly encourages communication strategies that include: Taking personal responsibility for one's own feelings and needs; communication that mutually acknowledges the needs and concerns of one another; and demonstrating honesty and integrity in every interaction.

LEVEL 1: Direct Resolution

If reasonably possible, general complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the person directly using conflict resolution skills without the intervention of a supervisor or other School administrator. It is the hope of MPS that most disputes can be resolved informally by direct and healthy communication between individuals. Such attempts at informal resolution should be documented in writing to assist the Principal (or CEO & Superintendent) and/or Board of Directors to participate effectively in the conflict's resolution.

Examples:

- Pedagogical issues pertaining to anything that occurs in the classroom, i.e., teaching, curriculum, classroom management, or teacher-student relationships, should be addressed directly with the class teacher. Teachers can be contacted by email, written note or via appointment.
- Complaints/concerns about employees or supervisors that do not involve complaints of discrimination or harassment or violations of law should be first addressed with the employee or supervisor directly. If the person(s) involved are unable to resolve the conflict or complaint, the complainant should contact the immediate/appropriate supervisor in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 2: School Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should be prepared to give details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it. The immediate/appropriate supervisor will acknowledge receipt of the complaint in **three (3)** working days, investigate the complaint, a process which normally involves a discussion with the complainant, gathering of relevant facts and evidence, and respond to the complainant within **ten (10)** working days.

Examples:

- Pedagogical, academic or teacher related issues should be addressed with the Dean of Academics/Assistant Principal.
- Student behavior and discipline issues should be addressed with the Dean of Students/Assistant Principal.
- All other issues should be addressed with the Principal.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the immediate/appropriate supervisor, e.g., Dean of Academics/Students or Assistant Principal or the complaint should be directly addressed with the Principal, the complainant should contact the Principal, who will respond within the same timeline. If the complainant is still dissatisfied, and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the CEO & Superintendent of MPS in an effort to resolve the issue.

LEVEL 3: MPS Home Office ("Home Office") Level Resolution

At this step, the complainant should fill out the attached "**General Complaint Procedures Form**" giving details about the complaint and steps taken to resolve it, and contact the CEO & Superintendent of MPS at:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

The CEO & Superintendent (designee) will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days, attempt to identify a resolution that is acceptable to both parties, within **fifteen (15)** working days of the receipt of the written complaint.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the response from the CEO & Superintendent (designee), and wishes to take it further, the complainant, in writing, should bring the matter to the attention of the MPS Board of Directors (“the Board.”)

LEVEL 4: Board Level Resolution*

At this step, the complainant can file a written complaint with the Board through the Administrative Assistant at the MPS Home Office. (*Same contact information as in Level 3*) The complainant should update the “General Complaint Procedures Form” that was used in Level 3. The Administrative Assistant will acknowledge receipt of the written complaint in **five (5)** working days. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting or at a special board meeting convened in order to meet the internal 60-day target within which MPS strives to answer the complaint. The Board may decide not to hear the complaint, in which case the CEO & Superintendent’s decision will be final. If the Board hears the complaint, the Administrative Assistant will send the Board’s decision to the complainant within **sixty (60)** days of the School’s initial receipt of the complaint or within the time period that has been specified in a written agreement with the complainant. The decision of the Board shall be final.

* For MSA-San Diego, MSA-San Diego Governance Committee will work with the Principal and the Home Office in following the General Complaint Procedures to resolve internal complaints and conflicts before they escalate to the MPS Board level.

The complainant has a right to appeal the Board’s decision to the California Department of Education (CDE). In that case, the complainant needs to fill out a “**Uniform Complaint Procedure Form**” - provided in this handbook – and file it within **fifteen (15)** days of receiving the decision. The appeal must include a copy of the complaint filed with the School and a copy of the Board’s decision. The appeal should be sent to:

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS
General Complaint Procedures Form

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI: _____

(if applicable) Student Name: _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Street _____ Address/Apt. _____ #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any MPS personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature

Date

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to:

CEO & Superintendent
Magnolia Public Schools
250 E. 1st St. Ste 1500
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 628-3634

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

MPS recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment):

- Stopping a student from fighting with another student;
- Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
- Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
- Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
- Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
- Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment):

- Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
- Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
- Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with

students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee becomes aware of another staff member having crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must speak to this staff member if the violation appears minor, or report the matter to school administrators. If the observed behavior appears significant, it is the duty of every staff member to immediately report it to an administrator. All reports shall be confidential. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behaviors - Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior (Violations of this Policy)

- Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature;
- Kissing of any kind;
- Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation;
- Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school;
- Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments;
- Sexual jokes;
- Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit;
- Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented;
- Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding;
- Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.
- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior without Parent and Supervisor Permission:

These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.

- Giving students a ride to/from school or school activities;
- Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed;
- Allowing students in your home.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence.

- Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone;
- Excessive attention toward a particular student;
- Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities.

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity;
- Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions;
- E-mails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology);
- Keeping the door open when alone with a student;
- Keeping reasonable space between you and your students;
- Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries;
- Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student;

- Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief;
- Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries;
- Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student;
- Informing the Executive Director about situations that have the potential to become more severe;
- Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later;
- Recognizing the responsibility to stop the unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers;
- Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student;
- Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours;
- Giving students praise and recognition without touching them;
- Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable;
- Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.

Dress Code/Uniforms

MPS has a uniform policy to help create a safe, orderly environment, instill discipline, and eliminate the competition and distractions caused by varied dress styles. Students are expected to arrive in a clean and neat uniform every day. This uniform policy will be enforced from the very first day of school. Students shall cooperate, display modesty and neatness, and take pride in the MPS uniform. We rely on both student and parent/guardian support in helping to maintain this uniform policy and follow it daily.

In addition to wearing the school uniform, MPS requires that students follow these additional guidelines in terms of uniform appearance and personal appearance. **If any aspect of the uniform, including clothes, shoes, jewelry, cosmetics, or any type of body adornment, is not explicitly listed as acceptable in this handbook, then that item is not permitted to be worn when the student is at school or representing the school.** If you have any questions, please check with administration.

If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, please communicate with the school administration.

A Free MPS Uniform Set

MPS will provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging learning environment for all our students and families. Academic and social-emotional support will be provided to address student needs as well as instructional materials including a free uniform set.

MPS will make one uniform set of required MPS logo uniform pieces available to each student free of charge for the student's use during the school year. If parents/guardians or students want to purchase additional MPS logo pieces, they may do so through the school's uniform vendors.

Religious Head Coverings

Religious head coverings shall be permitted.

Free Dress & Theme Dress Days Code

Free Dress days are earned at the discretion of the administration. These days are granted at different times of the year for positive behavior and special occasions. Violation of this policy may result in loss of free dress privileges for the remainder of the school year.

- On free dress days, clothing must be in good taste and appropriate for school. Clothing should not be inappropriately tight, revealing, or transparent.
- The school's dress code is strictly enforced during free dress days as well. All students must follow the same guidelines with the exception of not wearing their uniform.

- T-shirts are acceptable; however, printing on clothing must be suitable for school - no suggestive, vulgar, or profane language or images are permitted, as well as clothing that promotes alcohol, drugs, tobacco, or other controlled substances.
- Mini-skirts, skirts, and shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. Jeans may be worn during free dress days but cannot be inappropriately tight or baggy; no tattered jeans are allowed.
- Visible undergarments (including boxer shorts, bras, etc.) are not allowed.
- Midriiffs, backless or sideless shirts or dresses, halter tops, or tank tops with straps less than 1-inch strap in width are NOT allowed.
- Hats for sun protection must only be worn outside of the school building(s) and classrooms. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue.
- Gloves, bandanas, or sunglasses are not permitted to be worn in school, except for medical reasons. Head coverings worn for purposes of religious observance are permitted.
- Neatness and good grooming are required.

MPS Student Uniform Policy

B O T T O M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pants, shorts, skirts, skorts, or capris are acceptable. ● Skirts, pants, shorts, skorts, or capris must be either khaki color, black or navy blue. <p><u>Belts</u> <i>(required for all variations of dress uniform)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Smooth, straight edge, all black, all blue or all brown belts no wider than 1½ inches with a plain, unadorned buckle (no mesh, rope, or all metal). ● The buckle may only have one catch. ● Belt must be of correct waist size, so that there is minimal excess length (less than five inches). ● Any excess length of belt must be tucked through a belt loop and may not hang down. 	<p><u>Pants/Skirts/Skorts/Shorts</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● May not be baggy or inappropriately tight. May not be rolled at waist. Top of garment must be at or above hip bone. ● Skorts/shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides. ● Skirts that are above the top of the kneecap should be worn with leggings/tights and must be no shorter than the longest fingertip. ● Pants may not be made from legging or joggng material. ● Pants must touch the top of the shoes when the student is standing, but not be long enough to bunch up around the ankle. Socks may not be worn over pants. ● Rubber bands are not allowed on the bottom of pants or ankles. ● No jean/denim style pants ● No Cargo pants/shorts. ● Must have a built-in pocket not a sewn-on pocket.
T O P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● White, gray, black or navy-blue polo or woven shirts must have the school logo. They may be either short or long sleeved. ● Hoods may not be worn at school. ● Top of garment must be at or above hipbone when student is standing up. 	<p><u>Undergarments</u></p> <p>All undergarments, including bras, boxer shorts, etc., should not be visible</p> <p><u>Other Guidelines</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Woven shirt or polo shirt must be tucked in neatly at the waist at all times. These shirts may not be inappropriately tight or baggy. ● Undershirts must be short-sleeved if worn. ● The student may choose to button, or not button, the top button of the woven shirt. All other buttons of the woven shirt must be buttoned. ● Under shirt may not hang out of sleeves.

F O O T W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> For all footwear including “athletic” footwear, the majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) Plain, unadorned socks must always be worn, tights are also acceptable. Color of the socks or tights: Solid black, dark brown, navy blue or white. No sandals, boots, clogs, mules, slippers, flip flops, high heels, platform shoes or shoes with wheels. 	<p>Shoes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptable athletic shoes must be low-profile with minimal design. They must be modest and not attract attention. Shoelaces must match shoes and be in solid color. <p>Jewelry and Accessories/Cosmetics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Should be modest, appropriate for school, and not attract undue attention. Necklaces: If worn must be underneath uniform. If visible through an open collar, it must be tasteful and formal (no leather or string). Pendants must not be large or attract attention. Must be tucked in collar of shirt. No “glitter”, decorations, or drawing of any kind should be visible on the skin, hair, body, or uniform, Facial, tongue, and body piercing are not allowed. Bracelets: Must be tasteful and not attract undue attention. Visible tattoos are not acceptable. Permanent visible tattoos must be covered by a flesh-tone bandage while at school or representing the school. Cosmetics must be appropriate for school and not attract undue attention. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No brightly colored or glitter eye shadow, or blush. Mascara and eyeliner should be minimal. Lipstick should be a natural color. Earrings must be studs or one (1) inch hoops and worn on earlobe.
P E U N I F O R M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Top: Students will wear a solid gray t-shirt, preferably with the MPS logo. Solid white, gray, black, or navy blue sweatshirts with or without the MPS logo may also be worn during PE. Bottom: Properly fitting navy shorts. Waist size of shorts must be appropriate to student’s waist size (i.e. not inappropriately tight or baggy). Shorts should be no shorter than your longest finger when standing with your hands by your sides Footwear: Any athletic shoes suitable for basketball, tennis, and field sports. The majority of the shoe must be a solid color that aligns with the school's neutral dress code. Acceptable colors include black, brown, white, or gray. Small to no logos are preferred. (Shoes must be closed toe.) 	
O U T E R W E A R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hats, hoods, caps, and other headgear may not be worn in school buildings, except for purposes of religious observance. No gloves or finger lacing of any sort are allowed. Hats must be a solid color that aligns with the school uniform and is free of any logos, with the exception of the school logo. Acceptable colors include solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. <p>For colder weather</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crew-neck and zip v-neck sweatshirt and jackets are permitted, with or without the MPS logo. Sweatshirts and jackets must be solid white, gray, black, or navy-blue. 	

Notes

- If a student is unable to wear the school uniform to school due to extenuating circumstances, you need to check with your school’s administration
- Each individual MPS school may include site-specific amendments into the uniform policy addressing local issues

RESPONSE

Disaster Response Procedures

The purpose of the safety and emergency sections of this Plan is to provide safety and emergency preparedness and response instructions to protect the safety and well-being of students and staff at the time of an emergency. Specific goals include

1. Protect the safety and welfare of students and staff;
2. Provide a safe and coordinated response to emergency situations;
3. Protect the school's facilities and property;
4. Enable the school to restore normal conditions with minimal confusion in the shortest time possible;
5. Provide for interface and coordination between the school and local authorities and resources.

Emergency and Crime Response

In the case of an emergency, the general policy is that actions should be taken to allow the school to remain in operation to the extent possible. The situation should be addressed to minimize interruption of normal operations at the school, and students will usually be cared for until regular dismissal time. Where an emergency poses a serious threat to the safety and well-being of students and staff, evacuation will occur until any danger has passed. When necessary, the school may be dismissed by the School Principal or designee. The Home Office will also be informed using the Home Office Support Team (HOST) communication system (refer to HOST Crisis Communication). HOST will also collaborate with the Crisis Management Team and coordinate response as needed, particularly in the area of mental health support. In the event of the following scenarios, the principal or designee will communicate with stakeholders using the school's mass communication system.

Fire

In the case of a school fire, the following procedures should be implemented:

- Upon discovery of fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- The school principal or designee will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the
- Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator(s) from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During Lockdown, students are always to remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

- When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
- Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
- Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
- Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
- Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.
- Close and lock all doors and windows. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
- Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silent cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
- Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Remain in the secured room until further instructions are received from official sources.

Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies and accidents can occur at any time and may involve a student or employee. Some emergencies may only require first aid care, while others may require immediate medical attention. When in doubt, it is better to err on the side of caution and dial 911.

- Medical emergencies involving any student or employee must be reported to the School Principal or designee. Dial 911 or direct someone to do so.
- Provide the following information:
 - School name and phone number.
 - Building address, including nearest cross street(s).
 - Exact location within the building.
 - Your name and phone number.
 - Nature of the emergency.
 - Do not hang up until advised to do so by the dispatcher.
- Notify the school office that an individual has been injured and an ambulance has been called.
- Ask someone to dispatch a first aid/CPR-trained employee to the victim.
- Stay calm. Keep the victim warm with a coat or blanket.
- Do not move the victim unless there is a danger of further injury. Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink.
- Draft a written incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee, before the end of the next workday.

Earthquakes

Earthquakes strike without warning and the major shock is usually followed by numerous aftershocks, which may last for weeks or months. An earthquake's effect on buildings will vary from building to building.

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

- Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
- Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
- When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.

- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.
- Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
- The administrative team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
- The administrative team will notify the appropriate utility company of the damages.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action
- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.

Assaults

Assaults involve acts of striking or inflicting injury to a person and are regarded as serious matters. Any threat or assault on students or employees should be reported immediately to the School Principal, or designee. The School Principal (or designee) will determine if law enforcement officials should be notified.

If a serious assault occurs:

- Dial 911.
- Seek first aid or medical attention, if indicated.
- Have photographs taken of any injuries.
- Write down a physical description of the assailant (sex, age, height, weight, race, clothing, and any weapon used) as soon as possible after the incident.
- Obtain names and telephone numbers of any witnesses.
- Draft incident report and submit it to the School Principal, or designee.
- School Principal or designee will submit an incident report to the local law enforcement if an incident is serious.

Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in the proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plants.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

In case of biochemical/hazardous materials in the environment, the following procedures should be implemented:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
- The Incident Commander will call 911, and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will instruct the administrative team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
- The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.

- The principal or designee will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) the outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
- The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
- The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly Conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to the section on Lockdown or Active Shooter on campus as appropriate. The following precautionary protective measures should be taken:

- Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or law enforcement agency.
- Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the incident.
- If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, nonconfrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
- If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare, as necessary.
- The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team (Crisis Response Team) is warranted.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Vandalism

The following procedures should be used in the case of school vandalism:

- Notify the school principal or designee.
- Notify building and ground maintenance personnel.
- The School Principal, or designee, will assess the seriousness of the situation and determine the level of assistance needed, including local law enforcement.
- If possible, identify the parties involved.
- Interview witnesses and obtain written statements.
- Document the incident as soon as possible and give the incident report, with any witness statements, to the School Principal or designee.
- Notify parents or legal guardians.
- Determine what disciplinary measures are appropriate.
- Determine any monetary restitution issues and amounts.

Loss or Failure of Utilities

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds. The following procedures should be used in case of loss or failure of utilities:

- If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
- Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
- The Incident Commander will notify the MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department (during business hours) and will provide the location and nature of the emergency. The appropriate vendor from the preferred vendor list will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
- MPS General Counsel & Facilities Department personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
- If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building, and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns such as loss of water supply, loss of power, etc.

Bomb Threat/Suspicious Package

Response to a bomb threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of explosion.

The following procedures should be used in case a staff member receives a threatening phone call:

- The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of
 - Nature of the threat on the phone line
 - Name of the school
 - Phone number of the line receiving the threat
 - Name and contact information of the staff member
- The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then gather and record information about the call. Bomb Threat Questions should include:
 - Where is the bomb (building, location)?
 - When is it going to explode?
 - What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - Who set the bomb? Why was the bomb set?
 - What can we do for you to keep the bomb from exploding?
 - What is your name?
 - How old are you?
 - Where do you live?
 - How can you be contacted?
- In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent
 - Slurred/impaired speech
 - Recorded/disguised voice

- Familiarity
- Irrational/incoherent
- Background Noise: Office, Outdoors, Traffic, etc.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, who will advise the school. In most cases, law enforcement will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with law enforcement, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes, or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
- No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with law enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
- When a suspicious object or bomb is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Crisis Response Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
- Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete a bomb threat report to reflect on the situation.

Explosions/Risk of Explosions

If an explosion occurs at the school, the following procedures should be used:

- In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will call 911 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of the emergency.
- The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on campus, and other buildings may be used as shelters.
- In the event of an evacuation, staff, and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
- In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring the student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
- The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
- The Incident Commander will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.
- The administrative team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons from entering the school buildings.

- If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the administrative team to initiate search and rescue activities.
- Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives the authorization to do so.
- The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Fighting or Riots

School staff should follow these guidelines when a fight occurs:

- Communicate via radio units or cell phone if possible. If those options are not viable, then send a reliable student to the office to summon assistance.
- Speak loudly and let everyone know that the behavior should stop immediately.
- Obtain help from other teachers if at all possible.
- If students are starting to gather, attempt to get students away from the commotion as quickly as possible.
- Call out the names of the involved students (if known) and let them know they have been identified.
- For the safety of all students, get additional help from law enforcement personnel if confronted with a serious fight, especially one that involves weapons.
- Attempt to separate the involved students by speaking to them in an assertive tone of voice. Consider the age and/or size of the students, as well as personal safety, before stepping between/among those involved in an altercation. If successful in separating the students, try to avoid using further confrontational behavior.
- Remember that no one can "cool down" instantly; give the students time to talk in a calm setting and gradually change the climate of the situation.

School staff should follow these guidelines when a riot occurs:

- The School Principal, or designee should encourage teachers and staff to be sensitive to the emotional climate of the campus and attempt to defuse any tensions prior to the eruption of problems.
- Notify local law enforcement of the disturbance and meet at a pre-designated site to evaluate the situation.
- Have a law enforcement officer evaluate and call for any necessary resources such as backup help, emergency medical help, etc.
- Activate needed emergency plans, which may include:
 - Instructing office staff to handle communications and initiate lockdown orders.
 - Notify transportation to bring appropriate numbers of buses for evacuation or transportation if necessary.
 - Assign staff a temporary detention facility, such as a gymnasium, to secure students and log information.
 - Direct a teacher or designee to initiate lockdown and immobilize the campus.
 - Collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department to brief a representative to meet the media.
 - Assign staff to a pre-designated medical treatment/triage facility.

Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school

- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of psychological reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff, including communicating with educational partners about the status of the crisis and the action steps the leadership team is taking.

Multi-Tiered Crisis Response Team Model

There are 3 tiers of crisis response: the school site, the academic department of the MPS Home Office, and other departments of the MPS Home Office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate home office staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity, and impact of an incident may activate different departments within the home office or the entire team for further assistance.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response Team

School site Crisis Response Team is responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The school site crisis team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the Home Office. The school site Crisis Response Team may be activated during an emergency or disaster or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Academic Department (Director of Special Education and Services; Director of Student Services)

The school site administrator/designee contacts the MPS Academic Department for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the school site Crisis Response Team can provide. Assistance from the MPS Academic Department crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery/SEL support in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team

The MPS Academic Department and school site administrator or designee will work together to determine if there is a need for support from the Home Office Crisis Response Team. Assistance from the MPS Home Office Crisis Response Team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

- As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee activates the School Site Crisis Response Team, which has primary responsibility for addressing the physical safety and social-emotional well-being of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.
- The Crisis Response Team will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of psychological first aid.
- The Crisis Response Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
- The Crisis Response Team will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
- The Crisis Response Team will provide ongoing assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

Active Shooter/Gunfire

If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures. An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

If someone enters the school grounds or campus with a deadly weapon, the staff should follow these procedures:

- Upon the first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
- The Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
- The Incident Commander will call 911 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
- The Incident Commander will notify MPS Home Office (through the HOST channel) and request assistance.
- The Incident Commander will collaborate with the MPS Outreach & Communications Department and will notify and update parents via ParentSquare.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

The School Principal and/or designee along with the Crisis Response Team will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff, and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and, if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus or just an affected portion.

Rapid Relocation Procedures will be initiated if the Incident Commander identifies that staff and students are in imminent danger. The Incident Commander will:

- Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
- Inform local law enforcement of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep local law enforcement updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
- Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
- The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
- The Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Response Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
- All media inquiries will be referred to the MPS Home Office Outreach & Communications Department.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.
- The Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

Use of Facilities

In the case of disasters or other emergencies, the school will support the emergency procedure systems mandated by all law enforcement, government, or public safety agencies to ensure that pupils and both certificated and classified staff follow necessary protocols to allow the school to serve as a mass care and welfare shelter.

Evacuation

In the event conditions in the community or within the school itself necessitate a site evacuation, the following steps should be taken:

- The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions.
 - Example statement: “Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll books to the assembly area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
- The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
- Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as First Aid Kit, CPR, AED, Epi-Pen, and Sharps container.
- Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
- Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. List missing students on the Missing Persons Report.
- Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
- The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the Home Office and parents.
- Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All Clear action.

Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one’s own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- Age. Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- Having friends who self-injure. People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bond with their peers.
- Psychosocial factors. Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remained in an unstable family environment, or they may be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.

- Mental health issues. People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- Alcohol or drug abuse. People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Protocol for Responding Self-Injury Procedures

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Supervise the student at all times.
- Seek medical attention, as needed.
- Conduct an administrative search of students for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
- Assess for suicide risk using the appropriate protocols.
- Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible.
- Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- Develop a safety plan with the student.
- Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide information on the adult gatekeepers.

Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups, and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the appropriate protocol. The threat assessment should be considered, if appropriate.
- If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of the complex mental health issues of this student.
- Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The principal/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psycho-education, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting.
- Consult and work with the Outreach & Communications Department for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

Floor Plan

A floor plan of the school site buildings and grounds, which indicates the location of all exits, utility shut-offs, fire extinguishers, and emergency equipment and supplies, will be maintained and updated, as necessary. The floor plan should also indicate the outdoor assembly area(s) and evacuation route(s) from the site. (This item is stored with the plant manager and also located in the office of the School Principal)

A copy of the floor plan will be posted in each classroom at the school, in the school hallway, and at the school's main office. Staff should familiarize themselves with the contents of the floor plan and with evacuation procedures.

Emergency Drills

The school shall conduct emergency drills on a regular basis to prepare for possible evacuation in case of an emergency. The School Principal, or designee, will specify the date and time of emergency drills. All students and staff are required to participate in these mandated drills.

The School Principal, or designee, will designate an outdoor assembly area(s) where students and staff will gather whenever the building is evacuated. Unless instructed otherwise by public safety officials, students and staff will gather by class and attendance will be taken. The names of any missing individuals will be relayed to search and rescue teams and public safety officials.

School Safety Management Team and Operations

The Principal is the overall director of the School Safety Management Team and will appoint those members of the staff necessary to respond to issues of safety at the School and in the case of an emergency. Depending upon the nature of an emergency, additional administrative, teaching, and support staff may also be part of the team but may act only when assigned specific duties by the Principal or designee.

Guidelines for Handling the Media

Whenever a natural disaster or crisis situation occurs, media coverage is a certainty. School staff and administrators are encouraged to follow these guidelines when dealing with the media. The School Principal should assign a school spokesperson to deal directly with the media.

- Develop a written statement for dissemination.
- Get the maximum amount of information out to the media - and thus the public - as rapidly as possible.
- Appoint a spokesperson (usually the principal).
- Keep the staff informed through one person.
- Be proactive with the media.
- Contact the media before they contact the school.
- Set geographic and time limits.
- Explain restrictions.
- Hold the press accountable.
- Create positive relations with the media before an emergency crisis occurs.
- Stress-positive actions were taken by the school.
- Announce new changes made after the incident has passed.

Parental Notification

In the case of an emergency requiring evacuation of the school site, parents will be notified as soon as possible. At the beginning of each school year, all parents will be asked to provide emergency contact information, sign an emergency medical release form for their child, and designate persons who are authorized to pick up their child in the event of an emergency. Schoolwide communication will be sent via ParentSquare.

Safety Supply/Equipment

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during the course of an emergency. The team

members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location, such as classrooms.

The School Principal and/or designee, alongside the School Safety Management Team, is responsible for directing team activities and keeping everyone informed of the overall status. Furthermore, responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties may include

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimate the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Work Incident Commander to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Inventory supplies on hand
- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Setting up and maintaining sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for the School Safety Management Team include:

- Hand-held two-way radio
- Keys
- Bullhorn
- Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc.
- Emergency food supplies
- Temporary power supplies
- Cell phones
- Sanitation supplies

Emergency and first aid supplies are necessary when an emergency or injury occurs at the school. Emergency and first aid supplies should be kept in the school's central office and in individual classrooms as needed. At the beginning of each school year, each classroom will receive a classroom safety kit. Suggested items in case of an emergency:

- Blankets
- Matches
- Pillows
- Bottled Water
- Flashlights
- Paper Towels
- Batteries
- Wet Wipes
- Radio (battery operated)
- Sheets
- Candles

Suggested first aid items:

- Assorted Band-Aids
- Gauze
- Sterile Water (for burns)
- Tape
- Scissors
- Tweezers
- Bandages
- Instant Ice Packs
- Ace Bandages

- Package of Sewing Needles
- Slings
- Antibacterial salve
- Steri-strips or butterfly stitches
- Disposable gloves
- Face masks
- CPR (disposable mouthpieces)
- Current first aid book

In case of an emergency evacuation, staff will take this kit to the evacuation site, along with an attendance sheet.

Plant Inspections

The School Principal, or designee, with the assistance of local support personnel where necessary, will inspect and ensure that the school is clean, and secured, all paths of egress are open and well lit is essential to the safety and well-being of all students and staff members of Magnolia Public Schools.

Essential Checklist: Plant Inspections

- A walk-through will be performed at least twice annually by the principal and/or designee to ascertain any unsafe conditions that are hazardous to the staff or student's physical or mental well-being.
- The complete emergency routes used by all students to travel to and from the assembly area should be inspected. Ensure that there are no barriers to students with specific mobility needs.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for the completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- The School Principal and/or designee will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated. These hazards may include incompatible chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails; screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard.
 - All damaged fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
 - Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
 - All non-functioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.

RECOVERY

Recovery

School sites have an important role play in helping members of the learning community to prepare for and recover after emergencies or disasters. Emergencies and disasters may include natural events (such as earthquakes, fires, and death) and man-made events (such as tragic events, overdose of student, and acts of terror). A school's approach to supporting students after an aftermath is most effective when it provides different levels of support depending on the student's needs. It is critical that an opportunity to meet in smaller groups be given in need of more in-depth support, augmenting the support given to all students.

When implementing strategies, leadership will most likely be provided by the school psychologist, counselor, social worker, and/or possibly a community mental health partner, all of them may be members of the Crisis Response Team. All adults are encouraged to help by modeling calm, caring, and thoughtful behavior. Below are some strategies that can be used:

- Schedule meetings with students in small groups
- Help students identify and express their emotions
- Provide practical coping strategies
- Reach out to families to provide information and resources
- Beware of significant dates as they may stir up emotions for students and staff

Additionally, it is recommended that The Coping Model framework from the *Crisis Prevention Institute* is used to guide staff and individuals in distress through a process of establishing therapeutic rapport.

The COPING ModelSM



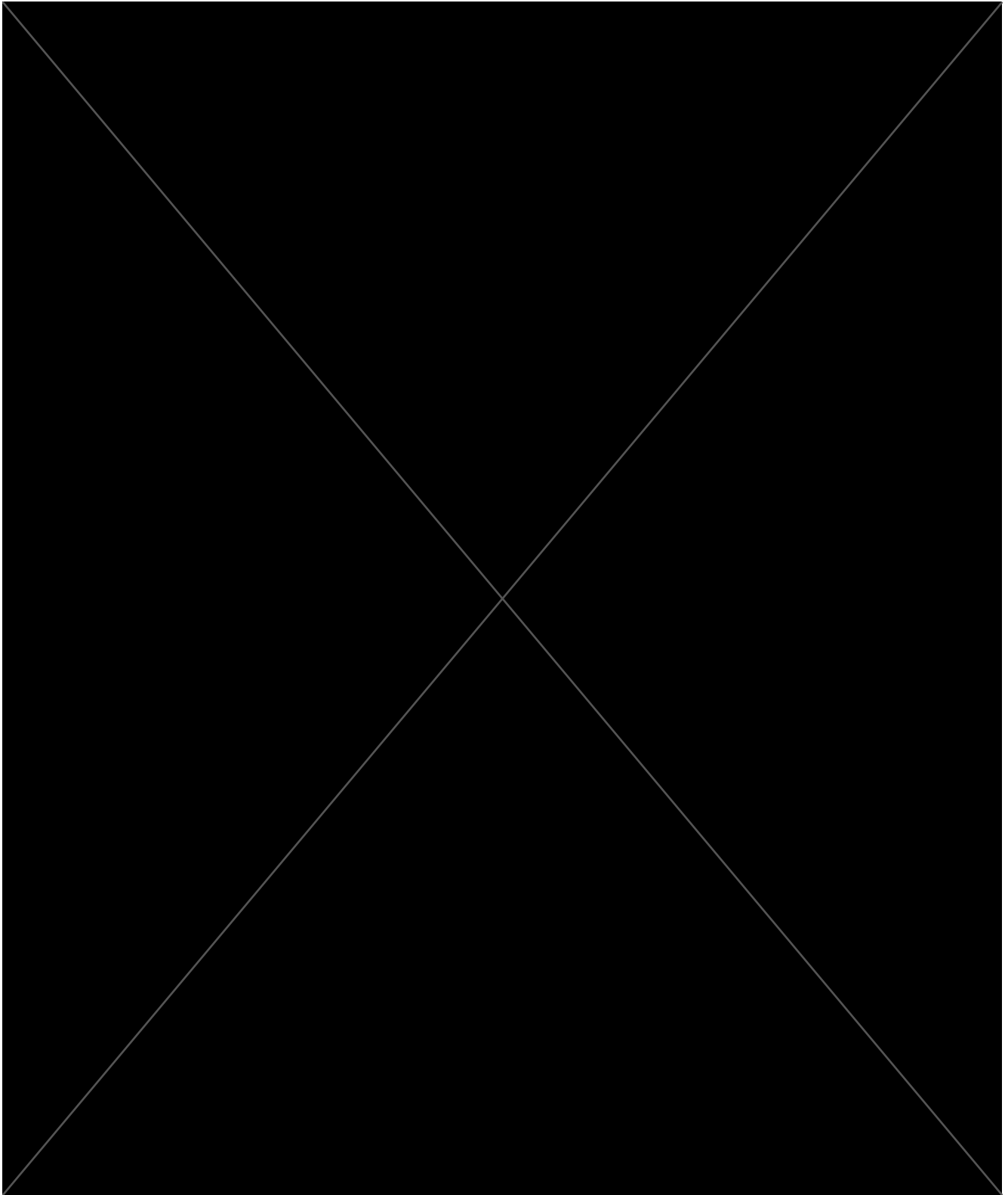
INDIVIDUAL



STAFF

<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I'd like to talk about what happened earlier. Do you have a few minutes? 	C	<p>CONTROL - Ensure that emotional and physical control is regained by the staff.</p> <p>Start the conversation by acknowledging staff's feelings and then asking permission to discuss.</p>
<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen? 	O	<p>ORIENT yourself to the basic facts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What happened? When did it happen? Who else has been affected? Why did it happen? Where did it happen?
<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns for the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is this the first time the individual reacted that way, or has it become a recurring event? 	P	<p>PATTERNS - Look for patterns in staff responses to the behavior.</p> <p>Review the staff response history. Are there patterns in how the team or specific staff members responded?</p>
<p>INVESTIGATE alternatives to the behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What could you do differently next time? What should we do to put things right? What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? 	I	<p>INVESTIGATE ways to strengthen staff responses. With team members, propose and discuss potential solutions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What were you thinking about at the time of the incident? What changes should be considered to help prevent future crisis events or to improve a future response?
<p>NEGOTIATE future approaches and expectations of behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What can we do to help you when you feel distressed? Is there anything you don't want us to do during these moments? 	N	<p>NEGOTIATE changes that will improve future interventions. Reinforce what's working well.</p> <p>Example: "Is there anything you would have done differently?"</p> <p>Discuss and gain commitment from all staff to ensure that any improvements will be made.</p>
<p>GIVE back responsibility; provide support and encouragement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I appreciate you talking with me. Do you agree with the plan that we just discussed? 	G	<p>GIVE support and encouragement. Express trust and confidence in their ability to respond during the next crisis.</p>

Postvention and reflection is a powerful tool that helps to assess risk factors, recognize and monitor trends, and identify training needs. Effective postvention support can be viewed as effective prevention by reducing identifying risks and identifying the emotional and mental health needs of the learning community.

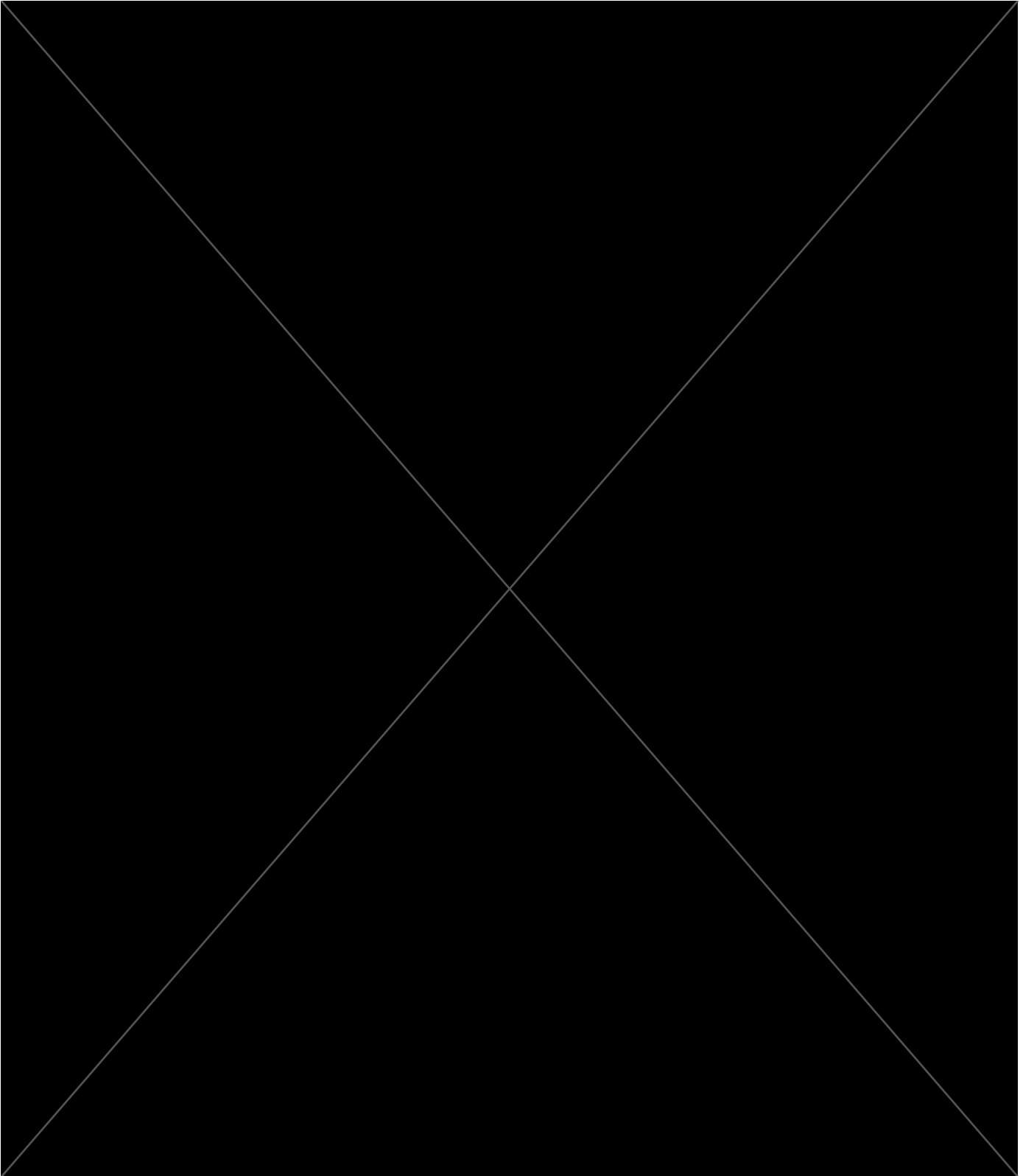


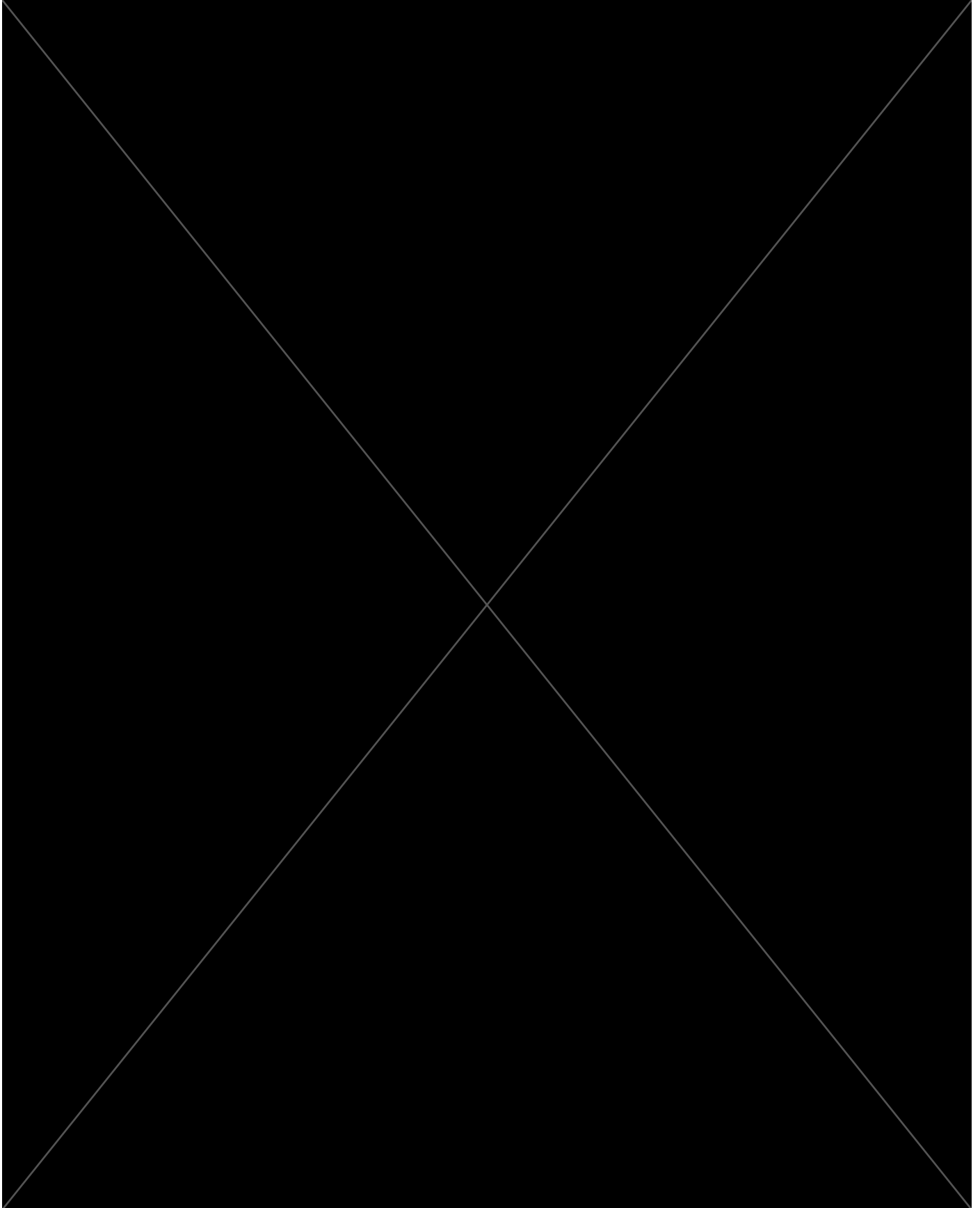
Comprehensive Safe School Plan Quick Reference Guide

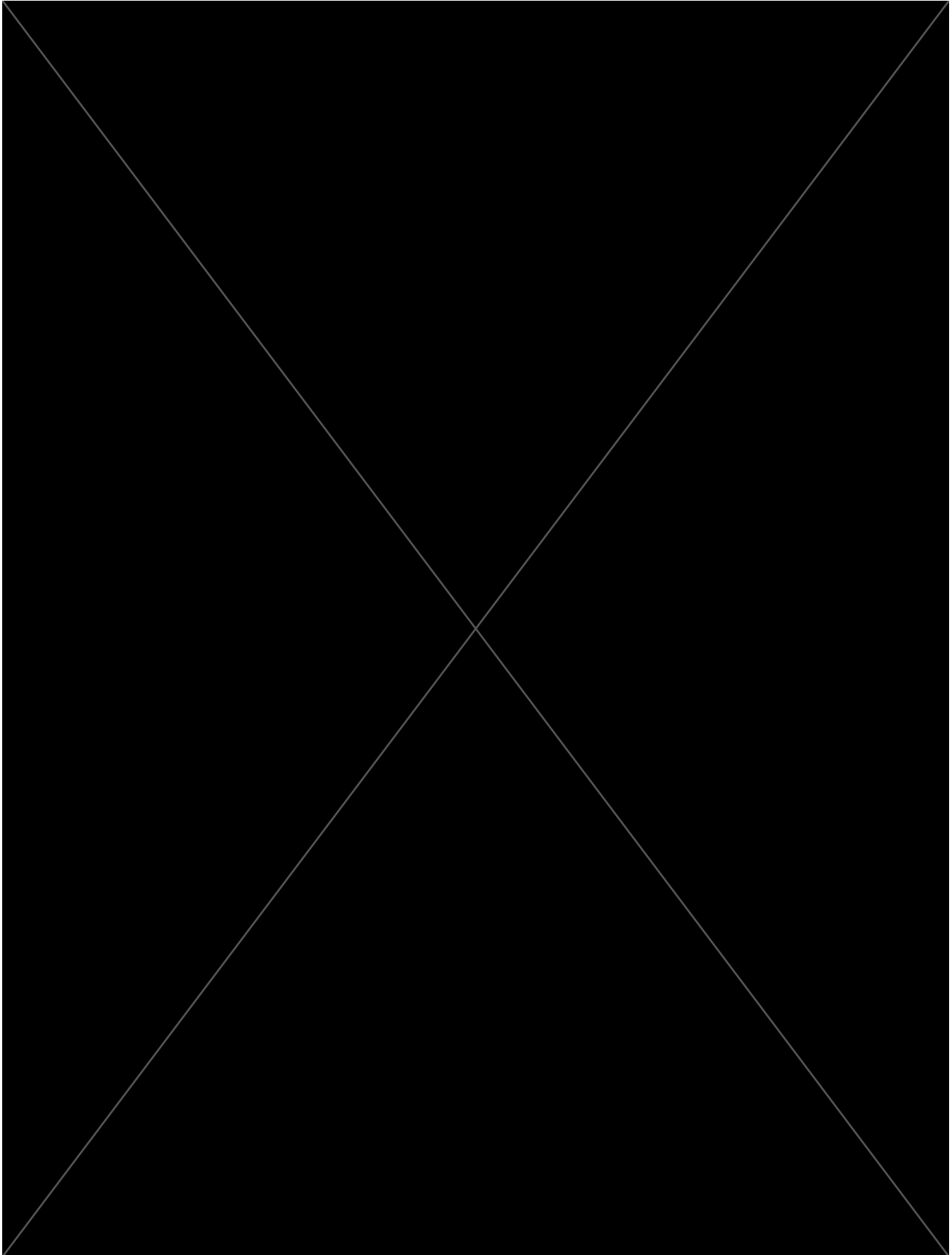
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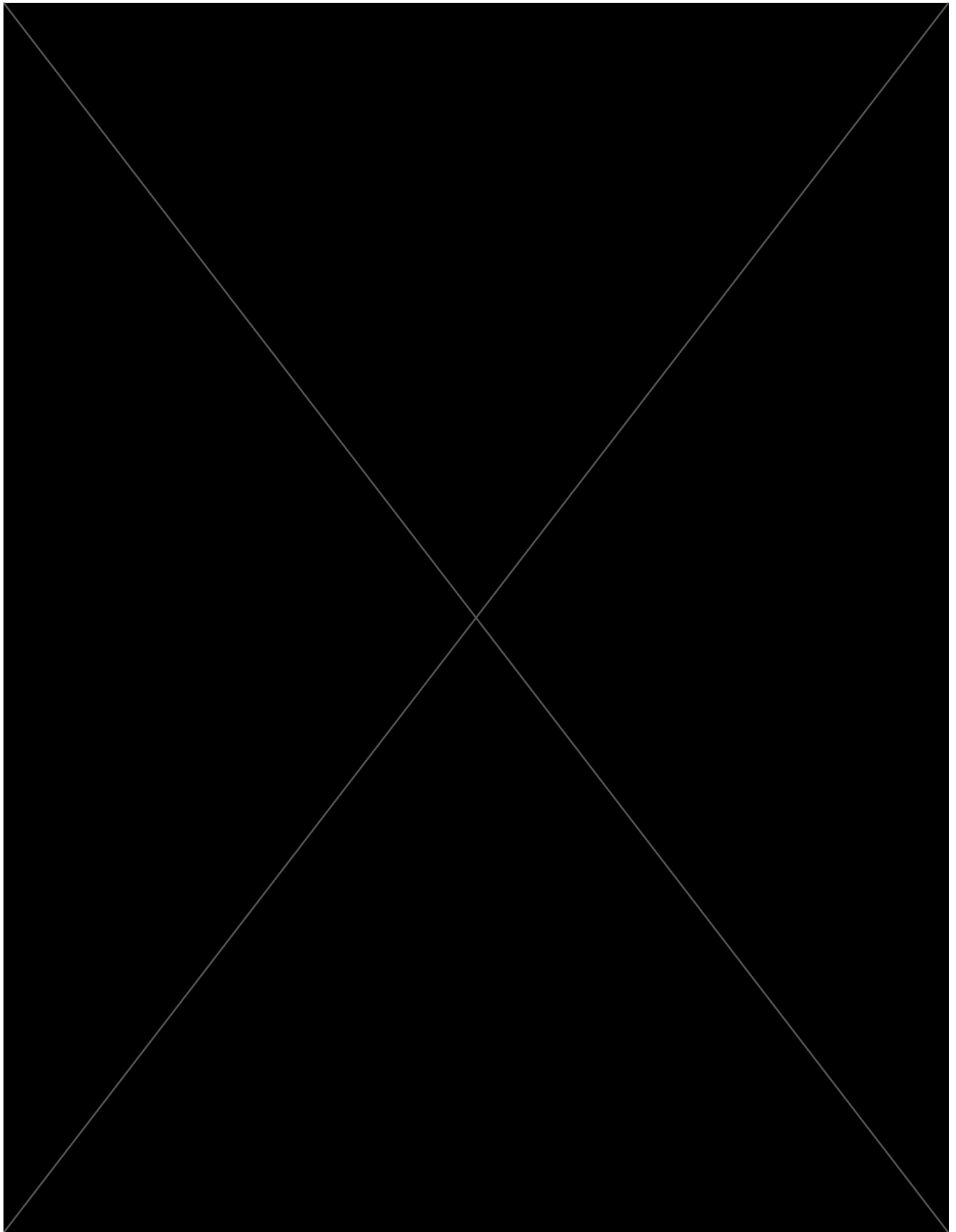


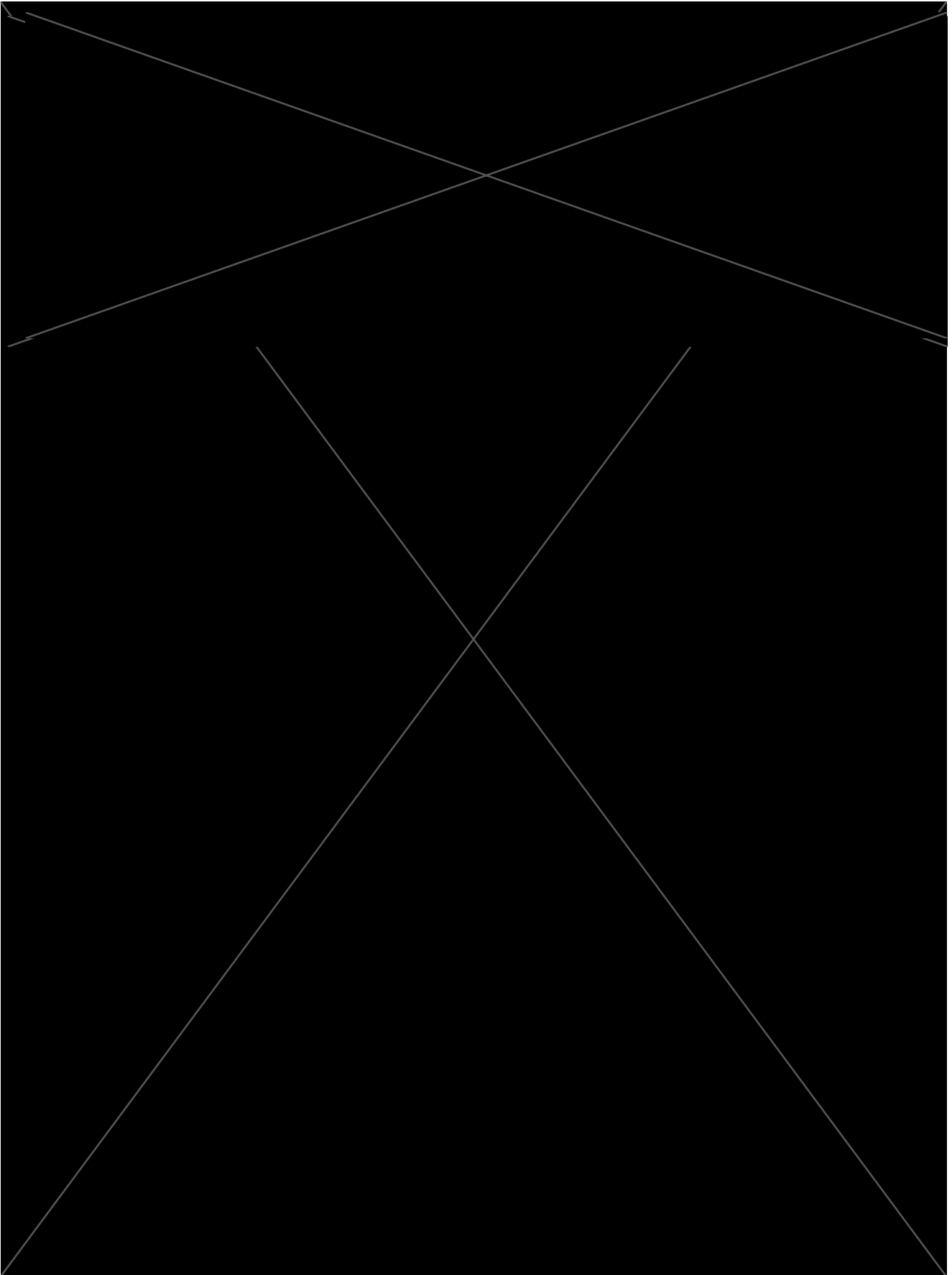
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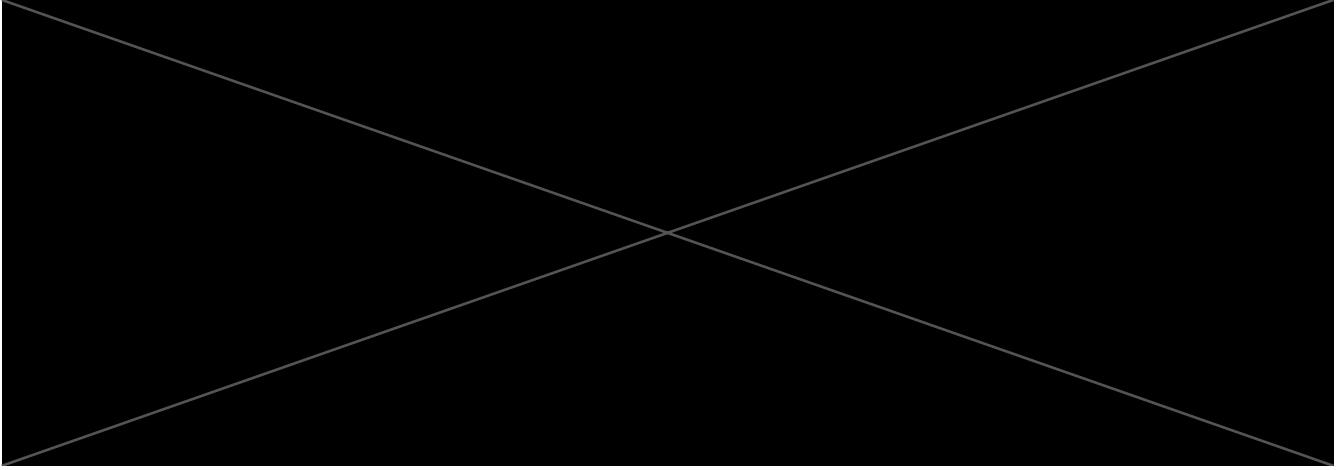














Los Angeles Unified School District

INTEGRATED SAFE SCHOOL PLAN

2022-2023

WILTON PLACE ELEMENTARY

745 S WILTON PL

LOS ANGELES, CA 90005

(213) 389-1181

Generated On: 9/30/2022

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1. Introductory Material

1. Introductory Material

1.1 Signature Page

Los Angeles Unified School District

Integrated Safe School Plan

School: WILTON PLACE ELEMENTARY

Date Generated: 9/30/2022

The Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) was developed and approved using a Districtwide template and a collaborative process respectful of representation/input from all stakeholder groups. All required committee members listed below (with an *) must sign the signature page.

Title:	Name:	Signature:	Date Signed:
REQUIRED COMMITTEE MEMBERS:			
Principals/Designee*:	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	_____	_____
UTLA Representative*:	CERESE, DAWN	_____	_____
Classified Representative*:	YOO, HYON DOUK	_____	_____
Student (Secondary)			
Representative:	N/A	_____	_____
Parent (of an attending student)			
Representative*:	Flor Granados	_____	_____
Law Enforcement			
Los Angeles School Police:	COBIAN, GASTON	_____	_____
Or			
LAPD/LA County Sheriff/			
Local Jurisdiction Agency*:		_____	_____
Charter School Principal/Designee:	CHOE, JAMES	_____	_____

1. Introductory Material

1.2 Record of Changes

Change Number	Date of Change	Name	Summary of Change
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1. Introductory Material

1.3 Overview

National preparedness efforts, including planning, are informed by Presidential Policy Directive (PPD) 8, which was signed by the President in March 2011 and describes the nation's approach to preparedness. This directive represents an evolution in our collective understanding of national preparedness, based on the lessons learned from terrorist attacks, hurricanes, school incidents, and other experiences.

PPD-8 defines preparedness around five mission areas: Prevention, Protection, Mitigation, Response, and Recovery.



Prevention means the capabilities necessary to avoid, deter, or stop an imminent crime or threatened or actual mass casualty incident. Prevention is the action schools take to prevent a threatened or actual incident from occurring.

Protection means the capabilities to secure schools against acts of violence and manmade or natural disasters. Protection focuses on ongoing actions that protect students, teachers, staff, visitors, networks, and property from a threat or hazard and the capabilities necessary to avoid, deter, or stop an imminent crime or threatened or actual mass casualty incident.

Mitigation means the capabilities necessary to eliminate or reduce the loss of life and property damage by lessening the impact of an event or emergency and reducing the likelihood that threats and hazards will happen.

Response means the capabilities necessary to stabilize an emergency once it has already happened or is certain to happen in an unpreventable way; establish a safe and secure environment; save lives and property; and facilitate the transition to recovery.

Recovery means the capabilities necessary to assist schools affected by an event or emergency in restoring the learning environment.

1. Introductory Material

Recovery planning begins at the preparedness phase of crisis response. The effectiveness of recovery efforts depends on pre-planning and developing partnerships with community agencies that can provide follow-up services as needed. Recovery entails planning for the structural, business/fiscal, academic, psychological, and physical needs of the school community. The goal of social-emotional recovery is to promote coping and resiliency for students, staff, and parents/guardians.

The ongoing recovery phase is designed to assist students, staff, and their families in the healing process and to restore educational operations in school. As the initial effects of a crisis subsides, it is important for the School Site Crisis Team to continue to assess the ongoing effects of the crisis and modify the plan accordingly.

There are short-term and long-term recovery activities to consider in the aftermath of a crisis situation. In the short-term (days to weeks), the school may focus on restoring regular school functions and routines as efficiently and promptly as possible. In the long-term (weeks to months), the school may focus on individuals who require more intensive services and on systemic changes to restore the school's safe and healthy learning environment.

Access [BUL-5800 Crisis Preparedness, Response and Recovery for more information.](#)

California law requires that schools and all site employees be adequately prepared to respond to earthquakes, fires, and other emergencies. To assist schools in complying with these requirements, the LAUSD developed the Integrated Safe School Plan as a template for preparing emergency procedures for each LAUSD school. Emergency management teams and procedures outlined in this plan are consistent with the National Incident Management System (NIMS) and the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS) developed by the State of California. This plan presents specific procedures using Incident Command System (ICS) principles to prepare for, and respond to, school emergencies.

1.4 Goals

As part of the planning process, each LAUSD school reviews school-specific data and identifies several goals for the school year. This year's Integrated Safe School Plan goals are:

People and Programs Goal #1: At the beginning of each year, or time of enrollment, students, parents/guardians, and staff are notified of the school-wide positive behavior support and discipline plan. Each student receives a Wilton Place Handbook that goes home the first week of school. In this handbook, parents are told about our school-wide Discipline Plan and it is in three languages (English, Spanish, Korean). At coffee with the Principal and the council meetings the Parents are also informed of the SWPBIS and the monitoring of the Positive Behavior Interventions in place at the school.

People and Programs Goal #2: We have a great attendance rate at Wilton Place Elementary (over 95%). We continue to encourage all students to come to school on time but also our teachers. It is very important that our teachers lead by example and remind our students the importance of school attendance.

1. Introductory Material

Threat / Hazard: Earthquake

Threat / Hazard Goal: Earthquake Drill:

Students will Drop/Cover/Hold to provide protection from flying objects and broken glass during an earthquake. Drop to knees; take cover under desk; hold on to leg of furniture. After the shake has stopped, students will be exiting their classroom and going to assigned areas on the main yard. teachers will the go to their assigned areas if they have an assignment to do. If they don't, they stay with their class and help watch the other classes near them. We work as a team during an event like this and we practice monthly to become proficient.

Emergency Function: Shelter-In-Place

Emergency Goal: Shelter-in-Place: Teachers will lock doors, close blinds, and have students move away from windows and remain quiet. If students are outside during a lock down, they will proceed to closest room and remain until emergency is over. For Shelter-in-Place, close doors and windows, turn off HVAC systems and seal vents. Teachers have been given emergency buckets to have in their classroom to use as toilets just in case a student has to use the restroom during this time. Also, teachers have been given a special code that is said on the loud speaker so that all staff knows that this is going on.

1.5 Plan Organization and Concept of Operations

The effective management of emergencies requires both adequate emergency preparedness and emergency response capabilities. This plan is organized into eight sections. Sections 1-2 give a plan overview and covers the mitigation and prevention activities that schools can implement before an emergency. Sections 3-4 focus on emergency preparedness, identifies the school's emergency response teams, and defines the roles and responsibilities of team members. Sections 5-6 present guiding laws and guidance for determining the nature and extent of an emergency, as well as a series of initial response actions to be taken in an emergency. Section 7 describes the detailed emergency response procedures that will be used for the many types of emergencies that may be encountered in a school setting. Section 8 provides a series of appendices of supplemental emergency information, including contact information and supply lists. Standard forms, site maps and other supporting information are also contained in the appendices.

2. Plan Development

2. Plan Development

2.1 School Safety Planning Committee

LAUSD recognizes that everyone, from the administration and staff to the parents and the community, has a role in helping schools create safe environments. The template for the Integrated Safe School Plan is reviewed and must be updated annually, and as needed on an ongoing basis, with input from subject matter experts and first responder agencies. Every school is responsible for establishing a School Safety Planning Committee, composed of all stakeholder groups. The plan shall be written and developed by a School Site Council (SSC); the SSC may delegate this responsibility to the School Safety Planning Committee made up of members as outlined below (CA E.C. § 32281). The committee is accountable for writing, implementing, monitoring, and evaluating the comprehensive, integrated plan based on the District template and unique to the school's safety needs.

The School Safety Planning Committee should present the updated ISSP at a public meeting at the school site and include discussion and public comments. The uploaded document should include a dated meeting agenda and supporting documents and communications (CA E.C. § 32288).

District employees must be aware of and comply with District, state, and federal safety policies.

Required Team Members

Title	Name
Principal/Designee	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE
UTLA Chapter Chair	CERESE, DAWN
Classified Representative	YOO, HYON DOUK
Student (secondary) Representative	N/A
Parent (of an attending student) Representative	Flor Granados
Los Angeles School Police -OR-	COBIAN, GASTON
LAPD/LA County Sheriff/Local Jurisdictional Agency	
School Safety Planning Committee Chair	YOON, JULIE
Charter School Principal/Designee	CHOE, JAMES

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Suggested Team Members

Title	Name
Teacher	LUIZAGA, HAROLD
Dean	
Cafeteria Manager	MEYER, MICHAEL
Plant Manager	PEREZ, JOSE
School Psychologist	MAZARIEGOS, PEGGY
Counselor	
Physical Education Teacher	
Nurse	
Health Education Teacher	
PSW	
Parent Center Director	YUN, MI YOUNG
PSA	
Coach	LEMUS-RODRIGUEZ, JASMINE
Other	GONZALEZ DE TORRES, BERNICE
Other	KIM, JOANA
Other	KIM, HANNAH
Other	CHOI, SUNG

2. Plan Development

2.2 Mitigation and Preparation

To effectively prepare for emergencies, a series of assessments are presented in this section regarding mitigation and preparation.

2.3 Safe School Planning Committee Checklist

Essential Checklist: School Safety Planning Committee

- The School Safety Planning Committee is established and contains a broad representation of all stakeholder groups (students, parents, staff, and community).
- Schedule and publish the meeting dates for School Safety Planning Committee.
- Send out a survey to staff to ascertain who has the training, skills, interest, and aptitude for each assignment in the Integrated Safe School Plan. Access <http://achieve.lausd.net/issp> and check the “Resources” section for the [School Emergency Team Skills Survey](#). This section also includes sample memos and letters you can use.
- Assign staff to emergency roles in the Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) based on the results of the survey, recommendations from the School Safety Planning Committee, and consultation with the principal.
- If practical, the School Safety Planning Committee consults, cooperates and coordinates with other school site councils or school safety planning committees (CA E.C. § 32282).
- Prior to adoption, the revised ISSP is reviewed and discussed by the School Safety Planning Committee and the administrative staff.
- A current copy of the ISSP (redacting sensitive information such as all school maps) is available for public review in the Main Office (E. C. § 32282). Additional copies are in the emergency bin and School Emergency Response Box (SERB). (See [Subection 3.17 Emergency Supplies and Equipment for some details regarding the SERB.](#))
- Staff members are made aware of how to access the Integrated Safe School Plan online (<http://issp.lausd.net>), their emergency roles in the plan, and how to print it.
- All employees are reminded of their role and responsibilities as disaster service workers (See Section 5.)
- Verification of the public meeting is on file at the school and uploaded into the online ISSP, and includes the meeting announcement, meeting agenda, and sign-in sheet.
- The ISSP is evaluated and amended as needed by the School Safety Planning Committee no less than once a year to ensure that the comprehensive school safety plan is properly implemented [E. C. § 35294.2(e)].
- Check all emergency supplies in the emergency bin, Health Office, classrooms and School Emergency Response Box. Check for expired or obsolete supplies. Order replacement supplies from the warehouse. Note that each year you will need to certify through the online Administrator Certification process (as described in the current version of MEMO 6128) that the school’s emergency bin is stocked in adequate amounts, organized, in good

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working order, and within applicable expiration guidelines.

- Establish a Continuity of Service Plan (also known as a Continuity of Operations Plan). Which functions are essential? Which functions must be conducted on site? Who will replace critical staff if they are absent for a prolonged period of time? Make sure the replacement staff has keys and job descriptions for their new duties. For the school continuity plan template, see the Office of Emergency Management web site: [Essential Functions for Continuity of Service at School](#).
- Check all school radios and contact the ITD Radio Unit at (323) 224-2411 with any functionality issues. Visit <https://achieve.lausd.net/radiounit> for additional radio information.
- Have faculty identify their neighboring classroom “buddy” to mutually check on during an evacuation. Create a list to make sure no one is omitted.
- Create/update the staff cell phone contact list and add it to the ISSP appendices.
- Check your school’s emergency contact phone list of District offices and support personnel to make sure it is current and accurate, supplementing the Emergency Contacts appendix and the Additional Contacts data in Step 4 of the online ISSP.
- Schedule all emergency drills on the school’s master calendar, checking the drill chart at <http://achieve.lausd.net/drills>.
- Ensure that the school’s emergency response box contains current and accurate information.
- Review the school’s emergency response procedures with clerical, custodial, and support staff. Make sure they are prepared.
- Review the school’s emergency response procedures with Beyond the Bell, L.A.’s Best, Youth Services, and any other before or after-school staff. Make sure they are prepared and know how to respond to an emergency. Make sure they have access to any and all emergency supplies. Print copies of the ISSP and all contact lists for them.
- Direct staff to <http://STEPS.lausd.net> for online emergency training information. Administrators can use the STEPS website to access online Emergency Management classes from FEMA.
- Conduct a Vulnerability Assessment using the template provided on the Office of Emergency Management website. Take STEPS class 406, “Conducting a Vulnerability Assessment,” to learn more.

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2.4 Plant Inspections

Plant inspections are critical to ensuring that all schools are clean, secured, all paths of egress are open and well-lit and are essential to the safety and well-being of all students and employees of the Los Angeles Unified School District.

Plant Inspections

- Walk-through will be performed on a biannual basis by the principal and plant manager to identify any unsafe conditions.
- Emergency routes and paths of travel used to and from assembly areas shall be inspected for ADA compliance.
- Within a month of the start of the new school year, the School Safety Planning Committee will review the walk-through. A timeline for completion of necessary corrections will be reviewed and assessed monthly.
- PEREZ, JOSE will be responsible for inspecting the campus regularly for the following conditions:
 - All non-structural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served. These hazards may include: improper chemical storage; unsecured objects on high shelves; trees or shrubs that require pruning; trip hazards; exposed nails, screws or bolts; equipment in need of repair, or any other condition that could constitute a hazard (See the [Common Safety Violations in School Classrooms](#) guide).
 - Damaged fencing.
 - Playground facilities and equipment hazards.
 - Non-functioning lighting fixtures and burnt-out bulbs.
 - Non-functioning heating and ventilation.

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2.5 Hazards in the Community – Vulnerability Assessment

An LAUSD Vulnerability Assessment for schools to self- evaluate hazards on and off-campus is available to schools at <http://achieve.lausd.net/page/2309> and is designed to be completed by the School Safety Planning Committee. Completing this assessment provides additional information that will help the committee create a robust and informed Integrated Safe School Plan.

School administration should be aware of potential hazards in the community that can impact the school during an emergency. For example, knowing that a nearby facility uses toxic chemicals will assist in planning evacuation routes. The LAUSD Office of Environmental Health and Safety (OEHS) periodically conducts surveys to identify environmental hazards near schools. Site Administrators can access the survey for their school, if available; at <https://achieve.lausd.net/Page/17133>. Site administrators can meet with an LASPD officer and walk the neighborhood to be familiar with potential hazards in the community that could impact the school. These findings can be recorded on Form A - Emergency Hazard Assessment Summary, found in the appendices.

Site administrators should visit the [CalEPA website](#) and insert the address of their school to see a list of environmental hazards near their campus. They should then print out the map of their school community that shows the exact location of these facilities. Note hazards near the campus, including:

- Facilities containing toxic chemicals or radioactive materials
- High voltage power lines and transformers
- Transportation routes of vehicles carrying hazardous materials (truck routes or railroad right-of-way)
- Underground gas or oil pipelines
- Water towers or tanks
- Unreinforced masonry buildings that may collapse during an earthquake
- Unique site-specific considerations

The map should be retained with the Integrated Safe School Plan and be a reference during emergencies and evacuations.

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) offers a comprehensive, multiple-natural hazard-based, community-level risk index which is searchable by neighborhood. Coastal flooding, earthquake, hail, heat wave, landslide, lightning, strong wind, tsunami, and wildfire are among the 18 natural hazards included.

The database can be accessed at: <https://www.fema.gov/flood-maps/products-tools/national-risk-index>. This index takes into consideration the risk level of experiencing the natural hazards; population vulnerability based on factors such as, age, income and living conditions cross-referenced with available community resources such as, hospitals and fire stations; and historical data on natural disasters.

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2.6 Preparation and Mitigation for Students with Disabilities

Additional information is available in the MyPLN STEPS courses 210 and 410.

All school staff members need to be aware of the needs and challenges of students in their care. Schools are required to establish specific plans for students and/or employees with special needs to ensure their safety and implementation of any necessary documentations during any emergency (CA E. C. § 32282). In collaboration with appropriate staff, the School Safety Planning Committee should consider what additional steps and resources the school will use for students and adults with access and functional needs, disabilities, and other special needs. All emergency planning and preparation must consider the requirements of students with disabilities and other specific needs. Some students in special education and general education may need additional assistance during an emergency. It is crucial to prepare for the needs of these students and provide the necessary materials, resources, and personnel. Specific needs can be categorized into several, general groups:

- Mobility
- Visual
- Hearing
- Communication
- Cognitive
- Special Healthcare Needs
- Behavioral

The needs of these students must be analyzed to accommodate student needs during emergencies, including procedures for emergency notification, evacuation, and sheltering.

Employees who will assist students with disabilities need to be identified before the emergency, and practice techniques for assisting those students. They need to understand the capabilities and limitations of the population that they serve. They should rehearse their role at every emergency drill so that they and the children they assist will have confidence in the process. All students should participate in all emergency drills, which enables the students with specific needs and the employees who assist them to become familiar with one another and address any concerns before an emergency occurs.

An administrator/designee shall be identified as the primary contact for ensuring students and others on campus with disabilities and other special needs are considered throughout the ongoing development of the plan. ESPINO, JINIA This administrator and an alternate comprise the Access and Functional Needs Position (See Section 3.6).

Identification of Students with Specific Needs

The School Safety Planning Committee and other stakeholders should compile a list of students with specific needs. The list should include students with temporary physical challenges as well as students with injuries or issues that may not qualify them for special education services, but who are still going to need additional assistance during or immediately after an emergency.

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Knowing the most fragile and dependent members of the school population will allow the school to prepare for the challenges and be successful during an emergency.

Information about students with specific needs can be gathered from many sources, including:

- School Nurse/Health Care Assistants
- Parents
- Teachers/Related Service Providers
- Paraprofessionals
- IEP Meetings
- LRE Counselors
- Students
- 504 Plans
- 504 designees
- Counselors
- Meetings [e.g., Student Success Progress Teams (SSPT), Interim Behavior Response Plan (BRP)]

The list of students with specific needs can be entered in the "Alerts" module (under the student's Record Navigator) of the Welligent system that stores LAUSD student medical condition information. Specific equipment and supplies needed to care for each student should be listed there as well. Periodically, the site administrator can print out an updated list. Details on using the "Alerts" module in Welligent are in the online MyPLN course STEPS.

The Administrator/Designee for Access and Functional Needs should ensure that all students who have specific emergency needs have been identified and that the list of these students and their needs is available in the School Emergency Response Box (see [REF-5450 School Emergency Response Boxes](#)). Before an emergency occurs, this list should be shared with the Operations Section Lead, who oversees the Search and Rescue Teams and the Triage Teams. Both teams need to know the names and challenges faced by these students, as it directly impacts the response actions of those teams. Also share this information with the Logistics Section Lead to make sure that specific supplies are available such as diapers, wheelchairs, etc. The Logistics Section should also be aware of the approximate number of individuals with specific emergency needs, in the event that they need to order resources, such as buses.

The following items should be stored in the School Emergency Response Box in folders marked "Confidential":

- Class schedules for students with specific needs, so that Search and Rescue Teams will know where to look for students.
- Emergency contact information for each identified student with specific needs. Welligent (Student Face Sheet) printouts for students with chronic conditions who may require special or additional support from the Search and Rescue and Triage Teams.

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The leaders of the Search and Rescue Teams, Triage Teams and the Logistics Team should know where to get copies of the list during an emergency so that their sections can adequately address the needs of students with specific emergency needs.

Emergency Notification for Students with Specific Needs

administration must ensure that emergency notification systems at the school site are functional for all students in all locations on campus. Conduct regular emergency drills Incorporate emergency notification systems, such as the fire alarm system and PA system, into all emergency drills to test the system and identify any non-functional elements. Drilling with the school's emergency notification systems also creates familiarity with the sounds and lights associated with emergencies for students with specific needs. Supplemental online alarm systems training courses STEPS 411 and 418 are offered through MyPLN.

The Administrator/Designee for Access and Functional Needs should ensure the following are in place:

- All students are familiar with the sound of emergency alert systems, as well as the location of alarms and lights.
- All students, including students with communication challenges, are aware of the procedures used to report an emergency.
- All students, as appropriate for their age, ability, and cognition, know the emergency actions to take associated with each emergency alert system or emergency PA announcement.
- Appropriate alternate emergency notification systems should be in place for students who cannot hear, including alternatives to emergency PA announcements (such as for a lockdown).

Administration should make sure that all alarm systems, PA systems, and telephone systems are functional as part of the regular campus inspection process. Back-up plans, such as a cell phone list, should note individuals with specific needs.

Evacuation Concerns for Students with Specific Needs

As part of their planning process, schools will need to consider how they will assist students who cannot evacuate the building on their own, especially those who cannot walk down a flight of stairs. In almost all situations, students can be assisted with a special evacuation device or carried down by two to four adults on the Search and Rescue Team. Multiple-story schools that need a Rescue Seat or Evac+ Chair, or training on using the Evac+ Chair should contact the Office of Emergency Management at oem@lausd.net. Rescue technique training is available online through MyPLN course STEPS 210.

On an ordinary school day, some students with mobility issues attend classes on the upper floors of buildings and use the elevator to travel from one floor to another. If there is an emergency that includes a power failure or activation of the fire alarm system, the elevator will

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not function, and these students will need assistance getting to the ground floor. These students will also need assistance after an earthquake, as elevators should not be used. In addition, disaster debris or damage may be disorienting to others who normally use the stairs, such as students who are blind or have visual impairments. Relocating upstairs classrooms of students with significant evacuation challenges to the ground floor should be considered for student safety.

Teachers are to use the buddy system during evacuation, so that one teacher can take two or more classes to the Assembly Area, while the second teacher or designated adult assists or waits with students who cannot evacuate on their own.

During an emergency, Search and Rescue Teams may need to rescue students who are trapped and cannot evacuate the building on their own accord. As they search buildings, the Search and Rescue Teams need to check for any students who cannot walk down a flight of stairs.

To make sure that these students, identified assistants, and Search and Rescue Team members are familiar with each other, all students must take part in all campus emergency drills. It will only be through practice that team members become familiar with the students and their capabilities. Drills should also pose a variety of challenges, such as blocked stairways and compromised access to direct exits, so that students and staff learn alternate routes to the Assembly Area. Information is available in the [REF-5803 Emergency Procedures, Drills and District-Wide Exercises](#).

All students with evacuation challenges must be identified and know:

- Who will assist them during an emergency
- How they will be rescued during an emergency
- Where they should wait, if there is a designated location
- What equipment will be used (Rescue-Seat, Evac+ Chair, etc.)
- Where assistive evacuation equipment is kept

All staff members responsible for assisting students during evacuations should be familiar with the evacuation buddy system and applicable assistive rescue devices and techniques.

A critical part of daily campus inspections is making sure that all access to the Assembly Area is open. All doors and exits should be open and work the way they were designed. Paved surfaces should be free of any obstruction. Blockages that are easily maneuvered by many can become overwhelming impediments to people with mobility challenges. All routes should be inspected to make sure they will service everyone on campus. This is especially true around construction sites, holiday decorations, and inclement weather.

Any person using a wheelchair who can travel without additional assistance proceeds directly to the school site Assembly Area. This school's specific plans for evacuation assistance includes:

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Preparing to Shelter and Care for Students with Specific Needs

Once all students with specific needs have been evacuated from the building, the next challenge will be maintaining their physical and emotional safety until they can be reunited with a custodial adult.

Before an emergency, identify what specific supplies or materials are needed to provide round-the-clock care for students with chronic conditions or special healthcare needs. Much of this information may already be in the Welligent student database, although it might not mention items that are only needed outside of school hours. The greater the student's needs, the more supplies that may need to be stored for emergency use.

School staff can create a backpack "go kit" with the necessary supplies and tag with the student's name. The backpack should contain all materials needed to support that student, as well as any documentation that may be needed by first responders or outside support agencies such as paramedics or hospitals. The bag can be stored in the classroom with the teacher or in the emergency bin if none of the supplies can be damaged by heat. Whenever the students evacuate the building, classroom employees must bring the backpacks with them. This school's specific plans for disaster assistance for students with specific needs includes:

2.7 Public Disaster Shelters

That there are centralized procedures that are followed by LAUSD before any school is used as a public disaster shelter. Public shelters are managed by the American Red Cross, and all shelter operations are coordinated through the Office of Emergency Management (OEM) in adherence to pre-established agreements. Any requests from the Red Cross for shelters should be directed to OEM at 213-241-5337 or the LASPD Watch Command at 213-625-6631. More information is available in [BUL-6084 LAUSD Use of School Facilities in an Emergency or Disaster Situation](#).

2.8 Assessments

The school ensures that appropriate stakeholders participate in the annual self-assessment process. Twelve self-assessments are completed online as part of Step 2 of the Integrated Safe School Plan process. They contain critical elements of safe and healthy school planning that must be completed for compliance with federal law, state law, and District policy and procedures. Results can be used to further facilitate the development of the school's ISSP and enhance overall health and safety at the school.

The most successful assessments are conducted by a broad array of individuals at a school, including support staff and first responders. Students and parents, including students and parents with disabilities, access, and functional needs, should be included to the maximum extent appropriate. These individuals will reflect on the school's practices, progress and challenges based on the prior year's data to complete the assessments.

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2.8.1 Health and Nutrition

Health services are provided by a school nurse to meet federal and state mandates and the health needs of students. The school ensures immediate and reliable access to medications, special diets, treatments, and emergency care.

School menus, Café-LA programs, meal application and other pertinent food services and nutritional information can be found on the Food Services Division website at <https://achieve.lausd.net/cafela>.

Adequate time for students to obtain and consume their meals is a state, federal and School Board requirement. Schools that have an after-school program offer healthy snacks and supper meals provided by the Food Services Division.

2.8.2 Positive Safe School Environment

2.8.2.1 Reporting and Notifications

Child Abuse Reporting

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Discuss the child abuse reporting policy with all employees two times a year (at the beginning of each semester).
- An employee who successfully completes the CAAT training will have certified the Employee Acknowledgement; the supervisor can maintain a file of CAAT training completion certificates to meet this requirement.
- Ensure all employees have completed the annual fall online Child Abuse Awareness Training and passed the assessment by September 30 of each school year.
- Notify the appropriate Local District Administrator when a District employee is alleged to be the perpetrator in a child abuse report.

Responsibilities of All Employees:

- View and pass the online Child Abuse Awareness Training.
- Any District employee who has knowledge of, observes, or reasonably suspects an instance of child abuse shall report the known or suspected instance of child abuse to a child protective agency immediately or as soon as practically possible by telephone and shall prepare and send a written report thereof within 36 hours of receiving the information concerning the incident.
- The employee reporting suspected child abuse is not to verify the suspicion or prove that abuse has occurred.
- Investigation (questioning witnesses, obtaining written statements), notification (family, alleged perpetrator), counseling, and family intervention are the responsibilities of the child protective agency.

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The employee must know of the requirements to report known or suspected instances of child abuse and will comply with such requirements. The employee must view the CAAT training, pass the CAAT assessment, and submit their training completion certificates to their administrator. Guidelines for Child Abuse Reporting:

- Reportable victims include persons under the age of 18, and dependent adults 18-64 years of age who are dependent upon others for care.
- Child abuse includes physical abuse, sexual abuse, neglect, life endangerment, willful cruelty, and emotional abuse.
- If a child discloses that they were abused or an allegation of abuse is brought to the attention of any District employee, a report MUST be made as soon as reasonably possible and should not be put off until the end of the school day. School procedures may not require the reporter to disclose his/her identity to school personnel prior to or after making a report.
- A Child Abuse Report is to be made to only one child protective/law enforcement agency. School Police is NOT a child protective agency, and reports made to School Police are NOT a means of complying with the law.
- Child abuse reports are confidential. Reports are to be completed only by the designated reporter. The written report is to be completed and filed with the appropriate agency within 36 hours from the time that the allegation is received.
- The law enforcement officer or children's services worker who receives a report of suspected child abuse or neglect determines the course of action and has specific legal authority and responsibilities. The official may interview anyone in the course of the investigation and may take the alleged child victim into protective custody.
- Any person mandated by the California Penal Code who fails to report any instance of child abuse, which they know or reasonably suspects to exist, can incur criminal, civil, and/or professional liability.
- No employee mandated under provisions of the California Penal Code shall be civilly or criminally liable for reporting suspected child abuse.

Incident Reporting

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Inform all staff of the reporting/notification process.
- Identify and manage the users who have access to the online iSTAR system.
- Report all incidents using the iSTAR System. Reports should be timely and thorough.
- Follow incident reporting procedures in [BUL-5269 Incident System Tracking Accountability Report \(iSTAR\)](#).
- Report incidents also to Local District Operations for appropriate follow-up.
- Regularly review incident reports for trends, particularly those incidents involving crimes, to identify and implement prevention strategies.

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Incident Reporting Guidelines:

An iSTAR is to be completed when there is an interruption to the operational and/ or instructional activities, such as but not limited to the following types of incidents:

- Any threat, including explosive device and terrorist threats, to the school, individual student, or staff.
- Student or staff member injured or missing.
- An assault or battery on a staff member.
- Serious infraction by a staff member.
- Any event involving police or fire departments.
- Life-threatening incidents and safety hazards.
- Serious campus disturbances (major fight, demonstration).
- Natural disaster.
- Evacuations, lockdowns, shelter in place actions.
- Utility outage.
- Construction problem preventing access.
- Unplanned media or social media coverage.
- Harassment/discrimination.

Notification in Parent-Student Handbook

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Discuss the contents of the *Parent-Student Handbook* with all staff members.
- Require that each parent/student return a signed receipt indicating that they have received and read the *Parent-Student Handbook*.
- Implement a school-site system for collecting and maintaining a signed return receipt from each parent/student.

2.8.2.2 Positive Safe School Environment – Campus Security

Student and Employee Security

Suggested options for perimeter gate access during a Rapid Relocation, as well as Rapid Relocation procedures, are provided in [BUL-5469 Lockdown and Rapid Relocation Procedures for all Schools](#). Also, see [Section 6.8 Rapid Relocation](#) of this plan.

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Review the information contained in [Bulletin 5721 Student and Employee Security](#), with the students and staff at the school.
- Assign custodial personnel to check the campus for loiterers and trespassers, especially restroom areas, when opening and closing the building and grounds.

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- Call School Police at (213) 625-6631 when assistance is needed on or adjacent to the campus.
- Develop classroom-to-office emergency communication plans in the event that regular means of communication are unavailable.
- Implement a neighborhood school-watch program. Request residents to report any unusual activities on campus to the principal during regular business hours and to School Police or the local law enforcement agency during nights, weekends, and holidays.
- Develop strategies to control rumors concerning school or community incidents.
- Organize, under the supervision of appropriate school personnel, a team of volunteer parents, other community residents, and staff members to patrol the campus and the perimeter.
- Enforce dress code that prohibits the wearing of gang apparel or the use of gang-related symbols.
- Work with School Police, local law enforcement and the school safety committee to review crime data for the area surrounding your school. Assess the current status of crime committed on school campuses, at school-related functions, and in the neighborhood surrounding your school (CA E. C. § 32282). A website that maps crime data by address, such as <http://www.crimemapping.com>, is a very useful tool. The following information can also be reviewed: office referrals, attendance rates/School Attendance Review Board data, suspension/expulsion data, California Healthy Kids Survey, School Plan for Student Achievement, School Experience Survey, local law enforcement juvenile crime data and property damage data.

Responsibilities of Staff:

- Report to the Main Office or other designated office prior to proceeding to assigned classrooms or work areas.
- Lock classroom doors when working alone before or after school hours.
- Establish and maintain a buddy system when working in isolated areas or traveling to and from parking areas at the start and close of school.
- Exercise stringent control of assigned school keys and secure all personal valuables.
- Report any person loitering in or adjacent to parking areas, etc., or sitting in a parked car.
- Instruct students to avoid strangers and provide strategies for avoiding contact with strangers. Utilize the following resources as appropriate: LAUSD crime prevention programs, drug resistance programs, child abuse, and traffic safety bulletins.

Campus Supervision

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

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- Maintain a current supervision plan and schedules for staff carrying out the plan.
- Provide training regarding campus safety and campus supervision and schedule meetings for campus supervision updates.
- Inform all staff, students, and parents of the campus supervision plan.
- Have custodial personnel check the campus for loiterers and/or trespassers especially restroom areas when opening and closing the buildings and grounds.
- Review and post at all utilized entrances appropriate signs regarding weapons, visitors, trespassing, loitering, etc.
- Monitor or prohibit student access to cars during school hours.
- Review with campus supervision personnel procedures related to the proper use, maintenance, and security of issued hand-held and base radios. See "[School-Based Radio System](#)," or call the Radio Unit at (323) 224-2456.
- See that the school adheres to the District policy on closed campuses. All exit gates, except the main gate, will be locked after the start of school. Student exit gates will be unlocked prior to dismissal time.

Locked Campus Policy

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Assign a school staff member, volunteer parent, or similar, to monitor the main entrance during the school day and assist visitors with signing in and reporting to the Main Office upon entry.
- Assign available school staff to monitor the campus perimeter, known trouble spots, and all building and gate entrances during the school day.
- Inform all students and parents/guardians that schools are closed campuses and that students are not allowed to leave the campus during the school day without the permission of the principal and the parent/guardian.

Visitors to School Campuses

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Schools must develop and post a visitor's policy. The policy must not set arbitrary time limits regarding frequency and duration of visits and must be distributed to parents and staff annually.
- Inform parents in advance of the procedures for visiting the school.
- Have all visitors report to the Main Office upon arrival. Visitors must wear a visitor pass and return the pass upon departure.
- Conduct a review to ensure that the appropriate and approved signs are posted regarding visitors, trespassing, loitering, and other requirements at all utilized entrances. Report persons loitering or trespassing on or adjacent to the campus to LASPD.

2. Plan Development

Administrators have the authority under the California Penal Code, Los Angeles Municipal Code, and the Education Code to report to the appropriate police agency visitors who fail to adhere to the posted "Visitor's Policy."

Responsibilities of the Parents/Visitors:

- All campus visitors must have the consent and approval of the principal/designee within a reasonable period of time after making a request to visit the school.
- Parents have the right to observe in the classroom in which their child is enrolled within a reasonable period of time after making a request.
- Visitors are not to converse with the students, teacher, or instructional aides during the visitation.
- Visitors are to keep the frequency of classroom observations reasonable (to be determined by the activity being observed).
- Parents do not have the right to willfully interfere with the discipline, order, or conduct in any school classroom or activity with the intent to disrupt, obstruct, or cause substantial disorder in a place where a school employee is required to perform his or her duties.

School Police/Local Law Enforcement

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Meet with a School Police Officer or Area Sergeant to share and discuss information related to campus activity and the site's security operations and service needs.
- Review with staff the appropriate notification and protocol for reporting campus crime and incidents.
- Review with staff, on an ongoing basis, procedures related to the proper use and security of issued hand-held and base radios, with the assistance of LASPD, as necessary.
- Alert appropriate law enforcement agencies near school campuses and the respective Local District about incidents and events that may have repercussions at other locations.
- Provide to staff safety bulletins and available information regarding incidents or situations that might impact personal safety or the school's education environment.
- Solicit community support to assist with student safety to and from school.
- Provide appropriate law enforcement telephone numbers to area residents and businesses and solicit their support in reporting unusual activities on and around the campus to School Police and the local law enforcement agency during nights, weekends, and holidays.
- If a local law enforcement agency notifies a site administrator with a request to disseminate information pertaining to a sex offender, contact the School Police Watch Commander at (213) 625- 6631 and advise them of the material received. LASPD will serve as the District's liaison with the agency to determine the expectations for the information, distribution, and the scope of the disclosure.

2. Plan Development

Procedures When Calling for Service from Law Enforcement Agencies:

- Identify yourself and your location. Give callback numbers (office or cell) where you can be reached most easily.
- Summarize the nature of the problem or incident.
- Give the location of the problem incident.
- Request medical assistance, if needed (if not already requested through 911).
- Describe the person or suspect involved: Provide a physical description (gender, ethnicity, age, height, weight, hair color and style, color of eyes, and clothing worn) and other known information (i.e., student, staff member, nonstudent, parent, other known or suspected gang affiliation, etc.).
- Describe weapon involved, if any: Type, location (on person, in vehicle, etc.), and manner used (actual use, threat, etc.).
- Describe method of transportation used by person or suspect involved and last known direction of travel. Indicate motor vehicle, motorcycle, bicycle, bus, skateboard, skates, etc., (if motor vehicle, give color, year, make, model, and license plate number) and any other information (i.e., number of passengers in the vehicle).
- Advise School Police if another law enforcement agency has also been contacted.

Responsibilities of the Los Angeles School Police Department (LASPD)

As peace officers, School Police Officers are expected to take appropriate steps to discourage potential law violations and head off potentially threatening situation. Their primary responsibility is to “keep the peace” by protecting students and staff from physical assault and school property from theft and destruction. LASPD officers will be available to support school-site administrators, students, staff, community members, and local agencies to create a safe and secure school learning environment. LASPD will also provide support through the Youth Diversion program to address safety issues and criminal conduct. Safe Passages and other specialized units will work to support LASPD officers assigned to support schools to ensure safety around the campus, enforcing all applicable laws fairly and impartially, and maintaining presence in safe passages areas. Minor violations will be addressed with the “spirit of the law” posture rather than a “letter of the law” posture in enforcement efforts.

School Police Officers will:

- Respond to the school for the protection of pupils and District personnel, the security of District property, and the prevention of theft and malicious mischief to cars and other personal property of school personnel on campus.
- Develop and maintain a positive, professional, and ongoing working relationship with the school-site administrators, students, staff, school community members, and outside local and law enforcement agencies, to address and problem-solve crime and safety issues and to meet the school’s safety objectives and goals as established.

2. Plan Development

- Follow all procedures consistent with the District-established policies and School Police directives.
- Act in an advisory capacity regarding the need to involve local law enforcement agencies.
- Assist with preparing, evaluating, and updating the Integrated Safe School Plan.
- Serve as a member of the school's Crisis Team and School Threat Management Team.

Responsibilities of Law Enforcement (School Police/Local Agencies):

- In instances where law enforcement statutory requirements apply, the appropriate legal decisions are made by the police officer. While in most cases the situations will be obvious, in other less obvious instances, the legal decision will be made by the involved police officer, consistent with current Police Department and District directives and policies and in consultation with an LASPD supervisor.
- A lockdown of the campus is called by either a law enforcement agency or a site administrator to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school. The site administrator terminates the lockdown after consulting with law enforcement.
- Properly identified law enforcement officer are allowed to interview a student "in the presence of the principal or a teacher."
- Properly identified law enforcement officers may remove a student from a school. Responsibility for parent notification of a student's removal by law enforcement personnel rests with the school administration. The involved officer is also obligated to make parent notification.
- The difficult task of delivering death notifications to next of kin is the responsibility of law enforcement personnel or the Los Angeles County Coroner's Office personnel, who have been provided with the training and resources necessary to carry out such notifications. If a death has occurred on campus and a member of the victim's family arrives at the school prior to being notified of the death by law enforcement, the family member should be escorted to a private comfortable setting until law enforcement personnel arrive. If a member of the victim's family calls the school prior to notification by law enforcement, they should be asked to come to the school.

Role of Law Enforcement Personnel When a School Becomes a Crime Scene:

- Law Enforcement personnel will establish a crime scene at any time when it is necessary to preserve evidence of a crime, or an investigation of a crime is in progress, including but not limited to: murder, suicide, death due to suspicious circumstances, or for other serious crimes involving students, staff, or others (crimes that include, but not limited to, vandalism, burglary, or arson). Only authorized law enforcement and fire department personnel are allowed inside the designated crime-scene area.

2. Plan Development

- The first police officer to arrive on scene will have specific duties to perform to ensure the protection of the crime scene and to assure that the crime is investigated properly. Despite the sometimes-chaotic nature that characterizes many crime scenes, the police must be permitted to do their job according to established procedures.
- A police supervisor or police officer will serve as the liaison with the school's administration.
- The law enforcement officer in charge will determine if and when crisis team members or other support personnel from outside the school can enter the campus to begin their intervention assessments and follow-up activities.
- Once potential witnesses have been identified, it is essential to keep witnesses separate to maintain and preserve the integrity, clarity, and objectivity of each person's account. Therefore, school administrators may be asked to provide multiple locations on campus to isolate witnesses for questioning by law enforcement personnel.

2.8.2.3 Positive Safe School Environment – Violence Prevention and Interpersonal Relations Digital Citizenship

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Provide staff with professional learning opportunities offered by the Instructional Technology Initiative within the Division of Instruction to deepen digital citizenship knowledge and practices.
- Review with staff the documents [BUL-999 Responsible Use Policy for District Computer and Network System](#), [BUL-6399 Social Media Policy for Students](#), and [BUL-5688 Social Media Policy for Employees and Associated Persons](#) to understand the implications of digital engagement in creating a safe school environment.
- Review with staff appropriate protocols in sharing and posting images of students using the District's Media Release Forms to demonstrate a safe, rigorous learning environment.
- Establish a digital presence with purpose in alignment with District policies to maintain open communication with school community and model promising practices.
- Provide parent in-service training regarding digital citizenship practices of proactive engagement, safety, and security online.
- Ensure that staff integrate digital citizenship instruction across content areas, leveraging District-adopted digital citizenship curriculum.

Code of Conduct with Students

- Provide a copy of the "[Code of Conduct with Students](#)" to each employee and any individual working with students on an annual basis at the beginning of each school year or when the employee reports to the site/work location if the school year has already begun.

2. Plan Development

- Post the “Code of Conduct with Students” in staff lounges and other prominent locations where notices are regularly posted regarding rules, regulations, procedures, or standards of conduct.
- Include the “Code of Conduct with Students” in the location’s employee handbook, school’s Safe School Plan, and in the substitute folder that is provided to substitute teachers who report to school sites.
- Remind employees/individuals to be mindful of the fine line drawn between being sensitive to and supportive of students needs and a possible or perceived breach of responsible, ethical behavior.
- Encourage employees/individuals to use good judgment and caution them to avoid the situations indicated in the document.
- Reaffirm with employees and individuals of the duty to protect students and provide a safe and secure learning environment.

Administrative Searches

Contact Local District Operations for current policy and procedures related to administrative searches.

Gun Violence Prevention

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Distribute to families annually the [Parent Legal Duties to Safely Store Firearms letter](#) in the LAUSD Student/Parent Handbook, as required per Board Resolution 046-18/19.
- Make gun violence prevention resources available to your parent/guardian community.

Safe School Collaborative

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Identify key community stakeholders in relation to safety, including but not limited to: law enforcement, probation, city attorney’s office, city, and county human relations.
- Identify key LAUSD central and Local District personnel to provide consultation and support, such as: Local District Operations, Organization Facilitators, Human Relations, Crisis Counseling, etc.
- Identify a multidisciplinary school safety team composed of members such as, administrators, parents, teachers, school police officers, health, and mental health professionals (i.e., PSW, PSAC, School Psychologist, or School Counselor), after-school staff, etc.
- Identify a designated chair to convene the meetings, establish a needs assessment for the school and community related to safety concerns, identify goals and objectives, and assign roles and responsibilities.
- Work towards the development of safe passage to and from school for students.

2. Plan Development

Gang Risk Intervention

Key Elements:

- Become familiar with gang groups, related activities, graffiti, apparel, etc.
- Provide staff development regarding gang prevention and intervention strategies.
- Provide parent in-service training regarding gang membership and activities.
- Develop a forum for discussion that brings together influential students (“natural leaders”) who represent all segments of the student population, including selected gang members.
- Collect information from law enforcement, probation, community-based organizations, and others to understand the scope of the school/community gang problem.
- Contact law enforcement agencies, gang experts, and formal/informal counselors to obtain strategies and related information. Probation officers can assist with students who are on probation.

Bullying & Hazing Policy

- Bullying is a form of aggression in which a more dominant person targets a specific person for the purpose of causing harm, fear or humiliation, and the behavior is unwanted and unprovoked on the part of the recipient.
- For greater detail, including investigative steps, access [BUL-5212 Bullying and Hazing Policy \(Student to Student\)](#).

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Ensure that bullying and cyberbullying training are available to employees who have regular interaction with students.
- Investigate allegations of bullying thoroughly and maintain confidentiality throughout the investigation.
- Respond to incidents whether the involved parties are students or staff members.
- Take appropriate actions to resolve the situation.
- Document the investigation, interventions, and resolution.

Responsibilities of Staff and Student Rights:

- Schools must discuss relevant aspects of the Bullying & Hazing Policy with their students.
- Personnel are responsible for taking corrective action to prevent bullying in school, at school events, and to and from school.
- Any person has the right to report an allegation of bullying without reprisal or retaliation.

2. Plan Development

- Bullying is a form of aggression in which a more dominant person targets a specific person for the purpose of causing harm, fear or humiliation, and the behavior is unwanted and unprovoked on the part of the recipient.

Hate-Motivated Incidents

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Respond quickly to incidents, whether the victims are students, staff, or community members.
- Ensure the physical safety of the victim and offer victim assistance, as appropriate.
- Investigate incident, provide interim safety/emotional support measures, and take appropriate disciplinary action. If necessary, involve law enforcement and preserve evidence.
- Report hate-motivated incident/hate crime to School Police and implement educational programs and activities that foster human relations skills and combat behaviors of name-calling, harassment, discrimination, hate and bigotry.
- Review with employees and students and post [nondiscrimination notices](#) in all schools/offices, including staff lounges, student government meeting rooms, the main administration building, or other prominent locations where notices are regularly posted regarding rules, regulations, procedures, or standards of conduct.

Sexual Harassment Prevention Policy

Key Elements:

- All allegations of sexual harassment are to be treated seriously and investigated in a way that respects the privacy of all parties.
- All known incidents of sexual harassment should be investigated and addressed to prevent recurrence. Several attachments found in [BUL-2521 Title IX Policy/Nondiscrimination Complaint Procedures \(Including for Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment\)](#) may be utilized to document the complaint policy guidance provided to the parties, ensure Title IX Protections are afforded, appropriate grievance procedures are determined (Title IX, Uniform Complaint Procedures [UCP], informal investigation), and communication to the families of the target and the accused.
- Review with employees and students and post the [sexual harassment prevention poster](#) in all schools/offices, including staff lounges, student government meeting rooms, the main administration building, in a prominent and conspicuous location in each bathroom and locker room at a school, and in other prominent locations where notices are regularly posted regarding rules, regulations, procedures, or standards of conduct.
- For procedures regarding employee-to-employee complaints of sexual harassment refer to District [BUL-6612 Non-Discrimination And Anti-Harassment \(Including Sexual Harassment\) Policy and Complaint Procedure](#)

2. Plan Development

- Parties are to be provided supportive measures in an equitable manner and informed of any remedial or corrective actions that are instituted to resolve the complaint once a final determination is made.
- Complaints of sexual harassment are often sensitive, complex, and difficult to handle. There are informal, formal UCP, and Title IX designated processes described in responding to such complaints as outlined in [BUL-2521 Title IX Policy/Nondiscrimination Complaint Procedures \(Including for Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment\)](#).

Title IX Gender Equity

Key Elements:

Students have the right to an equal learning opportunity in their school's programs and activities (i.e., extracurricular, clubs, awards).

Students may not be required to take and/or may not be denied enrollment in a course because of actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, pregnancy, childbirth, termination of pregnancy, breastfeeding/lactation status, and related medical conditions.

- Students shall be provided with counseling and guidance, course access/instruction, participation in extra-curricular activities, programs and clubs, and administration of discipline that is not discriminatory.
- Sexual harassment of or by school employees or students is a form of gender discrimination and is prohibited.
- Students and/or parents who file a complaint are to be informed of the administrative investigation findings of the complaint.
- Schools shall offer student's equal opportunities to participate in physical education or play sports.
- Equipment, supplies, game and practice schedules, budgets, facilities, etc., offered to teams shall provide equal athletic opportunities for members of both sexes.
- No student applying for enrollment will be subject to discrimination on the basis of any of the protected categories above.
- Any complaints of discrimination shall be handled in a confidential manner. The District will not tolerate retaliation in any form against the complainant or any party involved in the investigation, for filing or participating in a complaint investigation.
- Review data related to such incidents in order to plan and increase site safety.
- The informal and formal processes for investigating the complaints are found in [BUL-2521 Title IX Policy/Nondiscrimination Complaint Procedures \(Including for Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment\)](#).

Intergroup Relations

2. Plan Development

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Take proactive steps to build and maintain safe, healthy, welcoming, and affirming learning and working environments, where students, staff, and families' identities and voices are represented, recognized, and valued.
- Provide activities for meaningful interactions between student, staff, and parent groups designed to promote an appreciation of diversity and a supportive school climate. Trainings, activities, and resources are available from [the Office of Human Relations, Diversity and Equity](#).
- Make a concerted effort to affirm and engage student subgroups on the campus, such as newly arrived immigrants, sexual and gender diverse students, students with disabilities, in foster care, experiencing homelessness, and racial, cultural ethnic or religious minorities.
- Support schoolwide efforts to reduce misconduct and bullying by promoting pro-social behaviors.
- Follow the guidelines of [BUL-5212.3 Bullying and Hazing Policy \(Student-to-Student and Student-to-Adult\)](#) for responding to allegations of bullying.
- Designate a point person for overseeing the school climate, bullying prevention efforts, and procedures for managing peaceful resolutions of conflicts (e.g., Restorative Practices and Peace Builders).

School Site Crisis Team

Responsibilities of the Administrator/Designee:

- Establish a safe, civil, and secure school environment.
- Establish a multi-disciplinary School Site Crisis Team, in accordance with the Integrated Safe School Plan.
- Ensure that the [BUL-5800 Crisis Preparedness, Response and Recovery](#) policy and all applicable protocols are implemented.

Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Postvention

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Designate Crisis Team Members/Suicide/Threat Prevention Liaisons (STPLs) in the ISSP's School Site Suicide/Threat Assessment Team.
- STPLs only assess students, not employees. For assessments of non-students, see [BUL-5798 Workplace Violence, Bullying and Threats \(Adult-to-Adult\)](#).
- Respond to reports of students at risk for suicide or exhibiting self-injurious behaviors immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Monitor and follow-up to ensure that the risk has been mitigated through support and resources.

2. Plan Development

- Ensure that the Suicide Prevention, Intervention, and Postvention (SPIP) policy is implemented.
- Provide follow-up to relevant staff such as Local District Operations, as needed.
- Report incidents in Incident System Tracking Accountability Report (iSTAR) as appropriate and update, as needed.

Responsibility of all District employees:

- All District employees must complete the online Suicide Prevention and Awareness Training annually. The training certifies that employees know the warning signs and risk factors for suicide, as well as what to do if they are concerned about a student who might be suicidal. See [MEM-6910 Suicide Prevention and Awareness Training](#). If you have questions or concerns regarding the training, please contact your administrator.
- Inform the school site administrator/designee and/or STPL immediately or as soon as practically possible of concerns, reports, or behaviors relating to students who might be suicidal and/or engaging in self-injury.
- Adhere to the Suicide Prevention, Intervention, and Postvention (SPIP) policy.

Student Threat Assessment and Management

Responsibilities of the Administrator/Designee:

- Designate STPL in the ISSP's *School Site Suicide/Threat Assessment Team*.
- STPLs only assess students, not employees. For assessments of non-students, see [BUL-5798 Workplace Violence, Bullying and Threats \(Adult-to-Adult\)](#).
- Establish a multidisciplinary school site threat assessment team, in accordance with the *ISSP School Site Suicide/Threat Assessment Team*.
- Respond to reports of students exhibiting worrisome behaviors or making threats immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Ensure that the Threat Assessment and Management (TAM) policy is implemented.
- Provide follow-up to relevant staff such as LD Operations, as needed.
- Report incident in iSTAR as appropriate and update, as needed.

Responsibilities of all District employees:

- Adhere to the TAM policy and act in accordance with the policy.
- Report any worrisome behaviors or suspected threats to the school site administrator/designee and/or STPL immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- Cooperate in any investigation by providing accurate, relevant information.

Employee or Associated Adult Workplace Violence, Bullying and Threats

Responsibilities of the Administrator/Designee:

- Establish a safe and respectful school or workplace environment.

2. Plan Development

- Ensure that the [BUL5798 Workplace Violence, Bullying and Threats \(Adult-to-Adult\)](#) is implemented.
- Investigate and respond to any verbal or written reports of violence or threatening behavior.
- Monitor and follow-up to ensure that the behavior has stopped.
- Report incident in iSTAR as appropriate and update, as needed.

Responsibilities of all District employees:

- Adhere to the [BUL-5798 Workplace Violence, Bullying and Threats \(Adult-to-Adult\)](#) and act in accordance with the policy.
- Promptly report any suspected workplace violence behaviors to your site administrator or designee by completing the Workplace Violence Complaint Form, Attachment D of the policy.
- Cooperate in the investigation of employee workplace violence complaints by providing relevant information.

Student Dress Code/Uniform Policy

Key Elements:

- Representatives from all stakeholder groups will review the school's dress code and uniform policies yearly.
- Representatives from all stakeholder groups will review the school's dress code, which complies with guidelines and gender neutrality enumerated in [BUL-6494 Student Dress Codes and Uniforms](#).
- All students shall show proper attention to personal safety and suitability of clothing for school activities. Specialized school programs and classes, such as physical education, science lab, wood shop, or culinary arts, may require specialized attire or unique restrictions.
- The school may prohibit attire or paraphernalia with language or images that are vulgar, sexually explicit, discriminatory, libelous, promote illegal or violent content, or which could reasonably be foreseen to create a hostile environment among rival gangs, individuals, or groups.
- Urban fashion in and of itself is not "gang-related" apparel.
- Students may wear jewelry or attire representative of an established religious faith, including, but not limited to a crucifix, yarmulke, headscarf, or turban.
- Student may wear sun-protective clothing outdoors.
- Hair, sideburns, mustaches, and beards may be worn at any length or in any style, and clothing may be of any fashion, style, or design.
- Parents must be advised of uniform policies prior to the beginning of the academic year, informed that uniforms are voluntary, and, if needed, be assisted in securing financial assistance to obtain desired uniforms.

2. Plan Development

- School uniform policies are voluntary. A student's parent/guardian must be notified annually and may exercise the right to opt out of the school uniform policy, though the student must adhere to the student dress code. Students shall not be penalized academically, subject to any disciplinary action or disparaging treatment or denied attendance to school or participation in school activities.
- Schools must identify financial resources for students who are not able to comply with the school uniform policy due to financial hardship; this includes provision of physical education uniforms at no cost if failure to have or wear appropriate apparel arises from circumstances beyond the control of the student.

2.8.2.4 Behavior and Formal Discipline-Related Support

Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports/Restorative Practices (PBIS/RP)

Access resources at https://achieve.lausd.net/PBIS_RP

Responsibilities of School Administrator:

- Cultivate a safe, healthy, welcoming, and affirming learning and working environment in each classroom and schoolwide through the development of an integrated, trauma and resilience informed Multi-Tiered Systems of Support framework to support the implementation of Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports/Restorative Practices (PBIS/RP), including community and relationship building.
- Ensure a focus on prevention, common values and shared accountabilities among school community members.
- Ensure that PBIS/RP are achieved through good first teaching, as well as differentiation and personalization of learning.
- Assume a leadership role in the School Discipline Review Team. Everyone has a stake in responsible, respectful, safe behavior at school. This forms a foundation and an atmosphere that promotes learning and instruction. Administrative leadership is an essential ingredient of that foundation.
- Establish the School Discipline Review Team; support and monitor the team's implementation of the School-wide Discipline Plan; evaluate the outcomes; and modify strategies as needed.
- Ensure school procedures effectively support the collection of data that accurately reflect school wide, classroom, and individual student social-emotional development and behavioral needs.
- Inform all students and parents/guardians at the beginning of each academic year or as students enroll about the school's behavioral expectations, responsibilities, and procedures.

2. Plan Development

- Ensure that students, parents/guardians, and staff have access to copies of the School-wide Discipline Plan, that all stakeholders understand their responsibilities in learning the behavioral expectations, and the reinforcement and corrective procedures.
- Observe all due process rights when working with students whose behavior impedes their learning or the learning of others, suspending a student, issuing an opportunity transfer to a student, or recommending that a student be expelled.
- Provide staff development on strategies, methods, and tools of implementing the school-discipline plan through a multi-tiered system of support including positive behavior interventions and supports, restorative practices, social emotional learning, and trauma-resilience informed strategies.

Responsibilities of School Staff:

- Develop healthy, positive relationships with students, staff, and families.
- Use a multi-tiered system of support with a focus on prevention.
- Identify, teach, model, and reinforce school-wide and classroom behavioral expectations and correct misbehavior with an emphasis on teaching.
- Establish structure and a sense of safety and belonging by developing predictable routines, using effective management strategies, co-regulation, community building, and trauma-resilience informed approaches, as well as the active teaching of pro-social and stress reduction behaviors and strategies.
- Utilize office discipline referral data, School Experience Survey data, and other school climate and discipline data to identify professional development needs, organize support systems for staff and students, and to analyze effectiveness of instruction on behavioral expectations.
- Utilize school resources including, but not limited to, IEP, SSPT and Section 504 Plan to develop behavior plans for students who exhibit behavioral challenges and implement these behavior plans.
- Partner with parent/guardian and engage in parent education and support, as necessary to support appropriate student behavior.

Formal Discipline

Responsibilities of the Designated Administrator:

- Ensure that the District policy and procedures regarding student suspension and expulsion are fully implemented.
- Ensure that the focus of school-site student discipline policies and procedures is on supporting student's positive behavior change and ensuring the use of other means of correction is focused on teaching behavior expectations.
- Ensure that the school implements a system of positive behavior support and strategic interventions that are age appropriate and designed to progressively and effectively address and correct the student's specific misconduct.

2. Plan Development

- Designate discipline staff and provide training focusing on investigation and school-site procedures of formal student discipline, including student suspension and expulsion.
- Ensure that recommendations for expulsion are made when students violate CA E.C. § 48915(c). Refer to the Matrix for Student Suspension and Expulsion Recommendations.
- Ensure that the school follows District policy and procedures regarding formal student discipline and fulfills responsibilities to send a certificated staff member who has first-hand information to present substantial evidence as well as appropriate witness during the expulsion hearing. Under certain circumstances, administrative designee and/or appropriate certificated staff member who has first-hand information may present an expulsion case.

Responsibilities of Designated Discipline Staff:

- Conduct a thorough investigation, collaborate with other school staff and law enforcement, when necessary, and provide evidence to the school principal/designee for a decision on the formal discipline.
- Notify the parent/guardian in a timely manner whenever their child is referred for disciplinary action.
- Enter all suspension information (school suspension, in-school suspension, and class suspension) into MiSiS accurately and record all interventions. Refer to [BUL-5808 MiSiS Student Support Module Required Usage](#).
- Advise the parent/guardian regarding the appeal process whenever the parent/guardian disagrees with the administrator's decision to suspend.
- Prohibit the use of "informal suspension" (e.g., telling a parent to keep a child home without an official suspension notice, or sending a student home without an official Pupil Suspension Notice); refer to [BUL-5655 Guidelines for Student Suspension](#).

Suspension Guidelines:

Refer to [BUL-5655 Guidelines for Student Suspension](#).

- Students are only to be suspended from school when they have committed an act listed under CA E.C. § 48900, 48900.2, 48900.3, 48900.4, 48900.7, or 48915.
- Students who caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of hate violence CA E.C.(§ 48900.3); engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation against a pupil or a group of pupils, or school district personnel (CA E.C § 48900.4); or made terroristic threats against school officials or school property or both (CA E.C § 48900.7) are precluded by law for in-school suspensions (CA E.C § 48911.1).
- Do suspend a student in absentia (i.e., suspend the student when the student is not present).

2. Plan Development

- Students shall not be suspended from school for any reason for more than five consecutive school days. Refer to CA E.C. § 48911.
- Students in the general education program, including students served with a Section 504 Plan, shall not be suspended for more than 20 school days in any school year or 30 days if the student transfers to another school. Refer to CA E.C. § 48903.
- Students with disabilities shall not be suspended for more than 10 days in any school year. Refer to the [LAUSD Special Education Electronic Policy and Procedures Manual \(e-PPM\)](#). Once a student has been issued a school or in-school suspension, the suspension can only be rescinded by the Local District Administrator of Operations through an appeal process. Refer to [BUL-5655 Guidelines for Student Suspension](#).
- Appeal of a class suspension shall be handled by the principal. A parent may appeal a class suspension by a teacher to the school principal. Only the principal can rescind a class suspension.

A may suspend a student from class for any of the acts enumerated in CA E.C. § 48900 except for the student misconduct of willful defiance as described in CA E.C. § 48900 (k)(1).

1. A teacher should report the suspension to the principal and send the student to the principal/designee for appropriate action, which includes appropriate supervision. Refer to [BUL-5655 Guidelines for Student Suspension](#) and CA E.C. § 48910.
2. A student shall not be placed in another regular class during the period of suspension.
3. The student shall not return to the class during the period of suspension without the concurrence of the principal and the teacher. If the student is assigned to more than one class per day, the student must attend the classes from which the student was not suspended. Refer to CA E.C. § 48910.
4. A student can be suspended from class for the remainder of that day (elementary) or period (secondary) and for the following day or period when the class meets. Refer to CA E.C. § 48910.
5. School staff may assign a student who was suspended for any of the reasons enumerated in CA E.C. § 48900 and CA E.C. § 48900.2 to a supervised suspension classroom for the entire period of suspension if the student poses no imminent danger or threat to the campus, students, or staff, or if an action to expel the student has not been initiated. Refer to CA E.C. § 48911.1.

Opportunity Transfer Guidelines:

Refer to [BUL 6362 Opportunity Transfer \(O.T.\) – Policy and Procedures](#).

- An Opportunity Transfer (O.T.) is a carefully planned school- or District-initiated transfer of a student within LAUSD schools for remedial and corrective reasons. It is issued as an alternative means of correction to address student misconduct after prior interventions have failed to bring about proper conduct or when the student's continued enrollment

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at the current school presents a safety risk to others. The purpose of an O.T. is to minimize factors that interrupt the academic process, and thus to create a school climate that is safe and conducive to learning for all. To minimize disruption to the academic process, an O.T. may not be issued or terminated within the last six weeks of each semester. All student transfers shall be recorded and documented in the District's My Integrated Student Information System (MiSiS).

- An O.T. may not exceed one calendar year unless both the parent/education rights holder (ERH) and the school agree.
- Opportunity Transfers may be issued only one time during the student's attendance in elementary school, twice during middle school, and twice during high school.
- It is the responsibility of the sending school to ensure that the student has enrolled at the receiving school. If an O.T. is cancelled, Attachment D of [BUL-6362 Opportunity Transfer \(O.T.\) - Policy and Procedures](#) must be submitted to the Local District Administrator of Operations (AOO).
- If an O.T. is not available, the cancelling school must ensure that the student has re-enrolled back to the original sending school.
- There is no such thing as an O.T. for a student with disabilities who has an IEP or Section 504 Plan. To ensure a change of placement is appropriate, an IEP team must convene and conduct a thorough review of the student's program and services, including a "manifestation determination" to ensure that the student's Behavior Intervention Plan (BIP) is appropriately developed or modified. Similarly, a student with disabilities placed in or served with accommodations under Section 504 in general education must have a "manifestation determination" conducted and any appropriate updates to Section 504 plans as warranted before any disciplinary change of placement.
- The "Stay Put" clause in federal law (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act) prohibits schools from transferring a student with an IEP for discipline if a parent disagrees with the IEP (The exception to this prohibition is the authorized 45-day alternative placement when the violation involves weapons or drugs or inflicting serious bodily injury).

Expulsion Guidelines:

Refer to [BUL-6050 Expulsion of Students - Policy and Procedures](#)

- School principals are required to recommend the expulsion of any student who engages in behavior described in CA E.C. § 48915(c).
- A student who is recommended for expulsion is entitled to an educational placement the day following the last day of their suspension (e.g., day six of a five-day suspension).
- For a student with an IEP, a comprehensive pre-expulsion IEP meeting must be conducted, which includes a manifestation determination, prior to recommending the student for expulsion. Similarly, a student with disabilities placed in or served with accommodations under Section 504 in general education must have a "manifestation

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determination” conducted and any appropriate updates to Section 504 plans as warranted before any disciplinary change of placement.

- No student can be expelled by the Board of Education unless direct evidence, in the form of oral testimony, is presented at the District’s administrative (Expulsion Review Committee [ERC]) hearing.
- The school is responsible for sending a certificated staff member who has first-hand information to present the case and appropriate witness(es) to testify at the ERC hearing.

Maintenance of CA E.C. §49069 Information:

Refer to [BUL-3927 Mandated Reporting of Certain Behavior](#).

- Pursuant to CA E.C. § 49079 (a), a school district shall inform the teacher of each pupil who has engaged in, or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in, any of the acts described in any of the subdivisions, except subdivision (h), of Section 48900 or in CA E.C. § 48900.2, 48900.3, 48900.4, or 48900.7 that the pupil engaged in, or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in, those acts. The district shall provide the information to the teacher based upon any records that the district maintains in its ordinary course of business regarding a pupil described in this section.
- Each teacher informed of CA E.C. § 49079 students shall be advised of the opportunity to review the student’s records and shall be admonished regarding the confidentiality of information.
- CA E.C. § 49079 information can be obtained from the following District-maintained records through MiSiS: discipline referrals, student expulsions, opportunity transfers, school suspensions and classroom suspensions. Any information received under this law shall be received in confidence for the limited purpose for which it was provided and shall not be further disseminated by the teacher, counselor, or administrator. Any intentional violation of the confidentiality provisions of this law is a misdemeanor.
- Any information referring to CA E.C. § 48900 et seq. offenses shall be made available to each student’s teacher from the current school year and three previous school years through MiSiS. After this time frame, access to a student’s record will not be available to the teacher, consistent with CA E.C. § 49079.
- In MiSiS, all discipline offenses except for 3.6 - Possessed or used tobacco trigger an CA E.C. § 49079 “D” Alert on the corresponding student’s profile. To view a comprehensive list of students with an CA E.C. § 49079 alert, generate the Student Referral Report. In the report parameters, select none for Counseling Referral Reason, and deselect 3.6 - Possessed or used tobacco from the Discipline Referral Reason. Refer to [BUL-5808 My Integrated Student Information System \(MiSiS\) Student Support Module Required Usage](#).
- The MiSiS Attendance Roster List view displays a “D” on the Alerts Column for students with a discipline file, consistent with CA E.C. § 49079. Teachers can click on the student

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profile and view any discipline by clicking on Support > Referrals, which will display discipline from the current school year and three previous years.

Guidelines When a Student Described in CA E.C. §49079 Is Transferred to Another LAUSD School:

When a student transfers between LAUSD schools, the receiving principal/designee will have access to the MiSiS discipline referral offenses noted in CA E.C.§49079. Refer to [BUL-3927 Mandated Reporting of Certain Behavior](#).

Responsibilities of Juvenile Courts:

- Welfare and Institutions Code (W.I.C.) Section 827 (b)(2) mandates that the Juvenile Courts submit to the superintendent of the district of attendance written notice whenever a minor who is enrolled in any of grades K through 12 has been found by the court to have committed any of certain specified offenses.
- If a notice from the juvenile court is received by a school, the school should contact Student Health and Human Services, Student Support Programs, for assistance. A school district policy or security department may provide written notice to the superintendent/designee that a student enrolled in the District has been found by a court of competent jurisdiction that a student was found to have illegally used, sold, or possessed a controlled substance in violation of specified provisions of the Health and Safety Code. This information may be expeditiously transmitted to any administrator, counselor, or teacher who has direct supervisory or disciplinary responsibility over the minor and who is deemed to need the information in order to work with the student in an appropriate fashion to avoid being needlessly vulnerable, and/or to protect other persons from needless vulnerability (W.I.C. section 828.1). Any information received by a teacher, counselor, or administrator shall be confidential and used only for the limited purpose noted above and may not be further disseminated.

2.8.2.5 Positive Safe School Environment – Facilities-Related

Key Control

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Maintain in writing current records of the distribution of all keys.
- Maintain a key safe or school vault in which keys that have not been issued are to be stored every night. Ensure that when not in the possession of authorized school staff, all keys, including custodial keys, are to be kept in a locked key safe or vault.
- Arrange to have all exterior doors of buildings opened and closed, as necessary.

Key Distribution:

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- **Master Keys:** It is important to keep the number of master and specialized keys to a minimum to maintain site security. Master keys (“A” and “K”) shall be issued only to the plant manager and administrative staff. In addition, a maximum of five master keys may be requested for use by disaster emergency teams. These shall be maintained on a single ring at the site (in the key safe or vault) for emergency use only and are not to be used for other purposes.
- **Sub-master Keys:** Sub-master keys are to be issued only to school personnel who absolutely need them in the daily course of their responsibilities. They shall be returned to the key safe or vault nightly.
- **Classroom Teacher Keys:** Classroom teachers are to be issued only the keys to their classroom, storeroom, and cabinets and will be responsible for said keys. At no time shall a classroom teacher be issued a master key.
- **Substitute Teacher Keys:** Keys issued to substitute teachers and other District employees (maintenance, etc.) shall be returned daily.
- **Alarm Keys:** Three alarm keys will be issued to the site administrator who will be responsible for these keys. The administrator will designate the keys accordingly. No site will be issued more than three intrusion alarm keys without approval of the School Police Chief.

Key Control Guidelines:

- Staff members shall be notified that unauthorized possession by any person, including employees, of any site key is a misdemeanor (Penal Code 469).
- Keys are never to be kept in classroom cupboards, filing cabinets, in or on teachers’ desks, offices, or in staff mailboxes.
- Keys are never to be in the possession of students without the expressed written permission of the site key administrator. Keys are not to be loaned to students to open doors or gates.
- Staff is to be advised that prior to leaving any room, office, or work location, it is the employees’ responsibility to double check that all doors and windows are closed shut and locked.
- Authorized personnel needing keys for the weekend or holiday activities will be issued keys which limit access to the room or area necessary for the weekend assignment. Prior written approval by the site key administrator must be obtained.
- At sites equipped with intrusion alarm systems, the School Police must be notified the week before the weekend or holiday that authorized personnel are scheduled to enter the site.
- All keys shall be checked and left with the site key administrator at the end of the school year or in the event of an assignment change.

Loss or Theft of Keys

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The loss or theft of keys shall be reported to the Local District Office and School Police. In addition, the Maintenance and Operations Central Shops Lock Department shall be notified by creating an emergency service call. The Lock Department will immediately rekey sensitive areas (such as the library, computer lab, cum room, etc.) only.

Plant Inspections

Responsibilities of the Designee for Inspecting the Campus Regularly:

Inspect the campus regularly for the following conditions and heed the following:

- All nonstructural hazards in classrooms and other sites where students are served will be eliminated.
- All damage to fences will be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
- All graffiti must be removed as soon as possible (take photographs if necessary).
- All litter must be removed as soon as possible.
- Playground facilities and equipment will be inspected regularly for hazards. Repairs must be made as soon as possible.
- All nonfunctioning lighting fixtures must be reported and corrected as soon as possible.
- Ensure that the following signs are posted, visible, and legible: Visitors' policy, a drug, tobacco, weapon and violence-free school, and nondiscrimination and sexual harassment prevention policies.
- The designated person shall be responsible for contacting the appropriate Maintenance and Operation department or District Unit responsible for correcting or repairing any hazardous or unsafe element on the school campus.

Restroom Cleanliness

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Site plans for each secondary school are to specify where student restrooms are located and when they will be open each day, and that they are adequate to serve student needs.
- Provide adequate supervision of restroom areas throughout the school day.
- Announce and encourage all students, including student leadership, to prevent vandalism and keep restroom areas clean.
- Involve parents in setting behavior standards to maintain clean, functioning restrooms on campus.
- Post notices to stakeholders, "Important Information About Your Complaint Rights Williams Legislation" in each classroom visible to stakeholders.
- Maintain Williams' complaint forms in the school or district office.

Responsibilities of the Plant Manager:

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- Randomly monitor restrooms daily, conduct daily observation Emergency routes and paths of travel used to and from of any fixtures needing repair, and place a “trouble call” to report needed repairs.
- At secondary schools, supervise and monitor restroom attendant personnel.
- Before students arrive at school each day, inspect student restrooms to ensure that overnight crews have cleaned and stocked each restroom with paper and soap supplies.
- Assign restroom attendant or custodial staff so that, at a minimum of twice during each day, restrooms are spot-cleaned, cleared of trash, restocked with soap and paper supplies, and have floors that are dry and hazard-free.
- Schedule with the appropriate Maintenance and Operations department the “deep cleaning” of all restrooms three times per year.
- Complete and maintain daily restroom service logs at a disclosed site on the school campus.

Inventory/Marking of School Equipment/Property/Record Retention

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Responsibility for all school property rests with the principal.
- Teachers and other employees are held responsible for the care of all school property in their control.
- The principal ensures that District equipment are not loaned to any District employee, group, or other persons for personal use.
- Property is to be inventoried, marked as required and records must be maintained in accordance with the District’s record retention policy.

For more detailed instructions regarding equipment inventory, please refer to the following bulletins and reference guide:

- [BUL-953 Control of Site Equipment](#). CA E.C. § 35168 requires school districts to maintain inventory records of equipment whose current market value exceeds \$500. These records must contain a description of the equipment, manufacturer’s name, identification numbers, original cost, date of acquisition, the location of use, and the date and method of disposal, if applicable.
- [BUL-3508 Inventory Requirements for Equipment Purchased with Categorical Program Funds](#). This policy bulletin outlines federal and state guidelines for requiring an inventory for equipment purchased with categorical funds at school sites and offices, including equipment previously purchased through the Imprest fund or with the Procurement Card (P-Card). P-Card and Imprest purchases are not allowable with Title I funds. The equipment must be maintained and readily available for examination. Equipment inventories are subject to review at any time by federal and state auditors for equipment costing a total of \$500 or more.)

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- [BUL-1158 Accounting for Supplies and Equipment Purchases](#). The California School Accounting Manual states that expenditures are required to be classified by “objects” to provide consistency in financial reporting among school districts. Additionally, the District is required to adhere to Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 to separately account for all fixed assets (land, buildings, equipment, etc.) and report depreciation on those assets accordingly.
- [REF-071300 Record Retention for School Sites](#) This reference guide provides details for managing records at school sites and retention schedule listing records typically found at school sites.

2.8.2.6 Positive Safe School Environment – School Arrival/Departure Plans

Traffic Patterns and Drop-off/Pick-up Points

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Work with OEHS or School Police to develop an appropriate drop-off and pick-up plan.
- Ensure through daily monitoring by designated staff that loading and unloading areas are “curbside” and designated to minimize student proximity to moving vehicles and that these areas are readily accessible to students.
- Confer with School Police as necessary to establish traffic patterns, and drop-off and pick-up points that ensure student safety and minimize traffic congestion.

Safe Passage To and From School

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Collaborate with the Office of Environmental Health and Safety (OEHS) to assess traffic, warning signs, school bus and parent loading zones, crossing guards, crosswalks, traffic signals, stop signs, etc. OEHS may be reached at (213) 241-3199.
- Confer with the City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation (LADOT), the appropriate municipality or School Police to establish safe pedestrian routes to and from school and appropriate student pickup and drop-off points.
- Work with the Safe School Collaborative on safe passage and attend local law enforcement agencies Safety Collaborative meetings. For more information, please contact District Operations or the Division of School Culture, Climate, and Safety at (213) 241-7921.
- At elementary schools, encourage parents to walk their children to school.
- Visit the OEHS Safe School Traffic Program webpage at <https://achieve.lausd.net/Page/4238> for current documents and resources. The Principal should ensure that teachers incorporate pedestrian and bicycle safety into classroom curricula.

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- Inform students, staff, and parents of designated “Safe Routes,” student drop-off and pickup points, and safety procedures to be observed whenever there are moving vehicles in or around the school. This information should include bike helmet usage and should be distributed in a brochure to students and parents at the start of the school year.
- Report continuing traffic noncompliance problems to School Police at (213) 625-6631 or local enforcement agency.
- Ensure bus loading areas are designated and that loading and unloading of passengers takes place only within these areas.

2.8.3 Attendance/Engagement and Dropout Prevention

Responsible Administrator:

For the 2022-23 school year, the State may issue additional attendance and engagement guidelines; please visit the [California Department of Education website](#) for updates.

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Implement and supervise all state and District attendance policies and procedures.
- Ensure that a comprehensive School Attendance/Engagement Plan has been developed that involves all school staff, teachers, nurse, counselors, PSA, etc., as well as appropriate community health or other agencies.
- Design and implement engagement strategies to prevent absenteeism, track, monitor and regularly share attendance/engagement data with stakeholders.
- Identify and provide tiered intervention supports for students who are not connecting (if applicable) or attending class.
- For a list of strategies and tools for attendance/engagement improvements, please visit the [Pupil Services website](#).

Truancy/Tardiness Abatement

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Implement and supervise all state and District attendance policies and procedures.
- Ensure that students and parents are informed of the school attendance and tardy policy, as well as all applicable laws relating to compulsory attendance.
- Ensure that the Pupil Services and Attendance Counselor or designated staff member is responsible for coordinating efforts on attendance expectations.

Responsibilities of the Teacher:

- Conduct early outreach to build relationships with students and caregivers prior to the start of class, as appropriate, to support engagement and establish rapport/connections.

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- Ensure that personal phone calls to home are made (by teacher or other designated staff) when students are absent.
- Ensure that attendance is submitted within the first 15 minutes of each class or period (or as required in alignment with current distance learning attendance taking guidelines, if applicable).
- Ensure that all absence reason codes, and times (if applicable) are entered.

CA E.C. § 48200 Compulsory Attendance Law:

Each person between the ages of 6 and 18 years, not exempted, shall attend the public full-time day school or continuation school or classes for the full time designated as the length of the school day by the governing board of the school district in which the residency of either the parent or legal guardian is located and each parent, guardian, or other person having control or charge of the pupil shall send the pupil to the public full time day school or continuation school or classes for the full-time designated as the length of the school day by the governing board of the school district in which the residence of either the parent or legal guardian is located.

Intervention for At-Promise Students

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Ensure that the Pupil Services and Attendance (PSA) Counselor or a designated staff member is assigned to coordinate dropout prevention and recovery efforts.
- Ensure coordination of services and supports with the A-G Diploma Program Pupil Services and Attendance Counselor (high school only) and other designated staff.
- Ensure that all school staff have read and follow:
 - [REF-6554-Opening Day Procedures: Supplemental Guide and Updates](#)
 - [BUL-6718-Educational Rights and Guidelines for Youth in Foster Care, Experiencing Homelessness and/or Involved in the Juvenile Justice System](#)
 - [BUL-6231-Discipline Foundation Policy](#)
 - [BUL-6730-A Multi-Tiered System of Support Framework for the Student Support and Progress Team](#)
 - [REF-43782-Implementing a Multi-Tiered System of Supports Framework](#)
- Ensure that schools implement a tiered system of support to address attendance and engagement.
- Ensure that school staff are trained and have access to LAUSD student information systems such as MyData, MiSiS, Focus, and Certify, as well as classroom referrals to help identify and monitor/track at-promise students.
- Ensure that transition programs are in place to support incoming students and matriculating students as they adjust to their new classroom and school environments.
- Ensure that the school climate welcomes and invites parent involvement through a parent center, parent conferences, parent meetings, phone calls to parents, and that

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selected staff makes home visits when necessary to engage parents in their student's educational needs.

- Ensure that there is a multidisciplinary team that looks at student and school data on attendance and dropout information to make decisions at the school regarding student intervention programs and policies.
- Ensure the multidisciplinary team consists of appropriate non-classroom personnel, such as, Pupil Services and Attendance Counselor, Psychiatric Social Worker, deans, and APSCS and other designated staff.

Responsibilities of the Multidisciplinary Team:

- Meet regularly to review attendance/engagement data and coordinate services and supports.
- Assess student, student subgroup and schoolwide data, establish a uniform referral process, and provide consistent follow-up on referrals.

Responsibilities of Staff:

- Staff is trained and aware of District mandates and procedures with respect to Dropout Prevention and Recovery.
- School staff identifies and monitors students who are not making progress and coordinates with instructional staff to make needed adjustments to support student academic functioning.
- Collaborate in the delivery of services to students.
- Be aware of and utilize resources both within the school and in the community.
- School staff systematically monitors, updates, and reviews student records.
- System for personalized interventions for students at risk of dropping out of school or who have recently left school.

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Create a school culture that reflects mutual support, caring, and safety for everyone.
- Ensure that selected school staff are trained on all District and non-District educational alternative placement options and that there is a process in place for referring at-promise students for educational supports and, when appropriate, to educational alternative placements, such as, but not limited to, community college classes, continuation schools, AC²T, or Division of Adult and Career Education.
- Ensure that school staff are trained to work with at-promise students and utilize available resources to assist those students, such as, training on how to complete accurate enrollments and checkouts in MiSiS, how to identify at-promise students based on multiple risk factors (using reports such as those in GetData), how to create a welcoming, safe, and supportive school culture for all students, and how to link

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students/families up to necessary resources (academic, food, clothing, tutoring, etc.) to help students achieve their high school diplomas.

- Ensure that their school has a variety of academic programs in place to meet the individual needs of students at-risk for school failure or dropout, concurrent enrollment in ROP classes, online courses, summer school, tutoring, other credit recovery options and community resources.
- Ensure that student records are accurate. This includes ensuring that school clerical staff are trained on how to accurately enter student data into MiSiS upon enrollment and check-out (i.e., correct leave/enrollment codes are being used, upon every check out, and student records are sent to the next school of enrollment in a timely manner).
- Students who are transferring between LAUSD schools should be auto withdrawn in MiSiS by the receiving school; when the transfer is out of district, a school may only withdraw upon receipt of records request from the receiving school. School personnel should document as much information as possible, including a destination, school, address, phone number and contact information. The school should also attempt to collect the "Parent Assurance Letter".
- Schools may withdraw students upon receipt of a records request from another school or program outside of LAUSD. Schools should document all records requests in MiSiS: [MiSiS Enrollment Job Aids](#) . (Select "Entering Student Record Request" under "Withdrawal/No Show.")
- The school has partnerships and collaborates with community agencies that can provide resources and options to students who are at risk of school failure and dropping out of school.

Responsibilities of School Staff:

- Work with parents/guardians and students to systematically monitor and follow-up with students regarding the supports/interventions and referrals provided to ensure access and effectiveness.
- School staff reviews student-level data to identify which students require supplemental educational services (i.e., tutoring, online courses, etc.,) and link those students and parents up to the educational resources they need.
- All staff work collaboratively to identify students in need of prevention/intervention.

System to Recover, Enroll, or Provide Alternative Education Referrals

Responsibilities of the Administrator:

- Assign a multidisciplinary team of school staff to work collaboratively on clearing/locating and recovering students from the three potential dropout lists.
- Ensure that staff is trained and follow all bulletins, memos, and reference guides regarding LAUSD policy for non-grads and 5th year seniors, and provisions for students

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continuing beyond their fourth year of high school (e.g., students who are homeless, in foster care, English Learners, students with IEPs).

- Ensure that school staff knows how to re-enroll or provide educational alternative options to students who may have left school for a period of time but have chosen to return to school and work towards their high school diploma.
- Students matriculating and/or transferring within LAUSD shall provide updates through the required annually disseminated forms. Schools shall not require matriculating students to complete a new Student Enrollment Form or to provide additional documentation for address verification (with specific exceptions related to charter schools).
- Require appropriate staff to run/review monthly reports on all checkouts each month and ensure that designated staff follows up to find out if students are currently enrolled.
- Stress to staff the importance of accurate record-keeping and tracking.

Responsibility of Staff:

- Staff clearly defines their role in recovering dropout students to avoid duplication of services.
- School support staff and clerical staff stay up to date on all new District bulletins, reference guides, and memoranda relating to the input of student information into MiSiS.
- Staff provides to parents/guardians and students information about their educational rights and options available to help them be successful in school.

2.8.4 Parent and Community Engagement

Parents are encouraged to provide a healthy diet, promote physical activity, and ensure overall good health and wellness for their child. Parents are also encouraged to participate in the planning for their child's academic progress and success. School-based and District resources are available for families, including Family and Student Navigators, Psychologists and Social Workers to support their child's academic achievement physical and mental health care, and basic needs. To learn about services available, parents are encouraged to visit the Los Angeles Unified Healthy Start webpage at <https://achieve.lausd.net/healthystart> to access school-integrated services that help meet the physical and mental needs of students.

Student Health and Human Services Division (SHHS) personnel may arrange for various services that support student achievement and success, as well as parent and family resources and information. You may contact SHHS Division and request assistance by calling their Student and Family Wellness Hotline at (213) 241-3840. Personnel on this hotline may offer referrals in the areas of Mental Health, Immunizations, Health Insurance, Food and Housing, Enrollment and much more. When children have access to social and emotional services, they build a healthy foundation as they grow and develop into healthy citizens and adults, mentally and physically.

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The Office of Parent and Community Services also assists families by linking them to resources, workshops, and courses in the areas of the councils and committees, school volunteers, Parent Portal, understanding data, school budgeting to name a few. Families may visit <https://achieve.lausd.net/pcss> or email families@lausd.net for more information.

3. Incident Command System

3. Incident Command System

3.1 Incident Command

The Incident Command System (ICS) is used by first responders and government agencies to manage emergencies, crises, and disasters nationwide, as well as planned events. LAUSD also uses ICS, which is a system that groups people by functions according to aptitude and skills, instead of rank/title. Every position reports to someone (see the [School ICS Organization Chart](#) in this section), which greatly facilitates the flow of information and resources among the multiple teams participating in response to an emergency. ICS consists of the following five functions:

- Command
- Operations
- Planning & Intelligence
- Logistics
- Finance & Administration

The organization depicted on the School ICS Organization Chart can be expanded or abridged to meet the scope of the emergency/planned event. Not every emergency/planned event will require all of the teams listed on the chart.

ICS can be adapted for schools with limited personnel. If no one is assigned to an ICS position, it is assumed that the person who manages that position is keeping, and performing, the responsibilities of the unfilled position. For example, in some emergencies/planned events, the Incident Commander may not assign a person to oversee finance. In that case, the Incident Commander is still responsible for all applicable Finance and Administration responsibilities, such as financial documentation for potential recovery. Note that to optimally fulfill some of the emergency team duties, members should have training, preparation opportunities, and practice through drills.

Local District Operations Center (LDOC): During some emergencies, crises or planned events, the Local District Operations Center (LDOC) may be activated to provide immediate support to the schools. In such cases, the school is expected to maintain open and ongoing communications with the LDOC, typically through their Operations Coordinator. Refer to the [LAUSD Local District Operations Center \(LDOC\) Guide](#) for more information.

Emergency Operations Center (EOC): When the emergency or crisis or planned event impacts a great geographical portion of the District and/or has numerous significant operational impacts beyond a school's or LDOC's ability to manage, the L.A. Unified Emergency Operations Center (EOC) may be activated. The EOC is responsible for coordinating resources and maintaining situational awareness Districtwide. For more information regarding the EOC, access the [LAUSD EOP Handbook for Emergency Operations Center Responders](#). The school's Incident Commander will keep the EOC updated, in most cases through their local districts and/or

3. Incident Command System

through the School Emergency Status Report (SESR). Schools will be notified if the SESR is activated and if schools are expected to update their status through the SESR. More information regarding SESR can be found at: <https://sesr.lausd.net>.

All District employees, and especially those staff members assigned to an ICS team, are highly encouraged to download the LAUSD Emergency Plan app. It is also recommended that team members and other District employees take [Community Emergency Response Team \(CERT\) training](#). This hands-on disaster training is offered by local fire departments. LAUSD personnel can learn more about ICS by taking online video training courses STEPS 400, 420 and 421, available through MyPLN. Additional online emergency management classes appropriate for District employees are offered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and are linked at <http://achieve.lausd.net/fema>.

Incident Command RALLION, MARIE FRANCE; YOON, JULIE

During an emergency, the Incident Commander (IC) is responsible for setting the response objectives and directing activities from a designated Command Post. All functions report to the IC. To effectively direct response actions, the Incident Commander must constantly assess the situation and develop and implement appropriate strategies. The IC must be familiar with the available resources, accurately document all response actions, and effectively communicate response strategies to others participating in the response. At a school, these functions are typically directed by the principal or designee as the Incident Commander. The principal is assisted in carrying out this role by a Public Information Officer and Safety Coordinator, as needed. The IC should use “management by objectives” by setting specific goals and objectives for the total response. The objectives should be SMART, which is an acronym for Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant and Timely.

Planning/Intelligence Section YOON, JULIE; RALLION, MARIE FRANCE

During an emergency, the ICS Planning and Intelligence section uses various methods and resources to efficiently gather information, analyze and document the information for significance, and actively assess the status of the emergency. This understanding and knowledge about the situation at hand is vital to the effective management of a response. Under ICS, this function is supported by a Documentation/Communication position, who reports directly to the Incident Commander (principal) if a Planning/Intelligence Lead is not assigned. The ICS Planning and Intelligence Section also predicts future needs, observes trends, and constantly answers the following questions regarding the emergency:

- How big is this problem?
- Who is affected?
- What are we going to need in the next hour, day or week?

Planning and Intelligence people are forward thinkers. They like to seek out facts and trends and make informed predictions.

3. Incident Command System

Operations Section RALLION, MARIE FRANCE; YOON, JULIE

Under ICS, all tactics for the emergency response are implemented under the Operations function. Many school site emergencies are complex enough for the Incident Commander to assign an Operations Section Lead. This function is supported by staff reporting to the Operations Lead who have responsibilities such as rendering medical assistance, crisis intervention, search and rescue, site security, damage assessment, evacuations, access and functional needs support, and the release of students to parents. Within LAUSD, these activities are performed by the following teams:

- [Triage Team](#)
- [School Site Crisis Team](#)
- [Search and Rescue Teams](#)
- [Access and Functional Needs Position](#)
- [Security/Utilities Team](#)
- [Fire Suppression/HazMat Team](#)
- [Assembly Area Team](#)
- [Request Gate Team](#)
- [Reunion Gate Team](#)

Operations people are “Problem Solvers” who can work in a non-structured environment. These are the “Doers.”

Logistics Section RALLION, MARIE FRANCE; YOON, JULIE

The Logistics section manages resources and provides all incident support needs such as facilities, transportation, communications, and supplies/equipment. Logistics supports emergency operations by coordinating personnel; assembling and deploying volunteer teams; and providing supplies, resources, equipment, and services, including food service and adjusting meal schedules and menus, as needed. Within LAUSD, these activities are performed by [Supply/Equipment Team](#), [Hygiene Team](#), and [Transportation Support Team](#) if activated and they report to the Logistics Section Lead. When the Operations Section needs something, they get it from the Logistics Section. Logistics works closely with the Planning and Intelligence Section to develop resources for future needs. These people are the “Getters.” A natural choice may be your plant manager or other building and grounds employees.

Finance/Administration YOO, HYON DOUK; YOON, JULIE

The Finance/Administration function of ICS involves the purchasing of all necessary materials, tracking financial records, timekeeping for school site and responding District staff, and recovering school records after an emergency. These people are known as the “Payers.” They keep track of personnel time and costs, which are sometimes divided into two positions reporting to a Finance Section Lead. A natural person for this function would be your payroll clerk, who knows everyone who works on campus. Another choice may be your financial manager or other office staff member.

3. Incident Command System

3.2 Command Team

The Command Team is responsible for directing school emergency response activities. The Command Team is led by the principal or designee, who is the Incident Commander. The Command Team includes the school's Public Information Officer, the Safety Coordinator, and the team leaders for each of the other four functions (Operations, Planning & Intelligence, Logistics, and Finance & Administration). The Incident Commander sets goals and objectives for the activities of all other teams.

Team Assembly Location

Inside: Main office

Outside: Below patio area

3.2.1 Incident Commander RALLION, MARIE FRANCE; YOON, JULIE

The Incident Commander (principal or designee) is responsible for directing emergency operations and shall remain at the Command Post to observe and direct all operations. The only role of this person is to make decisions. Specific duties of the Incident Commander may include:

- Setting goals and objectives for the response team as a whole
- Assessing the situation periodically
- Directing the Command Team
- Determining the need for, and requesting, outside assistance
- Communicating with the Local District Administrator of Operations and central office staff
- Working with the LD regarding any messaging about the incident to internal and external stakeholders

3.2.2 Public Information Officer YOO, HYON DOUK; YOON, JULIE

The Public Information Officer (PIO) is the official spokesperson for the school site in an emergency and is responsible for communicating with the media and delivering public announcements. Specific duties of the Public Information Officer may include:

- Receiving updates and official statements periodically from the Incident Commander
- Posting approved messages to parents via Blackboard Connect
- Maintaining a log of PIO actions and all communications
- Updating/consulting with the Local District PIO or central Communications office
- Interacting periodically with the media (with prior review/approval from the LD/District Communications Office)
- Preparing statements for dissemination to the public
- Ensuring announcements and other public information are translated into other languages as needed
- Monitoring news broadcasts about the incident and correcting any misinformation

3. Incident Command System

- Monitoring social media for rumor control and misinformation (may be supported by documentation position)

3.2.3 Safety Coordinator YOON, JULIE; CHOI, SUNG

The Safety Coordinator is responsible for ensuring that all emergency activities are conducted in as safe a manner as possible. Specific duties of the Safety Coordinator may include:

- Stopping any and all unsafe activities
- Checking periodically with the Incident Commander for situation briefings and updates
- Maintaining all records and documentation as assigned by the Incident Commander
- Monitoring drills, exercises, and emergency response activities for safety
- Identifying safety hazards
- Ensuring that team members use appropriate safety equipment

Supplies and Equipment for Command Team

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • School Emergency Response Boxes
(REF-5450 School Emergency Response Boxes) • Copy of the Integrated Safe School Plan and contact information • Campus maps • Staff cell phone lists • Staff email lists • Master keys (Note: Keys must be kept in a very secure location or with specific authorized | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> individuals.)Copies of staff and student rosters • Hand-held two-way radios • Bullhorn • Battery-operated AM/FM radio • First Aid kit for Command Team • Clipboard, paper, pens • Hard hat for each team member • Vest or other position identifier • Large campus map |
|---|--|

3.3 Triage Teams

The members of the Triage Teams are responsible for:

- Performing triage/disaster aid in the event of large-scale emergency impacting the school community.
- Assessing injuries and administering necessary medical assistance as indicated.
- Ensuring that first aid supplies are available.
- Ensuring that designated school site staff are trained in the administration of medical measures, as appropriate.
- Setting up triage area and temporary morgue.
- Keeping accurate records of care given and tagging each of the injured with name, address, injury, and any treatment rendered.
- Reporting critical injuries or deaths immediately to Triage Team Leader
- Recording information on transport to hospital by first responders.

3. Incident Command System

Assignments

Triage Team Leader: DEBIASE, RACHEL

Alternate Team Leader: MARROQUIN, ANGELITA

Triage Team Member: RENDEROS, MILI

Triage Team Member: REGNIER, LUZ

School Nurse: DEBIASE, RACHEL

Team Assembly Location

Inside: Nurse office

Outside: Patio Area

Triage Teams Leader

The Triage Team Leader is responsible for oversight and communication related to triage and disaster first aid training, preparation, and planning. The leader will also direct team activities and, in the event of a large-scale emergency impacting the school community, periodically interact with the Operations Section Lead to determine medical needs and planned actions.

Specific duties of the Triage Team Leader may include:

- 1) Ensuring triage areas are set up
- 2) Supporting team members to ensure adequate triaging of the injured
- 3) Ensuring all medical supplies are available for the team
- 4) Ensuring Triage Team performs secondary assessments and appropriate disaster medical care after triage is complete
- 5) Periodically keeping Operations Section Lead informed of overall status
- 6) Ensuring designated school site staff are trained in triage and disaster first aid techniques and priorities

Triage Team Members (Triage, Disaster Medical Assistance)

The members of the Triage Team are responsible for:

- Designating and setting up triage areas, including access for emergency vehicles
- Assessing injuries/performing triage and administering necessary disaster medical aid during a large-scale emergency impacting the school community
- Ensuring that disaster first aid supplies are available
- Setting up triage stations and the temporary morgue, ensuring that all medical supplies/equipment are accessible, including taking these items out during evacuations

3. Incident Command System

- Keeping accurate records of care given and triage tagging each of the injured with name, address, injury, and any treatment rendered
- Reporting critical injuries or deaths immediately to Triage Team Leader
- Recording ambulance transport to hospital information
- Completing the Injury Report

In a large-scale disaster/emergency, it may be a while before patients can be transported for medical care. When possible, have students transported to the nearest emergency department approved for pediatrics (up to age 22) as listed in the Step 4, under Additional Contacts of the online [ISSP](#). It is best to have a staff member accompany each transported student; during an incident with many injuries, that may not be possible. Always note the name and transport destination for each person when they are transported.

Supplies and Equipment for the Triage Team

Note: Staff/team members cannot re-enter buildings to retrieve supplies/equipment that are not stored in the emergency bin. Ensure that equipment is evacuated.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| • Vest or position identifier | • Patient record forms |
| • First aid supplies | • Site map |
| • Non-latex disposable exam gloves | • Injury Report |
| • Triage tags | • Automated External Defibrillators (AED) |
| • Hand-held two-way radios | • Epi-Pen |
| • Stretchers | • Biohazard bag |
| • Blankets | • Sharps container |
| • Wheelchairs | • Student medication |
| • Ground covers, tarps | |

Related Training and Resources

- It is recommended that all Triage Team members have first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)/AED and EpiPen training.
- Online training course STEPS 213, offered through MyPLN.
- Training information regarding CPR/AED and EpiPen is available from the school nurse. Some information CPR/AED information can be found at <https://achieve.lausd.net/aed>; [First Aid \(and CPR\)](#) information is also available.

3.4 School Site Crisis Team

The School Site Crisis Team, is responsible for addressing the mental health needs and social-emotional well-being of all students on campus during an emergency by providing Psychological First Aid (PFA) as needed, in the immediate aftermath of a critical incident or emergency, pursuant to the District's [BUL-5800 Crisis Preparedness, Response and Recovery](#) policy. PFA is an evidence-informed approach for assisting children, adolescents, adults, and families in the

3. Incident Command System

immediate aftermath of a critical incident, disaster, or act of terrorism. PFA is designed to reduce the initial distress caused by traumatic events and to foster short and long-term adaptive functioning.

Assignments

Crisis Team Leader: YOUNG, ALREE

Alternate Team Leader: BRADLEY, LEONARD

Psychological First Aid Team Member (Primary): MAZARIEGOS, PEGGY

Psychological First Aid Team Member (Backup): CERESE, DAWN

Team Assembly Location

Inside: 500 building

Outside: Snack area

Crisis Team Leader

The Team Leader is responsible for directing team activities and periodically interacting with the Operations Section Lead to identify concerns and report status. The Crisis Team Leader is also responsible for assigning personnel as needed, such as the Psychological First Aid Team Members, and ensuring appropriate training is provided. Supplemental online training courses STEPS 212 and 409 are offered through MyPLN.

Psychological First Aid Team Members

The members of the Psychological First Aid Team, with the guidance of the Crisis Team Leader, are responsible for monitoring the social-emotional safety and well-being of the students and staff in designated areas, such as the Assembly Area and Triage Area. Specific duties of the members of the Psychological First Aid members may include:

- Assessing needs and providing Psychological First Aid
- Providing reassurance and support to students
- Updating the number of students and staff in need of support
- Documenting students or staff who may need additional support in the days to weeks following the incident
- Coordinating with Logistics to provide water and food to students and staff when necessary
- Supporting other teams, as needed

Supplies and Equipment for the Psychological First Aid Team Members

- Vest or position identifier
- Hand-held two-way radio
- Ground cover and tarps
- First aid kit

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- Paper, pens/pencils

3.5 Search and Rescue Team

The Search and Rescue (SAR) Team is responsible for preparing and performing search and rescue operations during an emergency when the fire department is delayed due to the nature of the disaster. There may be two or more SAR teams at a school, depending on the size and layout of the site. Each team must have four members, as they work in pairs for safety reasons. Supplemental online training course STEPS 214 is offered through MyPLN.

Assignments

Search and Rescue (SAR) Teams Coordinator: CHOI, SUNG

Alternate SAR Teams Coordinator: LEMUS-RODRIGUEZ, JASMINE

SAR Team 1 Members: KIM, JOANA; GONZALEZ DE TORRES, BERNICE; BRAVO, LUISA; CHOI, CHUNG

SAR Team 2 Members: REGNIER, LUZ; RUIZ, SILVIA; MARROQUIN, ANGELITA; BRASFIELD, JOHN

SAR Team 3 Members: KIM, HYOSUN; OLIVERA MARTINEZ, KAREN; RECINOS, JENNIFER; ARGUETA, HENRY

SAR Team 4 Members: PARK, JOY; KIM, HANNAH; RAHEB, RAMI; CARRILLO, ALEX

Team Assembly Location

Inside: Multipurpose Room (MPR)

Outside: Supply Bin located on basketball court at west end of school yard.

Search and Rescue Teams Coordinator

The Search and Rescue Teams Coordinator assigns each SAR team their specific areas and duties, records findings on maps and in logs, keeps the Operations Section Lead informed of overall status, and coordinates appropriate training. Specific duties of the Search and Rescue Teams Coordinator may include:

- Ensuring that each responding SAR team has four members and that those four members work in pairs for safety reasons)
- Obtaining briefings from the Operations Section Lead, and the Assembly Area Team, noting missing students, identified damage and site hazards, and any other situations requiring SAR response
- Assigning and recording SAR teams based on available team members, maintaining four persons per team
- Updating teams' reports on site map and recording exact location of damage and triage tally

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Search and Rescue Team Leaders

Each Search and Rescue Team Leader is responsible for directing the activities of their assigned SAR team and appraises the SAR Teams Coordinator of the team's status and their findings throughout the search and rescue process. Specific duties of the Search and Rescue Team Leads may include:

- Obtaining briefings from the SAR Coordinator
- Directing search and rescue operations for their assigned team
- Reporting findings to the SAR Teams Coordinator during search and rescue operations.

Search and Rescue Team Members

The members of the Search and Rescue Team are responsible for performing search and rescue operations during an emergency. Specific duties of the members of the SAR Team may include:

- Searching assigned area
- Reporting gas leaks, fires, or structural damage to SAR Team Leader upon discovery
- Rescuing trapped survivors on campus, if it is safe to do so
- Evacuating survivors who need assistance
- Working with the Security/Utilities Team and Fire Suppression/Hazmat Team to shut off gas or extinguish fires as necessary
- Reporting periodically to the Team Leader the location, number, and status/condition of injured or missing survivors
- Conducting pre-established search and rescue patterns, checking each classroom, office, storage room, auditorium and other rooms and outdoor areas which may have survivors
- Sealing off and posting areas where hazardous conditions exist
- Contacting Security/Utilities Team to secure the building from reentry after the search

Supplies and Equipment for Search and Rescue Teams

- | | |
|--|---|
| • Vest or position identifier | • Blankets |
| • Hard hat | • Bolt cutters (for cutting security screens from around windows) |
| • Work and non-latex gloves | • Shovel |
| • Eye protection | • Rope |
| • Dust mask | • Triage tags |
| • Whistle with master keys on neck lanyard | • Bucket or duffel bag |
| • Hand-held two-way radio | • Flashlight |
| • Clipboard with job duties | • Pry bar |
| • Map indicating search plan | • Grease pencil |
| • Fire extinguisher | • Pencils |
| • Water bib key | • Duct tape |

3. Incident Command System

- Caution tape
- Masking tape
- First aid backpack/fanny pack (one team member wears it)

Many of these materials are found in the search and rescue kit, which can be purchased through the LAUSD Warehouse.

3.6 Access and Functional Needs Position

Access and Functional Needs (AFN) position is responsible for ensuring that the needs of students and others on campus who have disabilities or other access or functional needs are considered throughout the ongoing development and execution of this plan. The AFN Team will coordinate activities with the Operations Section as needed. Planning efforts by this team include ensuring the availability of any necessary supplies and equipment and sharing plans and equipment locations with emergency teams and other staff who will further support the individuals with these needs during an emergency. Resources to support this team's work are available at: <http://achieve.lausd.net/afn>.

Assignments

Access and Functional Needs (AFN) Team Member: ESPINO, JINIA

Alternate Access and Functional Needs Position: CHARLIE, CHRISTINE

Assembly Location

Inside: Library, Rooms 114, 211, 311, 410, 510.

Outside: Designated playground areas.

Roles and Responsibilities

The AFN position is responsible for ensuring the safety of students and adults with access and functional needs during drills and emergencies and facilitates the planning and preparation for appropriate support. The AFN position directs assistance activities and coordinates with the Operations Section to identify specific disabilities, access and functional needs of the school population, and also considers the potential needs of visitors. The position is responsible for ensuring that these individuals are safely evacuated and supported during drills and emergencies.

3.7 Security/Utilities Team

The Security/Utilities Team is responsible for the security of the school site and its population during an emergency. The Security/Utilities Team will coordinate activities with the Operations Section as needed. The Security/Utilities Team shuts down heating and air conditioning units, gas, power, and water utilities as necessary to protect students and staff and to minimize damage to school facilities. The team must also coordinate closely with the Reunion Gate Team

3. Incident Command System

for gate access to safely reunite students with their parents or lawful guardians. This team may include campus aides, and members of the custodial and cafeteria staff.

Assignments

Security/Utilities Team Leader: PEREZ, JOSE

Alternate Team Leader: YOUNG, ALREE

Security/Utilities Team Member:

Security/Utilities Team Member:

Team Assembly Location

Inside: Main office

Outside: Patio area

Security/Utilities Team Leader

The Security/Utilities Team Leader is responsible for directing team activities and interacting with the Operations Section Lead to identify problems and report status and coordinates appropriate training. The Security/Utilities Team Lead is also responsible for checking with the Operations Lead to ensure that local utility companies (water, electricity, gas, and sewer) are notified of outages and issues as needed.

Security/Utilities Team Members

The members of the Security/Utilities Team are responsible for securing the school and reporting that the campus is secured. They are also responsible for surveying all utilities and taking appropriate actions to shut off utilities, as needed. Specific duties of the members of the Security/Utilities Team may include:

- Locking all external gates and doors; unlocking some gates when appropriate
- Stationing one team member at the main entrance to the school to direct emergency vehicles to area(s) of need and to greet parents
- Keeping students and staff out of buildings, as necessary
- Assisting at Reunion Gate, as appropriate
- Assessing and reporting damage to school facilities
- Checking water lines and shutting down water supply lines if leaking
- Checking gas meter/lines and, if gas is leaking, shutting down gas supply
- Shutting down electricity only if building has clear structural damage or advised to do so by Command Post

Supplies and Equipment for Security/Utilities Team

- Vest or position identifier

3. Incident Command System

- Hard hat, gloves, and any personal protective equipment
- Master keys
- Hand-held two-way radio
- Copy of the school's emergency procedures
- Large durable signs for providing direction and information
- Utility shut-off tools
- Site maps
- Diagrams of shut-off valves and switches

3.8 Fire Suppression/Hazmat Team

The Fire Suppression and Hazardous Materials (HazMat) Team is responsible for extinguishing small fires and evaluating the potential release of chemicals during an emergency. It is also responsible for evaluating the damages to school property in an emergency. This team will coordinate with the Operations Section. Team members complete the [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#). Operating a fire extinguisher is covered in STEPS 201, available on MyPLN, and is strongly recommended training for this team.

Assignments

Fire Suppression and HazMat Team Leader: LEE, HOON

Alternate Team Leader: LUIZAGA, HAROLD

Fire Suppression and HazMat Team Member: MILES, MATTHEW

Fire Suppression and HazMat Team Member:

Team Assembly Location

Inside: Plant manager's office

Outside: Snack area

Fire Suppression and HazMat Team Leader

The Fire Suppression and HazMat Team Leader is responsible for directing team activities and periodically interacting with Operations to identify problems and report status. The Fire Suppression and HazMat Team Leader is also responsible for gathering the [School/Site Preliminary Damage Reports](#) from the Team Members and having forms readily available to Operations.

Fire Suppression and HazMat Team Members

The members of the Fire Suppression and HazMat Team are responsible for extinguishing small fires, evaluating the potential release of chemicals during an emergency, observing the campus for damage and hazardous conditions, logging and reporting any damage by radio to the Command Post during an emergency. Copies of the [School/Site Preliminary Damage Reports](#) will be submitted to the Team Leader. Specific duties of the members of the Fire Suppression/HazMat Team may include:

3. Incident Command System

- Evaluating potential release of chemicals.
- Maintaining list of chemicals on site with map/storage location specifics.
- Identifying damaged areas on the [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#). Reporting will be supplemented by pictures if appropriate.
- Locating and extinguishing small fires, as necessary. Use the proper extinguisher for the type of fire:
 1. Class A, B or C for ordinary combustibles
 2. Class B or C for fires involving flammable liquids
 3. Class C only for fires involving electrical equipment
- Posting yellow caution tape around damaged or hazardous areas

Supplies and Equipment for the Fire Suppression/HazMat Team

- | | |
|---|---|
| • Vest or position identifier | • Carry bucket or duffel bag with eye protection, flashlight, dust masks, yellow caution tape, and utility shut-off tools |
| • Hard hat, work gloves and personal protective equipment | • Site maps |
| • Fire extinguishers and other fire-fighting equipment | • Absorbent materials |
| • Hand-held two-way radios | • Broom |
| • Master keys on lanyard | • Dustpan |
| • Clipboard with job duties and School/Site Preliminary Damage Report | • Neutralizer |
| | • Hazardous waste labels |

3.9 Assembly Area Team

The Assembly Area Team is responsible for the safe evacuation and accounting of all students and staff during an emergency. The team is also responsible for reporting missing persons to the Operations Section Lead. Operations will then relay reports of missing students to the Search and Rescue Team.

Assignments

Assembly Area Team Leader: YOO, HYON DOUK

Alternate Team Leader: YOON, JULIE

Assembly Area Team Member:

Assembly Area Team Member:

Team Assembly Location

Inside: Main office

Outside: Below patio area

3. Incident Command System

Assembly Area Team Leader

The Assembly Area Team Leader is responsible for directing team activities and periodically interacting with Operations to identify problems and report status. The Assembly Area Team Leader is also responsible for collecting the Missing Persons Report from team members and providing the report to the Incident Commander.

Assembly Area Team Members

The members of the Assembly Area Team are responsible for performing the safe evacuation and accounting of students, staff and visitors during an emergency. Specific duties of the members of the Assembly Area Team may include:

- Obtaining reports of missing students/adults from teachers or other personnel
- Ensuring that students are orderly, stay with their class and are supervised so that they can be found quickly when parents arrive
- Gathering [Missing Persons Report](#) from each teacher and other designated personnel and submitting forms to the Assembly Area Team Leader
- Assisting the Reunion Gate Team as required

Supplies and Equipment for Assembly Area Team

- Copy of Site Plot Plan and Vicinity Map showing designated on and off-site Assembly Areas
- [Injury Reports](#) and [Missing Persons Reports](#)
- Bullhorn
- Clipboard and pens for forms
- List of employees who were on campus (when incident took place)

3.10 Request and Reunion Gate Teams

Request Gate Team

The Request Gate Team is responsible for processing parent requests for student release during an emergency.

Assignments

Request Gate Team Leader: YOO, HYON DOUK

Alternate Team Leader: GRANADOS, FLOR

Request Gate Team Member: OH, SOO

Request Gate Team Member: GRANADOS, FLOR

Team Assembly Location

Outside: Location C (8th Street Double Gates)

Request Gate Team Leader

3. Incident Command System

The Request Gate Team Leader is responsible for directing team activities and periodically interacting with the Operations Section Lead to identify problems and report status, coordinates appropriate training, and ensures that order is maintained at the Request Gate. The Request Gate Team Leader will refer all outside requests for information to the Public Information Officer. Supplemental online training course STEPS 419 is offered through MyPLN.

Request Gate Team Members

The members of the Request Gate Team are responsible for greeting parents/guardians/designees, providing them with the paperwork authorizing the holders to reunite with their students at the Reunion Gate, and checking identification. Specific duties of the members of the Request Gate Team may include:

- Greeting and quickly directing arriving parents, guardians, or designees to the Request Gate.
- Providing reassurance to parents, guardians, or designees and maintaining order. The use of large signs showing the school status and student pick up protocol in all languages is suggested.
- Checking identification of those requesting to pick up students.
- Directing parents or guardians to the Reunion Gate.
- Dispatching student runners to the Assembly Area to escort students whose parents have come to claim them.

Supplies and Equipment for Request Gate Teams

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keys to the Request Gate • Student lists • Office supplies –pens, paper, clipboards, and summons forms, etc. • Signage for parents specifying the process and information needed for pick-up in the languages appropriate for the school | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sign-making materials, including zip ties and tape • Bullhorn • Reunification forms (blue slips) • Yellow caution tape, student runner I.D. lanyards, extra school radios, chalk, etc. |
|---|---|

Mass Reunion Planning

The Request and Reunion Gate Teams need to have an expansion plan for a massive influx of parents. The following activities should be part of every school's Request/Reunion Gate preparedness program:

- Cross-train other teams to assist. When the Search and Rescue Team members are done with their assignment, they may be re-assigned by the Operations Section Lead to assist the Request or Reunion Gate Team.
- Ensure that there are enough supplies (pens, forms, clipboards, etc.) for the additional Request Gate Team members so that additional stations can be opened.

3. Incident Command System

- Have a plan to re-organize the Request Gate to divide the parents into smaller groups. They can be organized by grade level, small learning community or any other criteria that makes sense for the school. Ensure that there are sign-making supplies to allow for reorganization.

Reunion Gate Team

The Reunion Gate Team is responsible for compassionately reuniting parents or guardians with students. Reunion gate personnel should have a plan in place to notify parents about injured or deceased students, a highly sensitive issue. The team checks identification and will keep accurate records of students leaving the campus. Members of the School Site Crisis Team and Security/Utilities Team may be asked to assist the Reunion Gate Team. If a child is injured, it is recommended that the parents be invited to a private or secluded location and, away from others, be informed of their child's condition. It is suggested that a member of the School Site Crisis team stay with the parent and assist them.

Assignments

Reunion Gate Team Leader: YOON, JULIE

Alternate Team Leader: RUIZ, LETICIA

Reunion Gate Team Member: SANG, LESLIE

Reunion Gate Team Member:

Team Assembly Location

Outside: Location C (8th Street Double Gates)

Reunion Gate Team Leader

The Reunion Gate Team Leader is responsible for directing team activities and periodically interacting with the Operations Section to identify problems, request additional personnel, report status, and ensure order is maintained at the Reunion Gate. The Reunion Gate Team Leader will refer all media or other outside requests for information to the Public Information Officer. The Reunion Gate Team Leader is also responsible for collecting the Student Release Log from the Team Members and should have the forms readily available to Operations.

Reunion Gate Team Members

The members of the Reunion Gate Team are responsible for greeting parents, guardians, or designees and reuniting them with their students at the designated Reunion Gate. Specific duties of the members of the Reunion Gate Team may include:

- Greeting parents, guardians, or designees at the Reunion Gate and maintaining order

3. Incident Command System

- Verifying identification and authenticity of reunification forms
- Confirming students recognize the authorized adults who come to claim them and requiring adult to sign student out of school
- Completing Student Release Log and submitting them to the Reunion Gate Team Leader

Supplies and Equipment

- Hand-held two-way radios
- Tables and chairs
- Office supplies –pens, paper, clipboards, release forms, yellow tape, hanging clips, etc.
- Student rosters with class schedules
- Flashlights
- Keys to the Reunion Gate
- Student Release Log

3.11 Supply/Equipment Team

The Supply/Equipment Team is responsible for ensuring the availability and delivery of adequate supplies and equipment during an emergency. The team members should be familiar with emergency supplies cached in the emergency bin and any other campus location.

Assignments

Supply/Equipment Team Leader: LEMUS-RODRIGUEZ, JASMINE

Alternate Team Leader: OH, SOO

Supply/Equipment Team Member:

Supply/Equipment Team Member:

Team Assembly Location

Inside: MPR

Outside: By supply bin

Supply/Equipment Team Leader

The Supply/Equipment Team Leader is responsible for directing team activities and keeping the Logistics Coordinator informed of overall status. Specific duties of the Supply/Equipment Team Leader may include:

- Reporting equipment and supply needs
- Estimating the number of persons requiring food/shelter/care
- Working with the Planning & Intelligence Coordinator to determine the length of time care will be needed
- Conducting periodic inventory of emergency supplies, before and during a disaster
- Advocating for additional supplies before a disaster, as needed

3. Incident Command System

Supply/Equipment Team Members

The members of the Supply/Equipment Team are responsible for assessing the adequacy of available water, food, sanitation, and other supplies and organizing the distribution of resources for immediate use. Specific duties of the members of the Supply/Equipment Team may include:

- Distributing emergency water and food supplies
- Supporting the hygiene team as necessary, to set up and maintain sanitation stations
- Confirming supply/equipment needs for any persons with special needs fulfilled
- Controlling conservation of water

Supplies and Equipment for Supply/Equipment Team

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hand-held two-way radio • Keys • Bullhorn • Emergency water supplies - water carriers, cups, hand pumps, etc. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency food supplies • Temporary power supplies • Sanitation supplies • Care and shelter supplies, including mylar blankets and pop-up canopies |
|--|---|

3.12 Hygiene Team

The Hygiene Team works under the Logistics Section Lead and is responsible for providing all necessary sanitation-related support.

Assignments

Hygiene Team Member:

Alternate Team Leader:

Hygiene Team Member:

Hygiene Team Member:

Team Assembly Location

Inside:

Outside:

Roles and Responsibilities

The Hygiene Team will oversee and maintain overall cleanliness during emergencies. Specific duties may include:

- Monitor and resupply handwashing stations

3. Incident Command System

- Emptying and cleaning bucket toilets
- Disinfecting equipment

3.13 Transportation Support Position

The Transportation Support position works under the Logistics Section Lead and is responsible for coordinating bus transportation needs from the school if an off-site relocation or other transportation is necessary. Local District Operations may also assist with this task. The position needs to also coordinate with the receiving site.

Assignments

Transportation Support Staff Member: RALLION, MARIE FRANCE

Alternate Transportation Support Staff Member: YOON, JULIE

Assembly Location: Command Post

Roles and Responsibilities

The Transportation Support position is responsible for coordinating transportation assets and planning for an off-site relocation from the school. Specific duties may include:

- Periodically communicating with the Logistics Section Lead to provide updates as needed.
- Communicating to the Transportation Division the total number of students and staff to transport, number of people needing wheelchair tie-downs, lifts, or other specialized support, if space is needed to transport necessary supplies and the exact pick-up and drop-off locations.
- Working with the receiving site and providing details about the number of people relocating and any assistance needed with supplies and services that the evacuating school cannot provide.
- Acquiring from the receiving site the specific location on campus where the evacuated school will be housed, where buses should drop-off, and what gate will be used for reunification.
- Ensuring that a plan is in place and carried out to transport the School Emergency Response Box containing emergency cards and other essential records, first aid kits, food from the cafeteria, and other necessary items.
- Assist with the plan for systematic loading and unloading of students and supplies.
- Assist with clearing the campus as needed.
- Maintaining documents related to off-site evacuation.

Supplies and Equipment for the Transportation Support position

- Landline and/or cell phone
- Handheld two-way radio
- Map of area showing school and off-site relocation site(s)

3. Incident Command System

- Student rosters showing attendance, assigned to a bus number
classes and emergency information

3.14 Documentation/Communications Position

The Documentation/ Communications Position works under the Planning and Intelligence Section Lead and is responsible for maintaining a log of all emergency developments and response actions, and other necessary documentation. These records are extremely important to document what actions were taken by the school in response to the emergency.

Assignments

Documentation Staff Member: RALLION, MARIE FRANCE

Alternate Documentation Staff Member: YOON, JULIE

Assembly Location: Command Post

Roles and Responsibilities

The Documentation/Communication position will maintain a log of the incident, noting all actions and reports, and filing them for reference. This position will also collect, organize, and analyze situation information and provide periodic updates. Specific duties may include:

- Periodically communicating with the Planning and Intelligence Section Lead for updates.
- Documenting all communications with the Local District Operations Center (LDOC) and outside agencies.
- Recording the number of students, staff, and others on campus and updating it periodically.
- Reporting missing persons, and documenting site damage, injuries, and medical needs with the Incident Commander.
- Ensuring that accurate records are kept of all staff members, indicating hours worked.
- Supporting the Incident Commander in making any purchases and keeping track of the cost.
- Filing, maintaining, and securing all emergency documentation.
- Monitoring email, internet, radio, and television news (as available) for general information about the emergency.
- Monitoring social media for information, including rumor control and misinformation.
- Sending Blackboard Connect messages to parents and staff.
- Sending updates on social media accounts maintained by the school.
- Updating site maps as reports and other information are received.
- Preserving maps as legal documents.
- Using area map to record information on major incidents such as road closures, utility outages, etc. that may impact the campus.
- Developing situation reports for the Incident Command Team.

Supplies and Equipment for the Documentation/Communications Position

3. Incident Command System

- Hand-held two-way radios
- File boxes
- Paper, pens, markers
- Chart paper and/or mobile white board
- AM-FM battery/solar radios
- [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#)
- Maps of event by the hour
- Access to Blackboard Connect, internet, cell phones, etc.
- Laptop, Tablet, and/or cell phone with internet access
- Large site map of campus, laminated or covered with plastic
- Map of county or local area

3.15 Staff Accounting Position

The Staff Accounting position works under the Finance & Administration Section Lead and is responsible for maintaining accurate emergency time records for all site-based and itinerant employees. These records are extremely important to accurately portray costs of the disaster and for potential financial recovery documentation.

Assignments

Staff Accounting Staff Member: RALLION, MARIE FRANCE

Alternate Staff Accounting Staff Member: YOON, JULIE

Assembly Location: Command Post

Roles and Responsibilities

The Staff Accounting position will maintain time records for site-based and itinerant employees and file them for reference. Specific duties may include:

- Periodically communicating with the Finance and Administration Section Lead to provide updates as needed.
- Keeping accurate time records of all staff members, indicating employee name, employee number, and hours/times worked specifically to address the disaster.
- Ensuring that District employees who are on site but do not usually time report to the school are accurately accounted for.
- Periodically communicating with Reunion Gate staff for records of all staff leaving or returning to campus.
- Filing, maintaining, and securing staff accounting documentation.

Supplies and Equipment for the Staff Accounting position

- File boxes
- Paper, pens, clipboards
- Employee timecards
- [Blank timecards for certificated and classified staff](#)
- Staff off-campus sign-in/out log
- Supplemental Attendance Report forms
- [Time Reporting Instructions for Emergency Work](#)

3. Incident Command System

- List of Disaster Overtime Program Codes

3.16 Cost Accounting Position

The Cost Accounting position works under the Finance & Administration Section Lead and is responsible for maintaining a fiscal record of all school expenditures related to the disaster. Records include any supplies and equipment used, purchased, or rented by the school during the disaster as well as donations to the school during the disaster.

Assignments

Cost Accounting Staff Member: RALLION, MARIE FRANCE

Alternate Cost Accounting Staff Member: YOON, JULIE

Assembly Location: Command Post

Roles and Responsibilities

The Cost Accounting position will maintain records for supplies and equipment site-based and itinerant employees and file them for reference. Specific duties may include:

- Periodically communicating with the Finance and Administration Section Lead to provide updates as needed.
- Maintaining cumulative site disaster cost records.
- Collecting and recording all cost data.
- Ensuring that inventory of expended emergency supplies is maintained.
- Periodically communicating with the Supply/Equipment Team and Cafeteria Manager for updated inventory.
- Maintaining inventory and receipts of all items donated to the school during the disaster.
- Filing, maintaining, and securing cost accounting documentation.

Supplies and Equipment for the Cost Accounting position

- File boxes
- Paper, pens, clipboards, calculators
- Access to spreadsheet software and laptop
- Emergency supplies inventories

3.17 Emergency Supplies and Equipment

It is the responsibility of site administration to develop and implement plans to provide at school a minimum of a 72-hour supply of emergency water, food, first aid, search and rescue, sanitation and other emergency supplies and equipment, as listed under each emergency team. Emergency supplies will be maintained in each classroom and in a centralized emergency

3. Incident Command System

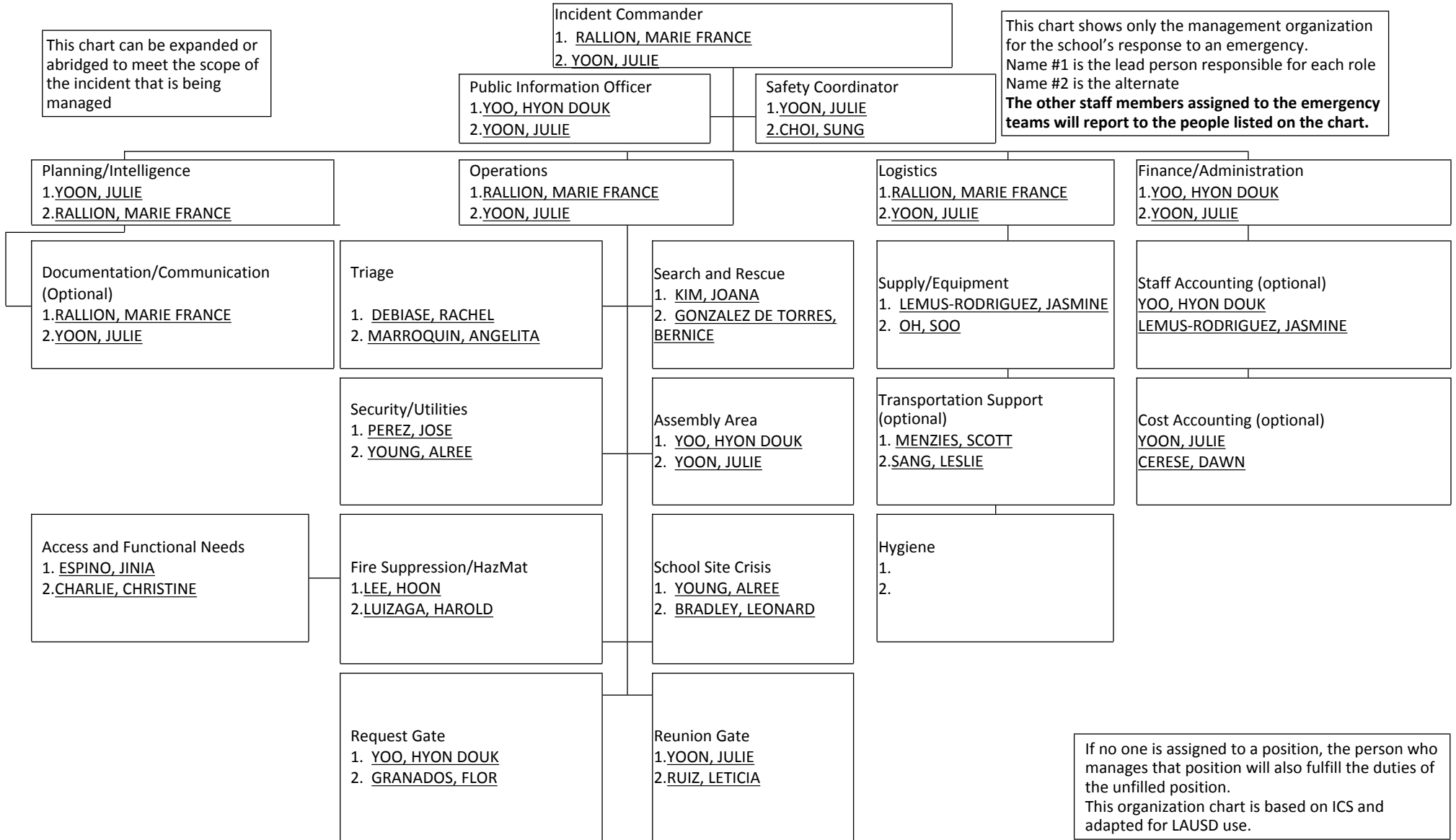
container outdoors location: Bins are located on the West end of the playground next to the delivery gate, adjacent to the 300 building staircase..

Emergency supply checklists are found in the ISSP appendices and the [REF-5451 School Site Emergency/Disaster Supplies](#). Some recommendations regarding emergency food are available in the [Food for Emergencies](#) document.

During an emergency, schools may not have access to electronic data and must instead refer to printed records. Schools should be prepared with critical printed materials; these are stored in the School Emergency Response Box (SERB) which is a central location for storing essential student records and other information needed to effectively manage a critical incident. It serves as a central portable emergency repository for critical information that can be easily accessed and used during an emergency or shared with first responders. Please access [REF-5450 School Emergency Response Boxes](#) for more details.

3.18 School ICS Organization Chart

WILTON PLACE ELEMENTARY ICS ORGANIZATION CHART



The Incident Command System

Note: This Organization Chart is based on ICS, and adapted for LAUSD use. The Principal and School Safety Planning Committee should use discretion in making further modifications to address specific needs of the school. The first name in the box represents the primary responsible person; the second name denotes the backup.

3. Incident Command System

3.19 School Site Crisis Team Chart

This chart shows the School Site Crisis Team organization, with positions, roles and responsibilities. Alternate staff are to be identified for each team member in the event of an absence.

POSITION	ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES	LEAD	ALTERNATE
Incident Commander	During a crisis, directs all crisis operations, verifies facts, contacts LD, and coordinates all crisis response & intervention services.	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	YOON, JULIE
Crisis Team Lead	Coordinates all crisis team response, including triage, assessment, and crisis counseling for students, staff, & parents.	YOUNG, ALREE	BRADLEY, LEONARD
Public Information Officer (PIO)	School spokesperson for an incident. Includes preparing Blackboard Connect and other communications for staff and parents, identification of media locations and updates.	YOO, HYON DOUK	YOON, JULIE
Psychological First Aid	Provides psychological/emotional support and crisis counseling for students, staff, & parents.	MAZARIEGOS, PEGGY	CERESE, DAWN
Triage	Ensures supplies are accessible, evacuates and stages supplies, performs triage and provides medical assistance.	DEBIASE, RACHEL	MARROQUIN, ANGELITA
Security	Ensures school site security, secures gates, and performs short-term repairs and shutoff of utilities, as necessary.	PEREZ, JOSE	YOUNG, ALREE
Request Gate	Processes requests for student pick-up.	YOO, HYON DOUK	GRANADOS, FLOR
Reunion Gate	Reunites students and parents at Reunion Gate.	YOON, JULIE	RUIZ, LETICIA
Logistics	Provides all incident support needs such as facilities, transportation, communications, supplies/equipment, and food services; includes adjusting schedules and menus, as needed.	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	YOON, JULIE
Communications	Maintains log of incident actions and all documents associated with the emergency; maintains status board of incident actions, monitors phone calls, television, radio, and social media for information.	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	YOON, JULIE

***The designated Crisis Team Leader and PIO should maintain ongoing communication and collaboration with the Incident Commander throughout the crisis response.**

3. Incident Command System

3.20 School Site Suicide/Threat Assessment Team Chart

This chart identifies the members of the suicide/threat assessment team and their responsibilities at the school site. Alternate staff are to be identified for each team member in the event of an absence.

POSITION	ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES	LEAD	ALTERNATE
Administrator (Principal, Assistant Principal, or Administrative Designee)	Takes charge of the suicide/threat risk incident, convenes the Suicide/Threat Assessment Team, designates specific roles to team members (securing campus safety, assessment, gathering information, documentation, etc.). Coordinates all information, referrals, safety planning, and monitoring.	KIM, JUNG	BRADLEY, LEONARD
Mental Health Professional /Suicide/Threat Prevention Liaison (For Student Suicide/Threat Risk Assessment: Psychiatric Social Worker, PSA Counselor, School Psychologist)	Assists with the risk assessment, gathering background information, including interviews and statements from the person of interest & witnesses. Identified as the Suicide/Threat Prevention Liaison. Brings mental health and trauma expertise in working with students & families.	MAZARIEGOS, PEGGY	YOON, JULIE
LD Operations Coordinator/LASPD	Responds to situations of risk of violence to self or others. Provides technical support and consultation for assessments prior to and during the Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team meeting.	Jung Hae Kim	Leonard Bradley

3. Incident Command System

3.21 School Emergency Contacts Chart

This chart provides Emergency Team Contact information used by School Police to contact school site administrators and key staff in the event of an emergency:

TITLE	NAME	WORK NUMBER
Principal	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	(213) 389-1181
Assistant Principal 1	YOON, JULIE	(213) 389-1181(213) 389-1181
Assistant Principal 2	YOUNG, ALREE	(323) 937-7223
Assistant Principal 3		
Assistant Principal 4		
Administrative Assistant	YOO, HYON DOUK	(213) 389-1181
Cafeteria Manager	MEYER, MICHAEL	(323) 255-6511
Financial Manager	YOO, HYON DOUK	(213) 389-1181
Plant Manager	PEREZ, JOSE	(818) 340-6677
Custodian	ASHLEY, BRYANT	(323) 901-2433
Custodian Closest to Site	CABRALES PINEDA, ROBERTO	(213) 389-1181
First Person on Campus in AM	PEREZ, JOSE	(818) 340-6677
Last Person on Campus in PM	CABRALES PINEDA, ROBERTO	(213) 389-1181

3. Incident Command System

Charter School Emergency Contacts Chart - MAGNOLIA SCIENCE ACADEMY #6

This chart provides Emergency Team Contact information used by School Police to contact school site administrators and key staff in the event of an emergency:

Title/Role	Name	Work Number
Principal	CHOE, JAMES	(310) 842-8555
Assistant Principal 1		
Assistant Principal 2		
Administrative Assistant		
Financial Manager		
School Nurse or Contact for On-Site Health Emergencies		
First person on campus in AM		
Last person on campus in PM		

3. Incident Command System

3.22 School ICS and Emergency Teams

Details of team roles and responsibilities are located in the Emergency Teams section of the Online Integrated Safe School Plan.

POSITION	ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES	SECTION LEAD	ALTERNATE
Incident Commander	Directs all emergency operations, verifies facts, contacts LD, and coordinates all response actions.	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	YOON, JULIE
Safety Coordinator	Ensures that all emergency operations are conducted safely.	YOON, JULIE	CHOI, SUNG
Public Information Officer (PIO)	Official spokesperson for an incident. Prepares Blackboard Connect and other communications for staff and parents, identifies media locations and updates.	YOO, HYON DOUK	YOON, JULIE
Operations Section Lead	Manages all tactical operations at an incident.	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	YOON, JULIE
Planning Section Lead	Collects and evaluates information, analyzing for impact to school.	YOON, JULIE	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE
Logistics Section Lead	Provides all incident support needs such as transportation, communications, supplies/equipment, and food services.	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	YOON, JULIE
Finance/Administration Section Lead	Manages all financial aspects and documentation of an incident.	YOO, HYON DOUK	YOON, JULIE

Title/Role	Name
Triage Team	Reports to Operations Section Lead
Team Leader	DEBIASE, RACHEL
Member 2/Alternate Leader	MARROQUIN, ANGELITA
Member 3	RENDEROS, MILI
Member 4	REGNIER, LUZ
School Site Crisis Team	Reports to Operations Section Lead
Team Leader	YOUNG, ALREE
Member 2/Alternate Leader	BRADLEY, LEONARD
Member 3	MAZARIEGOS, PEGGY
Member 4	CERESE, DAWN
Search and Rescue (SAR) Teams Coordinator	Reports to Operations Section Lead
SAR Coordinator	CHOI, SUNG

3. Incident Command System

SAR Alternate Coordinator	LEMUS-RODRIGUEZ, JASMINE
Search and Rescue Team 1	Reports to SAR Teams Coordinator
Team leader	KIM, JOANA
Member 2/Alternate Leader	GONZALEZ DE TORRES, BERNICE
Member 3	BRAVO, LUISA
Member 4	CHOI, CHUNG
Search and Rescue Team 2	Reports to SAR Teams Coordinator
Team Leader	REGNIER, LUZ
Member 2/Alternate Leader	RUIZ, SILVIA
Member 3	MARROQUIN, ANGELITA
Member 4	BRASFIELD, JOHN
Search and Rescue Team 3	Reports to SAR Teams Coordinator
Team Leader	KIM, HYOSUN
Member 2/Alternate Leader	OLIVERA MARTINEZ, KAREN
Member 3	RECINOS, JENNIFER
Member 4	ARGUETA, HENRY
Search and Rescue Team 4	Reports to SAR Teams Coordinator
Team Leader	PARK, JOY
Member 2/Alternate Leader	KIM, HANNAH
Member 3	RAHEB, RAMI
Member 4	CARRILLO, ALEX
Access and Functional Needs Position	Reports to Operations Section Lead
Team Leader	ESPINO, JINIA
Member 2/Alternate Leader	CHARLIE, CHRISTINE
Security / Utilities Team	Reports to Operations Section Lead
Team Leader	PEREZ, JOSE
Member 2/Alternate Leader	YOUNG, ALREE
Member 3	
Member 4	
Fire Suppression / HazMat Team	Reports to Operations Section Lead
Team Leader	LEE, HOON
Member 2/Alternate Leader	LUIZAGA, HAROLD
Member 3	MILES, MATTHEW
Member 4	
Assembly Area Team	Reports to Operations Section Lead
Team Leader	YOO, HYON DOUK
Member 2/Alternate Leader	YOON, JULIE

3. Incident Command System

Member 3	
Member 4	
Request Gate Team	Reports to Operations Section Lead
Team Leader	YOO, HYON DOUK
Member 2/Alternate Leader	GRANADOS, FLOR
Member 3	OH, SOO
Member 4	GRANADOS, FLOR
Reunion Gate Team	Reports to Operations Section Lead
Team Leader	YOON, JULIE
Member 2/Alternate Leader	RUIZ, LETICIA
Member 3	SANG, LESLIE
Member 4	
Supply / Equipment Team	Reports to Logistics Section Lead
Team Leader	LEMUS-RODRIGUEZ, JASMINE
Member 2/Alternate Leader	OH, SOO
Member 3	
Member 4	
Hygiene Team	Reports to Logistics Section Lead
Team Leader	
Member 2/Alternate Leader	
Member 3	
Member 4	
Transportation Position	Reports to Logistics Section Lead
Team Leader	MENZIES, SCOTT
Member 2/Alternate Leader	SANG, LESLIE
Documentation / Communication Position	Reports to Planning Section Lead
Team Leader	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE
Member 2/Alternate Leader	YOON, JULIE
Staff Accounting Position	Reports to Finance/Admin Section Lead
Team Leader	YOO, HYON DOUK
Member 2/Alternate Leader	LEMUS-RODRIGUEZ, JASMINE
Cost Accounting Position	Reports to Finance/Admin Section Lead
Team Leader	YOON, JULIE
Member 2/Alternate Leader	CERESE, DAWN
Manager of School Emergency Response Box	Delivers Box Contents to Command Post As Needed
Team Leader	SANG, LESLIE

3. Incident Command System

Member 2/Alternate Leader	WILLIAMS, MACOMIE
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4. Training and Exercises

4. Training and Exercises

4.1 District Documents Concerning Emergencies

All school staff shall be trained on the plan (CA E.C. § 32280). Everyone involved in the plan needs to know their roles and responsibilities before, during, and after an emergency. The Training and Exercises section describes the critical training and exercise activities the school will use in support of the plan. This includes the core training objectives and frequency to ensure that all staff members, as well as students, parents, and community representatives understand emergency roles, responsibilities, and expectations. This section also establishes the expected frequency of exercises to be conducted by the school. Content may be influenced based on similar requirements at the District and/or local jurisdiction level. Exercises may range from basic fire and shelter in place drills to full-scale community-wide drills that realistically portray an emergency event and show the role the school plays in school District and municipal planning.

4.2 Training and Exercises

For additional context for school site trainings, access LAUSD documents relevant to school emergencies on the [LAUSD Emergency Documents](#) page of the Office of Emergency Management (OEM) website.

4.3 Emergency Drills

To be adequately prepared, emergency drills should be executed and then documented at <http://emergencydrills.lausd.net>. Training for all emergency procedures can be found through the STEPS program on MyPLN. The [REF-5803 Emergency Procedures, Drills and Districtwide Exercises](#) has more information on emergency response actions and required emergency drills. Five types of emergency drills are required as indicated in the table below, along with the required frequencies by school level. Schools are encouraged to foster relationships with and invite first responders to participate in drills. Schools must also participate in the radio test described in 4.3.6 below.

4. Training and Exercises

Drill Frequency Table:

Type	Elementary	Middle	Sr. High and Adult
<i>Fire</i>	First week of school until proficient, then once per month at minimum, including summer school.	First week of school until proficient, then once per month at minimum, including summer school.	First week of school until proficient, then once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Lockdown</i>	Within the first 30 days once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Within the first 30 days once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Earthquake (Drop, Cover, Hold On)</i>	Once per month at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month at minimum, including summer school.	Once per month at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Shelter in Place</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester at minimum, including summer school.
<i>Take Cover</i>	Oral review or drill once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester at minimum, including summer school.	Oral review or drill once per semester at minimum, including summer school.

Note: Review with only staff once per semester, the Rapid Relocation procedures for active shooter incidents meeting the specific criteria in [BUL-5469 Lockdown and Rapid Relocation Procedures For All Schools](#).

4.3.1 Fire Drill

Signal:

(Most sites) Series of three and one half second pulses of electronic emergency horns, followed by a short pause; sequence repeats for at least three minutes.

For most fires, there is no Public Address (PA) system announcement, but the following drill announcement may be used preceding the fire alarm:

"Your attention, please. This is a fire drill. We need to evacuate all buildings when you hear the alarm. Teachers are to take their students and rosters to the Assembly Area and report to their designated section. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have exited."

Fire Drill Procedures

(Review additional courses of action taken during an actual emergency and which may be practiced during drills and are listed in Section 6, Functional Annexes. These include Accounting for All Persons, All Clear, Evacuate Building, Notifications and Student Reunification.)

4. Training and Exercises

Classroom Actions:

1. Please refer to the evacuation map in your classroom. If the room does not have a map, please contact the principal.
2. Familiarize yourself with the route your class will take before the drill begins.
3. When the signal is given, have students form a single line outside the classroom (Form a double line for large classes).
4. Check to see that all students are out of the classroom. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Take student roster and close all doors to prevent the spread of smoke or fire.
5. Have students walk quietly in single file to the Assembly Area. Teachers should walk at the rear of the line.
6. Have students form a single or double line in the designated Assembly Area.
7. Take and report attendance.
8. Wait for the “all clear” announcement or other signal and then return quietly to your classroom in single file.

All other personnel (not assigned to any emergency team): Report to Assembly Area for further instructions.

4.3.2 Earthquake Drill

An earthquake drill is held to provide maximum protection in case of earthquake or other emergency where the risk of flying or falling debris is present. There is typically no advance warning or signal given. In practice drills, teachers should supervise students and be alert to the position of each student during the entire drill.

Signal:

The signal for the drill is the following PA announcement.

“Your attention, please. This is a drill. As you are aware, we are experiencing some seismic activity. For everyone’s protection, all students should follow drop, cover, and hold on procedures, which means you should be in a protected position under a table or desk, away from windows and anything that could fall and hurt you. Hold this position until the shaking stops or you are given further instructions. This is a drill.”

Indoor Earthquake Drill Procedures

Classroom Actions:

(Review additional courses of action taken during an actual emergency and which may be practiced during drills and are listed in Section 6, Functional Annexes. These include Accounting for All Persons, All Clear, Drop, Cover and Hold on, Evacuate Building, Notifications and Student Reunification.)

1. Initiate the DROP, COVER and HOLD ON action as described in Section 6.3.
2. Drop to knees facing away from windows.
3. Get under desks or tables and hold on to the furniture where possible.

4. Training and Exercises

4. Fold body onto floor with arms close to knees.
5. Place head as far as is possible between knees and grasp furniture leg; cover the crown of the head with the other hand.
6. Stay in this position until shaking stops.
7. Students will evacuate using the safest route or evacuation routes practiced during the fire drill. The students are gathered in the Assembly Area and line up in the designated space. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.

Outdoor Earthquake Drill Procedures

1. Stay clear of buildings, power lines, light poles, etc.
2. Drop to the ground, cover head if possible and hold onto a stable object if available. If stable object is unavailable, place head as far as is possible between knees and cover crown of the head with hands
3. Remain clear of obstacles and wait until the situation stabilizes and designated staff member gives all clear. Move to the emergency Assembly Area. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.

If an earthquake occurs during non-classroom hours i.e., passing periods, recess, or lunch, all persons will proceed to the Assembly Area and line up in the designated space. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.

4.3.3 Lockdown Drill

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or directed by law enforcement, and it is necessary to prevent the perpetrator from entering any occupied campus areas. This action is to secure the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

During a lockdown, students are to always remain in the locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

Signal:

The signal for the drill is the following PA announcement.

“Your attention please. This is a drill. There is a threat to your safety near the school and we are implementing a lockdown. For everyone’s protection, all students should go into to the nearest classroom and lock the door. You should be in a protected position, away from doors and windows and anything that can hurt you. Hold this position until you are given further instructions. This is a drill.”

Lockdown Drill Procedures

Classroom Actions:

4. Training and Exercises

(Review additional courses of action taken during an actual emergency and which may be practiced during drills and are listed in Section 6, Functional Annexes. These include [Accounting for All Persons](#), [All Clear](#), [Lockdown](#) and [Notifications](#).)

1. When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms. Ensure that classroom doors are locked.
2. Redirect any students in hallways or outdoors into the nearest classroom.
3. Physical education classes will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room and follow the lockdown actions described below.
4. Move students to the most protected areas in the room and lock the door.
5. Have students stay away from doors and windows and sit on the floor (in some instances).
6. Close and lock all doors and windows. Cover all windows, including those in the door or adjacent sidelights by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or covering with paper.
7. Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silence cell phones. All personnel must remain in the classroom until further instructions are received from official sources.
8. Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
9. Remain in the secured room with all doors and windows locked, window blinds drawn, and lights off until further instructions are received from official sources.

4.3.4 Shelter In Place Drill

A Shelter in Place indicates an emergency that requires students and staff to remain inside.

Signal:

The signal for the “Shelter in Place” drill is the following PA announcement.

“Your attention, please. This is a drill. Because we have received information regarding a hazard in the community, we are instituting shelter in place procedures. Remember, this means students and staff are to remain inside the building away from outside air with windows and doors securely closed and heating and air conditioning units turned off. Please cover any cracks under door or around the windows with towels. Cover any vents to the outside. All students and staff that are outside are to immediately move to the protection of an inside room. As soon as we have further information, we will share it with you. This is a drill.”

Shelter in Place Drill Procedures

1. When the announcement has been given, all classes will remain in their rooms.
2. Direct any students in hallways into the nearest classroom.
3. Physical education classes or other classes meeting outdoors will proceed into the gym, auditorium, or multi-purpose room.
4. Move students to the most protected areas in the room.
5. Have students face away from windows and keep their backs toward windows.

4. Training and Exercises

6. Close all doors and windows and move students away from any sources of outside air. If possible, cover windows by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or pulling shades.
7. Turn off Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning units/systems if advised.
8. Cover any vents or holes with posters, paper, or plastic. Use wet paper towels to fill gaps under doors or windows. Block the exchange of air to the outside by putting laminated posters over vents.
9. Turn off gas, lights, power equipment, and appliances. All personnel must remain in the shelter area until further instructions are received from official sources.
10. Take and report attendance, as possible. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.

4.3.5 Take Cover Drill

This action provides protection during hazards such as a bomb blast, explosion, airplane crash, gas storage tank explosion, or shooting incident. There is typically no advance warning or signal given.

Indoor Take Cover Procedures

1. Drop to the knees with back to a window, place head in lap and clasp hands behind the neck.
2. Wait quietly for further instructions. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.

Outdoor Take Cover Procedures

1. Seek any type of protection (curb, bench, ditch, gutter, etc.).
2. Drop to ground with back to hazard and clasp hands behind the neck.
3. Remain in this position until the immediate danger passes and seek more protective cover if necessary. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.

4.3.6 Radio Communications Test

Radio communications tests take place on the third Tuesday in October and the third Tuesday in March each year to ensure that the radio equipment and communications systems are working properly. The communications test follows the same procedures that will be used in an actual emergency. In an emergency when phone lines are inoperable, the Districtwide radio network is used to compile information about significant damages and injuries at each site. Using this information, the District can properly assess the impact of an emergency, request help from other agencies, and properly assign resources and assistance to those sites with the greatest needs.

Schools are identified as either Reporting, Base or Directly Contacted schools which determines how the school will participate in the radio test and how they will communicate during actual emergencies.

4. Training and Exercises

Specific drill dates and the link to the most current Emergency Radio Communication Tree can be found at <https://achieve.lausd.net/radiounit> and on the OEM [Drills and Exercises](#) webpage. Schools should be very familiar with the Radio Tree and participate in the radio test each semester. After participating in each semester's radio test, schools are required to complete the evaluation: <http://emergencydrills.lausd.net>.

5. Authorities and References

5. Authorities and References

This section contains a list of laws, statutes, ordinances, executive orders, regulations, and formal agreements relevant to emergencies. It provides for the succession of decision-making authority and operational control to ensure that critical emergency functions can be performed in the absence of the school administrator.

5.1 Legal Requirements

California E. C. § 32280-32288 - Requires a comprehensive school safety plan developed with first responder input, identifying appropriate safety strategies relevant to the needs and resources of the school. It requires specific representatives from the school and community to be involved in the planning process, an update of the plan annually, and the adoption of emergency procedures and policies. Requires that school safety plans include (among other items) disaster procedures and an earthquake procedure system including protective measures to be taken during an earthquake, and detailed “drop” procedures. Also requires training of school staff on the plan.

California E. C. § 35295-35297 - Specifies the components of the earthquake emergency procedure system for schools of more than 50 students, public and private: a school building disaster plan; a drop, cover, and hold on procedure; protective measures to be taken before, during, and after an earthquake; and a program for training students and staff in the adopted earthquake system.

California E. C. § 35294.1 - School safety plans may include an action plan with input from law enforcement and may determine the fiscal impact of implementing the plan. School safety plans are to be created using existing resources and are not to be developed with private consultants.

California Code of Regulations § 560 - School principals are to formulate the disaster preparedness plan and submit it annually to the Superintendent for approval. Schools are required to test the plan twice a year, not including fire drills.

5.2 Other Related Laws

California Government Code § 3100 (Disaster Service Workers’ Act) - All public personnel, including school District employees and charter school employees, can be declared Disaster Service Workers. As Disaster Service Workers, employees can be held at the work site and assigned disaster relief activities to perform until released during a disaster declared by the President or the Governor or proclaimed by the Mayor.

California Field Act of 1933 – Specifies stricter building codes for and more frequent inspections of public-school buildings. It applies to new construction of school buildings and later was amended to include mandatory retrofitting of older, existing school buildings.

California E.C. § 32040 - Requires each school to have a first aid kit.

5. Authorities and References

California E. C. § 3200 - Schools must have a fire alarm system and sound the alarm and conduct a fire drill at least once every calendar month at elementary schools, at least four times a year intermediate, and not less than twice a year at secondary schools.

California E. C. § 215 (as added by AB 2246) - Requires school districts to implement a pupil suicide prevention policy and develop a training for all District employees to increase awareness about suicide. The policy must address high-risk (vulnerable) students, including youth bereaved by suicide, youth with disabilities, youth with mental illness or substance disorders, youth experiencing homelessness or in out-of-home settings such as foster care, and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth.

California C.C.R. Title 19 Division 1 Chapter 1 - establishes minimum standards for the prevention of fire and for the protection of life and property against fire, explosion, and panic.

California C.C.R. Title 8 Section 3221 - sets forth the procedures for Fire Protection Systems.

California C.C.R. Title 24 Division 1 – adopts the California Fire Code as part of the Code of Regulations. Also referred to as the California Building Standards Code.

5.3 LAUSD Related Policy

LAUSD policies and guidance documents regarding emergencies can be found on the Office of Emergency Management website: [LAUSD Emergency Documents](#).

6. Functional Annexes

6. Functional Annexes

Functional annexes focus on critical operational functions and the courses of action developed to carry them out, independent of the threat or hazard requiring response. While these functions should be described separately, it is important to remember that many functions will occur consecutively and that multiple functions may be performed concurrently. For example, during an evacuation, once students are safely out of the building, the accounting for students, staff, and visitors function will begin. The evacuation function, however, will still be in effect as staff or first responders work to locate and evacuate any persons not accounted for.

Note: Only the Superintendent of the School District has the authority to cancel or close any LAUSD school.

Training for all emergency procedures can be found through the STEPS program on MyPLN. The [LAUSD Staff/Responder Emergency Plan app](#) is also available and includes 21 categories of emergency response procedures, all taken from the ISSP template.

The [REF-5803 Emergency Procedures, Drills and Districtwide Exercises](#) contains detailed information on emergency response actions and required emergency drills.

6.1 Accounting for all Persons

This action is taken to account for the whereabouts and well-being of all students, staff members and visitors and is one of the first tasks that must be accomplished in any emergency.

Note: The below procedures are used to account for everyone after evacuating from school buildings. Schools should plan how to acquire this information, including accounting for visitors during a lockdown, shelter in place, or another emergency where everyone is inside. Methods may include MiSiS (for student attendance), email, calling the office via classroom phone, or hand-collected rosters/reports. Multiple methods should be planned for due to varied technology and safety factors in an emergency.

Accounting for all Persons Procedures

1. Teachers will take student rosters when leaving the building and account for their designated groups once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers are to list students/others as appropriate on attendance rosters and on the [Missing Persons Report](#), [Injury Report](#), and/or [Supplemental Attendance Report](#).
2. Personnel working visitor check-in will take the visitor sign-in sheets and visitor stickers to the Assembly Area.
3. Assembly Area Team members will collect student rosters, [Missing Persons Report](#), [Injury Report](#), and [Supplemental Attendance Report](#) from teachers and submit them to the Assembly Area Team Leader.

6. Functional Annexes

4. The Assembly Area Team Leader will ensure that all visitors are accounted for, have a designated section of the Assembly Area away from students, and sign out when leaving campus.
5. The Assembly Area Team leader will compile a master accounting of all persons on campus and make reports available to the Operations Section Lead and Incident Commander.

6.2 All Clear

This action is taken to notify staff and students that normal school operations can resume.

All Clear Procedures

1. The Incident Commander (principal or designee) will make the following announcement on the PA system, which signifies that the emergency is over. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. "Your attention, please. You may now return to your classroom and resume usual activities. Thank you all for your cooperation."
2. The Incident Commander will convene the School Site Crisis Team if the incident was traumatic to the school community.
3. The Incident Commander will make a final notification update to District offices and parents.
4. The Incident Commander will complete an iSTAR to document the incident, including follow-up actions.
5. If appropriate, teachers should immediately begin discussions and activities to address students' fears, anxieties, and other concerns.

6.3 Crisis Response

A school crisis is a sudden, unexpected, or unanticipated critical incident that can pose a safety threat or disrupts the school day, interfering with teaching, learning, attendance, and behavior. Common reactions to a school crisis may include shock, confusion, and fear. Although individual students, staff, families, or other school community members may experience each crisis differently, school crises can have a broad and immediate impact on many students and adults.

Examples of crises that may impact schools include:

- An accident on or near the school grounds
- A violent incident at or near school
- The death of a student, staff or one of their family members by suicide or trauma
- The terminal illness of a student or staff member
- A natural disaster
- An act of terrorism

Because of such critical incidents and emergencies, students and staff may exhibit a variety of emotional reactions. As soon as the physical safety of those involved has been ensured, crisis responders can focus on addressing the social-emotional needs of students and staff. Online training about crisis events is available on MyPLN in STEPS courses 207 and 409.

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OTHER IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS
Trauma

Trauma refers to an event or a situation where an individual fears for their life. In addition, they could have been seriously injured, witnessed violence, or tragically lost a loved one. Exposure to this type of trauma overwhelms the ability of that individual to cope.

Psychological First Aid (PFA)

PFA an evidence-informed supportive strategy to help children, adolescents, adults, and families in the immediate aftermath of traumatic events, disasters, and terrorism. PFA is designed to reduce the initial distress caused by these stressful events and to foster short-and long-term adaptive functioning and coping amongst students, staff, and parents/guardians.

MULTI-TIERED CRISIS RESPONSE TEAM MODEL

There are three tiers of crisis response: school site, local district, and District office. The basic structure of the multi-disciplinary support teams on all three tiers should be similar in their composition and incorporate District staff with experience in various areas of crisis. Crisis response begins at the school site level; the scope, severity and impact of an incident may activate the local district, District office, or a combination thereof.

Tier I: School Site Crisis Response

School site crisis teams are responsible for initiating crisis response, assessing the range of services needed, and providing direct intervention services. The School Site Crisis Team determines if there is a need for additional assistance from the local district crisis team. The School Site Crisis Team may be activated as part of the Incident Command System (ICS) Team during an emergency or disaster, or may be activated as a stand-alone team, depending on the incident.

Tier II: Local District Crisis Response

The school site administrator/designee contacts the LD Operations administration for support and assistance if the crisis response required is beyond the scope of what the School Site Crisis Team can provide. Assistance from the LD crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Tier III: District Office Crisis Response

In collaboration with the LD Operations administration, the school site administrator/designee determines if there is a need for support from the central crisis response team. Assistance from the District office crisis response team includes consultation, providing direct intervention services, assistance with communications and memos, and guidance regarding strategies for recovery in the aftermath of the critical incident.

Crisis Response Procedures

1. As the Incident Commander, the principal or designee or designee activates the school ICS Team, including the School Site Crisis Team, which has primary responsibility for

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addressing the social-emotional well-being and safety of students in the aftermath of a critical incident.

2. The Crisis Team Lead will work with the Incident Commander to assess the impact and triage students, staff, and parents/guardians, as needed.
3. The Crisis Team will provide direct crisis intervention services, including the implementation of PFA.
4. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator and request additional resources, as necessary.
5. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or other authorized user to open or update an iSTAR on the incident, documenting the actions of the Crisis Team.
6. The Crisis Team will advise and assist the Incident Commander to restore regular school functions as efficiently and quickly as possible.
7. Crisis Team members will make every effort to limit exposure to scenes of trauma, injury, and death.
8. The Crisis Team will provide on-going assessment of needs and follow-up services as required.

School Site Crisis Response

The following are general preparedness, response, and recovery protocols for the administrator/designee to implement during any crisis in a school, at District and school-related activities, and in all areas within the District's jurisdiction.

A. Preparedness

1. Establish a School Site Crisis Team.
School Site Crisis Team members should be comprised of school staff, such as administrators and out-of-classroom support staff. School Site Crisis Team composition will vary by school and must be staffed by District personnel only. Staff on the School Site Crisis Team should be informed of their roles and have opportunities to participate in preparedness activities.
2. Schedule regular School Site Crisis Team meetings.
School Site Crisis Teams should meet at least quarterly to review protocols and procedures regarding preparedness, response, and recovery. School Site Crisis Team meetings should be documented by maintaining agendas and sign-in sheets. Meetings should include the development of comprehensive crisis response and recovery plans that:
 - a. Define the roles of the School Site Crisis Team members and communicate this information with other staff at the school site (i.e., staff that are not identified on the School Site Crisis Team, such as teachers, school climate advocate, clerical, new, substitute, before and after-school staff, and volunteers).
 - b. Identify common types of crises and disasters that may impact schools and develop strategies for responding appropriately to re-establish the safety and security of the school site.

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- c. Discuss possible locations on the school site to provide crisis response services, such as psychological triage, assessment, and reunification, utilizing the areas identified in the Integrated Safe School Plan.
- d. Provide/coordinate staff development and training on identified topics (e.g., Psychological First Aid, immediate and long-term recovery, traumatic grief, the impact of traumatic events on students, adults and school climate, and self-care). For support with staff development and training, contact LD Operations , or the Student and Family Wellness Hotline at (213) 241-3840.
- e. Develop strategies to mitigate long-term impact on student mental health, well-being, and academic achievement by re-engaging students in the learning process.
- f. Identify school and community-based resources.

B. Response

The following are general procedures for the administrator/designee to respond to crisis situations at the school site.

1. Ensure Campus/Office Safety
 - a. Call 911 for immediate, emergency life threatening situations.
 - b. Call Los Angeles School Police Department (213) 625-6631 or local law enforcement for assistance at the school site or school-related activity.
 - c. Secure site and implement lockdown, if necessary.
 - d. Activate the ICS team, as needed.
 - e. For assistance and consultation, contact LD Operations or the Student and Family Wellness Hotline at (213) 241-3840.
2. Determine Facts

Consider some of the following questions when gathering information to determine the appropriate response for the situation:

 - a. What happened?
 - b. Who was involved?
 - c. How were they involved?
 - d. How did it happen?
 - e. Where and when did it happen?
 - f. What caused the crisis?
 - g. What is the condition of those involved?
 - h. Other relevant sources of information (e.g., school staff, parents/guardians, local law enforcement, medical facilities)?
3. Notify
 - a. LD Operations as soon as feasible.
 - b. Administrator/designee of co-located schools.
 - c. Administrator/designee of other school sites that could be affected by the crisis.
 - d. Other offices, as appropriate.
 - e. Document the incident in the Incident System Tracking Accountability Report (iSTAR) as soon as practical and update, as necessary.

4. Assess

The School Site Crisis Team meets to assess the impact and severity of the incident and determine the level of crisis response needed. Their assessment will guide the response

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and recovery methods. Variables to consider when assessing the impact of the crisis include:

- a. Type of incident
 - b. Number of students and staff that might be affected
 - c. Emotional proximity to the crisis incident, including the relationship of the involved individual to the school community. The impact to the school may be affected by the degree to which the individual were active in the school community.
 - d. Physical proximity to the crisis incident
 - e. History of other crises at the school or for those involved in the current crisis
 - f. Time the crisis incident occurred (e.g., during school hours, after school, weekend, holiday)
 - g. School and community resources available
5. Develop Action Plan

Crisis response and interventions will be determined by the impact and severity of the incident. The action plan developed by the team should be documented and managed by the school site administrator/designee.

Actions may include:

- Communication
- Logistics/Operations
- Psychological First Aid
- Incident Debriefing
- Documentation
- Important Considerations
- Recommendations for Short and Long-Term Recovery

The Crisis Team will provide on-going assessment of needs and follow-up services as required. For more information, visit <https://achieve.lausd.net/Page/13141#spn-content>.

Psychological First Aid: Responding to Crisis Incidents

Psychological First Aid (PFA) is an evidence-informed approach for assisting children, adolescents, adults, and families in the immediate aftermath of a critical incident, disaster, act of violence, or terrorism. PFA is designed to reduce the initial distress caused by traumatic events and to foster short and long-term adaptive functioning.

For PFA handouts in English and Spanish, visit [PFA Handouts](#).

1. **LISTEN** to what they say and how they act.
 - Address the feeling/behavior as soon as possible.
 - If a student wants to talk, be prepared to listen, and focus on what they say and how you can be of help.
 - Observe nonverbal communication. Remember that student may also show their feelings in nonverbal ways, such as increased behavioral problems or increased withdrawal.

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- Express compassion and calmness in your statements as well as nonverbal behaviors.
2. **PROTECT** by maintaining structure, stability, and consistency.
 - Maintain daily routines, activities, and structure with clear expectations and consistent rules.
 - Provide supervision and consistency to encourage successful outcomes.
 - Give information that is accurate and age appropriate.
 - Keep the environment free of anything that could re-traumatize the student.
 - Validate the student's life experience.
 - Maintain confidentiality as appropriate.
 3. **CONNECT** through interaction, activities, and resources.
 - "Check in" with student on a regular basis.
 - Become familiar with learning support staff at your school (Psychiatric Social Worker, PSA Counselor, School Psychologist, Counselor, Nurse) and community health/mental health services. Make referrals to the appropriate resources who may offer support to student.
 - Encourage interactions, activities, team projects with friends and teachers.
 - Keep communication open with others involved in the students' lives (parents, other teachers, coaches etc.).

Note: If you suspect child abuse and/or neglect, report to the appropriate child protective services agency, according to [BUL-1347 Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Requirements](#).
 4. **MODEL** calm and optimistic behavior.
 - Model healthy responses by remaining calm, courteous, organized, and helpful.
 - Pay attention to your thoughts, feelings, and reactions about the event. Amid a crisis, students are often watching for verbal and nonverbal cues by the adults they are with, which may influence how students cope and behave.
 - Take constructive actions to assure safety.
 - Monitor conversations that students may engage in or hear.
 - Acknowledge the difficulty of the situation but demonstrate how people can come together to cope after such an event.
 - Practice self-care.
 5. **TEACH** about normal changes that can occur when traumatized.
 - Student may have different reactions even to the same event.
 - Encourage students to identify and use positive coping strategies to help them after the event.
 - Help your students to problem solve to get through each day successfully.
 - Help students set small "doable" goals and share in these achievements as "wins."

Note: With time and support, students generally do better. If they do not, they should be encouraged and taught to seek assistance from a parent/guardian or a school staff member.

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6.4 Drop, Cover, and Hold On

This action is taken to protect students and staff from flying or falling debris and is commonly used during an earthquake or explosion.

Drop, Cover, Hold On Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the principal may use other means of communication, such as broadcasting on the two-way radio. Classrooms should implement drop, cover, and hold on when they feel the shaking of an earthquake, even if there is no announcement. The Incident Commander (principal or designee) should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions. "Your attention please. We are having an earthquake. Drop, cover, and hold on in a protected position under a table or desk, away from windows and anything that could fall and hurt you. Hold this position until the shaking stops or you are given further instructions."
2. If inside, teachers will instruct students to drop under their desks and cover their heads with their arms and hold onto the desk legs.
3. If outside, teachers will instruct students to drop to the ground, place their heads between their knees, and cover their heads with their arms and hands.
4. Teachers and students should move away from windows.
5. Students who have disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that could fall), lock the wheels on their wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
6. The Incident Commander will follow drop, cover, and hold on with evacuation to the assembly area and notifications to the District and parents.
7. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action. Online training about earthquakes is available on MyPLN in courses STEPS 202 and 402.

6.5 Evacuate Building

This action is taken after the decision is made that it is unsafe to remain in the building. It is most commonly used in response to a fire, after an earthquake (following drop, cover, and hold on), or any emergency where the building and its contents are perceived to be a threat to student safety.

Evacuate Building Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS team, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal or designee) will use other means of communication. The principal or designee should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions. "Your attention, please. We need to evacuate all buildings. Teachers are to take their students and roll book to the

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- Assembly Area and report to their designated area. Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers need to close the classroom door when all the students have left.”
2. The Incident Commander will activate the fire alarm system as a signal to evacuate.
 3. Designated emergency team members/staff will take medications and related documents, as well as other medical supplies/equipment such as first aid kit, AED, EpiPen and sharps container.
 4. Teachers will instruct students to evacuate the building, using designated routes, and assemble in their assigned Assembly Area.
 5. Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers must list missing students on the [Missing Persons Report](#) and submit to the Assembly Area team.
 6. Once assembled, teachers and students will stay in place until further instructions are given.
 7. The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the District and parents.
 8. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

Online training that includes building evacuation is available on MyPLN in courses STEPS 201 and STEPS 401. Fire alarm system training is available on MyPLN in STEPS course 418.

6.6 Lockdown

This action is taken when the threat of violence or gunfire is identified or when directed by law enforcement and is necessary to prevent the perpetrator from entering any occupied campus areas. During a lockdown, students are to always remain in locked classrooms or designated safe locations.

This action secures the school during police actions, campus intrusions, community incidents, or other real or perceived threats to the security of the school.

Lockdown Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal or designee) will use other means of communication, such as broadcasting on the two-way radio or using runners, if it is safe to do so. The principal or designee should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control, and give clear directions. “Your attention, please. We have an emergency and need to implement a lockdown. Teachers are to lock classroom doors and keep all students inside the classroom until further notice. Do not open the door until notified by an administrator or law enforcement. If outside, students and staff are to proceed inside to the nearest building or classroom.”
2. If inside, teachers will instruct students to stay away from doors and windows, lock all doors and windows, and sit on the floor (in some instances). Cover all windows,

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including those in the door or adjacent sidelights, by lowering blinds, closing slots, drawing curtains, or covering with paper.

3. If outside, teachers will direct students to proceed to their classrooms if it is safe to do so. If not, teachers or staff will direct students into nearby classrooms or school buildings (e.g., auditorium, library, cafeteria, and gymnasium) and follow the listed lockdown actions above. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers are to take roll and to notify the office the number of students in the room with them and their names.
4. Turn off lights, power equipment, appliances, and silence cell phones.
5. Teachers and students will remain in the classroom or secured area with all doors and windows locked, window blinds drawn, and lights off until further instructions are given by the principal or designee or law enforcement.
6. All entrances to the school are to be locked and no visitors other than appropriate law enforcement or emergency personnel are to be allowed on campus.
7. The Incident Commander will call the Los Angeles School Police Department Watch Commander's Office at (213) 625-6631. The Watch Commander will provide advice and support for the School Incident Commander by interfacing with municipal police and fire departments and sending an LASPD officer to the school.
8. The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the District and parents.
9. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action. Supplemental online lockdown training courses STEPS 203, 302, and 403 are offered through MyPLN.

Details are available in [BUL-5469 LAUSD Lockdown and Rapid Relocation Procedures for All Schools](#).

6.7 Notifications

Response actions should be accompanied by the following notifications:

- 911
- Los Angeles School Police Watch Commander's Office at (213) 625-6631
- Local District Operations and Community of Schools Administrator
- Blackboard Connect messages to parents and/or staff
- Incident System Tracking Accountability Report (iSTAR)

6.8 Rapid Relocation (option ONLY for Active Shooter on Campus incidents)

More information is available in [BUL-5469 Lockdown and Rapid Relocation Procedures for all Schools](#). Active shooter training for LAUSD schools is available from LASPD; contact them at (213) 625-6631 for inquiries and to schedule the training. If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures.

An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

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- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

For suggested Options for Perimeter Gate Access during a Rapid Relocation, please access Attachment C in [BUL-5469 Lockdown and Rapid Relocation Procedures for all Schools](#).

Rapid Relocation Procedures

1. When the decision to perform a Rapid Relocation has been made, the School Incident Commander will:
 - Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, only if the route is safe. Teachers/staff are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
 - Inform the LASPD Watch Commander at (213) 625-6631 of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep Watch Commander updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
 - Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
 - Refer to steps 6-10 below for additional Incident Commander actions.
2. In response to the school's notification, the LASPD Watch Commander will:
 - Research the nature of the event by contacting LAPD, LAFD, LASD, outside municipal law enforcement, LASPD Field Units or Transportation Dispatch. Some events may be easily explained to the School Incident Commander, others may be more complex.
 - Dispatch a field officer to the relocation point to advise and support the School Incident Commander.
 - Dispatch a field officer to the municipal Incident Command Post to interface with the municipal Incident Commander and gather intelligence for the schools.
 - Inform the School Incident Commander of what is known about the incident and provide the name and arrival time of the LASPD officers dispatched to the school.
 - Compile names and locations of those unable to get to the relocation point, and dispatch officers to facilitate rejoining the rest of the school population.
 - Provide point of contact for other District resources who need to know the location of the command post and open routes to the relocation point.
3. LASPD officers dispatched to the scene will:
 - Establish a liaison with the municipal Incident Commander and/or the Command Post/Unified Command/Watch Commander and determine the threat to the school and its immediate community.
 - Provide guidance to the School Incident Commander about the ongoing threat level to students and staff.

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- Maintain a perimeter at the off-site relocation point between the school population and others.
 - Patrol the area near the school to find students and staff who may have become separated from the group. Officers will communicate to the Watch Commander the names and locations of anyone found and assist in rejoining those separated with the rest of the school population.
4. The Local District Operations Coordinator will:
 - Connect with the School Incident Commander in person, by phone or radio and provide resources from the LD that might include the following:
 - Dispatch the LD Crisis Team to the school relocation point.
 - Arrange for transportation assets and a second (receiving) school so the students can be moved to a safe location at another school.
 - Send out a Blackboard Connect message to parents from the LD office with additional information.
 - Meet with parents at a safe staging location, outside the secured relocation point perimeter, and keep the parents informed using bilingual support staff from the LD office.
 - Assist with reunification.
 5. The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure wounded students and staff receive medical attention.
 6. The School Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded, and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
 7. All media inquiries will be referred to the designated Public Information Officer.
 8. The School Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
 9. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the School Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.
 10. The School Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

6.9 Relocation (Off-Site Evacuation)

This action is taken when authorities have determined that it is unsafe to remain on the campus and evacuation to an off-site relocation site is required and the below procedures do not apply during an active shooter incident, a tsunami, or large hazardous materials release all of which require more specialized procedures.

Relocation Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander and activates the school ICS Team., The Incident Commander will collaborate with the LD, LASPD, and local authorities to determine the safest method for evacuating the campus. This may include the use of school buses or simply walking to the designated off-site location. The required primary and back-up off-site relocation sites are indicated on the Vicinity Map

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in the Integrated Safe School Plan. Teachers and students will stay together during the evacuation.

2. The Incident Commander will decide if it is more efficient to have classes systematically report first to a gathering point/staging area on campus, such as the auditorium, and evacuate everyone off the campus from that single location.
3. The Incident Commander will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal or designee) will use other means i.e.,. The principal or designee should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control and give clear directions. "Your attention, please. We need to institute an off-site relocation. Teachers are to take their students, roll book, emergency supplies, and report to their designated off-site relocation point (or to the staging area, if evacuation will be by school bus instead of walking). Students are to remain with their teacher. Teachers are to lock the classroom after all students have exited."
4. If the site will be evacuating by school bus, the Incident Commander will activate the Transportation Support position to assist with planning and carrying out the evacuation, including the evacuation of necessary supplies to support the school at the relocation site.
5. Teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
6. The Incident Commander will appoint a team of available staff to sweep the campus and check every room/location to ensure that the entire campus is evacuated. Attendance for students and staff must be taken.
7. Once assembled off-site, teachers will take attendance again and students will stay in place with their teacher until further instructions are given.
8. The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the District and parents, including signage on gates indicating the relocation destination.
9. Once clearance is received from appropriate agencies, the Incident Commander may authorize students and staff to return to the campus, or initiate Request/Reunion procedures from the off-site location.
10. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

6.10 Shelter in Place

This action is taken to place and/or keep students indoors to provide a greater level of protection from airborne contaminants in outside air or other hazards. Shelter in Place is implemented when there is a need to isolate students and staff from the outdoor environment and may include the shutdown of classroom and/or building heating/air conditioning systems. During a Shelter in Place, no one should be exposed to the outside air.

The difference between Shelter in Place and Lockdown is that a shelter in place may involve the shutdown of heating and air conditioning (HVAC) systems and allows for the free movement of

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students within a building. However, students in bungalows and buildings with exterior passageways will have to remain in the classroom.

For situations that do not require the protective actions listed under Shelter in Place, a principal can implement an "Indoor Activities Schedule" to minimize outdoor student activity and to further protect school community from environmental discomforts. An Indoor Activities Schedule may be implemented at any time and for any reason that meets the needs of the school. This is accomplished by closing all doors and windows and running the air conditioning, as HVAC systems can improve air quality, due to better filtration than typical home systems. For greater detail, refer to [REF-5803 Emergency Procedures, Drills and District-Wide Emergency Exercises](#).

Shelter in Place Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS team, and will make the following announcement on the PA system. If the PA system is not available, the Incident Commander (principal or designee) will use other means of communication, i.e., sending messengers to deliver instructions. The principal or designee should be calm, convey reassuring comments that the situation is under control and give clear directions. "Your attention, please. We are implementing a Shelter in Place, due to an air quality issue. Students and staff are to remain inside the building away from outside air with windows and doors securely closed and heating and air conditioning units turned off. Please cover any cracks under exterior doors and around the windows with towels. Cover any vents to the outside. All students and staff that are outside are to immediately move to the protection of an inside room. As soon as we have further information, we will share it with you."
2. If inside, teachers will keep students in the classroom until further instructions are given.
3. If outside, teachers will direct students to proceed to their classrooms if it is safe to do so. If not, teachers or staff will direct students into the closest classrooms or school buildings (e.g., auditorium, library, cafeteria, or gymnasium). Teachers should consider the location and proximity of the identified hazard and, if necessary, proceed to an alternative indoor location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers are to take roll and to notify the office of the number of students in the room with them, their names, and the names of any student who are not accounted for.
4. Teachers are responsible for securing individual classrooms and the Security/Utilities Team will assist in completing the procedures as needed: shut down the classroom/building HVAC system; turn off local fans in the area; close and lock doors and windows; seal gaps under doors and windows with wet towels or duct tape; seal vents with aluminum foil, plastic wrap, or laminated posters, if possible; and turn off any sources of ignition, such as pilot lights.
5. The Incident Commander will make appropriate notifications to the District and parents.
6. The Incident Commander will monitor news media for information about the incident.

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7. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action. Online training about shelter in place is available on MyPLN in courses STEPS 204 and 404.

6.11 Student Reunification

Student reunification is implemented to reunite students with their custodial adult after a critical incident or disaster (a significant fire, natural disaster, violence, school bus accident, etc.) that prevents a normal school dismissal.

Reunification Procedures

1. The Incident Commander or designee will direct the Request and Reunion Gate Teams to activate and report to their posts once the decision to initiate reunification procedures has been made.
2. The Request Gate Team will greet parents/guardians, check identification, check student emergency cards for authorization to pick up students, provide reunification paperwork to parents, and direct them to the Reunion Gate.
3. The Request Gate should generally remain locked during the reunification process to help control access. The Request Gate Team can pass clipboards to parents through the gaps in the gate fencing.
4. Message runners will notify the Assembly Area Team of the student to be escorted to the Reunion Gate.
5. The Reunion Gate Team will check parent/guardian identifications, confirm student identity and keep accurate records of students leaving the campus.
6. Members of the School Site Crisis Team may be asked to assist the Reunion Gate Team. If a child is injured or otherwise unavailable, it is recommended that the parents be invited to a private or secluded location and be informed of their child's condition away from others. It is suggested that a member of the School Site Crisis Team then stay with the parent and assist them.
7. The Reunion Gate should remain locked when student reunifications are not actively taking place.
8. Members of other School Emergency teams may be asked to assist with crowd control, providing information, and calming parents at either gate once finished with their primary emergency assignment.

7. Threat and Hazard-Specific Annexes

7. Threat and Hazard-Specific Annexes

The threat and hazard-specific annexes describe the courses of action unique to particular threats and hazards. Courses of action already outlined in the functional annex need not be repeated in a threat or hazard-specific annex. These annexes were developed at the District level, based on risk analyses.

7.1 Active Shooter/Gunfire

More information is available in [BUL-5469 Lockdown and Rapid Relocation Procedures for all Schools](#). Active shooter training for LAUSD schools is available from LASPD; contact them at (213) 625-6631 for inquiries and to schedule the training. If there is a threat of violence to campus or gunfire is heard in the area, implement lockdown procedures.

An Active Shooter on Campus involves one or more individuals on school grounds who is armed with a firearm and has already killed or wounded someone with the firearm AND at least one of the following applies:

- Continues to shoot others
- Actively seeks or attacks others
- Has access to additional victims

7.1.1 Active Shooter Procedures

1. Upon first indication of an active shooter, personnel should immediately notify the principal or designee, who becomes the Incident Commander.
2. The School Incident Commander (principal/designee) will initiate a lockdown, the recommended appropriate emergency function.
3. The School Incident Commander will call 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. The School Incident Commander should designate a person to remain on the phone line with police if safe to do so.
4. The School Incident Commander activates the Incident Command (ICS) Team.

The Planning and Intelligence Team Leader will:

- Notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator and request assistance.
- Prepare a message for parents to be sent on Blackboard Connect.
- Prepare to communicate with classrooms using school phones, email, cell phones, or radios. Establish a means of keeping all classrooms informed.

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The Operations Team Leader will:

- Ensure that perimeter gates are secured and that all students, staff and visitors are safely secured behind locked doors.
- Begin the process of accounting for all students and staff.
- Staff should take steps to calm and control students with regular PA announcements and if safe to do so, attempt to maintain separation between students and the perpetrator.
- If there is an active shooter on campus as defined above and students are in imminent danger, the Incident Commander may initiate Rapid Relocation if that does not place students in the path of the gunman. This action may apply to the entire campus, or just an affected portion.

7.1.2 Rapid Relocation Procedures

1. The School Incident Commander will:
 - Encourage students and staff to quickly leave by any safe and available exit. If leaving campus, the established off-site relocation point is the preferred destination, if the route is safe.
 - Inform the LASPD Watch Commander at (213) 625-6631 of the decision to leave campus and the destination. Keep Watch Commander updated with information about any students and staff who do not arrive at the designated relocation point.
 - Calm students, create a perimeter to separate the school population from others who may be present, and re-establish Incident Command teams with available staff.
 - Refer to steps 6-10 below for additional Incident Commander actions.
2. In response to the school's notification, the LASPD Watch Commander will:
 - Research the nature of the event by contacting LAPD, LAFD, LASD, outside municipal law enforcement, LASPD Field Units and/or Transportation Dispatch. Some events may be easily explained to the School Incident Commander, others may be more complex.
 - Dispatch an officer to the relocation point to advise and support the School Incident Commander.
 - Dispatch a field officer to the municipal Incident Command Post to interface with the municipal Incident Commander and gather intelligence for the schools.
 - Inform the School Incident Commander of what is known about the incident and provide the name and arrival time of the LASPD officers dispatched to the school.
 - Compile names and locations of those unable to get to the relocation point, and dispatch officers to facilitate rejoining the rest of the school population.
 - Provide point of contact for other District resources who need to know the location of the command post and open routes to the relocation point.
3. LASPD officers dispatched to the scene will:
 - Establish a liaison with the municipal Incident Commander and/or the Command Post/Unified Command/Watch Commander and determine the threat to the school and its immediate community.

7. Threat and Hazard-Specific Annexes

- Provide guidance to the School Incident Commander about the ongoing threat level to students and staff.
 - Maintain a perimeter at the off-site relocation point between the school population and others.
 - Patrol the area near the school to find students and staff who may have become separated from the group. Officers will communicate to the Watch Commander the names and locations of anyone found and assist in rejoining those separated with the rest of the school population.
4. The Local District Operations Coordinator will:
 - Connect with the School Incident Commander in person, by phone or radio and provide resources from the LD that might include the following:
 - Dispatch the LD Crisis Team to the school relocation point.
 - Arrange for transportation assets and a second (receiving) school so the students can be moved to a safe location at another school.
 - Send out a Blackboard Connect message to parents from the LD office with additional information.
 - Meet with parents at a safe staging location, outside the secured relocation point perimeter, and keep the parents informed using bilingual support staff from the LD office.
 - Assist with reunification.
 5. The Triage Team will work with first responders and local authorities to ensure injured students and staff receive medical attention.
 6. The School Incident Commander will prepare a verified list of any wounded, and the locations to which they were transported. The Incident Commander will confer with the School Site Crisis Team to ensure notification of parents and family members of the wounded.
 7. All media inquiries will be referred to the designated Public Information Officer.
 8. The School Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
 9. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the School Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.
 10. The School Incident Commander will debrief with staff and school police officers.

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7.2 Aircraft/Vehicle Crash

This procedure addresses an aircraft or motor vehicle crash on or near school property. If a crash results in a fuel or chemical spill on school property, refer to [Section 7.4 Biochemical/Hazardous Materials](#) as needed.

Aircraft/Vehicle Crash Procedures

1. The principal or designee acts as the Incident Commander, activates the Incident Command Team, and initiates appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building or Relocation.
2. If the Incident Commander issues the evacuate building action, staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
3. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
4. The Incident Commander will call 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and provide the exact location (e.g., building or area) and nature of emergency.
5. If on school property, the Security/Utilities Team will secure the crash area to prevent unauthorized access. If the crash results in a fuel or chemical spill on school property, refer to [Section 7.4 Biochemical/Hazardous Material](#)).
6. If needed, the Fire Suppression/HazMat Team should suppress small fires with extinguishers for the protection of students and staff as it is safe to do so, until the Fire Department arrives.
7. The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
8. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident. An LD representative will call the LD Public Information Officer with information on this situation as appropriate.
9. Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander issues authorization to reopen. Notify OEHS if it is a fuel or chemical spill and M&O if building or site damage.
10. The School Site Crisis Team will convene onsite and begin the process of counseling and recovery as appropriate.
11. If it is unsafe to remain on campus, the Incident Commander will initiate an off-site relocation.
12. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
13. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
14. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

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7.3 Animal Disturbance

This procedure should be implemented when a dog, coyote, mountain lion, or other wild animal threatens the safety of students and staff.

Animal Disturbance Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the Incident Command Team, and initiates appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown or Evacuate Building.
2. Upon discovery of an animal, staff members will attempt to isolate the animal from students, if it is safe to do so. If the animal is outside, students will be kept inside. If the animal is inside, students will remain outside in an area away from the animal. Closing doors or locking gates is one means to isolate the animal.
3. If additional outside assistance is needed, the Incident Commander will call 911, School Police (213) 625-6631, LA City Animal Services (888) 452-7381, and/or the Department of Fish and Game (888) 334-2258 and provide the location of the animal and nature of emergency.
4. If a student or staff member is injured, the school nurse or Triage Team will provide treatment and notify parents of the injured.
5. The Incident Commander will initiate an off-site relocation only if conditions are persistently dangerous at the school.
6. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect if necessary.
7. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
8. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.4 Biochemical/Hazardous Materials

A biological or chemical release involves the discharge of a biological or chemical substance in a solid, liquid, or gaseous state. Common releases within or adjacent to schools include the discharge of chemicals in a school laboratory, an overturned truck of hazardous materials in proximity of the school, or an explosion at a nearby oil refinery or other chemical plant.

The following indicators may suggest the release of a biological or chemical substance:

- Multiple victims suffering from watery eyes
- Twitching
- Choking
- Loss of coordination
- Trouble breathing
- Other indicators may include the presence of distressed animals or dead birds.

There are three sub-categories involving the release of biochemical substances. Determine which category applies and then implement the appropriate response procedures listed below.

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7.4.1 Substance Released Inside a Room or Building Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff will use designated routes or alternate safe routes to the Assembly Area, located upwind of the affected room or building. Students and staff from rooms exposed to contaminants need to be isolated from the rest of the school population.
2. The Incident Commander will call 911, School Police at (213) 625-6631, and the Office of Environmental Health and Safety (OEHS) at (213) 241-3199 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of emergency.
3. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
4. The Incident Commander will instruct the Security/Utilities Team to isolate and restrict access to potentially contaminated areas.
5. The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors, and shut down the building's air handling system.
6. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
7. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
8. Persons who have come into direct contact with hazardous substances should have affected areas washed with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as, P.E. clothing, extra uniforms, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evaluate and monitor exposed individuals.
9. The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in the affected room or contaminated area, specifying those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
10. The Incident Commander will complete the Biological and Chemical Release Response Checklist.
11. The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
12. Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives authorization to do so.
13. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.4.2 Substance Released Outdoors and Localized Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the ICS Team and will immediately direct staff to remove students from the affected areas to an area

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- upwind from the release. The Incident Commander will, as necessary, initiate the Shelter in Place or Evacuate Building action.
2. The Security/Utilities Team will establish a safe perimeter around the affected area and ensure personnel do not reenter the area.
 3. The Incident Commander will call 911, School Police at (213) 625-6631, and the Office of Environmental Health and Safety (OEHS) at (213) 241-3199 and will provide the exact location and nature of emergency.
 4. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
 5. The Security/Utilities Team will turn off local fans in the area of the release, close the windows and doors and shut down the air handling systems of affected buildings.
 6. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
 7. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
 8. Persons who had direct contact with hazardous substances should wash affected areas with soap and water. Immediately remove and contain (in plastic bags) outer layer of clothing because it may be contaminated. You may use extra clothing or other items that you have on hand, such as, P.E. uniforms, extra clothing, and trash bags, to allow students to cover up. Do not use bleach or other disinfectants on potentially exposed skin. Students and staff whose skin touched the contaminant should be isolated from the rest of the school population. The Triage Team should evacuate and monitor exposed individuals.
 9. The Assembly Area Team will prepare a list of all people in areas of contamination, especially those who may have had actual contact with the substance. The team will provide the list to the Incident Commander and emergency responders.
 10. The Incident Commander will complete the Biological and Chemical Release Response Checklist.
 11. The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
 12. Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives authorization to do so.
 13. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

Online training about Shelter in Place is available on MyPLN in STEPS courses 204 and 404.

7.4.3 Substance Released in Surrounding Community Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the ICS team, and if they or local authorities determine that a potentially toxic airborne substance has been released, the Incident Commander will initiate a Shelter in Place.
 2. Follow all [Section 6.10 Shelter in Place](#) procedures.
 3. The Incident Commander will call the Office of Environmental Health and Safety (OEHS) at (213) 241-3199 and will provide the nature of emergency.
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4. The Incident Commander will monitor local news for information about the incident and notify the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) at 1-800-CUT-SMOG or 1-800-288-7664.
5. The school will remain in Shelter in Place until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance, or staff is otherwise notified by the Incident Commander.
6. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

Online training about Shelter in Place is available on MyPLN in STEPS courses 204 and 404.

7.5 Explosive Device Threat and Suspicious Package

Response to an explosive device threat is initiated upon the discovery of a suspicious package on campus grounds or receipt of a threatening phone call that may present a risk of an explosion. Information is available in the [BUL-6460 Explosive Device Threats and Suspicious Devices](#).

7.5.1 Explosive Device Threat by Telephone Procedures

1. The call taker should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else to call 911. The staff member calling 911 informs the operator of:
 - Nature of threat on phone line
 - Name of school
 - Phone number of line receiving threat
 - Name and contact information of staff member
2. The person answering the threat call should immediately inform the principal, and then use the [Explosive Device Threat Form](#) to gather and record information about the call.

Explosive Device Threat Form Questions include:

- Where is the explosive device (building, location)?
- When is it going to explode?
- What kind of explosive device is it? What does it look like?
- Who set the explosive device? Why was the explosive device set?
- What can we do for you to keep the explosive device from exploding?
- What is your name?
- How old are you?
- Where do you live?
- How can you be contacted?

In addition to the above questions, evaluate the caller's voice and background noise for characteristics such as:

- Caller Characteristics:
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Accent
 - Slurred/impaired speech

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- Recorded/disguised voice
 - Familiarity
 - Irrational/incoherent
 - Background Noise:
 - Traffic
 - PA System
 - Typing
 - Other
3. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS team, and calls School Police at (213) 625-6631 who will advise the school. In most cases, School Police will direct the school to wait for officers to arrive and conduct an investigation. The Incident Commander, in consultation with School Police, will determine the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building or Relocation.
 4. If the school discovers unusual or suspicious packages, boxes or foreign objects, all cell phones and hand-held radios of searchers should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies. If a suspicious object is found, report the discovery to the Incident Commander while the remaining team members attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object.
 5. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
 6. No attempt should be made to investigate or examine a discovered suspicious object.
 7. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
 8. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
 9. After the search, the Incident Commander will consult with Law Enforcement to determine any alteration to the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
 10. When a suspicious object or explosive device is found, or if advised by Law Enforcement, the Incident Commander shall issue the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the building using safe routes to the Assembly Area.
 11. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
 12. The School Site Crisis Team will convene on-site and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
 13. Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.
 14. The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.

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15. After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete the Explosive Device Threat Report.

7.5.2 Suspicious Package Procedures

1. If a suspicious package or other object is found on or adjacent to campus, the principal or designee should be immediately alerted.
2. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS team, and will direct volunteer members of the Security/Utilities Team to attempt to secure the immediate area without touching or disturbing the object. All cell phones and hand-held radios in the vicinity of the suspicious package should be turned off, as many explosive devices can be triggered by radio frequencies.
3. The Incident Commander will call 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and description of the suspicious package.
4. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
5. No attempt should be made to investigate or examine the object.
6. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
7. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
8. The Incident Commander will consult with Law Enforcement and determine the appropriate emergency function, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Lockdown, Evacuate Building or Relocation.
9. If Evacuate Building is initiated, staff and students will evacuate buildings using the safest routes to the Assembly Area. Routes may be different than usual evacuation routes.
10. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
11. The School Site Crisis Team will convene and begin the process of counseling and recovery.
12. Do not resume school activities until the affected buildings have been inspected by proper authorities and determined to be safe. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.
13. The Incident Commander may initiate an off-site relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
14. After the incident is over, the Incident Commander will complete the Explosive Device Threat Report.

7.6 Bus Disaster

These procedures are for use by bus drivers and school administrators in the event of an earthquake, serious bus accident, or other emergency that occurs while students are on a

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school bus field trip or being transported to or from school. If there are no students on the bus, drivers should report to Bus Dispatch by radio or 1-800-LABUSES or the nearest school.

7.6.1 Bus Earthquake Procedures

1. The driver will initiate the Drop, Cover, Hold On action for all persons on the bus.
2. The driver will stop the bus away from power lines, bridges, overpasses, buildings, possible landslide conditions, overhanging trees, or other dangerous situations.
3. The driver will check for injuries and provide first aid as appropriate.
4. The driver will contact Bus Operation Dispatch to report location and condition of students and the bus. Bus Operation Dispatch will contact and update the school principal and bus supervisors.
5. If it is safe, the driver will proceed to the nearest LAUSD school for possible shelter, upon arriving at the school, the driver is to notify the school principal or designee and remain with the children until further instructions are received from the principal or designee.
6. The principal or designee will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
7. The principal or designee will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
8. If instructed by the Bus Operations Dispatch or designee to continue the route, the driver will:
 - If enroute to school, continue to pick up students.
 - If dropping students off, continue to do so, provided there is a responsible adult at the bus stop to receive students in Pre-K through second grade and a designated adult for students with an IEP.
9. In all instances, the driver should not attempt to cross bridges, overpasses, or tunnels that may have been damaged.
10. The driver will account for all students and staff throughout the emergency.

7.6.2 Bus Flood/Flash Flood Procedures

1. The driver will NOT drive through flooded streets and/or roads.
2. The driver will take an alternate route or wait for public safety personnel to determine safety.
3. If the bus is disabled, the driver will stay in place until help arrives.
4. The driver will contact and update Bus Dispatch to report location and condition of students and the bus. Bus Operations will update the school principal or designee and bus supervisor.
5. The principal or designee will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
6. The principal or designee will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
7. In all instances, the driver will not attempt to cross damaged bridges or overpasses.
8. The driver will account for all students and staff throughout the emergency.

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7.6.3 Serious Bus Crash or Bus Fire Procedures

1. The driver will park the bus in a safe location as directed by law enforcement or Transportation supervisor.
2. The driver will set the emergency brake and turn off the ignition.
3. The driver will initiate the Evacuation action for all persons on the bus in the event of a fire. Drivers should keep in mind:
 - a. Bus fires can be controlled by using the fire extinguishers.
 - b. Most modern buses have an integrated fire suppression system to put out engine fires and can be activated by a push of a button or automatically triggered by a fire.
4. When an accident occurs, the driver will check for injuries and provide appropriate first aid as deemed necessary prior to the arrival of emergency responders.
5. The driver will immediately notify School Bus Operations Dispatch if an accident has occurred. Injuries will be reported at that time as well as the exact location of the bus.
6. Upon notification of an accident with students on board a bus, School Bus Operations Dispatch will notify the California Highway Patrol (CHP) for assistance.
7. The driver will contact Bus Operations Dispatch to report any updates at the location and condition of the students. School Bus Operations Dispatch will then provide the necessary updates to District personnel.
8. The principal or designee will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or the Operations Coordinator of the incident.
9. The principal or designee will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
10. The driver will stay with the disabled bus until help arrives.
11. The driver will account for all students and staff throughout the emergency.
12. The Bus Supervisor or other authorized user will open an iSTAR on the incident.

7.7 Demonstration/Walkout

A Demonstration/Walkout is any assemblage on or off campus by staff or students for the purpose of protest or demonstration. A demonstration or walkout that occurs without appropriate approvals is considered unauthorized and may be unlawful. Students are sometimes encouraged by protesters (in person or via social media) to participate in a demonstration as it passes by a school. Information is available in [BUL-6320.2 Procedures for Handling Disturbances or Demonstrations on or Adjacent to School Sites](#).

Demonstration/Walkout Procedures:

1. Upon indication that a demonstration or walkout is about to begin, personnel should immediately notify the school administrator.
2. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and initiates the appropriate emergency function, which may include a modified Lockdown.
3. The Incident Commander will notify School Police at (213) 625-6631 to request assistance and will provide the exact location and nature of emergency.
4. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.

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5. The Security/Utilities Team will immediately proceed to the Main Gate to control student ingress and egress. Each person entering or leaving the campus shall be required to sign his/her name, and record address, telephone number and time entered or departed. The Main Gate should not be locked, as a locked gate may create a serious hazard for students leaving or attempting to re-enter the campus.
6. If students attempt to leave the campus, inform students in the presence of adult witnesses that they should attend classes. Notify individual students that they risk consequences if they remain on campus but do not attend classes or if they attempt to leave campus. Remind students that if they persist in unlawful activities following ample warning and notice of suspension, they may be subject to disciplinary action. Note: No physical effort shall be made to prevent students from leaving the campus.
7. Students not participating in the demonstration/walkout should remain in their classrooms until notified otherwise by the Incident Commander. Teachers will close and lock classroom doors to protect students from a demonstration that becomes unruly. Students and staff should be protected from broken window glass by closing available window coverings.
8. The Planning and Intelligence Team's Documentation Unit should keep accurate record of events, conversations, and actions.
9. All media inquiries will be referred to the school's designated Public Information Officer, who will also monitor local news outlets and initiate further actions as appropriate.
10. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
11. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
12. The Incident Commander should proceed using good judgement based on Law Enforcement or other legal input, in taking action to control and resolve the situation.
13. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.8 Disorderly Conduct

Disorderly conduct may involve a student, staff member, or visitor exhibiting threatening or irrational behavior. If the individual is armed, refer to sections on Lockdown or Active Shooter on Campus as appropriate. Information is available in [BUL-5798 Workplace Violence, Bullying and Threats \(Adult-to-Adult\)](#) and [BUL-5799.1 Threat Assessment and Management \(Student-to-Student, Student-to-Adult, Student-to-School\)](#). Online training about threats is available on MyPLN in courses STEPS 208 and 408.

Disorderly Conduct Procedures

1. Upon witnessing disorderly conduct, staff should take steps to calm and control the situation and attempt to isolate the perpetrator from other students and staff, if it is safe to do so. Witnesses should provide written statements for follow-up by the school administrator and/or School Police.
2. Staff will immediately notify the principal or designee.

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3. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Lockdown, Evacuate Building, or Off-site Relocation.
4. The Incident Commander will call School Police at (213) 625-6631 and provide the exact location and nature of the incident. If determined to be appropriate, the Incident Commander will call 911.
5. If an immediate threat is not clearly evident, the Incident Commander or other staff member may attempt to diffuse the situation. Approach the individual in a calm, non-confrontational manner and request they leave the campus. Avoid any hostile situations.
6. If the individual is a student, every attempt should be made to notify the family (family members may provide useful information on handling the situation).
7. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
8. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect, as necessary.
9. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
10. The Incident Commander and team will determine if activating the threat assessment/management team is warranted.
11. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.9 Earthquake

Earthquakes generally occur without warning and may cause minor to serious ground shaking, damage to buildings, and injuries. It is important to note that even a mild tremor can create a potentially hazardous situation. The below procedures should be implemented in response to all earthquakes, regardless of magnitude.

Online training about earthquakes is available on MyPLN in courses STEPS 202 and 402. Other resources are available through the [OEM](#) and [STEPS](#) websites.

7.9.1 Earthquake during School Hours Procedures

Note: Keep calm and remain where you are during the shaking. Assess the situation and then act. Remember, most injuries or deaths are caused by flying/falling debris.

1. Upon the first indication of an earthquake, teachers should direct students to Drop, Cover, and Hold On.
2. Move away from windows and overhead hazards to avoid glass and falling objects.
3. Students with disabilities that do not allow them to get under furniture for protection should move away from items in the room that are not secured. These students should go into a structural corner of the room (away from cabinets and shelves that can spill their contents; away from windows that can break and away from suspended items that

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- could fall), lock the wheels on any wheelchairs and protect their head and neck with their hands.
4. When the shaking stops, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and initiates the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate the buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
 5. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students or any student that was left behind.
 6. The Incident Commander will direct the Security/Utilities Team to post guards a safe distance away from building entrances to prevent access.
 7. The Security/Utilities Team will notify school personnel of fallen electrical wires and instruct them to avoid touching the fallen wires.
 8. The Triage Team will set up the triage stations, check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
 9. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team to notify the appropriate utility company of damages (e.g., gas, power, water, or sewer).
 10. If the area appears safe, the Search and Rescue Team will make an initial inspection of school buildings to identify any injured or trapped students or staff.
 11. The Incident Commander will contact the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator to determine additional actions that may be necessary. If the [School Emergency Status Report](#) (SESR) is activated, school conditions will be reported through this tool. LD personnel will communicate conditions to the District's Emergency Operations Center.
 12. The Planning and Intelligence Team will fill out a [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#) and transmit it to the School Police and LD Administrator of Operations.
 13. The Incident Commander will contact the Area Facilities Director to ensure buildings are safe for re-occupancy. When safe to do so, the Fire Suppression and HazMat Team will conduct an inspection of school buildings. The Fire Suppression and HazMat Team will maintain a log of their findings, by building, and provide a periodic report to the Incident Commander.
 14. Any damaged areas will not be reopened until the Area Facilities Team provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives authorization to do so.
 15. The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions at the school.
 16. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Coordinator or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
 17. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

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7.9.2 Earthquake during Non-School Hours Procedures

Note: These procedures should be followed only when some staff is on campus.

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team as necessary, and will assess damages as safe to do so with the plant manager, to determine any necessary corrective actions. The school administrator may direct the Fire Suppression/HazMat Team to participate in the assessment.
Note: Assessments must be conducted by teams wearing appropriate safety gear. Do NOT conduct assessments alone or unprotected, due to danger from possible building damage and the potential for aftershocks. Notify the School Police Watch Commander's Office at (213) 625-6631 that you are on campus before beginning a site assessment.
2. The Incident Commander should confer with the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator and Maintenance and Operations personnel to identify the extent of damages and determine if the school can be occupied.
3. If the school cannot be occupied, the Incident Commander and LD Administrator of Operations will determine an alternate location for affected buildings and programs, and the Incident Commander will notify staff members and parents via Blackboard Connect.
4. The Planning and Intelligence Team will fill out a [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#) and transmit it to the School Police and LD Administrator of Operations.

7.10 Explosion/Risk of Explosion

There are four distinct incident types involving an explosion or risk of explosion. Determine which incident type applies and then implement the appropriate response procedures.

7.10.1 Explosion on School Property Procedures

1. In the event of an explosion, all persons should initiate Drop, Cover and Hold On or Take Cover if outdoors in an open area.
2. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will call 911 and School Police at (213) 625- 6631 and OEHS at (213) 241-3199 to provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of emergency.
3. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident. The LD office will inform the LD Public Information Officer of the situation.
4. The Incident Commander will consult with available law enforcement and, considering the possibility of another imminent explosion, take appropriate emergency functions. Action may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building or Relocation. Evacuation may be warranted in some buildings on a campus, and other buildings may be used as shelter.
5. In the event of an evacuation, staff and students will use prescribed routes or other safe routes and proceed to the Assembly Area.
6. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student roster and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have

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understood the directions Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.

7. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
8. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
9. The Triage Team will check for injuries and provide appropriate medical assistance.
10. If needed, the Fire Suppression/HazMat Team should suppress small fires with extinguishers for the protection of students and staff as it is safe to do so, until the Fire Department arrives.
11. The Planning and Intelligence Team Leader will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.
12. The Security/Utilities Team will secure the building entrance to prevent persons entering the school buildings.
13. If it is determined safe to enter affected areas, the Incident Commander will direct the Search and Rescue Team to initiate search and rescue activities.
14. The Incident Commander will contact the Area Facilities Director to ensure buildings are safe for re-occupancy. When safe to do so, the Fire Suppression/HazMat Team will conduct an inspection of school buildings. The Fire Suppression and HazMat Team will maintain a log of their findings, by building, and provide a periodic report to the Incident Commander.
15. The Planning and Intelligence Team will complete a [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#) and transmit it to the School Police and LD Administrator of Operations.
16. Any areas affected by the explosion will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the Incident Commander gives authorization to do so.
17. The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
18. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.10.2 Risk of Explosion on School Property Procedures

1. If a school is notified by authorities of the risk of an explosion, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Drop, Cover and Hold On, Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation.
2. If the school administrator issues Evacuate Building action, staff, and students will evacuate the building using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
3. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring their student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.

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4. The school administrator will call 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) and nature of emergency.
5. The school administrator will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
6. If needed, the Fire Suppression/HazMat Team should suppress small fires with extinguishers for the protection of students and staff as it is safe to do so, until the fire department arrives.
7. The Incident Commander will advise the Search and Rescue Team to initiate rescue operations.
8. The Security/Utilities Team Leader will notify the appropriate utility company of any damages to water lines, sewers, power lines, and other utilities.
9. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
10. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
11. All affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the school administrator issues authorization to do so.
12. The Planning and Intelligence Team will complete a [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#) and transmit it to School Police and the LD Administrator of Operations.
13. In the event of an explosion on campus, refer to procedures listed under Explosion on School Property.
14. The Incident Commander may initiate a Relocation, if warranted by changes in conditions.
15. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.10.3 Explosion or Risk of Explosion in Surrounding Area Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate the Shelter in Place response action.
2. The Incident Commander will notify 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and provide the exact location (e.g., building, area) and nature of emergency.
3. The Incident Commander will take further actions as needed or advised by authorities.
4. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
5. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
6. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
7. The school will remain in a Shelter in Place condition until the Los Angeles County HazMat or appropriate agency provides clearance and the school administrator issues further instructions.
8. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

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7.10.4 Nuclear Blast or Explosion Involving Radioactive Materials Procedures

A nuclear blast is characterized by a sequence of intense light and heat, air pressure wave, expanding fireball, and subsequent radioactive fallout. More information about incidents involving radioactive material is available in the resource [In The Event of a Nuclear Incident: A Reference for Schools](#) and on MyPLN in courses STEPS 205 and 405.

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate the Shelter in Place action.
2. When sheltering, personnel should try to establish adequate barriers or shielding (e.g., concrete walls, metal doors) between themselves and the source of the blast or explosion and should avoid sheltering near exterior windows.
3. The Incident Commander will notify 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and provide details on the area and personnel affected at the school.
4. After the initial blast, ICS teams should provide medical assistance and extinguish small fires as needed.
5. The Incident Commander will ensure the prompt relocation of students from bungalow buildings and other non-permanent structures, upper floor(s), rooms with broken windows, and other damaged rooms without going outside if possible.
6. The Security/Utilities Team will turn off the school's main gas supply (refer to the Site Plot Plan in the ISSP for gas supply shut-off valve) and fans in the area; close and lock exterior doors and windows; shut down all buildings' air handling systems; seal gaps under doors and windows with wet towels or duct tape; cover windows, seal vents with aluminum foil or plastic wrap, if available; and turn off sources of ignition, such as pilot lights.
7. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident.
8. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
9. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
10. The Incident Commander or Public Information Officer will monitor local news outlets and initiate further actions as appropriate.
11. At the Incident Commander's discretion, and only if safe to do so, designated personnel should attempt to distribute emergency supplies including food and water, without going outside.
12. The school will remain in Shelter in Place until the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health or other appropriate agency ends the Shelter in Place or issues relocation instructions. Relocation may be advised by authorities.
13. The Planning and Intelligence team will complete a [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#) and transmit it to School Police and the LD Administrator of Operations.
14. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

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7.11 Fire

A fire impacts a school if it occurs on campus or in an off-campus location near the school. Take appropriate Evacuate Building or Shelter in Place measures to protect students and staff.

7.11.1 Fire on School Grounds Procedures

This procedure addresses a fire discovered on school grounds. A quick response to this situation is very important to prevent injuries and further property damage. Online training about fires is available on MyPLN in courses STEPS 201 and 401. Online training about fire alarm systems is available on MyPLN in course STEPS 418.

1. Upon discovery of a fire, teachers or staff will direct all occupants out of the building, activate the fire alarm, and report the fire to the school administrator.
2. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will immediately initiate the Evacuate Building action. Staff and students will evacuate buildings using the prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
3. The Incident Commander will call 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and will provide the exact location (e.g., building, room, area) of the fire.
4. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the fire. LD personnel will contact the LD Public Information Officer with information on this situation.
5. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
6. If needed, the Fire Suppression/HazMat Team should suppress small fires with extinguishers for the protection of students and staff as it is safe to do so, until the Fire Department arrives.
7. The Security/Utilities Team will secure the area to prevent unauthorized entry and keep access roads clear for emergency vehicles.
8. The Security/Utilities Team will notify the appropriate utility company of damages.
9. The Incident Commander will notify OEHS at (213) 214-3199 that a fire occurred.
10. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
11. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
12. If needed, the Logistics Team Leader will notify Bus Dispatch 1-800-LABUSES to request buses for staff and student evacuation.
13. Any affected areas will not be reopened until the Los Angeles City or County Fire Department, or appropriate agency provides clearance, and the school administrator issues authorization to do so.
14. For fires during non-school hours, the Incident Commander and the LD Administrator of Operations will determine if the school opens the following day.

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15. All fires that are extinguished by school personnel, regardless of their size, require a call to the Fire Department to indicate that the “fire is out.”
16. The Planning and Intelligence Team will complete a [School/Site Preliminary Damage Report](#) and transmit it to the School Police and LD Administrator of Operations.
17. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.11.2 Fire in Surrounding Area Procedures

This procedure addresses a fire discovered in an area adjoining the school or a wildfire that impacts the school. The initiated response actions should take into consideration the location and size of the fire, its proximity to the school and the likelihood that the fire may affect the school.

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate the appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building or Relocation.
2. The Incident Commander will notify 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and will provide the location and nature of emergency.
3. The Incident Commander will instruct the Security/Utilities Team to prevent students from approaching the fire and keep routes open for emergency vehicles.
4. The HazMat/Fire Team will contact the local Fire Department and will work with the Fire Department to determine if school grounds are threatened by the fire, smoke, or other hazardous conditions.
5. The principal may initiate an Indoor Activities Schedule to further protect school community from environmental discomforts. This is accomplished by closing all doors and windows and running the air conditioning, as HVAC systems can improve air quality, due to better filtration than typical home systems. For greater detail, refer to [REF-5803 Emergency Procedures, Drills and District-Wide Emergency Exercises](#).
6. In addition, the principal can determine air quality by accessing the Los Angeles Unified Know Your Air Network. The network consists of 200 air quality sensors deployed at school sites and facilities throughout the entire 710 square-mile district to show local conditions in real time. Every school in Los Angeles Unified has a network sensor nearby (within approximately 1.6 miles), allowing all schools to determine air quality by looking at the nearest sensors. The network can be accessed at <https://achieve.lausd.net/knowyourairnetwork>.
7. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident. LD personnel will call the LD Public Information Officer with information on this situation.
8. If the Incident Commander issues the Evacuate Building action, staff and students will evacuate the affected building(s) using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
9. The Incident Commander will notify OEHS at (213) 241-3199 of the fire.
10. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students.

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Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.

11. The Incident Commander or Public Information Officer will monitor local news outlets and initiate further actions as appropriate.
12. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
13. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
14. If needed, the Logistics Team Leader will notify Bus Dispatch 1-800-LABUSES to request buses for staff and student evacuation.
15. The Incident Commander will initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
16. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will update the school community.

7.12 Food/Beverage/Water Contamination

This procedure should be followed if site personnel report suspected contamination of food or beverages served for the various food programs. This procedure applies where there is evidence of tampering with food packaging, observation of suspicious individuals in proximity to food or beverage supplies, or if notified of possible food contamination by Central District staff or local agencies. Indicators of contamination may include unusual odor, color, taste, or multiple employees or students with unexplained nausea, vomiting, or other illnesses. Online training about food safety is available on MyPLN in course STEPS 417.

Note that the Food Services Division will support with the procedures related to food and beverages that they serve.

Suspected Contamination of Food/Beverage/Water Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will isolate and secure the suspected contaminated food/beverage/water to prevent consumption, and will restrict access to the area.
2. The Incident Commander will notify:
 - 911
 - School Police (213) 625-6631
 - County Department of Health Services (213) 974-1234
 - Office of Environmental Health and Safety (213) 241-3199
 - Food Services Division (213) 241-2993
 - District Nursing Services (213) 202-7580
 - Local District Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator
3. The Planning and Intelligence Team Leader will make a list of all potentially affected students and staff and provide the list to responding authorities.
4. The Triage Team and/or school nurse will assess the need for medical attention and provide medical assistance as appropriate.

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5. The Planning and Intelligence Team Leader will maintain a log of affected students and staff and their symptoms, the food/beverage/water suspected to be contaminated, the quantity and character of products consumed, and other pertinent information.
6. The Incident Commander will confer with the Los Angeles County Department of Health Services before resuming normal operations.
7. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
8. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
9. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

The Food Services Division will conduct their own investigation if the contaminated food/beverage originated from the cafeteria. A Quality Control Incident Form is completed by the cafeteria manager and submitted to a Nutrition Specialist at the Food Services Division central office within 24 hours. He/she reviews the form, notifies the vendor from which the contaminated food/beverage originated, and has a sample of it picked up from the school to undergo laboratory testing. The lab results take 2-3 working days. If tests show positive for food-borne illness, Food Services reports the findings through iSTAR and to OEHS for direction and follow-up.

For cases involving water contamination, as well as non-cafeteria food and beverage spoilage or contamination, OEHS will support the school with proper protocol.

7.13 Public Health Emergency

A Public Health emergency involves an infectious disease outbreak or a pandemic which requires a large-scale emergency need for medical health care services. A pandemic is the worldwide spread of a new disease, according to the World Health Organization. A pandemic occurs when a new virus emerges for which there is little or no immunity in the human population, begins to cause serious illness, and then spreads easily person-to-person worldwide. A Public Health emergency is often due to an influenza outbreak or other infectious disease that affects a school community. These incidents can also be more local and contained such as a suspected tuberculosis or measles outbreak at a school. During a suspected Public Health emergency, the principal or designee will consult with District Nursing Services at (213) 202-7580 and Student Medical Services at (213) 202-7590. Online training about Public Health emergencies is available on MyPLN in course STEPS 416.

During a large-scale Public Health emergency, the District will mobilize designated staff for a uniform, systemic, and comprehensive response. Both District and local level Operations staff will serve a critical role in gathering and dissemination information and supporting schools. L.A. Unified recognizes the authority of the Los Angeles County Public Health Officer in matters related to a disease outbreak or other Public Health crises and will work cooperatively with the Health Officer to prevent, mitigate, and respond to cases. The Health Officer and Public Health disease control specialists will evaluate the local situation and determine actions necessary to control the disease outbreak in schools and in the community. Health Officer Orders, guidelines and instructions will be continually revised and updated as the outbreak is tracked in the

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county. Illness may spread rapidly or slowly, may vary among communities locally, nationally, and worldwide, and the outbreak may persist over several months or even years.

During Public Health emergencies, schools will be faced with parents, teachers, and staff who are concerned about the health and safety of students. Experience has shown that Public Health emergencies can create a great deal of anxiety and misinformation. Specific details and updates including mitigation efforts and County orders will be provided on an ongoing basis as events evolve and directives change. It is imperative that the most updated information be sought and implemented. These will be shared through multiple means, including email, Blackboard Connect messaging, KLCS, official District social media, virtual town halls, or other forums.

In a disease outbreak or pandemic, information materials may include:

- Letters to parents, teachers, and staff with instructions and risk communication information as issued by the Public Health Department's Health Officer.
- Brochures, infographics, and other informational materials.
- Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs).
- District webpages, maintained with links and updated information as knowledge evolves about the pandemic.

Healthy Habits to Reduce Public Health Emergency Impact

Schools can reduce the impact and spread of an infection by reinforcing basic healthy habits. Follow and promote the below practices and be aware that additional specific measures may be required to address the circumstances of the public health emergency. These practices include:

- Wash hands often. Require that all employees and students wash their hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds after visiting the restroom or changing diapers/toileting, before and after eating and after handling animals or animal waste. If soap and water are not available, schools can purchase approved sanitizer from the District Warehouse. Schools must stock adequate hand-washing supplies for all restrooms.
- Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing. Germs are spread when people cough and sneeze. Require that students cough or sneeze into a tissue or, lacking that, into a sleeve or elbow. Classrooms should be stocked with tissue to facilitate this activity.
- Get vaccinated. Vaccination can drastically reduce the chance of contracting many diseases.
- Routinely clean and disinfect surfaces. Cleaning with soap and water removes dirt and most microorganisms. Using a disinfectant kills additional disease-causing germs. All common surfaces should be disinfected frequently with an approved product. A list of District-approved products is available through the [LAUSD's Office of Environmental Health and Safety website](#).
- Stay at home if you are ill or have signs or symptoms of an infection. Students who become ill while at school should be sent home as quickly as possible. Note that for

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some infectious diseases, infected individuals may not present any symptoms or symptom manifestation may be delayed.

- Exclude from all school activities students and staff who are symptomatic. In the event of any Public Health outbreak, limit contact with people who are symptomatic. This means that students and staff who come to school with noticeable symptoms such as an elevated temperature, cough, runny nose, or other symptoms common for that outbreak, should be separated from the general school population and sent home until they recover. Students who develop these symptoms at school should be isolated to contain germs, and then sent home with a parent or guardian.
- Handle and prepare food properly. Buy and refrigerate perishable foods quickly. Store food properly. Wash hands, kitchen surfaces and utensils while preparing food. Wash raw foods and vegetables.
- Avoid exposure to all blood and other body fluids. Use gloves and practice thorough and frequent handwashing.
- Waste Disposal: Schools should carefully dispose of waste. A container lined with a biohazardous bag marked with the international biohazardous symbol is recommended for disposal of a waste containing blood or any bodily fluid spills that may contain blood. These wastes should be double-bagged. If needles, syringes, or lancets are used in the school setting, arrange for an appropriate Sharps container. The container must have the proper Sharps waste label attached. Place intact needles and syringes in the designated Sharps container. Do not bend or break needles. Do not recap needles. Contact Nursing Services for directions about disposal of these types of contaminated materials.

To assist in planning for an outbreak, schools can use the [Continuity of Service Form](#). Once the template has been filled out for all critical employees and functions, the form should be saved and printed out to go in the Integrated Safe School Plan binder.

Continuity of Service. The District is responsible for maintaining continuity of school functions during a prolonged school closure or during periods of increased absence of administrative staff and teachers. It must develop a continuity of operations system for essential central office functions, including payroll, custodial service, waste management, food service, transportation, and facility maintenance (including daily cleaning of student and staff restrooms, kitchen and dining areas, and classrooms). Each school, and all District offices, should have a Continuity of Service Plan in place and begin any necessary cross-training or information exchange in preparation for any possible pandemic, including influenza. The District Continuity of Service Plan template for schools can be accessed here: [Essential Functions for Continuity of Service at School](#).

Activate the school's Continuity of Service Plan in the event of a wide-scale or pandemic illness, as critical school employees could be absent for days, weeks, or months, while others may work remotely. Such a reduction in available staff may challenge the continuity of school operations and services because there may not be enough substitutes for absent employees. Site administrators must consider how to carry on school operations without, for example, their

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Payroll Clerk, Plant Manager, Cafeteria Manager, Coordinator, or Assistant Principal, as well as how school operations will change if students and staff are learning and working remotely. Every school should have a plan to make sure that important tasks normally performed by critical employees can still be completed when those employees are absent. School sites should have at least two people to fill in for missing critical coworkers.

Once the school's Continuity of Service Plan has been completed/updated for all critical employees and functions, the form should be saved and printed out to go in the Integrated Safe School Plan binder.

Continuity of instruction. During major health emergencies, students may be absent for weeks or even longer periods of time. School dismissal, closures, or capacity limitations are possible mitigation strategies which may be implemented to lower the risk of infection. In the event that there is a closure of a classroom or a school, each school should follow its Continuity of Service Plan, which should address how the school will provide students with learning activities during the period of closure. Activities could include but are not limited to: digital learning and other online resources, reading and written assignments, workbook and worksheet assignments. Schools should ensure that students have the necessary technological resources to promote educational equity.

The Division of Instruction (DOI) will establish alternate modes of learning in the event of a large-scale learning disruption to the district. DOI will provide direction and information to administrators and facilitate the alternate learning process.

Instruction may need to be provided remotely and/or online. Schools and teachers should have lesson plans for students who will be home for extended periods of time, as well as multiple means of communicating lesson content to students and parents. Schools should ensure that students have necessary instructional materials and appropriate access to technology. Lesson methods may include the following:

- Using online learning tools and online classroom applications
- Allowing students to take home schoolbooks and class materials
- Posting lesson on school websites with materials
- Using Blackboard Connect telephone messages to homes
- Using KLCS Channel 58 programming
- Using other approved internet education websites
- Mailing home printed materials
- Having printed materials available for families to pick up at school, if safe to do so

As the potential for infection decreases, the District may institute a hybrid learning model which combines students attending school in person, with others learning remotely. There may be additional strategies for the community and workplace that include placing limits and/or canceling large public gatherings (e.g., athletic competitions) or altering work environments or schedules (e.g., staggered office work schedules or telecommuting). School administrators and employees should be prepared for these possibilities.

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Reopening. Based on Public Health guidance, information analyzed by the District, ongoing reviews of the situation and discussions with local-level districts, when the risk subsides, the District will implement a partial, incremental, or total return to normal operations. Any such decisions will be communicated to and coordinated with impacted local-level districts who will then communicate with school sites.

The District will work with local-level offices to provide guidance to schools such as: campus cleaning and other pandemic-related safety procedures; student academic assessment, academic intervention, and grading; mental health services for students and employees; assessing students with disabilities in reviewing, revising, or creating IEPs; remediation, if the school was used for emergency operations; and accounting for students who do not return to school.

Considerations for Emergency Preparedness

Based on the nature, scale, and duration of the pandemic, as well as whether any in-person instruction is/may be taking place, school administrators should plan for a potential need to address the following, as applicable:

- Drills - schools are expected to conduct all required emergency drills with each campus cohort during hybrid learning. Schools that have groups of students rotating through campus will need to hold drills for each schedule. Drill frequency table is available at <http://achieve.lausd.net/drills>.
- Submit emergency drill evaluations separately for each cohort.
- Conduct an ISSP review to update staffing and ensure that everyone with an emergency role will be working in person.
- Develop contingency plans for handwashing during disasters or during a loss of water on campus. Identify any outdoor handwashing stations that may be used during a disaster.
- Evaluate any designated outdoor isolation/quarantine areas for potential use for the same purpose during emergencies requiring evacuation. Consider: distance from buildings (building damage/rubble), reasonable distance from assembly area, line of sight (preferable), and communication between areas. If the existing areas are not suitable, identify isolation and quarantine areas near the assembly area for any students or employees who present symptoms and need to be isolated or quarantined. Assign staff to monitor these areas as needed.
- Identify alternate indoor spaces to use during lockdowns and shelter-in-place incidents/drills for each outdoor isolation and quarantine area and for outdoor classrooms, if any.
- Evaluate current assembly area and determine potential need to redefine or expand it to accommodate appropriate physical distancing; if necessary, establish a larger assembly area that will allow for proper social distancing.
- Establish the expectation that teachers should bring classroom hand sanitizer when evacuating.
- Inventory current emergency supplies and evaluate supply needs in classrooms, offices, and the emergency bin, including those specifically needed due to the nature of the

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outbreak/pandemic, including PPE for any parents/guardians who show up to collect their child at the request/reunion gates.

- Ensure that all staff are aware of and practice revised emergency procedures.
- Discuss changed/additional emergency actions during professional development and parent meetings.
- Consider communications, such as through Blackboard Connect, to share key details of the modified emergency plan with parents/guardians, including expectations at the request and reunion gates.
- Review with students the additional emergency actions they will need to take. If these measures are new to the emergency response process, teachers and support staff should monitor and support students as they follow these protocols to facilitate proper implementation

Additional Considerations

The following can facilitate the prevention and/or mitigation of outbreaks/pandemics.

Health Education Messages. Health education materials are critical because the impact and spread of a virus can be reduced or eliminated by training and education. Health education will also mitigate fear and reduce behavior or actions that will be disruptive to school activities. Education is also important as knowledge and mitigation strategies can change when dealing with a novel virus. As knowledge evolves, schools must ensure proper updates are followed and shared. Everyone at school should follow and help reinforce safe and healthy hygiene practices with students and the rest of their school community.

Alternative Use of District Buildings: School administrators and employees shall be aware that the LACDPH or other government entity may ask to use schools as Points of Distribution (PODs) in response to an outbreak. They may use a large room, such as the gym, to vaccinate or distribute medication to the community or they may use a school parking lot to distribute food or other basic necessities. In the event that LACDPH asks to use schools as PODs, OEM and the Local District will work with site administration at selected sites to coordinate the activity. The Superintendent may also decide to use our own facilities to provide similar services to our school families and community.

Additional Responsibility of School Administrators: Administrators should prepare to facilitate the following, depending on the nature and scale of an outbreak/pandemic:

- Collection and submission of data on the numbers of students who are ill with a given disease.
- Visitation by LACDPH, which may visit schools to observe the implementation of Health Officer Orders and guidelines.

The may use its emergency reporting platform, School Emergency Status Report (SESR) or other resources to help track and report staff and student attendance or other metrics. Schools must adhere to any temporary changes in attendance recording protocols to ensure proper reporting. During a pandemic, these systems can be used to help determine District

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absenteeism rates and inform decisions made by the District or Public Health Officer to strengthen, implement, maintain, or forecast protective measures.

7.14 Suicide Risk and Self-Injurious Behavior

Procedures for Responding to Students who Exhibit Suicidal Ideation/Behavior

For support and consultation, contact Student and Family Wellness Hotline at (213) 241-3840 Monday - Friday. See [BUL-2637.4 Suicide Prevention, Intervention, and Postvention \(Students\)](#) for more information.

In case of an emergency, call 911. For law enforcement and/or after-hours response, contact the Los Angeles School Police Department (LASPD) at (213) 625-6631.

A. Respond Immediately

1. Report concerns or incidents directly to the administrator/designee and/or the Suicide/Threat Prevention Liaison (STPL) immediately or as soon as practically possible. For example, do not wait until the end of the day or leave a note, send an email, or leave a voicemail without ensuring that the message was received.
2. Ensure that a staff member, not a student, accompanies the student sent to the office for an assessment.

B. Secure the Safety of the Student

1. For immediate, emergency life-threatening situations, call 911.
2. Supervise the student at all times. Ensure that the physical environment the student is in is free of any items/objects that could potentially be harmful, such as scissors, letter openers, staplers, pushpins, and pencil sharpeners.
3. If appropriate and consistent with District guidelines, conduct an administrative search of the student, backpack, and locker to ensure there is no access to means, such as razor blades or pills.
4. District employees should not transport students. Only LASPD, local law enforcement, or designated Department of Mental Health clinicians, including Psychiatric Mobile Response Team (PMRT) staff, are authorized to transport an individual for a psychiatric evaluation (5150/5585) if the current circumstances meet the criteria.
5. If the school receives information that a student may pose a danger to self and/or others, but the student is not in attendance, contact LASPD or local law enforcement to conduct a welfare check to determine the safety and well-being of the student and others.

C. Assess for Suicide Risk

1. The administrator/designee, crisis team member, or designated STPL should gather essential background information that will help assess the student's risk for suicide (e.g., what the student said or did, information that prompted concern or suspicion, copies of any concerning writings, drawings, text messages, social media, or previous iSTAR history).
2. The trained administrator/designee, crisis team member, or designated STPL should meet with the student to complete a risk assessment. Based on the information gathered and assessment of the student, the assessing party should collaborate with at least one other

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designated School Site Crisis Team member to determine the level of risk. See [BUL-2637 Attachment B-Suicide Risk Assessment](#).

3. Any consultations made by the assessing party should be in a confidential setting and not in the presence of the student of concern. Another designated staff member should supervise the student at all times.
4. If the level of risk is determined to be moderate, if safe to do so, communicate with parent/guardian and gather additional information relevant to the risk factors.
Note: The initial level of risk may change as a result of the information gathered. If needed, consult with Local District Mental Health Team or the Student and Family Wellness Hotline at (213) 241-3840 to determine next steps.
5. If the level of risk is determined to be high, contact LASPD (213) 625-6631 or PMRT (800) 854-7771 for an assessment and possible transport to a hospital for a mental health evaluation. Only one agency should be contacted for a response. Either agency is authorized to assess, determine if the current circumstances meet criteria for a hold, and transport an individual for a psychiatric evaluation (CA WIC 5150/5585), if needed.

The privacy of all students should be protected at ALL times. Disclose confidential information only on a right to know and need to know basis, and only the information necessary to protect the health and safety of the student/others.

D. Communicate with Parent/Guardian

The STPL or assessing party should contact the parent/guardian or consult the emergency card for an authorized third party. When communicating with parent/guardian:

1. Share concerns and provide recommendations for establishing safety in the home with “means restriction” (e.g., securing/removing firearms, medications, cleaning supplies, cutlery, and razor blades).
2. If the student has a custody arrangement, notify both parents/guardians unless the custody order indicates otherwise (e.g., stay away order, restraining order, limits on information provided).
3. If the student is transported to the hospital, communicate a plan for a re-entry meeting pursuant to [BUL-2637 Attachment K – Student Re-Entry Guidelines](#). Complete and provide [BUL-2637 Attachment I-Return to School Information for Parent/Guardian](#), which outlines steps to facilitate a positive transition back to school.
4. Provide school and/or local community mental health resources, including the nearest [District Mental Health Clinic or Wellness Center](#). Students with private health insurance should be referred to their provider.
5. Facilitate contact with community agencies and follow-up to ensure access to services.
6. Provide a copy of [BUL-2637 Attachment G-Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers and/or Attachment H-Self-Injury Awareness for Parents/Caregivers](#).
7. Obtain parent/guardian permission to communicate with outside mental health care providers regarding their child using [BUL-2637 Attachment J-Parent/Guardian Authorization for Release/Exchange of Information](#).
8. If necessary, obtain parent/guardian consent to search using the template in [BUL-2637 Attachment M-Parent/Guardian Consent to Search](#).

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E. Determine Appropriate Action Plan

The assessing party should collaborate with at least one other designated School Site Crisis Team member to determine appropriate action(s) based on the level of risk. Refer to [BUL-2637 Attachment B-Suicide Risk Assessment](#).

There are circumstances that might increase a student's suicide risk. Examples may include suspension, expulsion, relationship problems, significant loss, interpersonal conflict, or being identified as a student of a vulnerable population (see [Section VI-Considerations for Supporting Vulnerable Student Populations](#)). The action plan determined should be documented and managed by the school site administrator/designee. Actions may include:

1. Develop a safety plan. A safety plan is a prioritized list of coping strategies and resources that a student may use before, during, or after a suicidal crisis. See [BUL-2637 Attachments D1–D4](#) for recommendations and templates for developing a student safety plan.
 - a. Throughout the safety planning process, a collaborative problem-solving approach should be used to assess and address any potential barriers the student may have with following through with the safety plan.
 - b. Review the developed safety plan with the parent/guardian, specifically the trusted adults identified as gatekeepers for support at school and at home/community. Discuss suitability of these adults, review [BUL-2637 Attachment E-Adult Gatekeeper](#) handout and inform parent/guardian that identified adults may receive Attachment E handout, as appropriate.
 - c. Provide and review [BUL-2637 Attachment E–Adult Gatekeeper](#) handout with the identified trusted adults in school, as appropriate. Written parental consent is required to notify trusted adults identified on the student's safety plan from the home/community. Parents/guardians may consent by writing their initials on the consent line at the end of the signature section of the safety plan (see [BUL-2637 Attachment D2 or D4, My Safety Plan](#)).
 - d. If the student enrolls in a new school, the safety plan should be reviewed with the new School Site Crisis Team to ensure continuity of care and appropriate updates/revisions, as needed.
2. Follow student re-entry guidelines. See [BUL-2637 Attachment K-Student Re-entry Guidelines](#) for a checklist of action items to consider and [BUL-2637 Attachment L- Student Re-Entry/Safety Planning Meeting Sign-in Sheet](#) to document participation in any meetings regarding the student.
 - a. A student returning to school following a serious or prolonged illness, injury, surgery, or other hospitalization (including psychiatric and drug or alcohol inpatient treatment), should have written permission by a licensed California health care provider to attend school, including any recommendations regarding physical activity. See [BUL-2637 Attachment S-Suicide Risk Assessment FAQs](#).
 - b. If the student is absent or out of school due to a mental health evaluation/hospitalization, the school site administrator/designee should hold a re-entry meeting with key support staff, parents/guardians, and student upon their return to facilitate a successful transition.
 - c. As appropriate, consider an assessment for special education for a student whose behavioral and emotional needs affect their ability to benefit from their educational

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program (see [BUL-5577 Counseling and Educationally Related Intensive Counseling Services \[ERIC\] for Students with Disabilities](#)).

3. Mobilize a support system and provide resources. See Attachment R - Resource Guide.
 - a. Connect student and family with social, school, and community supports.
 - b. Refer the student to the nearest District Mental Health Clinic or Wellness Center, a community resource provider, or their health care provider for mental/physical health services.
4. Monitor and manage.
 - a. The administrator/designee and/or STPL should monitor and manage the case as it develops and until it has been determined that the student no longer poses an immediate threat to self.
 - b. If deemed appropriate/necessary, request consent from parent/guardian to conduct a search of the student, as needed. See [BUL-2637 Attachment M-Parent/Guardian Consent to Search](#) template.
 - c. Maintain consistent communication with appropriate parties on a right to know and need to know basis.
 - d. If the parent/guardian is not following the safety recommendations, a suspected child abuse report may be filed. See [BUL-1347 Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Requirements](#).

F. Important Considerations

The following are important to consider when intervening with youth who are exhibiting suicidal ideation/behavior:

1. When Certificated Staff Accompany a Student to the Hospital
If LASPD, PMRT or other local law enforcement determines that the student will be transported to an emergency hospital/medical facility, the school site administrator should designate a certificated staff member to accompany the student if:
 - a. The student requests the presence of a staff member.
 - b. The school is unable to make contact with the parent/guardian.
 - c. Parent/guardian is unavailable to meet the student at the hospital; or
 - d. The school site administrator deems this is appropriate based on considerations such as age, developmental level, or pertinent historical student information.
2. Providing Information for a Psychiatric Evaluation
If the student will be transported, the assessing party should complete [BUL-2637 Attachment C2-Summary of Relevant Student Information](#), indicating summary of incident and pertinent historical information. A copy of this document should be provided to PMRT or law enforcement prior to transporting to a hospital emergency room. For information on how to complete Attachment C2, refer to [BUL-2637 Attachment C1-Directions on How to Complete the Summary of Relevant Student Information](#).

G. Responding to Student Suicide Attempts

In case of a student suicide attempt, the health and safety of the student is paramount. The following are important steps to consider in these situations:

1. In-School Suicide Attempt

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In case of an in-school suicide attempt:

- a. Call 911, as appropriate.
 - b. Render first aid until professional medical treatment and/or transportation can be received.
 - c. Supervise the student to ensure their safety.
 - d. Inform the school site administrator/designee and/or STPL immediately or as soon as practically possible.
 - e. Clear the area by relocating nearby students and staff, as soon as practically possible.
 - f. Inform the parent/guardian.
 - g. Engage the STPL to ensure the appropriate action plan, safety plan, and re-entry guidelines are established to ensure the safety and well-being of the student and others who might have been exposed or triggered by the incident.
2. Out-of-School Suicide Attempt

In case of an out-of-school suicide attempt:

- a. If the student contacts a staff member and expresses suicidal ideation, the staff member should attempt to maintain contact with the student (either in person, online, or on the phone). Inform the school site administrator/designee and/or STPL immediately for support and guidance.
- b. Call 911, LASPD at (213) 625-6631, or local law enforcement to initiate a welfare check, as appropriate.
- c. Inform the parent/guardian.
- d. Engage the STPL to ensure the appropriate action plan, safety plan, and re-entry guidelines are established to ensure the safety and well-being of the student.

H. Document All Actions

1. The administrator/designee shall maintain records and documentation of actions taken at the school by completing an incident report and RARD in iSTAR. For information on completing iSTARs with the issue type "Suicidal Behavior", see [BUL-2637 Attachment F1-Recommendations for RARD Completion](#).
2. When documenting in iSTAR, include the 10-digit student identification number for the student in the Persons Involved tab. Any previous reports involving the student will be displayed in this tab, which may influence additional safety and action planning.
3. If the student is assessed by a member of the School Site Crisis team who does not have reporting access to iSTAR, the School Site Crisis Team member should complete [BUL-2637 Attachment F2-Risk Assessment Referral Data \(RARD\)](#) and submit it to the school site administrator within 24 hours or by the end of the next school day, for submission on iSTAR. The RARD should not be mailed.
4. Notes, documents, and records related to the incident are confidential information and remain privileged to authorized personnel. These notes should be kept in a confidential file separate and apart from the student's cumulative records.
5. If a student for whom a RARD has been completed transfers to a school within or outside the District, the transferring school may contact the receiving school to share information and concerns, as appropriate, to the extent necessary to ensure the health and safety of the student. To ensure a continuity of care within the District, a safety plan with the new school's crisis team should be developed, as appropriate.

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Procedures for Responding to Students who Self-Injure

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one's own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger, or frustration. Although this behavior often lacks suicidal intent, it can increase the risk of suicide because of the emotional problems that trigger self-injury. Therefore, students who engage in self-injurious behaviors should be assessed for suicide risk.

For definitions, the protocol for responding to students who self-injure, as well as information about contagion and other considerations, see [BUL-2637 Attachment O-Intervention: Protocol for Responding to Students Who Self-Injure](#).

A. Signs and Symptoms of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts or burns.
- Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change for Physical Education).
- Possession of sharp objects (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks).
- Evidence of self-injury in journals, drawings, social networking sites, etc.

B. Risk Factors of Self-Injury

Although self-injury can affect individuals at any age, there are certain risk factors that may increase the chance of someone engaging in self-injurious behavior, including the following:

- **Age**
Most people who self-injure are teenagers and young adults. Self-injury often starts in the early teen years, when emotions are more volatile, and teens face increasing peer pressure, loneliness, and conflicts with parents/guardians or other authority figures.
- **Having friends who self-injure**
People who have friends who intentionally harm themselves are more likely to begin self-injuring, sometimes as a way to bonding with their peers.
- **Psychosocial factors**
Some people who injure themselves were neglected, abused, or experienced other traumatic events. They may have grown up and remain in an unstable family environment, or they may be young people questioning their personal identity or sexuality. Some people who self-injure are socially isolated.
- **Mental health issues**
People who self-injure are more likely to be highly self-critical and be poor problem-solvers. In addition, self-injury is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder, and eating disorders.
- **Alcohol or drug abuse**
People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

C. Protocol for Responding to Self-Injury

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1. Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
2. Supervise the student at all times.
3. Seek medical attention, as needed.
4. Conduct an administrative search of student for access to means such as razor blades, shards of glass, other sharp instruments, or medications.
5. Assess for suicide risk using the protocols outlined in [BUL-2637 Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Postvention \(Students\)](#).
6. Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian so the self-injurious behavior can be addressed as soon as possible. Provide handout [BUL-2637 Attachment H- Self-Injury Awareness for Parents/Caregivers](#). For handouts in additional languages, visit the [SMH Self-Injury Resources](#) webpage.
7. Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
8. Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked, or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
9. Develop a safety plan with the student. See [BUL-2637 Attachment D1-D4-My Safety Plan](#).
10. Notify identified adults in the safety plan and provide [BUL-2637 Attachment E-Adult Gatekeeper handout](#).
11. Provide resources. See [BUL-2637 Attachment R-Resource Guide](#).
12. Document all actions in the RARD on iSTAR; include student identification number in the Persons Involved tab of iSTAR.

D. Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

1. Respond immediately or as soon as practically possible.
2. Respond individually to students but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
3. As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
4. Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the protocol outlined in [BUL-2637 Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Postvention \(Students\)](#).
5. If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have influenced the behaviors of others in the group. The self-injurious behavior may be indicative of complex mental health issues of this student.
6. Consider making a mental health referral for students exhibiting self-injurious behaviors.

E. Other Considerations for Response to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

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1. Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
2. When self-injurious behaviors are impacting a larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent/guardian to an informational parent meeting at the school. The meeting should be reserved for parents/guardians only. The administrator/designee may decide to invite all parents/guardians from the school community, as the meeting would provide psychoeducation, awareness, and tools for addressing self-injurious behaviors in youth. Limiting the invitations may inadvertently leave other parents/guardians feeling uninformed or concerned about their child. Arrangements should be made to supervise students and children during the parent/guardian meeting. See [BUL-2637 Attachment N-Sample Letter to Parent/Guardian RE: Self-Injury](#).

Consult and work with the LD Public Information Officer (213) 241-6766 for dissemination of information regarding a parent/guardian meeting or other media matters, as needed.

7.15 Threat to Others

For support and consultation, contact the Student and Family Wellness Hotline at (213) 241-3840 Monday-Friday. After hours, contact the Los Angeles School Police Department at (213) 625-6631.

This procedure applies if site personnel receive or have knowledge of a threat that may target an individual, a particular group or the entire school community. Such threats may be direct, indirect, verbal, non-verbal, written, or electronic, and may target an individual, a particular group on campus, the entire school, or the community. The school administrator should ensure that all threats are properly assessed, in accordance with the guidelines and protocols indicated in the District's [BUL-5799 Threat Assessment and Management \(Student-to-Student, Student-to-Adult\)](#) and [BUL-5798 Workplace Violence, Bullying and Threats \(Adult-to-Adult\)](#). Online training about threats is available on MyPLN in courses STEPS 208 and 408.

Protocol for Responding to Threats of School Violence

A threat assessment should be conducted when there is a direct, clear, and plausible threat of serious physical violence toward another person or District site. Additionally, a threat assessment could be conducted if the totality of the circumstances warrants an assessment. In general, to evaluate a threat, the team should have as many details as possible about the person of concern, including baseline behavior, worrisome behaviors, threats made, and relevant past behaviors. For example, information gathered can include specific details about the thoughts and planning of a specific threat. A lack of specific details may indicate that little thought has gone into the threat and the threat maker is just venting frustration or trying to frighten people. A threat that contains specific details about targets, weapons, locations, and motivation is much more likely to be carried out. The more detail contained in a threat, the more thought that has gone into the planning.

The primary purpose of a threat assessment is to determine if a person of concern poses a risk of violence to the target they have threatened. The following are general protocols and procedures for the administrator/designee to respond to any reports of school violence or

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threats in schools, at District and school-related activities, and in areas within the District's jurisdiction. For an abbreviated version of the protocol outlined below, see Supplemental Tool A1-Protocol for Responding to Threats of School Violence.

There are four stages for the threat assessment and management process that an administrator/designee should follow:

- Stage I: Immediate Risk Reducing Interventions
- Stage II: Information Gathering
- Stage III: Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team Meeting
- Stage IV: Implementing Action Plan

Within each stage, the urgency of the situation may dictate the order in which the subsequent protocols are followed and necessary.

STAGE I: IMMEDIATE RISK REDUCING INTERVENTIONS

A. Secure Campus/Office Safety

1. For immediate, emergency life-threatening situations, call 911.
2. Call LASPD (213) 625-6631 or local law enforcement for assistance at the school site or school related activity. An initial interview by law enforcement is not a substitute for a multidisciplinary threat assessment team meeting.
3. Secure site and/or implement lockdown, if necessary.
4. If appropriate, notify relevant offices (e.g., LD, SMH, Student Discipline and Expulsion Support Unit) and parents/guardians, as soon as practically possible.

B. In Case of an Incident of School Violence

1. Call 911.
2. Render first aid until professional medical treatment and/or transportation can be received.
3. Supervise the student to ensure their safety.
4. Inform the school site administrator/designee and/or the Suicide/Threat Prevention Liaison (STPL) immediately or as soon as practically possible.
5. Evacuate the area by relocating nearby students and staff, as soon as practically possible.
6. Notify appropriate offices (e.g., LD, SMH, Student Discipline and Expulsion Support Unit) and parents/guardians, as soon as practically possible.
7. Engage the School Site Crisis Team and STPL to determine and implement the appropriate postvention response, action plan, safety plan, and reentry guidelines to ensure the safety and well-being of the student and others who might have been affected by the incident.

STAGE II: INFORMATION GATHERING

An individual's behaviors and emotional state can be influenced by a number of factors, including triggers, attack related behaviors, relationship dynamics, protective factors, and risk factors. Therefore, to effectively evaluate a threat, the multidisciplinary threat assessment team should have as much past and present information about the person of concern, as well as details regarding the threat or incident.

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A. Gather Relevant Information

Review all school records and other relevant information listed in Supplemental Tool B1- Information Gathering Checklist. If documents or information are missing or unknown, an effort should be made to gain access to the information.

B. Interview Relevant Parties

Interview all relevant parties separately. The administrator/designee or designated STPL should gather essential information from multiple sources, including one or more school staff members who have direct knowledge of the threat and/or relevant knowledge of the student.

The following supplemental tools may be utilized to interview all relevant parties:

- Supplemental Tool B2 – Student Interview
- Supplemental Tool B3 – Witness/Target Interview
- Supplemental Tool B4 – Teacher/Staff Interview/Questionnaire
- Supplemental Tool B5 – Parent/Guardian Interview

All interviews, information gathered, and consultations for support made by the assessing parties should be done in a confidential setting and not in the presence of any student. Another designated staff member should supervise involved student, as needed. In addition to the interviews mentioned above, written statements may be gathered, but are not required.

If an intended target is identified during any of the interviews, if appropriate, make sure to warn the intended target of the threat and/or take reasonable steps to protect the threatened individual in the educational setting.

- If the targeted individual is a student, take appropriate steps to inform the parent/guardian.
- If the targeted individual is an adult, take appropriate steps to inform them of the threat.
- Consult with LD Operations and law enforcement, as needed.

C. Additional Considerations

The following are important to consider when intervening with youth who are exhibiting warning signs that they may be on a pathway towards violence:

1. **When Certificated Staff Accompany a Student to the Hospital**

If LASPD, PMRT or other local law enforcement determines that the student will be transported to an emergency hospital/medical facility, the school site administrator may designate a certificated staff member to accompany the student if:

- a. The student requests the presence of a staff member.
- b. The school is unable to make contact with the parent/guardian.
- c. Parent/guardian is unavailable to meet the student at the hospital; or

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- d. The school site administrator deems this is appropriate based on considerations such as age, developmental level, or pertinent historical student information.

2. Providing Information for a Psychiatric Evaluation

If the student will be transported, the assessing party should complete Supplemental Tool C2 – Summary of Relevant Student Information, indicating summary of incident and pertinent historical information. A copy of this document should be provided to PMRT or law enforcement prior to transporting to a hospital emergency room. For guidelines on how to complete Supplemental Tool C2, refer to Supplemental Tool C1-How to Complete the Summary of Relevant Student Information.

The privacy of all students should be protected at all times. Disclose confidential information only on a need-to-know basis, and only disclose the information necessary to protect the health and safety of the student/others.

STAGE III: MULTIDISCIPLINARY THREAT ASSESSMENT TEAM MEETING

A. Identify Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team Members

An effective threat assessment team ensures communication among all stakeholders. It is important to include individuals that have information and knowledge of the incident/case being reviewed. A multidisciplinary threat assessment team may include, but is not limited to:

- Administrator/Designee
- STPL
- L.A. Unified mental health professional (e.g., PSW, PSA, School Psychologist)
- LD Operations Coordinator

Some optional members might also include:

- LASPD Officer
- Teacher
- Nurse
- After-school staff
- SHHS staff
- Special Education staff (e.g., Least Restrictive Environment Specialist, Behavior Support)
- Office of General Counsel
- Community agency (e.g., Department of Children and Family Services, mental health, private therapist)

The person of concern, the targeted individual, and/or parent/guardian are not part of the multidisciplinary threat assessment team meeting.

B. Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team Meeting

1. Prepare for the meeting
 - a. Compile information gathered from the checklist and interviews (included in Supplemental Tools B1-B5) for the team to review the history and current status of the person of concern.
 - b. Make copies of Supplemental Tool D1 – School Violence Threat Assessment Checklist to share with each participant.

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- c. Allow sufficient time (e.g., 2 hours) to review the case and develop an action plan as a team.
2. Convene the meeting
 - a. Sign In – Use sign-in sheet template Supplemental Tool D4 –Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team Meeting Sign-in Sheet.
 - b. Introductions – Indicate name, position, department, and relation to the person of concern.
 - c. Identify Action Plan Note Taker - Use notes template Supplemental Tool D2 – Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team Meeting Action Plan.
 - d. Review Incident – Provide a summary of the incident that initiated the Threat Assessment Team (TAM) process.
 - e. Review History and Information Gathered – Review all information gathered, including interviews and relevant history/past behavior of the person of concern.
 - f. Determine Level of Risk - Based on all information obtained, review Supplemental Tool B6 – Threat/Risk Assessment Levels, Indicators, and Action Plan Options to determine the level of risk as a team (information also in Supplemental Tool D1).
 - No Known Current Risk - indicates that there is no evidence of homicidal/suicidal ideation at this time.
 - Low Risk – indicates the person of concern is at little risk for school violence.
 - Moderate Risk – indicates the person of concern is at an elevated risk for school violence.
 - High Risk – indicates the person of concern is at high or imminent risk for violence, and immediate intervention is required to prevent an act of school violence from occurring.
 - g. Action Plan – Using Supplemental Tool D2 – Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team Meeting Action Plan identify past action taken, immediate action, and long-term action, including responsible parties for each action step identified.
 - The action plan should be consistent with the level of risk determined by the team.
 - The action plan should be managed by the school site administrator/designee.
 - Any action items listed should be completed within the identified timeline.
 - It is important to note that all levels of risk, including No Known Current Risk, has recommended action steps.
 - See Supplemental Tool B6 – Threat/Risk Assessment Levels, Indicators and Action Plan Options for appropriate actions and considerations by risk level.
- C. Additional Considerations
1. Disciplinary Action
Contact Student Discipline and Expulsion Support Unit to discuss procedures for discipline and/or intervention.
 2. Suspected Child Abuse or Neglect
Report the incident to the appropriate child protective services agency, following [BUL-1347 Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Requirements](#) if child abuse or neglect by a parent/guardian is suspected. For example:
 - contacting the parent/guardian regarding the suicidal/homicidal ideation/behavior may escalate the student’s current level of risk

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- the parent/guardian is contacted and unwilling to respond
 - the parent/guardian refuses treatment for the student of concern
 - the parent/guardian is unable to safeguard the student
 - the student has access to weapons
 - when additional minors are in the home and therefore may be at risk The report should include information about any concerning homicidal/suicidal ideations or behaviors exhibited by the student. The reporting party should follow directives provided by the child protective services agency personnel.
3. **Duty to Warn**
Per *Tarasoff v. The Regents of the University of California* mental health professionals have a “duty to protect” as well as a “duty to warn” a potential victim of serious threat of physical violence and to notify the police (CA CC § 43.92).
4. **Criminal Threat** (as determined by LASPD or local law enforcement)
The target may call LASPD or local law enforcement to file a criminal complaint.

STAGE IV: IMPLEMENTING ACTION PLAN

In general, and when appropriate, meet with parents/guardians, as well as all involved students to discuss actions taken, action plan items, safety plan for student, and reentry. Meetings should be conducted separately for each involved party and their parent/guardian (see Supplemental Tool E – Safety Planning and Reentry). Consider the following options when developing a student safety plan and conducting a reentry meeting:

- A. Student Safety Planning
1. Throughout the safety planning process, a collaborative problem-solving approach should be used to assess and address any potential barriers the student may have with following through with the safety plan.
 2. Review the developed safety plan with the parent/guardian, specifically the trusted adults identified as gatekeepers for support at school and at home/community. Discuss suitability of these adults, review Supplemental Tool F3 – Adult Gatekeeper for School Safety handout, and inform parent/guardian that identified adults may receive Supplemental Tool F3 handout, as appropriate.
 3. Provide and review Supplemental Tool F3 – Adult Gatekeeper for School Safety handout with the identified trusted adults in school, as appropriate. Written parental consent is required to notify trusted adults identified from the home/community on the student’s safety plan. Parents/guardians may consent by writing their initials on the consent line at the end of the signature section of the safety plan (see Supplemental Tool E2 or E4, Student Safety Plan).
- B. Student Reentry Meeting
1. If the student has been out of school for any length of time, including mental health hospitalization, the school site administrator/designee may consider holding a reentry meeting with key support staff, parents, and student to facilitate a successful transition. See Supplemental Tool E6 - Student Reentry Guidelines for a checklist of action items to consider.

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2. It is strongly encouraged that written permission by the health care provider be obtained for a student following hospitalization, including psychiatric and drug or alcohol inpatient treatment, prior to returning to school.
3. If the person of concern and/or target transfers or matriculates to another school and an immediate threat to self or others remains, follow the guidelines in [BUL-3927 Mandated Reporting of Certain Student Behavior](#).

C. Provide Resources

1. Provide parents/guardians, staff, and witnesses the appropriate handouts (see Supplemental Tools F1-F4).
2. Provide Supplemental Tool F5 – Resource Guide to parents/guardians and staff, as needed.

D. Document Actions

1. Notes, Documents, and Records
 - a. The administrator/designee action plan notes taken during the threat assessment meeting are for use by L.A. Unified attorneys unless stated otherwise in this bulletin. No copies of the action plan notes shall be furnished to anyone including employees, students, or parents without permission from the Office of General Counsel. Supplemental Tool D2 – Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team Meeting Action Plan should be used to document the action plan during a threat assessment meeting.
 - b. Notes, documents, and records related to the incident are considered confidential information. These notes should be kept in a confidential file separate and apart from the student’s cumulative records.
2. Documenting in iSTAR
 - a. The administrator/designee shall maintain records and documentation of actions taken at the school by completing an incident report and RARD in iSTAR. For information on completing an iSTAR with the issue type Threat and Suicidal Risk, see Supplemental Tool G1 – Completing the RARD on iSTAR.
 - b. Do not upload Supplemental Tool D1 – School Violence Threat Assessment Checklist and Supplemental Tool D2 –Multidisciplinary Threat Assessment Team Meeting Action Plan or any other follow-up meeting notes in iSTAR.
 - c. When documenting in iSTAR, include the 10-digit student identification number for the student in the Persons Involved tab. Any previous reports involving the student will be displayed in this tab, which may influence additional safety and action planning.

If the student is assessed by a member of the School Site Crisis team who does not have reporting access to iSTAR, the School Site Crisis team member should complete Supplemental Tool G2 – RARD and submit it to the school site administrator within 24 hours or by the end of the next school day, for submission on iSTAR. The RARD should not be mailed.

7.16 Tsunami

A tsunami is a series of ocean waves that sends surges of water onto land. Waves sometimes reach heights of over 100 feet and can cause great destruction. Tsunamis are typically caused by large, undersea earthquakes, but may also be caused by underwater landslides or volcanic

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eruptions. Shaking events can generate a tsunami in the area where the shaking occurred with little warning time, or thousands of miles away, with several hours of warning time.

These procedures should be followed by the designated schools near the ocean or on field trips to or near the beach or when a distant or local shaking event has occurred and generated a tsunami. Schools located inside the known tsunami inundation area have a Tsunami Annex for their ISSP. All of the identified schools have been issued weather alert radios that send out tsunami advisories from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). Information is available in the LAUSD [REF 5435 NOAA Weather Radio All-Hazards Alerts](#).

Tsunami Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. If on a field trip, this duty is a responsibility of the lead teacher or administrator in charge of the field trip. The specific action will depend on how close the school is to the ocean, and how much time there is to act.
2. The Incident Commander or school Public Information Officer will monitor local news outlets for information such as evacuation notices and initiate further actions as appropriate. Schools in the Tsunami Inundation Zone have a NOAA weather alert radio with battery back-up in the Main Office.
3. If the Incident Commander issues the Evacuate Building or Relocation action, staff and students will evacuate affected buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the area identified in the school's tsunami annex. The evacuation destination for a field trip should be to land that is at least 100 feet above sea level. Evacuees should stay away from coastal and low-lying areas. Waves may continue for several hours and travel several times faster than walking, running, or driving.
4. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will take students rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
5. The Incident Commander will notify School Police at (213) 625-6631 and the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the incident. LD staff will inform the LD Public Information Officer of the situation.
6. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
7. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
8. The Incident Commander will initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
9. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

* The above procedures are also followed for field trips on or near the beach if there is a threat of a tsunami.

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7.17 Utility Failure

A utility failure is a situation involving a loss of water, power, or other utility on school grounds.

7.17.1 General Loss or Failure of Utilities Procedures

1. If water or an electrical line is broken, an effort should be made to turn off water or power to the affected area and to notify the school administrator immediately.
2. If a gas leak is suspected or the loss of utilities poses a risk of explosion, refer to Section 7.10 Explosion/Risk of Explosion on School Property.
3. Upon notice of loss of utilities, the principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate appropriate emergency functions, which may include Shelter in Place, or Evacuate Building.
4. The Incident Commander will notify the Area Maintenance and Operations (during business hours) or School Police at (213) 625-6631 (at all other days/hours) and will provide the location and nature of emergency. Other personnel will be notified at the discretion of the Incident Commander.
5. Area Maintenance personnel, working with the Incident Commander, will contact the affected utility company to determine whether their assistance is required, recommended actions, and the potential length of time service will be interrupted.
6. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the loss of utility service.
7. If the Evacuate Building action is initiated, teachers will take student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies when leaving the building and take attendance once the class is assembled in a safe location. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions.
8. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
9. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
10. As needed, school emergency supplies will be utilized to compensate for the loss of a utility.
11. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.
12. In addition to the procedures listed above, the Incident Commander will implement the protocols for specific concerns below as needed.

7.17.2 Loss of Water Supply Procedures

The following operational items apply at a school that has lost its water supply. Many issues can be easily solved if the school has adequate emergency supplies:

1. **Bathrooms** - School personnel can make a regular toilet work by pouring a half-bucket (about 2.5 gallons) of water into the toilet to provide the “flush.” Water stored in emergency barrels can be used for this purpose. This method is often easier than setting up toileting stations of 5-gallon buckets with plastic bags in them. Standard toilets can also be lined with plastic bags. Bucket toilets and toilets lined with plastic bags generate bags of hazardous waste that need to be disposed of properly. One disposal method is

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to dump the contents of the bags into the standard toilets when they are returned to service. Be advised that this method is messy at best. Schools must also provide toilets that are accessible to students with specific needs.

Health code requires that the students have a way of washing their hands after going to the bathroom. Water from the emergency supplies, waterless hand cleaner, or wipes will fulfill that requirement and should be stored with the other emergency supplies.

If portable toilets are delivered, schools must make sure that there are also hand cleaning stations set up, as well as accessible toilets for students with specific needs. Mark at least two of the portable toilets for faculty use.

2. **Cafeteria** - To keep the cafeteria open, cafeteria staff must have clean water to wash hands and clean surfaces. Water can be pumped from the emergency water barrels into a plastic water carrier. The water carrier can be taken to the kitchen, and cafeteria staff can use the water at their sink. If the cafeteria staff needs hot water, they can heat it.
3. **Drinking Water** - Drinking water can be addressed many ways. Students will usually have milk and juice with their lunches, which will provide hydration. Additional water can be distributed in cups or individual bottles/pouches, depending on what was stored. Often the utility provider or Maintenance and Operations will obtain bottled water for the school.

If schools are using water from the emergency water barrels, they must re-chlorinate the water 30 minutes before it is made available for consumption. Details are available in the [REF-5451 School Site Emergency/Disaster Supplies](#).

4. **Fire Suppression** - The fire code requires that if the automatic fire sprinklers are disabled for any reason, schools must post a fire watch. For complete and specific instructions, please see [REF-1909 Procedures for Fire Protection Systems](#). The law requires that someone must continuously patrol the entire campus every half hour and then log in the fact that no fire was seen. The person conducting the fire watch shall be knowledgeable of the fire watch procedures, should have a radio, be able to notify the fire department and alert and evacuate the building occupants. The fire department and the Office of Environmental Health and Safety at (213) 241-3199 must be notified. Logs must be kept documenting who patrolled the building, where they went and when they made their rounds. Schools shall notify the fire department to request permission to implement the fire watch:
 - Los Angeles City Fire Department (Valley) (818) 728-9922
 - Los Angeles City Fire Department (Los Angeles) (213) 978-3800
 - Los Angeles County Fire Department (323) 881-2455

Only the fire department can authorize a school to go off fire watch. Schools will need to save and document all contacts with the fire department to ensure they followed the Fire Code.

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5. **Other Concerns** - At secondary schools, there may be a request to use the showers, which cannot be accommodated. The nurse may also ask for water to wash hands. They may be able to use waterless hand cleaner, but they will still need water for cleaning wounds, etc. Schools can pump the emergency water into a water carrier for the nurse to use at the sink in the Health Office or provide bottled water.

7.17.3 Loss of Power Procedures

The following are concerns that need to be addressed at a school that has lost electrical power.

1. **Lights** - Schools are built to take advantage of natural light. Classrooms often have one wall of windows, so there should still be visibility, even without electric lights. Classroom emergency kits typically include flashlights that can provide additional illumination. In many cases, the loss of electricity is minimally disruptive to instruction; it is common practice for students to remain in classrooms during a power outage.

Almost all schools have emergency lights on battery back-up. These lights will allow students and staff to safely exit the building. These lights illuminate hallways, stairwells and exit signs. In most schools, emergency lighting operates on a series of large batteries and have the capacity to run for about an hour, so that everyone will have adequate time to exit the building. Some schools have hardwired emergency generators instead of batteries. These generators are sized to run emergency egress lighting only, and do not power other items such as elevators and air conditioning.

Some schools have portable generators in the emergency supply bin that can power lighting in the assembly area, charge batteries on radios, and other power needs. Generators and rechargeable portable power stations are also used to supplement battery-powered medical devices for students with special needs.

In a prolonged power outage, the Maintenance and Operations Branch provides a generator to power the cafeteria. The cafeteria has food that needs to be kept at specific temperatures to preserve safety. The generator will be used to run the refrigerators and freezer.

2. **Students on Ventilators** - The students who use ventilators are provided with a small, portable generator rechargeable portable power stations to keep the ventilator battery charged during a power outage. Typically, these students are dependent on medical devices to live. Schools that have students who use ventilators and do NOT have a generator should immediately contact the Office of Emergency Management at 213-241-5337.
3. **Fire Alarms and Suppression Systems** - During a power outage, fire alarms and notification systems will not work. The Fire Code requires that if the automatic fire alarms are disabled, schools must post a fire watch. For complete and specific instructions, see [REF-1909 Procedures for Fire Protection Systems](#). The law requires that someone must continuously patrol the entire campus every half hour and then log in the fact that no fire was seen. The person conducting the fire watch shall be

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knowledgeable of the fire watch procedures, should have a radio, and be able to notify the fire department, and alert and evacuate the building occupants.

The fire department and the Office of Environmental Health and Safety at (213) 241-3199 must be notified. Logs must document who patrolled the building, where they went and when they made their rounds. Schools shall notify the fire department to request permission to implement the fire watch:

- Los Angeles City Fire Department (Valley) (818) 728-9922
- Los Angeles City Fire Department (Los Angeles) (213) 978-3800
- Los Angeles County Fire Department (323) 881-2455

Only the fire department can authorize a school to go off fire watch. Schools will need to save and document all contacts with the fire department to ensure that they abided by the Fire Code.

4. **Food Service** - The cafeteria staff may not be able to heat food without electricity. If the loss of power is expected to last through Nutrition or Lunch or other meals provided at school, immediately contact your Cafeteria Manager and your Area Food Services Director. They can arrange for food to be brought in from an off-site location. In a prolonged power outage, the Maintenance and Operations Branch will provide a generator to power the cafeteria. The cafeteria has food that needs to be kept specific temperatures to preserve safety. The generator will be used to run the refrigerators and freezer.

7.17.4 Loss of Communications Procedures

Schools regularly communicate with staff, parents, and other schools/offices using a variety of methods. Back up methods of communicating must be identified for each system in case a system is not functioning. Communications systems may be inoperable or have intermittent service due to an issue that impacts only that system, result from an emergency or disaster that causes an outage of communications, or due to system overload when too many people try to use a system following a disaster. During some types of large emergencies/disasters, multiple communications systems may be down or unreliable.

A best practice is to always send important communications by multiple methods (for example a voice message and a text or a newsletter that is emailed to parents and a hard copy sent home with students). It is essential to use multiple communications methods during a disaster to increase the chances that critical information is successfully received. The table below identifies some methods of communications commonly used by schools and which can be incorporated in a school's plan for loss of communication.

During a disaster, phone line and other communications systems use should be limited to essential information to minimize system congestion. Internet service and other data storage systems may also be unavailable during a disaster. Schools should maintain a list of key contacts downloaded onto devices and multiple copies of printed contact lists in the School Emergency Response Box.

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Common School Communications Methods:

Communication Method	Information Types
Landline telephone	Live voice calls; recorded voice messages
Email	Written messages; digital print materials
Public address system	Live voice information to campus group
Two-way radio	Live voice information to select campus group
Bull horn	Live voice information to campus group
Printed materials	Distributed in person
Runners/messengers	Live messages or distribution of printed materials
Cell phones	Live voice calls; recorded voice messages; text messages
Social media	Written messages; digital print materials

Additional considerations for communications methods:

1. **Phone Systems** - School PBX phone systems have a battery back-up because they run on computers. This allows the phones to operate without electricity. In addition, each school has a fax machine on a separate, direct, outside line that does not go through the PBX. If the PBX system fails, the fax line will still work, and schools should keep a single-line phone handset that can be plugged into this line during a loss of power or loss of phone lines. In the event of a major disaster such as an earthquake, these phone lines have been listed with the phone company as “essential service lines” and will be restored first.

If a school must relocate off campus during an emergency, it can forward the main school number to an administrator’s cell phone if possible. This will allow the school to still receive incoming calls from the school’s landline phone.

Some schools may have telephones that operate using Voice Over Internet Protocol (VOIP) systems. These phones, and other equipment that uses VOIP, may not function during a loss of internet service.

2. **School Two-Way Radios** - Each school has a two-way radio system that allows the school to communicate with people on that campus, a neighboring campus, and directly or indirectly with School Police. Systemwide failure of the radio network is possible, but unlikely. The radios will still operate during a power outage or when phone systems are down. As long as the radio batteries are charged and working, schools will be able to communicate within their campus. Schools should keep extra radio batteries, a spare radio charger and a portable power pack with the school’s emergency equipment.

Plan for a Loss of Water:

Toilets: Disposable toilets

Drinking Water: Emergency water in barrels

Food Service: Emergency food packets and cafeteria food supplies

Fire Suppression System (if applicable): Fire-extinguishers

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Plan for a Loss of Electricity:

Ventilation: Windows

Electric Lights: Flash-lights

Plan for a Loss of Natural Gas:

Food Service: Packaged/canned food

Plan for a Loss of Communication:

Telephone Service: Walkie-talkies

Intercom: N/A

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7.18 Weather

Schools may implement general inclement weather procedures during heavy rain, flooding, hail, or high winds. More information is available in [REF-5706 School Procedures During Inclement Weather](#), [REF-5435 NOAA Weather Radio All-Hazards Alerts](#), and [BUL-963 Guidelines for Preventing Heat Stress](#).

7.18.1 General Inclement Weather Procedures

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate appropriate emergency actions which may include Indoor Activities Schedule, Shelter in Place, Evacuate Building, or Relocation. NOTE: Inclement weather may block or impact routes to/from school and may necessitate an off-site evacuation even if the school itself is relatively unaffected. The principal may initiate an Indoor Activities Schedule to further protect school community from environmental discomforts. This is accomplished by closing all doors and windows and running the air conditioning, as HVAC systems can improve air quality, due to better filtration than typical home systems. For greater detail, refer to [REF-5803 Emergency Procedures, Drills and District-Wide Emergency Exercises](#).
2. The Incident Commander will notify 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and will describe the nature and extent of the incident.
3. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the emergency situation. LD personnel will call the Office of Communications with information on the situation.
4. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the situation. LD personnel will call the LD Public Information Officer with information on the situation.
5. The Incident Commander or school Public Information Officer will monitor local news outlets and NOAA weather alert radio and initiate further actions as appropriate.
6. If the Incident Commander issues the Evacuate Building or Relocation action, staff and students will evacuate affected buildings using prescribed routes or other safe routes to the Assembly Area.
7. In the event of an evacuation, teachers will bring student rosters and any classroom emergency supplies and take attendance at the Assembly Area to account for students. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers will notify the Assembly Area Team of missing students.
8. The Triage Team will monitor students who were exposed to adverse weather conditions (such as extreme cold, heat, or rain) as necessary.
9. The Planning and Intelligence Team will consider the impact of weather (including travel) on field trips and extracurricular activities and advise the Incident Commander if activities should be curtailed.
10. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
11. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.

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12. The Incident Commander will initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.
13. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.18.2 Rain Procedures

Rain can cause sudden or gradual flooding, impede driving conditions, and/or be accompanied by lightning. Before every rainy season, school plant managers should be reminded to:

- Check all ground-level drains and drainage areas to make sure they are free of debris and work properly. Clogged drains should be reported for repair since they can cause flooding and building damage.
- Inspect roof scuppers and drains to make sure they work properly.
- Request sandbags and plastic sheeting from the operational area that can be used to divert water away from doors.

Flood/Flash Flood

A Flash Flood may accompany rain or may appear suddenly as a result of storm conditions elsewhere in Southern California and may impede driving.

Hail

Hail can damage buildings and equipment, possibly injure students or adults (depending on the size of the hailstones) and may be accompanied by unusually cold weather.

Landslide/Debris Flow

Landslides can be caused by a variety of factors including [earthquakes](#), [storms](#), [fire](#), and by human modification of land. Landslides can occur quickly, often with little notice. In a landslide, masses of rock, earth, or debris move down a slope.

Debris and mud flows are rivers of rock, earth, and other debris saturated with water and develop when water rapidly accumulates in the ground, during heavy rainfall or rapid snowmelt. They can flow rapidly, striking with little or no warning, and may travel several miles from their source, growing in size as they pick up trees, boulders, cars, and other materials.

Thunder/Lightning

All thunderstorms produce lightning and are dangerous. Stop all outdoor activities and move activities indoors if you hear thunder or see lightning. Wait 30 minutes after the storm to resume outdoor activities.

Wind

High winds can create power outages, knock down trees and utility lines, and remove exterior building materials (such as gutters and shingles). Caution should be taken in areas where pop-up canopies, dining table umbrellas, tree branches or other objects may become airborne and exposed to wind damage. Students and staff should be kept away from these areas while high winds are present.

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7.18.3 Funnel Clouds/Tornado Procedures

Funnel clouds and tornadoes are possible in the Los Angeles area. If a funnel cloud is sighted or a tornado warning is issued, immediately move all students indoors. Basements offer the best protection. Schools without basements should use interior rooms and hallways on the lowest floor, away from windows and other sources of glass. Rooms with large roof spans (e.g., gymnasiums, cafeterias, and auditoriums) offer little or no protection from tornado-strength winds. Students should sit facing an interior wall, elbows to knees, with hands over the back of their heads, and remain in position until an all-clear is sounded.

1. The principal or designee becomes the Incident Commander, activates the school ICS Team, and will initiate the appropriate emergency function, Shelter in Place.
2. The Incident Commander makes the following announcement over the PA system or an alternate method of communication: "Your attention please. We are implementing an Indoor Activities Schedule, due to severe weather. Students and staff are to remain inside the building away from windows. Sit on the floor, face the wall, and protect your head with your arms. All students and staff that are outdoors are to immediately move to the protection of an inside room. As soon as we have further information, we will share it with you." NOTE: The principal may initiate an Indoor Activities Schedule to further protect school community from environmental discomforts. This is accomplished by closing all doors and windows and running the air conditioning, as HVAC systems can improve air quality, due to better filtration than typical home systems. For greater detail, refer to [REF-5803 Emergency Procedures, Drills and District-Wide Emergency Exercises](#).
3. If indoors, teachers will keep students in the classroom until further instructions are given.
4. If outdoors, students will proceed to their classrooms if it is safe to do so. If not, teachers or staff will direct students into the closest classrooms or school buildings. Teachers are to account for any students with a cognitive disability who may not have understood the directions. Teachers are to take roll and to notify the office with the number and names of students in the room with them.
5. The Incident Commander will notify 911 and School Police at (213) 625-6631 and will describe the nature and extent of the incident.
6. The Incident Commander will notify the LD Administrator of Operations and/or Operations Coordinator of the emergency situation. LD personnel will call the LD Public Information Officer with information on the situation.
7. The Incident Commander or Public Information Officer will monitor local news outlets and NOAA weather alert radio and initiate further actions as appropriate.
8. Teachers will take attendance to account for students and notify the office of missing students.
9. The Incident Commander will direct the Planning and Intelligence Team Leader or another authorized user to open an iSTAR on the incident.
10. The Incident Commander will notify and update parents via Blackboard Connect.
11. The Incident Commander will initiate a Relocation if warranted by changes in conditions.

7. Threat and Hazard-Specific Annexes

12. Once the incident has concluded and the campus has been determined to be safe, the Incident Commander will initiate the All-Clear action.

7.18.4 Heat Procedures

The intensity of exercise activities must be limited or modified whenever the Heat Index is above 95°. Details are available in [BUL-963 Guidelines for Preventing Heat Stress](#). A useful resource that calculates the heat index and offers heat safety tips is the OSHA smartphone app, the OSHA Heat Safety Tool. For information specifically geared towards employees, the California Division of Occupational Safety and Health provides a website with valuable information to help protect employees from heat-related illnesses at <http://www.dir.ca.gov/DOSH/HeatIllnessInfo.html>.

Modifying Athletic Activities During Excessive Heat

During times of excessive heat, the following precautions need to be taken for outdoor physical activity which includes recess, physical education, recreation, and competitive sports:

- Adequate water must be available. If adequate water is not available, physical activity must be modified. During the activity, periodic drinking of water every 15 to 30 minutes should be encouraged.
- Staff and all personnel supervising physical activities, including Youth Services personnel, should observe students during activity periods and modify activities. Students known to have health problems should be closely observed and their activity modified or restricted.

Strategies for Preventing Heat Stress During the School Day

- A “cool room” should be established for use by students showing early signs of heat stress. This room should provide maximum coolness possible. During excessive heat the “cool room” should be available for use at all times during the school day.
- Hold events indoors with air conditioning when possible. Shade should be made available in outdoor areas.
- Use current medical health history to identify students susceptible to or at high risk for heat related injuries. Students identified as high risk should be removed from participation at a lower Heat Index. These would include:
 - Students with history of previous heat illness
 - Students with current illnesses and/or health sensitive medical conditions
 - Students who have experienced recent injuries

7.18.5 National Weather Service Hazardous Weather Alert Definitions and Procedures

The National Weather Service issues three distinct categories of hazardous weather alerts, covering all manner of weather events. Schools will receive weather alerts via NOAA weather radios or mass media outlets. More information is available in the [REF-5435 NOAA Weather Radio All-Hazards Alerts](#) and at <http://achieve.lausd.net/noaa>.

Watch - when the risk of hazardous weather has increased significantly, but its occurrence, location or timing is still uncertain. A “watch” is intended to provide enough lead-time to set

7. Threat and Hazard-Specific Annexes

emergency plans in motion. A watch means that hazardous weather is possible, and schools need to listen for later information and possible warnings. If a weather watch is issued, schools in the affected area should:

- Review the ISSP and confirm staff assignments for emergency positions
- Consider if field trips and extracurricular activities should be adjusted/cancelled
- Review Blackboard Connect emergency contact lists for staff and students
- Monitor local weather via www.weather.gov and/or a NOAA weather radio
- Inspect the campus for conditions that could cause damage

Advisory - issued when a hazardous weather event is occurring, imminent or likely. Advisories are for less serious conditions than warnings that cause significant inconvenience. If caution is not exercised, conditions could lead to situations that may threaten life or property. If a weather advisory is issued, schools in the affected area should:

- Review the ISSP
- Check emergency supplies
- Consider if extracurricular activities, field trips, and after-school programs should be adjusted/cancelled
- Plan for a modified activity schedule
- Move outdoor equipment out of harm's way
- Monitor local weather via www.weather.gov and/or a NOAA weather radio
- Check school site for hazards and exposures that can be mitigated
- Send a Blackboard Connect message if extracurricular activities may be impacted

Warning - issued when a hazardous weather event is occurring, imminent or likely. A warning means weather conditions pose a threat to life or property. People in the path of the storm need to take protective action. If a weather warning is issued, schools in the affected area should:

- Activate ISSP
- Stage emergency supplies in a location protected from weather
- Send Blackboard Connect message, update school website, and school social media accounts to notify parents
- Notify LD Operations of actions
- Take proactive steps to protect students and staff
- Cancel activities, field trips, and after-school programs if expedient to do so

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Contacts

NAME	PHONE
Air Quality Management District	(909) 396-2000
American Red Cross Public Information	(310) 445-9900
Animal Services – L.A. City	(888) 452-7381
Blackboard Connect Client Care	(866) 435-7684
Building Inspection – L.A. City	(888) 524-2845
Bus Dispatch - LAUSD	(213) 580-2900
Cal Trans Road Closures	(800) 427-7623
California Highway Patrol	(800) 835-5347
Department of Mental Health ACCESS – L.A. County	(800) 854-7771
Department of Public Health – L.A. County	(213) 240-8117
Department of Transportation (LADOT) - Traffic Signals LA City	(213) 485-4181
Department of Transportation (LADOT) - Traffic Signals LA City VALLEY	(818) 752-5100
Department of Water and Power (DWP) – L.A. City	(800) 342-5397
District Nursing - LAUSD	(213) 202-7580
District Operations - LAUSD	(213) 241-5337
Fire and Medical Emergencies	911
Health Services – L.A. County	(800) 427-8700
Information Line - L.A. City	311
Information Line – L.A. County	211
LASPD School Police Watch Commander - LAUSD	(213) 625-6631
Local District Central - LAUSD	(213) 241-0167
Local District East - LAUSD	(323) 224-3100
Local District NorthEast - LAUSD	(818) 252-5200
Local District NorthWest - LAUSD	(818) 654-3670
Local District South - LAUSD	(310) 354-3400
Local District West - LAUSD	(310) 914-2100
Office of Communications - LAUSD	(213) 241-6766
Office of Emergency Management - LAUSD	(213) 241-5337
Office of Environmental Health & Safety - LAUSD	(213) 241-3199
Park Rangers Hotline – L.A. City	(323) 644-6661
Recreation and Parks – L.A. City	(213) 978-4670
Sanitation: Refuse Collection – L.A. City	(800) 773-2489
Sanitation: Sewer – L.A. City	(213) 485-7575

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Sanitation: Storm Drain/Stormwater Hotline L.A. City	(800) 974-9794
School Mental Health - LAUSD	(213) 241-3841
Sewer Maintenance – L.A. County (Non-L.A. City)	(800) 675-4357
Southern California Edison - Non-L.A. City	(800) 611-1911
Southern California Gas Company	(800) 427-2200
Storm Damage/Mud Slide Reports – L.A. City	311
Street Lighting – L.A. City	311
Student Health and Human Services- LAUSD	(213) 241-3840
Student Medical Services - LAUSD	(213) 202-7584

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School Emergency Contacts Chart

This chart provides Emergency Team Contact information used by School Police to contact school site administrators and key staff in the event of an emergency.		
TITLE	NAME	WORK NUMBER
Principal	RALLION, MARIE FRANCE	(213) 389-1181
Assistant Principal 1	YOON, JULIE	(213) 389-1181(213) 389-1181
Assistant Principal 2	YOUNG, ALREE	(323) 937-7223
Assistant Principal 3		
Assistant Principal 4		
Administrative Assistant	YOO, HYON DOUK	(213) 389-1181
Cafeteria Manager	MEYER, MICHAEL	(323) 255-6511
Financial Manager	YOO, HYON DOUK	(213) 389-1181
Plant Manager	PEREZ, JOSE	(818) 340-6677
Custodian	ASHLEY, BRYANT	(323) 901-2433
Custodian Closest to Site	CABRALES PINEDA, ROBERTO	(213) 389-1181
First Person on Campus in AM	PEREZ, JOSE	(818) 340-6677
Last Person on Campus in PM	CABRALES PINEDA, ROBERTO	(213) 389-1181

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Charter School Emergency Contacts Chart - MAGNOLIA SCIENCE ACADEMY #6

This chart provides Emergency Team Contact information used by School Police to contact school site administrators and key staff in the event of an emergency:

Title/Role	Name	Work Number
Principal	CHOE, JAMES	(310) 842-8555
Assistant Principal 1		
Assistant Principal 2		
Administrative Assistant		
Financial Manager		
School Nurse or Contact for On-Site Health Emergencies		
First person on campus in AM		
Last person on campus in PM		

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LAUSD Disaster Supply Inventory

Kit	# In Bin	Required Quantity		Commodity Code
Disaster Emergency First Aid Kit		1 per every 400 students		3453248292
Disaster First Aid Kit Itemized List	# In Kit ✓	Quantity Shipped in Kit	Expiration Date	Commodity Code
Antibiotic Ointment*		3 box (25 ea/box)	yes	
Antacid/Nausea/Diarrhea Tablets, Bismuth Subsalicylate*		3 box (30 ea/box)	yes	
Antiseptic Wipes*		1 box (100 per box)	yes	
Aspirin Tablets*		1 box (50 pk/2 ea/pkg)	yes	
Non-Aspirin Tablets*		1 box (125 pk/2 ea/pkg)	yes	
Hand Cleaner 4oz Waterless*		2 each	yes	
Cold Pack*		1 pkg (16 ea/pkg)	yes	4750954200
Saline Solution*		2 bot (500 ml bot)	yes	
Petroleum Jelly*		1 pkg (3 ea/pkg)	yes	1751341305
Diphenhydramine Tablets*		1 pkg (50 ea/pkg)	yes	
Hard Candy Glucose Tablets*		1 pkg (20 ea/pkg)	n/a	
Cotton Tip Applicators		1 pkg (100/pkg)	n/a	4752711099
Adhesive Bandage		2 box (100 ea/box)	n/a	4750904064
Butterfly Closure, Large		1 box (100 per box)	n/a	4750905080
Elastic Bandage 2"x4.5 yds		3 rolls	n/a	4750917057
Elastic Bandage 3"x4.5 yds		3 rolls	n/a	4759017060
Triangular Bandage		1 pkg (4 ea/pkg)	n/a	4750943698
Emesis Basin		2 each	n/a	
Mylar Emergency Blanket		12 each	n/a	3453025575
Drinking Cup		1 pkg (100 ea/pkg)	n/a	6405008404
Gauze Bandage, 2"x6 yds		5 pkg (2 ea/pkg)	n/a	4750922687
Gauze Bandage, 3"x5 yds		1 pkg (12 ea/pkg)	n/a	4750909060
Gauze Pad 4x4		2 box (100 ea/box)	n/a	4750969380
Gauze Pad 8x10		1 pkg (20 ea/pkg)	n/a	4750969480
#2 Safety Pins		1 pkg (48 ea/pkg)	n/a	4756721603
Water Pitcher w/ Lid		1 each	n/a	
Sanitary Napkin		250/case individually packaged	n/a	4858240147

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Bandage Scissor		1 each	n/a	4652362115
Utility EMT Scissor		1 each	n/a	4652362120
Arm Splint		1 pkg (6 ea/pkg)	n/a	4658841130
Clear Surgical Tape		1 pkg (2 ea/pkg)	n/a	
Cloth Adhesive Tape		1 pkg (4 ea/pkg)	n/a	
Infrared Contactless (need AAA Batteries (4500611360)		1 each	n/a	1758730801
Tissue Paper, Facial		1 box (175 each/box)	n/a	6405077100
Tongue Depressors		1 pkg (6 ea/pkg)	n/a	4756716235 500/Box)
Paper Towels		1 roll (100 sheets)	n/a	6407580425
Tourniquet		1 each	n/a	
Tweezer		1 each	n/a	4659230330
Grease Pencil, Black		1 each	n/a	6207037030
Plastic Sheet		1 each	n/a	
Washbasin		1 each	n/a	
Security Ties		1 pkg (6 ea/pkg)	n/a	
Bio-hazard Waste Bag		1 each (10 gallon)	n/a	
Vinyl Powdered Gloves – Medium		1 box (100/box)	n/a	
Non-latex Disposable Exam Gloves		1 box (100/box)	n/a	
CPR 1-Way Valve Face Shields		2 each	n/a	3451051570
Cardboard Folding Leg Splints		1 pkg (6 ea/pkg)	n/a	4658841140
Eye Pads		1 pkg (8 ea/pkg)	n/a	
Dental Floss		1 spool	n/a	
Multi Trauma Dressing		1 pkg (2 rolls/pkg)	n/a	4750969530
Triage Tags		1 pkg (50/pkg)	n/a	9661226135
First Aid Flip Chart		1 each	n/a	9661278998
Flashlight		2 each	n/a	4503211380
Batteries For Flashlight		4 each	yes	4500611040
Goggles		2 each	n/a	3456460080
Storage Case w/ wheels & handles labeled "LAUSD Emergency First Aid Kit"		1 each	n/a	4756716235 500/Box)

* Items available in Replacement Kit

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Kit	# In Bin	Required Quantity		Commodity Code
Replacement Kit for Expiring Items in Disaster First Aid Kit		1 per every Disaster First Aid Kit (as needed)		3453248271
Replacement Kit Itemized List	# In Bin ✓	Quantity Shipped in Kit	Expiration Date	Commodity Code
Antibiotic Ointment		1 pkg (75ea/pkg)	yes	
Antacid/Nausea/Diarrhea Tablets		3 pkg (30/pkg)	yes	
Antiseptic Wipes		1 box (100 per box)	yes	
Aspirin Tablets		1 box (50 pk/2 ea/pkg)	yes	
Non-Aspirin Tablets		1 box (125 pk/2 ea/pkg)	yes	
Hand Cleaner Waterless		2 each	yes	
Cold Pack		1 pkg (16 ea/pkg)	yes	
Saline Solution		2 bot (500ml bot)	yes	
Petroleum Jelly		1 pkg (3 ea/pkg)	yes	
Diphenhydramine Tablets		1 pkg (50 ea/pkg)	yes	
Hard Candy Glucose Tablets		1 pkg (20 ea/pkg)	yes	

Additional First Aid Supplies				
Item	# In Bin ✓	Suggested Quantity	Expiration date	Commodity Code
Vinyl Powdered Gloves –Small		as needed	n/a	
Vinyl Powdered Gloves – Medium		as needed	n/a	
Vinyl Powdered Gloves - Large		as needed	n/a	
Vinyl Powdered Gloves – Extra Large		as needed	n/a	
Vinyl Powder Free Gloves – Small		as needed	n/a	4754147302
Vinyl Powder Free Gloves - Medium		as needed	n/a	4754147303
Vinyl Powder Free Gloves – Large		as needed	n/a	4754147304
Vinyl Powder Free Gloves – Extra Large		as needed	n/a	4754147305
Bleach		2 gallons	replace annually	5052538151
Cervical collar set, assorted sizes		as needed	n/a	
Triangular Bandage		as needed	n/a	4750943698
Mylar Emergency Blankets		as needed	n/a	3453025575
Bandage Scissors		as needed	n/a	4652362115
Cotton Applicators (Swabs)		1 box (1,000)	n/a	4752711099
Tongue Depressors		as needed	n/a	
Hand Sanitizer		4 gallon/case		4357004128
Paper Bags		1 pkg (500)	n/a	6401547104
Treatment Log		1	n/a	

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Kit	# In Bin	Required Quantity		Commodity Code
Search and Rescue Kit		One kit for each Search and Rescue Team		3453248278
Search and Rescue Kit Itemized List	# In Kit ✓	Quantity Shipped in Kit	Expiration Date	Commodity Code
Hard Hat, Yellow*		4 each	n/a	3455639420
Safety Vest, Vinyl, Orange*		4 each	n/a	
Glove, Leather Palm, Large*		4 each	n/a	2002753000
Fanny Pack, Red*		4 each	n/a	
Flashlight, Industrial*		4 each	n/a	4503211235
Dust Mask*		4 each	n/a	3457251110
Safety Goggles*		4 each	n/a	3456460050
Whistle with Lanyard*		4 each	n/a	6806290200
Triage Tag		1 pack (50/pack)	n/a	9661226135
Water Pouch		24 each	n/a	
Batteries, D Size		2 each	yes	4500611040
Grove Joint Plier		1 each	n/a	4455254120
Linesman Plier		1 each	n/a	4455248158
Pry Bar		1 each	n/a	4453820052
Folding Saw		1 each	n/a	
Bolt Cutter		1 each	n/a	
SledgeHammer		1 each	n/a	
Warning Tape, Caution: Do Not Enter		1 each	n/a	8322080911
Infectious Waste Bag		4 each	n/a	
Folding Shovel		1 each	n/a	
Angle head Flashlight		1 each	n/a	
Screwdriver, Slotted Tip		1 each	n/a	4456465589
Screwdriver, Phillips		1 each	n/a	4456461270
Hand Axe, Wood Handle		1 each	n/a	
Utility Knife		1 each	n/a	4454248214
First Aid Kit Includes:		1 Kit	n/a	
Sterile Gauze Pad		10 each	n/a	4750969380
Sterile Gauze		1 roll	n/a	4750922687
Cloth Tape		1 roll	n/a	4750984100
EMT Shears		1 each	n/a	4652362120
Sterile ABD Pads		5 each	n/a	
Mylar Emergency Blanket		1 each	n/a	3453025575

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Fanny Pack		1 each	n/a	
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*Items are one per team member

Additional Search and Rescue Supplies				
Item	# In Bin ✓	Suggested Quantity	Expiration Date	Commodity Code
Stretcher		1 per S+R Team	n/a	4701078050
Duct Tape		at least 4 rolls	n/a	8322409077
Rope		at least 4	n/a	4502457032
Extra Batteries, D Size		as needed	yes	4500611040

Water Supplies				
Item	# In Bin ✓	Required Quantity	Expiration Date	Commodity Code
4 oz. Cups		4 + cups per person	n/a	6405008404
Collapsible Water Carriers		1 + per grade level	n/a	4508723300
Pump		2 or more	n/a	7200620055
Water Barrel; 55 Gallon		1.5-gallon x #students/staff ÷55	n/a	1004570546
Bleach		1 gallon	replace annually	5052538151
Measuring Spoons (for bleach in water barrels)		2 sets	n/a	2409186065

Basic Sanitation Supplies				
Item	# In Bin ✓	Suggested Quantity	Expiration Date	Commodity Code
5-Gallon Utility Bucket		1 per every 30 students	n/a	3453248353
Emergency Toilet Seat		1 per every 30 students	n/a	3453248352

Additional Sanitation Supplies				
Item	# In Bin ✓	Suggested Quantity	Expiration Date	Commodity Code
Plastic Bags - Liners			n/a	6652452120
Toilet Paper			n/a	6407556175
Sanitary Napkins			n/a	4858240147

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Privacy Screen		1 per toilet	n/a	1557050015
Absorbent			n/a	4857450670
Waterless Hand Cleaner		14 to 16 oz	n/a	4851436040
Deodorizer			n/a	4854214150

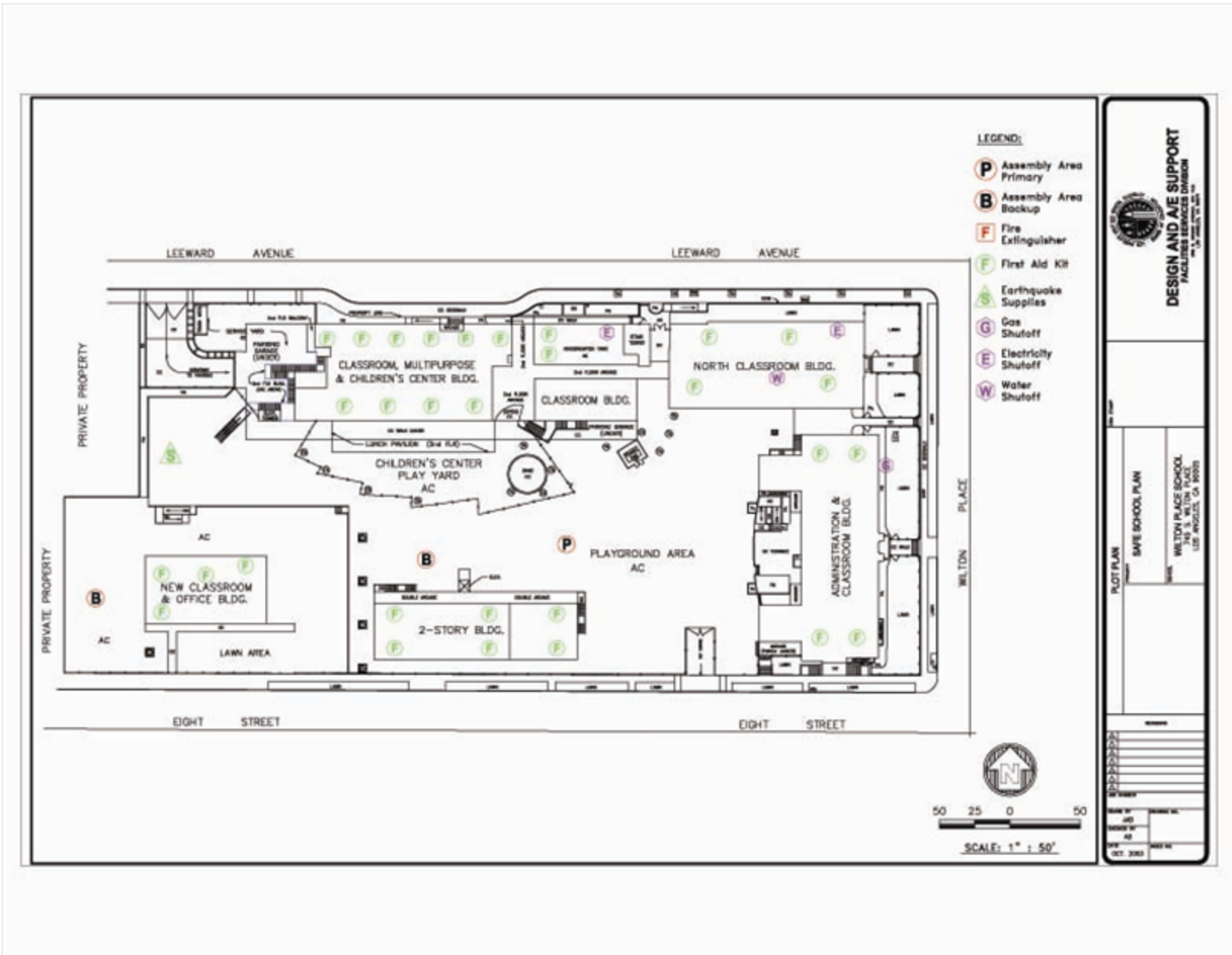
Additional General Disaster Supplies				
Item	# In Bin ✓	Suggested Quantity	Expiration Date	Commodity Code
Radio, two-way		As needed	n/a	7257800185
Can opener		As needed	n/a	
Clipboards		As needed	n/a	6152525250
Paper plates		As needed	n/a	6405063490
Plastic utensils		As needed	n/a	

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Maps

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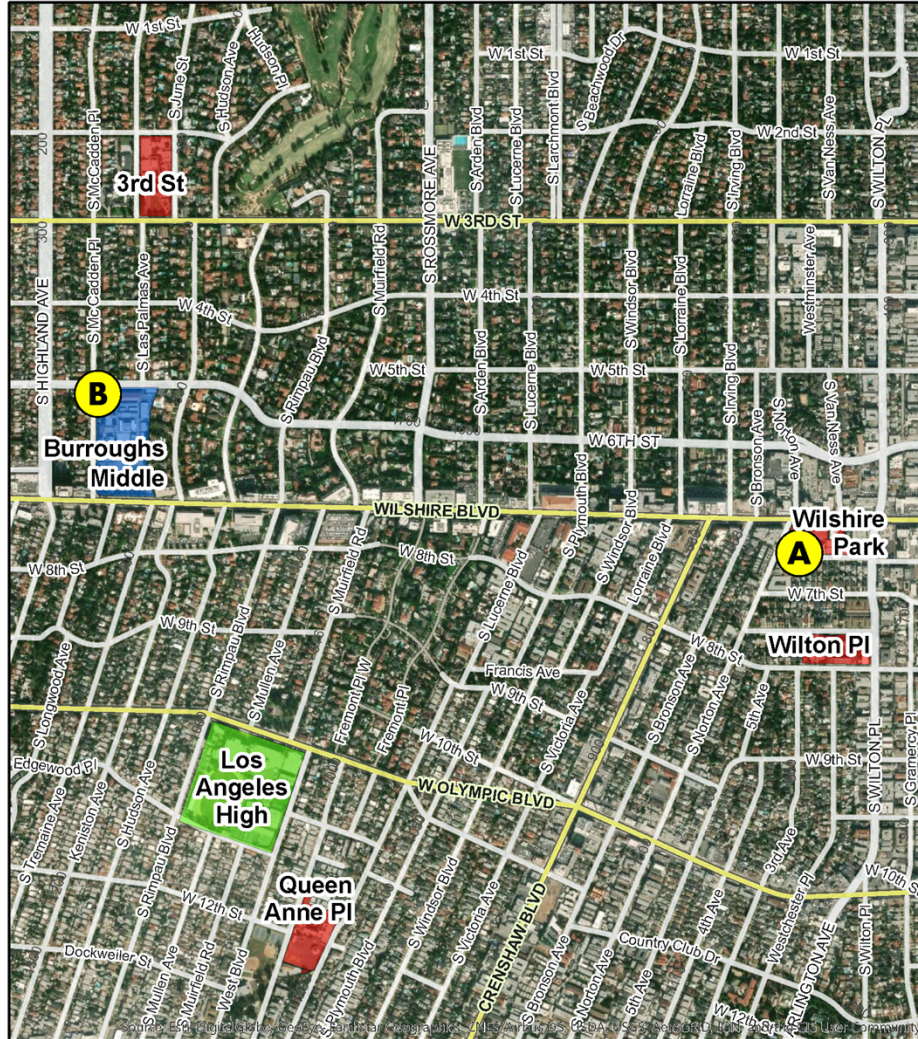
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**WILTON PLACE ELEMENTARY
Offsite Relocation Map**

Cost Center Code: 1780801



- A** Primary Offsite Relocation Address:
4063 Ingraham St, Los Angeles, CA, 90005, USA
 - B** Backup Offsite Relocation Address:
600 S McCadden Pl, Los Angeles, CA, 90005, USA
- Scale: 1:13,000



Los Angeles, CA, 90005, USA
Phone #: (323) 549-5000

8. Appendices

ICS Definitions for Schools

Agency Liaison – coordinates with outside agencies

Finance/Administration Section Chief - responsible for managing all financial aspects and paperwork of an incident

Incident Commander – responsible for directing emergency operations

Logistics Section Lead - provides all incident support needs such as facilities, transportation, communications, supplies/equipment, and food services

Operations Section Lead - responsible for managing all tactical operations at an incident

Planning Section Lead - responsible for collecting and evaluating information

Public Information Officer (PIO) – Official spokesperson for an incident

Safety Coordinator – ensures that emergency operations are conducted safely

Emergency Teams:

Assembly Area – ensures safe evacuation and accounting for all students, staff, and visitors

Communication – analyzes situation and updates Incident Commander

Documentation – maintains emergency log

Fire Suppression/Hazmat – extinguishes fires and evaluates chemical spills

Hygiene - Provides all necessary sanitation-related support

Request Gate – processes requests for student pick-up

Reunion Gate – reunites students and parents at Reunion Gate

School Site Crisis – provides psychological/emotional support for students and staff

Search and Rescue – performs search and rescue operations

Security/Utilities – ensures school site security and performs short-term repairs and shutoff of utilities

Supply/Equipment - ensures adequate equipment and supplies

Triage – ensures supplies are accessible, evacuates and stages supplies, performs triage and provides medical assistance

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Forms

EMERGENCY HAZARD ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

School _____ Location Code _____
Name _____ Position _____
Date _____

On-Site Hazard:

[List any unusual on-site hazards that are unique to the school, e.g., underground storage tanks, gas pipelines, unusual chemicals]

Off-Site Hazards:

[List any unusual off-site hazards unique to the school, e.g., freeways, railroads, pipelines, power transmission lines, industrial facilities]



LAUSD Explosive Device Threat Report

School: _____

Date of Call:	Time of Call:
Person Receiving Call:	Incoming Phone No. on Caller ID:

I. REPORT OF PERSON RECEIVING CALL

Keep the caller on the line as long as possible (ask caller to repeat statements, ask more questions) and signal to another person to call police.

Questions for Caller

Ask the caller the following questions and write answers in the spaces below:

Explosive Device Information:

Where is the explosive device? (Get most specific information as possible.)

When is it going to explode?

What kind of explosive device is it?

What does it look like?

Who set the explosive device?

Why was the explosive device set?

What can we do for you to keep the device from exploding?

Caller Information:

What is your name?

How old are you?

Where do you live?

(If voice youthful) Are you making this threat to avoid taking a test/final?

Are you a member of a terrorist organization? Which one?

Yes No

How can you be contacted?

--

Call Characteristics Evaluation

Check and describe the noted characteristics in the spaces provided below.

Message Details: (Use the caller’s exact language where possible.)

Caller's Voice:

Male:	Female:	Child:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	Age:
Intoxicated:	Speech Impairment:				
Accent:	Type:				
Whispers:	Angry:				
Foul/Inappropriate Language:	Educated:				
Irrational:	Incoherent:				

Voice disguised/altered:

Recorded threat message:	Read from script:		
Is voice familiar?	Who does it sound like?		

Background Noise:

Music:	Babies/Children:
Conversation:	Playground/School:
Airplanes:	Traffic:
Animals:	PA System:
Machines:	Typing:
Other:	

I. REPORT BY PRINCIPAL

Name of school employee contacting the police:			
Date police contacted:	Time:		
Name of police department call taker:			
Name of responding office:			
Name of police agency:			
Was a search for explosive device conducted?	Ye s	<input type="checkbox"/>	N o <input type="checkbox"/>
Details of search:			
Was a school evacuation conducted?	Ye s	<input type="checkbox"/>	N o <input type="checkbox"/>
Full evacuation:	Partial evacuation:		
Buildings or areas evacuated:			

Send one copy of this completed form to the LD Operations Coordinator, send one copy to School Police at wcoffice@laspd.com and keep one copy in school records. Please also upload a copy to the iSTAR submitted on the incident.

INJURY REPORT

School _____ Room Number _____

Teacher's Name _____ Date _____

INJURED		
NAME	TYPE OF INJURY	LOCATION OF PERSON

MISSING PERSONS REPORT

School _____

Room Number _____

Teacher's Name _____

Date _____

MISSING PERSONS	
NAME	LAST SEEN LOCATION

SUPPLEMENTAL ATTENDANCE REPORT

NOTE: Used to account for anyone not found on student/staff rosters

School _____

Date _____

NAME	ID NUMBER	STATUS (CHECK ONE)	OTHER INFORMATION
		<input type="checkbox"/> Student <input type="checkbox"/> School Staff <input type="checkbox"/> LAUSD Employee <input type="checkbox"/> Visitor <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Student <input type="checkbox"/> School Staff <input type="checkbox"/> LAUSD Employee <input type="checkbox"/> Visitor <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Student <input type="checkbox"/> School Staff <input type="checkbox"/> LAUSD Employee <input type="checkbox"/> Visitor <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
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		<input type="checkbox"/> Student <input type="checkbox"/> School Staff <input type="checkbox"/> LAUSD Employee <input type="checkbox"/> Visitor <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Student <input type="checkbox"/> School Staff <input type="checkbox"/> LAUSD Employee <input type="checkbox"/> Visitor <input type="checkbox"/> Other	

8. Appendices

STUDENT RELEASE LOG

NOTE: Schools may only release students to individuals who have been designated by the custodial parent/guardian.

School _____

Date _____

STUDENT'S NAME	RELEASE TIME	NAME OF PERSON RELEASED TO	ADULT SIGNATURE

[Note: Maintain the original in the emergency document file.]

SCHOOL/SITE PRELIMINARY DAMAGE REPORT (PDR)

(Use this form to report your status to the Local District when the online [School Emergency Status Report](#) site is down.)

School/Site:		Location Code:	
Date:		Time:	
Person in Charge:			
Contact information (How the school can be reached for additional information):			
Please answer the following:			
Number of deaths	# of Students		# of Staff
			None
Number of injuries	# of Students		# of Staff
			None
How many buildings at your site are visibly damaged?			
Describe the type and extent of damage you observe:			
Summarize emergency response actions already taken:			
Do you have the following capabilities?			
Power	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Landline Phone	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Water	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Cellular Phone	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Natural Gas	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Two-way Radio	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Location of evacuated students			
List critical issues on site			
List other issues			
List assistance requested			

8. Appendices

EMERGENCY DRILL EVALUATION WORKSHEET

All emergency drill evaluations must be submitted at <http://emergencydrills.lausd.net>. Schools are expected to submit an evaluation after each emergency drill and radio test. **For best results, complete the emergency drill evaluation online using a cell phone during the drill.** Responses may also be entered on this form and then transferred to the online drill evaluation system after the drill using a desktop computer, tablet or cell phone.

Questions with an * require a response.

School*

Today's Date*

First Name*

Last Name*

Email Address*

(use lausd.net)

1) Drill Type*

- fire
 earthquake
 lockdown
 shelter in place
 take cover

2) Select One*

- new drill submission
 drill resubmission
 actual emergency

3) Date Conducted*

4) Time Started *

5) Time Completed (including accounting for everyone)*

6) Alert Type*

- bell/tone
 PA system
 megaphone
 whistle
 other

7) How many minutes did evacuation take? If no evacuation, respond "0."*

8) Did everyone on campus participate?*

- yes
 no

8. Appendices

9) If parents/guardians participated, what were their roles?

10) How were parents/guardians notified about the drill?*

Letter Sent Home		Blackboard Connect		Newsletter		Other:
Sign at Marquee/Entrance		School Website/Calendar		No Notification		

11) Was an Incident Command Post established?*

<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	No

12) Did an employee take the School Emergency Response Box to the assembly area/command post?*

<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	No

13) How was the school's Integrated Safe School Plan (ISSP) used for the drill?* (Mark all that apply)

- during the planning of the drill
- during the execution of the drill
- after the drill
- did not use the ISSP

14) Comments regarding the ISSP

15) Rate each of the below aspects of the drill. Five is the highest.

a) Student performance of emergency procedures*	5 4 3 2 1 n/a	b) Employee performance of emergency duties and procedures*	5 4 3 2 1 n/a	c) Emergency team(s) performance of duties*	5 4 3 2 1 n/a	d) Accounting for everyone*	5 4 3 2 1 n/a	e) Alert system*	5 4 3 2 1 n/a
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16) Did the School Safety Committee and/or Emergency Team Leaders debrief after the drill?*

- Yes
- No

17) List the top lesson learned from this drill and how it will be addressed.

18) What District training support would improve emergency drills and/or preparedness?

A drill certificate of completion will be emailed upon submitting this evaluation online. Emails containing drill and radio test certificates and response summaries should be archived. Drill certificates should be printed and retained in the emergency drill logbook for proof of compliance during inspections. Questions can be directed to oem@lausd.net or 213-241-5337.

BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL RELEASE RESPONSE CHECKLIST

School _____ Location Code _____

Location of Release _____

Name _____ Position _____

Date _____

	Check when complete	Notes
Have unexposed students, staff and others been evacuated from area of contamination?		
Have staff, students, or others who came in contact with the area of contamination been isolated and quarantined in a safe and separate location and cleaned their hands with soap and water?		
Have all students and staff been accounted for?		
Has the area of contamination been cordoned off and secured?		
Has the area of contamination been affixed with conspicuous signs reading: "DO NOT ENTER"?		
Have the doors and windows to the area of contamination been closed and locked?		
Have fans and ventilation systems serving the area of contamination been turned off?		
Has the Office of Environmental Health & Safety (Phone # 213-241-3199) been notified?		

8. Appendices

Assessments

Please check the online ISSP for the assessments. They are available in the Planning view as part of Step 2.

Coversheet

Approval of Contract with EdTheory to Provide Additional Special Education Services

Section: III. Action Items
Item: C. Approval of Contract with EdTheory to Provide Additional
Special Education Services
Purpose: Vote
Submitted by:
Related Material: EdTheory For Additional Special Education Services.pdf



Agenda Item:	III C: Action Item
Date:	February 9, 2023
To:	Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation dba Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS”) Board of Directors (the “Board”)
From:	Alfredo Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent
Staff Lead(s):	Artis Callaham, Director of SPED and Support Services; Krystal Zavala, Special Programs Coordinator
RE:	Additional Non-Public Agency Contract – EdTheory for Additional Special Education Services

1. Action Proposed:

I move that the board approve the contract not to exceed \$100,000 with EdTheory for additional Special Education services as needed by our ten (10) MPS schools for special education compliance.

2. Purpose:

This Non Public Agency (NPA) would provide another option for MPS Schools/Principals and SPED Coordinators to assign for Deaf and Hard of Hearing (DHH), Assistive Technology (AT), Occupational Therapy (OT), Adapted Physical Education (APE), and Behavior Intervention Implementation (BII) Services and assessments as needed.

3. Background:

Due to inconsistent ability to respond to our need for certain assessment reports and significant shortages in NPA personnel, our schools often need another option for accessing these services.

What contracts with the vendor are already in place? MPS currently has contracts with Cross Country Services and Edlogical Non-Public Agencies for Special Education services. Additionally, we currently receive speech services from ELUMA which is solely an online/virtual service provider.

4. Analysis:

The MPS Special Services Coordinator requested updated information from those who answered our RFP two years ago. She developed a comparison spreadsheet and shared the findings with the Dir. of SPED and MPS’ CAO. It was determined that EdTheory was the most cost effective and met the logistical requirements for the team (i.e. provides local services, credentialed personnel, CDE approved Non-Public Agency, onsite personnel).



5. **Impact:**

The approval of this item will improve Special Education service delivery for all 10 MPS sites. Currently, there is a personnel shortage in education that is more pronounced in the area of special education. Our schools have had to provide compensatory time to students who have missed their Designated Instructional services due to a lack of qualified personnel at our current Non Public Agencies. If approved, the schools will have another source for SPED service providers.

6. **Budget Implications:**

The projected costs for this agreement is currently expected to be approximately \$100,000 per year. These costs will be covered using multiple special education sources that include AB 602, Mental Health and Individuals with Disabilities Education Act funding. We also expect some of these costs will be offset to a potential decrease in services provided by other vendors who provide similar services.

7. **Exhibits:**

- EdTheory Rate Sheet
- EdTheory Master Services Agreement 2023-24

**Corporate Office**

6701 Koll Center Parkway Suite # 250

Pleasanton, CA 94566

☎ (925) 500 8383 📠 (800) 613-2977

🌐 www.edtheory.com

RATE SHEET – 2022-23

Certificated Staffing	
Job Title	Hourly Rate
Speech and Language Pathologist (Monolingual)	\$89.00
Speech and Language Pathologist (Bilingual)	\$91.00
Speech and Language Pathology Assistant (Monolingual)	\$68.00
Speech and Language Pathology Assistant (Bilingual)	\$70.00
School Psychologist (Monolingual)	\$105.00
School Psychologist (Bilingual)	\$107.00
Special Education Teacher	\$89.00
Adapted Physical Education (APE)	\$89.00
Occupational Therapist	\$89.00
Certified School Nurse/RN	\$89.00
Licensed Marriage and Family Therapist (LMFT)	\$100.00
Board Certificated Behavior Analyst (BCBA)	\$105.00

Classified Staffing	
Job Title	Hourly Rate
Instructional Assistant/Aide	\$47.00
Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN)	\$67.00
Certified Nurse Assistant (CNA)	\$55.00
Registered Behavioral Technician (RBT)	\$57.00
Behavioral Technician (BT)	\$50.00
Mental Health Technician	\$57.00
Associate Marriage and Family Technician (AMFT)	\$75.00

MASTER SERVICES AGREEMENT

THIS MASTER SERVICES AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is entered on **02/15/2023**, between **EdTheory LLC. ("Provider")**, with its principal place of business located at **6701 Koll Center Parkway # 250, Pleasanton, CA 94566** and **Magnolia Education and Research Foundation, DBA Magnolia Public Schools ("Client")**, with its principal place of business located at **250 E 1st Street, Suite 1500, Los Angeles, CA 90012**.

WHEREAS, Provider is engaged in the business of providing personnel for the performance of certain specified services ("**Services**").

WHEREAS, Client wishes to retain Provider to provide Services to Client in connection with the project or projects set forth in the Statement of Work attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference, and Provider wishes to be so engaged.

NOW, THEREFORE, Provider and Client agree as follows:

1. Scope of Services

Provider shall use reasonable efforts to provide the Services and provide certain personnel (the "**Supplied Personnel**") to perform the work (the "**Work**") described in Exhibit A: Statement of Work ("**Statement of Work**") for Client in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

2. Price and Payment Terms

A. Client will pay Provider for the Services and Supplied Personnel at the rates set forth in the Statement of Work and will also pay any additional costs or fees set forth in this Agreement. Provider will invoice Client for services provided under this Agreement on a monthly basis. Payment is due on receipt of invoice. Invoices will be supported by the pertinent time sheets or other agreed system for documenting time worked by the Supplied Personnel. Client's signature or other agreed method of approval of the work time submitted for Supplied Personnel certifies that the documented hours are correct and authorizes Provider to bill Client for those hours. If a portion of any invoice is disputed, Client will pay the undisputed portion.

B. All invoices are due on receipt and shall be considered past due if no payment is received within 30 days of receipt of the invoice. A finance charge of 1.5% per month on the unpaid amount of an invoice, or the maximum amount allowed by law, will be charged on past due accounts. Payments by Client will thereafter be applied first to accrued interest, whichever is less and then to the principal unpaid balance. Any attorneys' fees, court costs, or other costs incurred in collection of delinquent accounts shall be paid by Client.

C. Supplied Personnel are presumed to be nonexempt from laws requiring premium pay for overtime, holiday work, or weekend work. Provider will charge Client special rates for premium work time only when Supplied Personnel's work on assignment to Client, viewed by itself, would legally require premium pay and Client has authorized, directed, or allowed the Supplied Personnel to work such premium work time. Client's special billing rate for premium hours will be the same multiple of the regular billing rate as Provider is required to apply to the Supplied Personnel's regular pay rate. (For example, when federal law requires 150% of pay for work exceeding 40 hours in a week, Client will be billed at 150% of the regular bill rate.)

3. Relationship of the Parties

A. The Supplied Personnel are employees of Provider. Provider is, for example, responsible for withholdings and payment of any applicable local, state or federal payroll taxes, and payment for workers' compensation protection. Provider will indemnify and hold Client harmless against any claims made or brought by Supplied Personnel, government or taxing authority relating to such payments or withholdings.

B. Provider's performance of its duties and obligations under this Agreement will be that of an independent contractor, and nothing herein shall create or imply an agency relationship between Provider and Client, nor will this Agreement be deemed to constitute a joint venture or partnership between the parties.

4. Term and Termination

Unless terminated as provided herein, this Agreement shall in effect for a period of two (2) years and terminate upon completion of the Work as provided herein. Client may terminate this Agreement without cause upon thirty (30) days written notice. In the event of termination without cause, Client agrees to pay Provider for all the Work performed up to the date of termination. Either party may terminate this Agreement for material breach upon twenty four (24) hours' written notice. Termination for breach will not preclude the terminating party from exercising any other remedies for breach.

5. Ownership

For purposes of this Agreement, "Work Product" shall include, without limitation, all designs, discoveries, creations, works, devices, models, work in progress, deliverables, inventions, products, computer programs, procedures, improvements, developments, drawings, notes, documents, business processes, information and materials made, conceived or developed by Provider alone or with others which result from the Services performed hereunder. However, "Work Product" shall not include IEP's, information contained in IEP's and assessments on individual students. Provider and Client agree that Provider owns all rights, title and interest in and to the Work Product. Provider's rights under this Section will include, but not be limited to: (i) all copies of the Work Product, in whole or in part; (ii) all intellectual property rights in the Work Product, including patent, copyright, trade secret, trademark and other proprietary rights; and (iii) all modifications to, and derivative works based upon, the Work Product, including but not limited to any corrections, enhancements, derivative works, updates or other modifications, including custom modifications, whether made by Client or any third party. In the event any work product shall be used as part of the services, the provider grants to the client, a royalty free, worldwide license for such use.

6. Provider's Proprietary Information; Confidentiality

A. Provider possesses and will possess certain Provider Proprietary Information which is important to its business. For purposes of this Agreement, "Provider Proprietary Information" is information that was or will be developed, created, or discovered by or on behalf of Provider, or which became or will become known by, or was or is conveyed to Provider, which has commercial value in Provider's business. "Provider Proprietary Information" includes, but is not limited to, Services, all information related to Provider products or services, including, without limitation, trade secrets, inventions (whether or not patentable), techniques, data, databases, know-how, processes, algorithms, computer code, software design and architecture, schematics, forecasts, strategies, ideas, customer and product development plans, names and expertise of employees and consultants, and all other technical, business, financial and confidential information which is received in confidence by or for Provider from any other person. Client understands that this Agreement creates a relationship of confidence and trust between Client and Provider with respect to Provider Proprietary Information.

B. Provider possesses or will possess "Provider Materials" which are important to its business. For purposes of this Agreement, "Provider Materials" are documents or other media or tangible items that contain or embody Provider Proprietary Information or any other information concerning the business, operations or plans of Provider, whether such documents have been prepared by Provider or by others. "Provider Materials" include, but are not limited to, drawings, photographs, charts, graphs, notebooks, customer or client lists, information relating to the salary, compensation or qualifications of employees or consultants, computer disks, tapes or printouts, sound recordings and other printed, typewritten or handwritten documents, as well as samples, prototypes, models, products and the like.

C. All Provider Proprietary Information and all rights, title and interest in and to all patents, patent rights,

copyrights, trade secret rights and other intellectual property and rights anywhere in the world (collectively "Provider Rights") in connection therewith shall be the sole property of Provider.

D. Except as expressly allowed under this Agreement, at all times, both during term of this Agreement and after its termination, Client agrees (a) to hold the Provider Proprietary Information in strict confidence as a fiduciary and to take all precautions Client employs with respect to its most confidential materials, but no less than reasonable precautions, to protect such Provider Proprietary Information, (b) not to disclose any such Provider Proprietary Information, or any information derived there from except to those employees or consultants that have a "legitimate need to know" and are similarly bound in writing, (c) not to make any use whatsoever at any time of such Provider Proprietary Information except for the sole business purpose approved by Provider in writing, and (d) not to copy, reverse engineer, reverse compile or attempt to derive the composition or underlying information, structure or ideas of any Provider Proprietary Information.

E. Without granting Client any right or license, the foregoing shall not apply with respect to information that Client can document (i) was rightfully in Client's possession without an obligation of confidentiality, as evidenced by written documentation, prior to receipt thereof from Provider; (ii) is or hereafter becomes, through no act or failure to act on Client's part, generally known on a non-confidential basis in the relevant industry; (iii) is furnished to Client by a third party as a matter of right without restriction on disclosure; or (iv) is independently developed by Client without use of or reference to Provider Proprietary Information. Client may make disclosures required by court order provided Client uses its best reasonable efforts to limit disclosure and to obtain confidential treatment or a protective order and has allowed Provider to participate in the proceeding.

F. All Provider Materials shall be the sole property of Provider. Client agrees that during the term of this Agreement, Client will not remove any Provider Materials from Client's business premises or deliver any Provider Materials to any person or entity outside of Client or Provider, except as required in connection with this Agreement. Client further agrees that, immediately upon the termination of this Agreement by Client or by Provider for any reason, or during the term of this Agreement, if so requested by Provider at any time, Client will immediately cease all use of and promptly return all Proprietary Information, Provider Materials, all documents or media containing any Proprietary Information, and any and all copies and extracts thereof, excepting only that information or material (i) expressly allowed by Provider hereunder, (ii) previously distributed by Client with Provider's prior written consent; and (iii) distributed generally to the public by Provider.

G. All Proprietary Information which the Provider makes, conceives, reduces to practice or develops (in whole or in part, either alone or jointly with others) during the term of the Agreement shall be the sole property of Provider to the maximum extent permitted by law. Provider shall be the sole owner of all Provider Rights in connection therewith.

H. Client will promptly notify Provider of any unauthorized release of Provider Proprietary Information. Client acknowledges and agrees that due to the unique nature of the Provider Proprietary Information, there can be no adequate remedy at law for any breach of Client's obligations hereunder, that any such breach may allow Client or third parties to unfairly compete with Provider resulting in irreparable harm to Provider, and therefore, that upon any such breach or any threat thereof, Provider shall be entitled to appropriate equitable relief in addition to all other remedies available at law and to be indemnified by Client from any loss or harm, including, without limitation, attorneys' fees in connection with any breach or enforcement of Client's obligations hereunder or the unauthorized use or release of any such Provider Proprietary Information.

I. Client's obligations under this Provision 6 shall continue in effect after termination of the Agreement, regardless of the reason or reasons for termination, and whether such termination is voluntary or involuntary on Client's part.

7. Limitation of Liability

A. Client shall indemnify, hold harmless, and defend the Provider, their officers, agents and employees from and

against all claims, damages, losses and expenses, including reasonable costs and attorney's fees arising out of or resulting from Client's agents or employees under this Agreement. Provider shall indemnify hold harmless, and defend Client, their officers, agents and employees from and against, except for those arising from Provider's negligence or willful misconduct, all claims, damages, losses and expenses, including reasonable cost, except for those arising from client's negligence or willful misconduct, and attorney's fees, arising out of or resulting from Provider's agents or employees under this Agreement.

8. Non-Solicitation of Employees and/or Subcontractors.

A. Except as may be otherwise agreed in writing by the Client and Provider, during the term of this Agreement and for twelve (12) months thereafter, Client shall not offer employment to or employ, either directly or indirectly, whether as an independent contractor, consultant, employee or otherwise, any individual who is or was during the validity of the Agreement and the preceding 12 months, an employee of Provider, or was involved in the performance of this Agreement. In the event of a breach of any provision in this clause, Provider shall have the right, without limiting any other remedies available to it under the law, to seek an injunction, in any court having jurisdiction, enjoining Client from continuing its breach.

B. It is acknowledged that solicitation by Client of any of Provider's employees or subcontractors will cause Provider to incur substantial economic damages and losses of types and in amounts which are impossible to compute and ascertain with certainty as a basis for recovery by Provider of actual damages, and that liquidated damages represent a fair, reasonable and appropriate estimate thereof. Accordingly, in lieu of actual damages for such solicitation, Client agrees that liquidated damages may be assessed and recovered by Provider as against Client, in the event of wrongful solicitation and without Provider being required to present any evidence of the amount or character of actual damages sustained by reason thereof; therefore Client shall be liable to Provider for payment of liquidated damages in the amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000) for each employee or subcontractor wrongfully solicited by Client. Such liquidated damages are intended to represent estimated actual damages and are not intended as a penalty, and Client shall pay them to Provider without limiting Provider's right to terminate this Agreement for breach as provided elsewhere herein.

9. Terms of Buyout

Notwithstanding anything contained in Provision 8, in the event Client and the Supplied Personnel agree to enter into a direct employment, Client may not directly hire the Supplied Personnel without the consent of Provider. Client agrees to pay a professional fee equivalent to 20 % of the Supplied Personnel's annual salary for permanent placement of the Supplied Personnel (SLP, OT, PT and all related disciplines). This fee will be invoiced only upon an offer by the Client and an acceptance by the Supplied Personnel, after which Provider shall release any future financial obligations that the Client owes them regarding that specific Supplied Personnel.

10. Arbitration

The Provider and Client agree that any dispute or controversy arising out of or relating to any interpretation, construction, performance or alleged breach of this Agreement shall be settled and determined solely and exclusively by arbitration to be held in the County of Santa Clara, State of California, and to be administered by the Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Service ("**JAMS**") in accordance with the JAMS Commercial Arbitration Rules then in effect. The arbitration shall be conducted by a single arbitrator who shall be appointed by agreement of the Parties or, if no agreement can be reached, by JAMS pursuant to its rules. The arbitrator may grant injunctions or other relief in such dispute or controversy. The decision of the arbitrator shall be final, conclusive, and binding on the Parties to the arbitration. Judgment may be entered on the arbitrator's decision in any court of competent jurisdiction. The Provider and Client shall each pay one-half of the costs and expenses of such arbitration, and the Provider and Client shall each pay its own attorneys' fees and expenses. However, the arbitrator shall award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the prevailing Party in the arbitration. Nothing in this section is intended to prevent either party from obtaining injunctive relief in court to prevent irreparable harm pending the conclusion of any such arbitration.

11. Miscellaneous

11.1 Governing Laws: It is the intention of the parties hereto that the internal laws of the State of California (irrespective of its choice of law principles) shall govern the validity of this Agreement, the construction of its terms, and the interpretation and enforcement of the rights and duties of the parties hereto.

11.2 Binding upon Successors and Assigns: Subject to, and unless otherwise provided in, this Agreement, each and all of the covenants, terms, provisions, and agreements contained herein shall be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the permitted successors, executors, heirs, representatives, administrators and assigns of the parties hereto.

11.3 Severability: If any provision of this Agreement, or the application thereof, shall for any reason and to any extent be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement and application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall be interpreted so as best to reasonably effect the intent of the parties hereto. The parties further agree to replace such void or unenforceable provision of this Agreement with a valid and enforceable provision which will achieve, to the extent possible, the economic, business and other purposes of the void or unenforceable provision.

11.4 Entire Agreement: This Agreement, the exhibits hereto, the documents referenced herein, and the exhibits thereto, constitute the entire understanding and agreement of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof and supersede all prior and contemporaneous agreements or understandings, inducements or conditions, express or implied, written or oral, between the parties with respect hereto and thereto. The express terms hereof control and supersede any course of performance or usage of the trade inconsistent with any of the terms hereof.

11.5 Amendment and Waivers: Any term or provision of this Agreement may be amended, and the observance of any term of this Agreement may be waived (either generally or in a particular instance and either retroactively or prospectively) only by a writing signed by the party to be bound thereby. The waiver by a party of any breach hereof or default in the performance hereof shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of any other breach or default or any succeeding breach or default.

11.6 No Waiver: The failure of any party to enforce any of the provisions hereof shall not be construed to be a waiver of the right of such party thereafter to enforce such provisions.

11.7 Attorneys' Fees: Should an action be brought to enforce or interpret any part of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover, as an element of the costs of suit and not as damages, reasonable attorneys' fees to be fixed by the court (including without limitation, costs, expenses and fees on any appeal). The prevailing party shall be the party entitled to recover its costs of suit, regardless of whether such suit proceeds to final judgment. A party not entitled to recover its costs shall not be entitled to recover attorneys' fees. No sum for attorneys' fees shall be counted in calculating the amount of a judgment for purposes of determining if a party is entitled to recover costs or attorneys' fees.

11.8 Notices: Whenever any party hereto desires or is required to give any notice, demand, or request with respect to this Agreement, each such communication shall be in writing and shall be effective only if it is delivered by personal service or mailed, United States certified mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

EdTheory, LLC. 6701, Koll Center Parkway

Suite # 250

Pleasanton, CA 94566

Fax: (800) 613-2977

Attn: Marvel Philip (Chief Executive Officer)

Magnolia Public Schools 250 E 1st Street, Suite 1500

Los Angeles, CA 90012

Attn: Erdinc Acar (Chief Academic Officer)

Such communications shall be effective when they are received by the addressee thereof; but if sent by certified mail in the manner set forth above, they shall be effective five (5) days after being deposited in the United States mail. Any party may change its address for such communications by giving notice thereof to the other party in conformity with this Section.

11.9 Further Assurances: Each party agrees to cooperate fully with the other parties and to execute such further instruments, documents and agreements and to give such further written assurances, as may be reasonably requested by any other party to better evidence and reflect the transactions described herein and contemplated hereby and to carry into effect the intents and purposes of this Agreement.

11.10 Construction of Agreement: This Agreement has been negotiated by the respective parties hereto and their attorneys and the language hereof shall not be construed for or against any party. The titles and headings herein are for reference purposes only and shall not in any manner limit the construction of this Agreement, which shall be considered as a whole.

11.11 Client's Representations: Client represents and warrants that it is free to enter into this Agreement and to perform each of the terms and covenants of it. Client represents and warrants that it is not restricted or prohibited, contractually or otherwise, from entering into and performing this Agreement, and that its execution and performance of this Agreement is not a violation or breach of any other agreement between the Client and any other person or entity.

11.12 Advice of Counsel: EACH PARTY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT, IN EXECUTING THIS AGREEMENT, SUCH PARTY HAS HAD THE ADVICE OF INDEPENDENT LEGAL COUNSEL AND HAS READ AND UNDERSTOOD ALL OF THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS OF THIS AGREEMENT.

11.13 Force Majeure: Neither party will be held responsible for any delay or failure in performance of any part of this Agreement to the extent such delay is caused by events or circumstances beyond the delayed party's reasonable control.

11.14 Counterparts: This Agreement may be executed by facsimile and in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which shall constitute one and the same agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement on the date first set forth above.


<p>PROVIDER: EDTHEORY, LLC</p>	<p>CLIENT: Magnolia Education and Research Foundation, DBA Magnolia Public Schools</p>
 <p>Signature:</p>	<p>Signature:</p>
<p>Name: Marvel Philip</p>	<p>Name: Erdinc Acar</p>
<p>Title: Chief Executive Officer</p>	<p>Title:</p>
<p>Date: 01/18/2023</p>	<p>Date:</p>

EXHIBIT A: STATEMENT OF WORK**1.0 Statement of Work**

Provider agrees to provide California Credentialed Special Education Teachers, State licensed Speech Language Pathologists, Occupational, Physical Therapists (hereinafter referred to as “SpEd” “SLPs”, “OTs” & “PTs”) to Client as requested by Client. Any Special Education Teachers, SLPs, OTs & PTs provided will hold and maintain appropriate registration, credentials and licensure to practice in the state. Evidence of registration, credentials and licensure will be provided to Client upon commencement of the Work. Provider also agrees to provide supervision for its Clinical Fellows (“RPE-CFs”).

Providers SpEd Teachers, SLPs, OTs, PTs & RPE-CFs will provide therapy services in compliance with applicable state and federal regulations and in accordance with Client’s policies, procedures, rules and regulations. Client will inform provider and the SpEd Teachers, SLPs, OTs, PTs & RPE-CFs of Client’s policies, procedures, rules and regulations prior to commencement of the Work.

Client shall notify Provider immediately and in writing of any SpEd Teachers, SLP’s, OT’s, PT’s or RPE-CF’s failure to comply with any state or federal regulations or of Client’s appropriate policies, procedures, rules and regulations.

SpEd Teachers, SLPs, OTs, PTs and RPE-CFs shall have access to any records necessary to provide services required herein accordance with all applicable federal, state and local statutes, rules and regulations, as well as under HIPPA regulations and Client’s policies, procedures, rules and regulations.


2.0 Hourly Billing Rates

Client will pay Provider for the Services rendered pursuant to this Agreement at the hourly rate as follows:

Speech Language Pathologist - Monolingual (\$89.00) Bilingual (\$91.00)
Speech Language Pathology Assistant - Monolingual (\$68.00) Bilingual (\$70.00)
School Psychologist - Monolingual (\$105.00) Bilingual (\$107.00)
Special Education Teacher - \$89.00
Adapted Physical Education - \$89.00
Occupational Therapist - \$89.00
Board Certified Behavior Analyst (BCBA) - \$105.00
Certified School Nurse/ Registered Nurse - \$89.00
Licensed Vocational Nurse (LVN) - \$67.00
Registered Behavior Technician (RBT) - \$57.00
Instructional Assistant (IA) - \$47.00

3.0 Special Conditions: N/A

PROVIDER: EDTHEORY, LLC	CLIENT: Magnolia Education and Research Foundation DBA Magnolia Public Schools
--------------------------------	---

 Signature:	Signature:
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Name: Marvel Philip	Name:
Title: Chief Executive Officer	Title:
Date: 1/18/2023	Date:

Coversheet

Approval of Resolutions Related to the Acquisition and Lease of 16600 Vanowen Street

Section: III. Action Items
Item: D. Approval of Resolutions Related to the Acquisition and Lease of 16600 Vanowen Street
Purpose: Vote
Submitted by:
Related Material: Resolutions Related to 16600 Vanowen Street (Board).pdf



Agenda Item #: III D: Action Item
Date: February 9, 2023
To: Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation dba Magnolia Public Schools ("MPS")
Board of Directors (the "Board")
From: MPS Audit & Facilities Committee
Staff Lead: Patrick Ontiveros, General Counsel & Director of Facilities
RE: Approval of Resolutions Related to 16600 Vanowen Street

I. Proposed Recommendation(s)

Staff recommends and moves that the Board approve the following actions:

(1) the assignment by MPS to MPM 16600 Vanowen Street LLC (the "Vanowen Street LLC") of all its right, title and interest in and to that certain agreement for the purchase of the property located at 16600 Vanowen Street (APNs: 2231-007-008, -016 and -017) (the "Vanowen Street Property") including the right to take title to the Property and the good faith deposit made by MPS;

(2) the execution by the MPS CEO, CFO or their designees, of a lease agreement by and between MPS and Vanowen Street LLC (the "Lease") for the use and occupancy of the Vanowen Street Property by Magnolia Science Academy—2 ("MSA-2");

(3) under the Lease, the payment by MPS to Vanowen Street LLC of non-refundable advanced rent in an amount equal to approximately \$3,100,000, consisting of (i) \$400,000 from the assignment of the good faith deposit made by MPS to escrow for the Vanowen Street Property and (ii) approximately \$2,700,000 in cash;

(4) the execution by the MPS CEO, CFO or their designees, on behalf of Vanowen Street LLC, as its sole manager of such documents and instruments as may be necessary in order for Vanowen Street LLC to acquire the Vanowen Street Property, including any loan documents; and

(5) the execution by the MPS CEO and Superintendent, CFO, or their designees, of such documents and instruments as may be necessary to undertake and complete the foregoing actions.

February 9, 2023

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II. Background

MSA-2 Co-Location Use Agreement

MSA-2 operates on Birmingham Community Charter High School (“**BCCHS**”) campus pursuant to a co-location use agreement (“**CUA**”) with the Los Angeles Unified School District (“**LAUSD**”). By its terms the CUA is co-terminus with MSA-2’s charter. Originally, MSA-2’s charter was scheduled to expire in June 2022. However, when the State of California through legislation provided an extension for all charters expiring during the COVID pandemic, MSA-2’s charter was extended for two years, now expiring in June 2024. Notwithstanding, LAUSD asserted that such extension was inapplicable to the CUA and that MSA-2 was required to submit an application for Prop 39 space commencing with the 2022-23 school year, with no guarantee that MSA-2 would remain on the BCCHS campus. MPS disputed LAUSD’s position. After negotiation, MPS and LAUSD agreed that MSA-2 could remain on the BCCHS property through the 2023-24 school year. Thereafter, MSA-2 will be required to apply for space under Prop 39. In fact, MSA-2 submitted a Prop 39 application when the CUA’s interpretation was being disputed by LAUSD. Around the time that the MPS and LAUSD came to a resolution, LAUSD prepared a response to the Prop 39 application which revealed that LAUSD intended to split the MSA-2 campus in two.

16600 Vanowen Street Purchase

At its October 6, 2022 meeting, the Committee approved and ratified the execution by MPS of the purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of the Property and approved MPS to engage in due diligence activities. At the Board’s meeting on October 13, 2022 it approved and ratified the same. Committee and Board members expressed a desire to have MPS Staff to extend the due diligence period. MPS Staff negotiated an extension to the contingency period by releasing \$40,000, non-refundable, to the Seller from escrow. This action extended the due diligence period to expire on January 13, 2023. The Committee and Board

MPS Staff has advised MSA-5’s charter authorizer, the Los Angeles County Office of Education (“**LACOE**”), of its desire to purchase and develop the Property. LACOE acknowledged that MPS fulfilled its obligation to LACOE by notifying them of the transaction.

MPS proposes to purchase the Property with a loan from CLI Capital according to the terms reflected in a term sheet dated January 10, 2023, a copy of which is attached as **Exhibit A**. CLI Capital and MPS still need to negotiate final terms but the term sheet is substantially similar to the term sheets received by MPS for the purchase of the 7111 Winnetka Ave and 18242 Sherman Way. MPS will assign the PSA to Vanowen Street LLC, a subsidiary of Magnolia Properties Management, Inc. (“**MPM**”), a 501(c)(3) support corporation for MPS. When MPS assigns the PSA to Vanowen Street LLC, MPS will enter into a lease for the Property, for the benefit of MSA-2 with the LLC.

III. Purpose

The purpose of the proposed action is to proceed with the acquisition of the Property for the benefit of MSA-2. MSA-2’s co-location use agreement (“**CUA**”) with the Los Angeles Unified School District (“**LAUSD**”) for the occupancy of the Birmingham Community Charter High School (“**BCCHS**”) campus expires after the 2023-24 school year.

February 9, 2023

Page 3



Current Requested Actions

Assignment of Right to Take Title and Execution of New Lease

MPS Staff recommends assigning the purchase agreement and all rights and interests in it to Vanowen Street LLC which will hold title to the Vanowen Street Property at the close of escrow. This structure will allow MERF to receive SB740 funding. Vanowen Street LLC will lease the Vanowen Street Property to MPS for the benefit and occupancy by MSA-2 under a new lease agreement.

Payment of Non-Refundable Advanced Rent to Vanowen Street LLC and Execution of Lease

MPS Staff recommends that MPS pay advanced rent to Vanowen Street LLC of approximately \$3,100,000, consisting of the good faith deposit of \$400,000 made by MPS and assigned by MPS to Vanowen Street LLC and cash of \$2,700,000, and sign the Lease.

Vanowen Street LLC is receiving a loan from CLI Capital to purchase the Vanowen Street Property. The acquisition loan is for \$11,800,000. The balance of the acquisition cost including the balance of the purchase price, and closing costs will exceed such amount, requiring Vanowen Street LLC to pay the difference. Therefore, the advanced rent payment is needed by Vanowen Street LLC in order to close escrow on the purchase of the Vanowen Street Property. The total commitment from CLI Capital is for financing of \$27,000,000, \$11,800,000 of which is for acquisition purposes and the balance of \$15,200,000 of which is for construction and related costs.

Separately, Vanowen Street LLC's sole member MPM has authorized or will authorize the receipt of the acquisition loan from CLI Capital.

MPS must sign the Lease with Vanowen Street LLC in order for MSA-2 to use and occupy the Vanowen Street Property. The rent payable to Vanowen Street LLC under the Lease is, or will be, equal to the debt service Vanowen Street LLC will pay to CLI Capital.

Signature of Loan Documents by MPS as Sole Manager of Vanowen Street LLC

Vanowen Street LLC's sole manager is MPS. As such MPS's CEO, CFO or such other appropriate officer will be required to sign the loan documents with CLI Capital on Vanowen Street LLC's behalf.

IV. Committee Discussion / Recommendation(s)

The Audit & Facilities Committee Meeting held on February 2, 2023 discussed and recommended their approval to the full Board. Clarifications made at the Committee meeting follows:

- This newly formed LLC will be under Magnolia Properties Management (MPM)
- The \$3,100,000 purchase price includes various fees, miscellaneous costs and for cost of financial advisor.
- MSA-2 is in a good financial position as seen with its increased enrollment. More of the financials for MSA-2 and other MSA schools will be presented at the 2nd Interim Report that will be coming to the Board later in February.



V. Conclusion / Budget Impact

The projected acquisition cost for the Vanowen Street Property is \$14,900,000 (that is, the purchase price, broker's fee, CLI Capital's commitment fee, and miscellaneous closing costs) and will be paid for with an acquisition loan from CLI Capital in the amount of \$11,800,000, representing approximately 85% of the acquisition costs and the balance will be paid for with cash from MSA-2, via a nonrefundable advanced rent deposit to Vanowen Street LLC under the Lease. MSA-2 will commence paying lease payments in April 2023 which will then allow the Vanowen Street LLC to commence making interest only payments on the CLI Capital loan.

February 2, 2023 &
February 9, 2023
Page 4



Exhibit A Term Sheet



Exhibit A

CLI Capital Term Sheet for the Financing of the Acquisition of 16600 Vanowen Street



January 10, 2023

Via e-mail

Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation
Board of Directors
% John Buck, Buck Financial Advisors, LLC

RE: Property acquisition and construction loan - "MSA-2 Project"

This will constitute the commitment of CLI Capital ("CLI") to loan to Magnolia Property Management, Inc. or a wholly owned single asset entity ("Borrower"), the sum of up to Twenty Seven Million Dollars (\$27,000,000), less any title insurance, appraisal costs, mortgage registration tax, origination fees and all other closing costs and expense that may be incurred by CLI in connection with the funding and collection of the loan. This is a commitment to provide financing based on the contingencies located within this letter. This letter is not intended to be an all-encompassing document but a formal communication of approval, commitment of terms, and identification of contingencies and other requirements to facilitate closing in a reasonable time frame. The actual loan documents supersede all terms and conditions of this letter.

The acceptance of this commitment must be indicated by Borrower's signing and returning this letter no later than 5:00 pm Central time on January 31, 2023. If this commitment is not accepted within the specified time frame, CLI may extend the commitment (required to be in writing), allow the commitment to terminate, or issue a revised commitment (required to be in writing). The acceptance of this commitment will be the Borrower's authorization for CLI to withhold from the proceeds of the loan any closing costs or expenses associated with making the loan.

I. Loan Structure and Pricing

The loan will be structured as an advancing note for the purchase of the property located at 16600 Vanowen Street in Van Nuys, California and related improvements. The initial loan advance will be for closing costs associated with the loan. Subsequent advances will be for the purpose of property acquisition and construction in accordance with the construction contracts and construction budget as approved by CLI.

- 1) It is anticipated that the transaction will close in February of 2023. If an earlier closing is desired, closing may occur within 10 business days of CLI's receipt of all Contingencies and Requirements listed below.
- 2) The note will have a maturity date of February 1, 2028. On that date all unpaid principal, accrued interest, and other charges allowed under the note will be due.
- 3) The interest rate will be a floating rate based on the Wall Street Journal Prime rate plus a margin of 1.50%. The interest rate will have a 5.75% floor. Interest will accrue daily on the outstanding unpaid principal balance.

905 South Polk Street, Suite 300
Amarillo, Texas 79101
806-358-3667

- 4) Land Closing Funding. At the closing of the land purchase, CLI will initially advance up to \$11.8M to fund the purchase of the land. This amount works out to 85% of the appraised value of the land, plus an allowance for closing fees and costs.
- 5) Repayment. Monthly interest payments will be required on the outstanding loan balance beginning April 1, 2023 and continue until the construction project begins.
 - a. Once construction draws begin, monthly payments of interest and/or principal will no longer be required until construction completion (expected March 2026).
 - i. Construction Draws. Construction draws may be funded upon the completion of the following project development milestones:
 1. Zoning and usage is changed as planned;
 2. The sale of the "excess land" has taken place resulting in a principal paydown of at least \$5 Million;
 3. The final construction plans, construction budget, and campus operating budget have been approved by CLI in writing and appraised by a qualified third party appraiser.
 4. Construction draws advanced by CLI will be limited to the lesser of 100% construction costs, or 100% of appraised value.
 5. Up to \$500,000 may be advanced to Borrower for the reimbursement of development expenses previously incurred once the construction period has commenced, subject to the appraised value limitation discussed above.
 - b. If construction draw advances have not begun by March 2025, monthly principal and interest payments will be required until construction draws begin. The payments will be based on a 20 year amortization schedule.
 - c. Once construction is complete, (expected by March 2026) any outstanding interest will be capitalized to the loan's principal balance. Monthly payments of principal and interest based on a 30 year amortization will then be required for the remainder of the loan term.
 - 6) Borrower will pay to Lender an origination fee of 2% of the total loan commitment in conjunction with the closing of the loan. Borrower may pay this and/or all of its closing costs with an advance on the loan.
 - 7) The loan may be prepaid at any time without penalty.

II. Contingencies and other Requirements

This commitment shall be subject to the following conditions:

- 1) Borrower shall return a signed copy of this commitment letter to CLI on or before the expiration date listed above.
- 2) The loan shall be secured by a first mortgage lien on the property purchased and an assignment of all rents, leases, contracts, etc. concerning the property. The lease between Borrower and the tenant must be reviewed and approved by CLI prior to closing. Said property shall be subject to no other liens or encumbrances unless otherwise approved by CLI in writing. Payments made to other related entities for management fees or other similar expenses may be restricted by the lender in the event of an uncured default under the loan documents.

- 3) The loan will be made pursuant to a loan agreement entered into by the Borrower and CLI consistent with the terms of this commitment and such other normal covenants of the Lender's loan agreement.
- 4) That a mortgage title insurance policy in the face amount of not less than the total amount of the loan be issued by a title insurance company acceptable to CLI, insuring CLI is the holder of a good and valid first lien mortgage upon the real estate securing the loan.
- 5) During the term of the loan Borrower agrees to periodically supply CLI with financial statements, reports, and any other pertinent financial or statistical data as reasonably requested by CLI.
- 6) The loan agreement will include a limitation on MERF/MPM borrowing additional debt without obtaining prior written approval by CLI, subject to a de-minimis aggregate amount of \$1,000,000. Please note that the \$50.8M grant/loan that has been recently awarded regarding the MSA5 campus project is approved by CLI.
- 7) Borrower will be required to furnish to CLI evidence of builder's risk coverage/hazard insurance in an amount not less than the amount of the note. The policy is to provide for customary builders risk coverages, fire, and extended coverage on the entire facility. CLI is to be listed as mortgagee and loss payee. Evidence of such coverage must be furnished prior to loan funding and approved by CLI.
- 8) Borrower will provide a full project budget and related construction contract prior to funding loan advances beyond the initial closing advance, which must be approved by CLI. No construction changes or modifications will be made to the construction budget without the expressed written consent of CLI. Construction draws will be processed using normal and customary AIA Construction Progress Draw Forms. Construction draws must be approved by the architect supervising the project. The construction draw process will be monitored by a third party construction monitoring agent as selected or approved by CLI. The costs related to this monitoring agent will be paid by Borrower. These costs are estimated at \$450 per construction draw.
- 9) Borrower agrees to pay all lender's costs associated with this loan, including legal fees for document preparation (estimated to be 8,000), flood searches (estimated at \$16) and environmental assessment (estimated at \$500). If the environmental assessment indicates any potential environmental issues, a Phase 1 must be obtained and approved by CLI prior to closing. If Borrower has already obtained a Phase 1 on the property the \$500 environmental assessment charge will be waived. Note: CLI has been provided a Phase 1 which suggested soil sample testing. Please forward the results of these soil sample tests to CLI so they may be reviewed by CLI and approved by CLI in writing.
- 10) CLI and Borrower must review and approve all legal documents prior to closing and CLI and or its legal counsel must review and approve the corporate documentation of the Borrower and other entities involved in the transaction prior to closing.
- 11) The parties represent and agree that CLI is a resident of Potter County, Texas and that Borrower has contacted CLI in Potter County, Texas and this contract has been negotiated, in whole or in part, in Potter County, Texas. The parties further represent and agree that all notices and all payments to CLI are to be made in Potter County, Texas.
- 12) Based on the foregoing representations, the parties agree that this contract is to be governed by the laws of the state of Texas, and that jurisdiction of any dispute over interpretation or enforcement of this contract is proper in a district court in the state of Texas, which location would not be unreasonably inconvenient, or unjust. The parties therefore designate that any suit brought to interpret or enforce this contract shall be brought in a district court in Potter County, Texas, or in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas, Amarillo Division.

We look forward to working with you in connection with this transaction.

Sincerely,



Travis David
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
CLI Capital

This commitment has been agreed to and accepted by the undersigned on behalf of Borrower

Signature

Printed Name and Title / Date

cc: Lender's Counsel

Coversheet

Approval of Magnolia Public Schools Cell Phone Usage Policy

Section:	III. Action Items
Item:	E. Approval of Magnolia Public Schools Cell Phone Usage Policy
Purpose:	Vote
Submitted by:	
Related Material:	MPS Cell Phone Usage Policy.pdf



Agenda Item:	III E: Action Item
Date:	February 9, 2023
To:	Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation dba Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS”) Board of Directors (the “Board”)
From:	Alfredo Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent
Staff Lead(s):	Suat Acar, Chief Operations Officer Derya Hajmeirza, HR Director
RE:	MPS Cell Phone Usage Policy

Action Proposed:

I move that the board approve the Magnolia Public Schools Cell Phone Usage Policy.

Purpose:

In the interest of promoting employee efficiency, Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or the “School”) may issue cell phones to employees whose jobs require them to make calls and otherwise conduct School business while away from campus or require them to be accessible for School-related matters, as described below.

Background:

MPS will provide MPS-owned cell phones and phone numbers to certain employees to promote the school activities and enrollment activities. This policy will draw the general guidelines for the employees to follow up.

Analysis:

MPS on-boarded Community Schools Coordinator (CSC) as part of a grant received. Continuous communication is a key factor for the CSCs. Therefore, the MPS Home Office decided to provide MPS issued Cell Phones to the CSCs, as well as other certain key staff members to promote related activities. It will be for specific community engagement staff such as the Community School Coordinators (CSC) and Parent and Community Engagement (PACE) coordinators.

Impact:

MPS expects a positive impact in the quality of the communication between stakeholders and the school sites with the usage of these cell phones. Also faster connections will be possible human to human, and we expect improved educational partners’ satisfaction.



Budget Implications:

The costs for monthly service payments for employees covered under this policy will be paid for using the Community Schools Partnership Program (CSPP) funds. These funds have been incorporated into the 2022-23 MPS operating budget.

Exhibits:

- Magnolia Public Schools Cell Phone Usage Policy

MAGNOLIA PUBLIC SCHOOLS CELL PHONE ISSUED USAGE POLICY

Purpose

In the interest of promoting employee efficiency, Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS” or the “School”) may issue cell phones to employees whose jobs require them to make calls and otherwise conduct School business while away from campus or require them to be accessible for School-related matters, as described below.

Scope

This policy applies to all MPS management, administrative employees or staff who use any MPS-provided cell phone for any purpose at any time. All cell phones issued by MPS and any and all data stored on or otherwise sent or received from such cell phones are School property. Employees must comply with MPS’s requests to make their School-issued cell phones available for any reason, including upgrades, replacement, or inspection. Employees who separate from employment with the School for any reason must immediately return their MPS-issued cell phones. All employees who receive an MPS-issued cell phone must comply with all relevant policies and procedures as stated in the MPS Employee Handbook.

Policy

MPS will provide cell phones to employees solely for the purpose of conducting MPS and School-related business. All employees are required to be professional and conscientious at all times when using MPS issued cell phones. Personal use of the MPS cell phone may result in loss of a cell phone assignment or discipline, up to and including termination from employment. Employees may be required to reimburse the School for any costs or charges relating to personal use of the cell phone. Addition of new hardware, software, and/or related components to provide additional mobile device connectivity will be managed at the sole discretion of the School. Unauthorized use of mobile devices to back up, store, and otherwise access any School-related data is strictly forbidden.

MPS’s overtime rules apply to any type of work done after hours, including a nonexempt employees’ use of an MPS-issued cell phone to make School-related calls and send or receive School-related communications. All overtime work, including such work-related calls and/or communications, must be approved by the School in writing, in advance. Working overtime without School authorization violates School policy and may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

It is the responsibility of all employees to use security features such as pin codes to ensure the privacy and confidentiality of the content of the cell phone. Additionally, employees must restrict third parties from using or accessing the cell phone, including friends and family, as well as protecting against possible loss, theft, or damage. Any loss, theft, or damage may amount to gross negligence, willful misconduct, or dishonesty, and the employee may be liable to the School for the costs of repairing or replacing any lost or damaged cell phone.

Employees must observe the following rules at all times while using MPS-issued cell phones:

1. Employees are responsible for the security of MPS-issued cell phones and the information stored on them.
2. Employees may not allow third parties, such as friends, family, students, or strangers, to access or use the MPS-issued cell phone.
3. Employees using MPS-issued cell phones and related software for network and data access will, without exception, use secure data management procedures. All mobile devices must be protected by a strong password. Employees agree never to disclose their passwords to anyone, unless authorized by the MPS Home Office or school site designee.
4. All employees using MPS-issued cell phones must employ reasonable physical security measures. Employees are expected to secure all such devices against being lost or stolen, whether or not they are actually in use and/or being carried.
5. Passwords and other confidential data are not to be stored unencrypted on mobile devices.
6. In the event of a lost or stolen MPS-issued cell phone, employees are required to report the incident to the School immediately.

MPS Cell Phone Safety and Driving

In the interest of the safety of our employees and other drivers, employees are prohibited from using MPS cell phones without a hands-free option while driving.

If an employees job requires that they keep their cell phone turned on while they are driving, they must use a hands-free option.

Writing, sending or reading text-based communication, including but not limited to text messaging, instant messaging, and e-mail on a cell phone while driving is prohibited. Violating this policy is a violation of law.

Search of MPS-Issued Cell Phones

Employees have no reasonable expectation of privacy in a School-issued cell phone, the related data, text messages, applications, voicemail, or the other digital content related to the cell phone. MPS reserves the right to search any MPS-issued cell phone at any time, with or without any advance notice, as any and all data on MPS-issued cell phones are exclusively the property of MPS. Data includes, but is not limited to, messages, images, videos, voice recordings, or other information stored in electronic form.

MPS is subject to the California Public Records Act. As such, members of the public may request copies of business-related communications from MPS, including from MPS-issued cell phones. As such, employees must always conduct themselves in a responsible and professional manner when using an MPS-issued cell phone with the knowledge that business-related communications conducted on the cell phone are subject to public inspection and review. Employees must provide access to their School-issued cell phone and any related data to MPS for inspection at any time, including upon receipt of a Public Records Act request.

Content

Employees may not download, send, receive, or review inappropriate materials or content on MPS-provided cell phones, including materials that are discriminatory, harassing, derogatory to any individual, in violation of licensing or software laws, or that are pornographic or violent in nature. Employees may not download personal applications (“Apps”), incur charges that will be billed to the School (e.g., international use, purchasing Apps, etc.), or make adjustments to hardware or software that impairs the functionality or work-related purpose for which the phone is provided to the employee. Employees may not use their MPS-issued phone for personal social media purposes, or to conduct business for another employer or competitor.

Non-Compliance

Should any MPS employee fail to comply with this Policy, they may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination from employment.

Confirmation of Receipt

By signing below, I acknowledge that I have received, read, and understand the School’s Cell Phone Use Policy and agree to comply with its terms. I also understand that if I have any questions regarding this Policy, I shall contact my direct supervisor.

Print Name

Date

Signature

Coversheet

Approval of Updated 2022-23 MPS Board & Committee Calendar

Section:	III. Action Items
Item:	F. Approval of Updated 2022-23 MPS Board & Committee Calendar
Purpose:	Vote
Submitted by:	
Related Material:	Revised 2022-23 MPS Board & Committee Calendar.pdf



Agenda Item:	III F: Action Item
Date:	February 9, 2023
To:	Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation dba Magnolia Public Schools (“MPS”) Board of Directors (the “Board”)
From:	Alfredo Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent
Staff Lead(s):	Alfredo Rubalcava, CEO & Superintendent Jennifer Lara, MPS Executive Assistant & Board Secretary
RE:	Updated 2022-23 MPS Board & Committee Calendar

Action Proposed:

I move that that Board approve the updated calendar for the 2022-23 Regular MPS Board Meetings and Regular MPS Board Committee Meetings.

Purpose:

The provisions that were afforded by LEA’s under AB 361, though will sunset January of 2024, the Governor had announced that he will be ending California’s COVID-19 State of Emergency effective February 28, 2023. With this change the provisions under AB 361 can no longer be used and thus in-person Board & Committee meetings will resume in March 2023. The revised calendar includes locations and time changes to accommodate in-person travel for the remaining months from March 2023-June 2023.

Background:

The Board had approved the 2022-23 MPS Board & Committee Calendar on June 23, 2022. Revisions to the calendar was made to accommodate changes with meeting in-person.

Per the MPS Board Bylaws, meetings are held the second Thursday of the month unless otherwise stated. For 2022-23 Regular Board Meetings, most meeting dates follow this practice except the meetings in November due to a holiday and January due to Winter Break. The month of June will have two Regular Board Meetings in correspondence to staff preparing for the next school year. The Board has and will continue following the provisions prescribed in the Brown Act and SB 126.

SB126: All Regular Board Meetings will be held within the jurisdiction of Los Angeles County, where the majority of the MPS student population resides. All 9 in-person meetings will be held amongst MSA 1-8 and the MPS Home Office. Additionally, per SB 126, all school sites (MSA 1-8, MSA-Santa Ana and MSA- San Diego), will remain open as remote locations during the duration of all special, emergency and regular committee and board meetings.



Budget Implications:

CEO & Superintendent, Chief Financial Officer as well as other leadership team in collaboration with school-site principals will discuss in-person meetings financials to accommodate costs associated with meetings including school site budget for staff compensation for extra hours worked during board/committee meetings.

Exhibits:

- Revised 2022-23 MPS Board Calendar
- Revised 2022-23 MPS Committee Calendar



2022-23 REVISED BOARD MEETINGS CALENDAR

Magnolia Educational & Research Foundation
Magnolia Public Schools

All meetings begin between the hours of 6:00 pm - 7:00 pm (PST) and are held on the dates stated below.

Meeting times, location, call-in numbers and additional information and support are posted on the website following notice procedures: 72 hours notice for Regular Board Meetings, 24 hours notice for Special Board Meeting or 1 hour notice for Emergency Board Meetings. Visit magnoliapublicschools.org or call (213) 628-3634 ext 21101

7/14/2022 (Zoom)

8/11/2022 (Zoom)

9/08/2022 (Zoom)

10/13/2022 (Zoom)

11/10/2022 (Zoom)

12/08/2022 (Zoom)

1/19/2023 (Zoom)

2/09/2023 (Zoom)

3/09/2023 – MSA-1

3/18/2023 (Board Retreat) – MSA- 1

4/13/2023 – MSA- 7

5/11/2023 – MSA- 5

6/08/2023 – MSA- 7

6/22/2023 – Home Office



2022-23 Magnolia Public Schools Revised Board Committee Calendar

- Academic Committee
- Educational Partners & Development Committee
- Audit/Facilities Committee
- Finance Committee
- Nominating/Governance Committee

September 2022

9/1/2022 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 5:30PM

9/7/2022 – Finance Committee Meeting at 6:00PM

October 2022

10/6/2022 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 5:30PM

10/13/2022 – Academic Committee Meeting at 5:00PM

November 2022

11/3/2022 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 5:30PM

11/17/2022 – Governance Committee Meeting at 5:30PM

December 2022

12/1/2022 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 5:30PM

12/7/2022 – Finance Committee Meeting at 6:00PM



January 2023

1/18/2023 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 5:30PM

February 2023

2/2/2023 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 5:30PM

2/16/2023 – Academic Committee Meeting at 5:30PM

March 2023

3/2/2023 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 6:00PM

3/9/2023 – Finance Committee Meeting at 6:00PM

April 2023

4/6/2023 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 6:00PM

4/13/2023 – Educational Partners & Development Committee Meeting at 6:00PM

May 2023

5/4/2023 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 6:00PM

June 2023

6/1/2023 – Audit/Facilities Committee Meeting at 6:00PM

6/8/2023 – Finance Committee Meeting at 6:00PM