

## Third Future Schools

## **TFS Corporate Board Meeting**

#### **National Board**

Published on October 29, 2024 at 12:28 PM CDT

#### **Date and Time**

Thursday October 31, 2024 at 2:00 PM CDT

#### Location

Virtually via Zoom

#### **Agenda**

Agent	ia	Purpose	Time
l.	Opening Items		2:00 PM
	A. Call the Meeting to Order		
	B. Record Attendance		1 m
II.	Public Comments		2:01 PM
	Synergy and Teamwork		
	A. Public Comments	Discuss	30 m
	2 min. each for up to 30 min.		
III.	Consent Agenda		2:31 PM
	Systems and Processes		

			Purpose	Time
	A.	Approval of October 2024 Agenda	Vote	1 m
		Systems and Processes		
	B.	Approval of minutes for August 2024	Approve Minutes	1 m
		Systems and Processes		
IV.	Stu	dent Enrollment Update		2:33 PM
	Stra	ategy		
	A.	Student Enrollment Update	Vote	5 m
		Strategy		
V.	Upo	date on Instruction (successes and areas for improvement)		2:38 PM
	Per	formance Outcomes		
	A.	Spot Data	FYI	5 m
		Performance Outcomes		
	В.	Professional Development	FYI	5 m
		Performance outcomes		
	C.	Colorado SPF Reports	FYI	5 m
		Performace outcomes		
VI.	Upo	date on personnel and recruitment (staff and students)		2:53 PM
	Hur	nan Resources		
	A.	Update on personnel and recruitment	Discuss	5 m
		Human Resources		
VII.	Exp	pansion Updates		2:58 PM
	Stra	ategy		
	A.	Expansion Updates	FYI	5 m
		Strategy		

		Purpose	Time
VIII.	TEA Investigation		3:03 PM
	Finance		
	A. TEA Investigation	Discuss	5 m
	Finance		
IX.	Board vacancies-recruitment efforts		3:08 PM
	Governance		
	A. Board vacancies-recruitment efforts	Discuss	5 m
	Possible vote to add two board members.		
X.	Next Board Meeting - January 30, 2025		3:13 PM
	Governance		
	A. Next Board Meeting - January 30, 2025	Discuss	3 m
	This is scheduled to be an in-person meeting, but can be adjuste the board.	ed due to the desire of	
XI.	Closing Items		3:16 PM
	A. Adjourn Meeting	Vote	1 m

## Coversheet

## Approval of October 2024 Agenda

Section: III. Consent Agenda

Item: A. Approval of October 2024 Agenda

Purpose: Vote

Submitted by:

Related Material: TFS Board Agenda -- 31 October 2024.pdf





## TFS Board Meeting Agenda – 31 October 2024

https://us06web.zoom.us/j/6764249224?omn=84201722282

1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. (Mountain Time) - Zoom meeting

This Board meeting will be held via Zoom. The public is welcome to view the meeting live by joining the Zoom meeting (link included above). The Board welcomes input and questions from the community. Should a member of the public wish to provide input or notify the Board of a concern, he/she should send an email to the Board at <a href="mailto:board@thirdfuture.org">board@thirdfuture.org</a>. All emails sent to the Board at that address and prior to 48 hours before the start of the Board meeting will be disseminated to the Board prior to the next scheduled Board meeting.

	TFS Board Agenda						
	Agenda Item	Time Use Tracker	Estimated Time				
I.	Call to Order	Other	1 min.				
II.	Public Comments	Synergy and Teamwork	2 min. each up to 30 min.				
III.	Consent Agenda  a. Approval of the October 31, 2024, agenda b. Approval of minutes for August 2024	Systems and Processes	1 min.				
IV.	Student Enrollment Update	Strategy	5 min.				
V.	Update on Instruction (successes and areas for improvement)  a. Spot Data b. Professional Development c. Colorado SPF Reports	Performance outcomes	15 min.				
VI.	Update on personnel and recruitment (staff and students)	Human resources	5 min.				
VII.	Expansion Updates	Strategy	5 min.				

VIII	TEA Investigation Update	Finance	5 min.
IX.	Board vacancies-recruitment efforts. Possible vote to add two board members	Governance	5 min.
X.	Next Board Meeting scheduled for 30 January 2025. This is scheduled to be an in-person meeting, but can be adjusted due to the desire of the board	Governance	3 min.
XI.	Adjourn	Other	1 min.

#### **Documents:**

- 1. Board Agenda October 2024
- 2. Board Minutes August 2024
- 3. Board Calendar
- 4. SPF Reports, Colorado
- 5. Spot Data
- 6. TEA Closure Letter
- 7. TEA Investigation Report

## Coversheet

## Approval of minutes for August 2024

Section: III. Consent Agenda

Item: B. Approval of minutes for August 2024

Purpose: Approve Minutes

Submitted by:

Related Material: TFS Board Meeting Minutes -- 29 August 2024.pdf





## TFS Board Meeting Minutes – 29 August 2024

https://us06web.zoom.us/j/6764249224?omn=84201722282

1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. (Mountain Time) - Zoom meeting

This Board meeting will be held via Zoom. The public is welcome to view the meeting live by joining the Zoom meeting (link included above). The Board welcomes input and questions from the community. Should a member of the public wish to provide input or notify the Board of a concern, he/she should send an email to the Board at <a href="mailto:board@thirdfuture.org">board@thirdfuture.org</a>. All emails sent to the Board at that address and prior to 48 hours before the start of the Board meeting will be disseminated to the Board prior to the next scheduled Board meeting.

In Attendance: Zach Craddock, Kerri Holt, Dwight Jones, Whitney Nichols, Jessica Lopez, Tim Farmer, Jennifer Sward Miller, and Dr. Shirley Miles

	TFS Board Agenda						
	Agenda Item	Time Use Tracker	Estimated Time				
I.	Call to Order at 1:01 pm	Other	1 min.				
II.	Public Comments - none	Synergy and Teamwork	2 min. each up to 30 min.				
III.	a. Approval of the August 2024 agenda b. Approval of minutes for June 2024 c. Approval of the Colorado policies: Student Non-Legal Name Change, Title IX, Grievance Policy, Non-Discrimination Policy, Non-Discrimination Notice, and Investigation of Harassment and Discrimination Policy i. The CO board has approved all these policies.	Systems and Processes	1 min.				

ii. Title IX and Non-Discrimination policies only apply to Colorado. iii. Jennifer Miller motioned and Dwight Jones seconded the motion.		
IV. Student Enrollment Update  a. Colorado will hit their enrollment numbers b. Midland is full c. Mendez should see an increase after Labor Day d. Parnell is over 450 e. Prescott will hit the budget f. Fairpark g. Beaumont - we saw a decrease in enrollment due to social motion (students not being promoted) h. Jessica Lopez gave exact figures: i. CO - 1,250 ii. TX - 3,170 iii. LA - 870	Strategy	5 min.
V. Update on Instruction (successes and areas for improvement)  a. Start of the school year  i. All schools started on time. Zero delays. Solid start across the board, this includes new schools.  ii. Fair Park has been the biggest challenge, they are sitting at a C. The biggest reason is due to logistical issues, the building is old and large.  iii. Overall grade across the network is a B-  b. State Assessments, if released  i. Colorado will have data today or tomorrow.  ii. Texas schools - internal metric is looking good, all schools are out of F status.  iii. Louisiana - Zach Croddock reviewed Leap data with the board. When we took over	Performance outcomes	15 min.

Prescott, they were second from		
the bottom. Prescott has seen		
significant improvement in one		
year.		
VI. Update on personnel and recruitment (staff and		
students)		
a. We are looking good at all the schools. Fair		
Park has a few openings, which are being	Human resources	5 min.
covered by learning coaches. A visiting	Tiuman resources	3 111111.
teacher from another school is supporting		
them until they can fill the position.		
VII. Request approval of the amended 24-25 academic calendar		
a. Zach Craddock is requesting we give all		
students and staff the week of Thanksgiving		
off. Most of our partners have this week off	Governance	3 min.
and it in impacting ADA by students not		
coming. We will still have 184 days of		
instruction.		
b. Jennifer Miller motioned and Dwight Jones		
seconded the motion.		
VIII. Board vacancies-recruitment efforts. Possible vote		
to add two board members	Governance	5 min.
a. Reschedule for another date.		
IX. Executive Session to discuss personnel matters		
and CRS 24-6-402(4)(b) to conference with the		
School's attorney for the purposes of receiving		
legal advice on specific legal questions regarding		
the governance structure of the School.		
<ul> <li>a. Jennifer Miller motioned to move and</li> </ul>		
Dwight Jones seconded to move into	HR/Governance	TBD
executive session.		
b. Vote to approve Supt. Contract: motion by		
Jenn, 2nd by Dwight, all approve		
c. Motion to adjourn by Jenn, 2nd by Dwight,		
all approve.		
d. Left executive session at 2:01 pm		
X. Adjourn at 2:02 pm	Other	1 min.

### **Documents:**

1. Board Agenda -August 2024

- 2. Board Minutes June 2024
- 3. Amended 24-25 academic calendar
- 4. Board Calendar
- 5. Colorado Policies
- 6. Released LA Data

## Coversheet

## **Spot Data**

Section: V. Update on Instruction (successes and areas for improvement)

Item: A. Spot Data

Purpose: FYI

Submitted by:

Related Material: Summary Spot Data 12 October 2024.xlsx

## **Notice**

The following file is attached to this PDF. You will need to open this packet in an application that supports attachments to pdf files, e.g. <u>Adobe Reader</u>:

Summary Spot Data 12 October 2024.xlsx

## Coversheet

## Colorado SPF Reports

Section: V. Update on Instruction (successes and areas for improvement)

Item: C. Colorado SPF Reports

Purpose: FY

Submitted by:

Related Material: SPF AAL 23-24 (1).pdf

SPF C3 23-24 (1).pdf



#### 0126: Academy of Advanced Learning | 8001: Charter School Institute

Performance

Improvement

Priority Imp.

Turnaround

Grade Levels: EM - (1 Year)

62.8%

#### **Plan Type**

#### Official Rating based on SINGLE-YEAR SPF Report

#### **Performance Plan**

62.8/100 Points Earned

The performance framework evaluates district and school performance on Academic Achievement, Academic Growth, and Postsecondary & Workforce Readiness indicators. The percentage of points earned across all indicators determines the final accreditation rating for a district or the final plan type for a school, which is displayed above. The cut points for final ratings established by the State Board of Education are shown at the right of this page. Failure to meet test participation, safety, and finance assurances may result in a rating being lowered by one level. Refer to the scoring guide near the end of this report for more details on how ratings are determined.

#### **Indicator Rating Totals**

_			
	Percent of	Points Earned/	
Performance Indicator	Points Earned	Eligible	Rating
Academic Achievement	51.8%	20.7/40	Approaching
Academic Growth	70.2%	42.1/60	Meets

School plan types are based on the total percentage of points earned.

#### Performance Plan:

53.0% - 100%

#### **Assurances**

Participation Rating

Meets 95% Participation

#### Improvement Plan:

42.0% - 52.9%

#### Priority Improvement Plan:

34.0% - 41.9%

#### Test Participation Rates and Total Participation Rate Descriptor\*

			Total		Accountability	
	Total	Valid	Participation	Parent	Participation	
Subject	Records	Scores	Rate	Excusals	Rate	Rating
English Language Arts	528	476	90.2%	1	99.8%	Meets 95% Participation
Math	530	523	98.7%	1	98.9%	Meets 95% Participation

Turnaround Plan:

0.0% - 33.9%

Meets 95% Total

**Participation** 

Insufficient State Data:

No reportable achievement and growth data.

#### Summary of Ratings by EMH Level

Total Participation Rate Descriptor for Planning Purposes:

EMH Level	Performance Indicator	Percent of Points Earned	Points Earned/ Eligible	Rating	Points by Level	Overall Rating by Level
Elementary	Academic Achievement Academic Growth	48.5% 54.8%	19.4/40 32.9/60	Approaching Approaching	52.3%	Improvement
Middle	Academic Achievement	55.0%	22.0/40	Approaching	73.4%	Performance
	Academic Growth	85.6%	51.4/60	Meets	73.4%	Periorillance

<sup>(-)</sup> No Reportable Data

<sup>\*</sup>Under state accountability policy, 95% of students must participate in state assessments. Students who are excused from testing by a parent or guardian do not impact the Accountability Participation Rate that is used to determine whether the overall rating is reduced by one level. Districts or schools with less than 95% total participation in ELA and Math receive a "Low Total Participation" descriptor to help readers when interpreting accountability data. The descriptor does not impact framework calculations. Multilingual Learners in their first year in the U.S. who were eligible to take the ELP assessment count as participants for ELA.



#### 0126: Academy of Advanced Learning | 8001: Charter School Institute

Elementary School - (1 Year)

ACADEMIC A	ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT								
Cubinst	Charles Comme	Crumb	Participation	Mean Scale	Percentile	Pts Earned/	Patien.		
Subject	Student Group	Count	Rate	Score	Rank	Eligible	Rating		
CMAS - English	All Students	238	90.3%	722.6	15	4.00/8	Approaching		
Language Arts	Previously Identified for READ Plan	87	100.0%	702.6	-	0.00/0	-		
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	182	96.5%	723.4	16	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Minority Students	229	89.8%	722.0	13	0.25/1	Does Not Meet		
	Multilingual Learners	146	85.0%	719.0	8	0.25/1	Does Not Meet		
	Students with Disabilities	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-		
CMAS - Math	All Students	247	98.9%	723.9	25	4.00/8	Approaching		
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	188	99.0%	724.0	25	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Minority Students	236	98.9%	722.7	22	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Multilingual Learners	156	98.9%	722.9	23	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Students with Disabilities	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-		
CMAS - Science	All Students	92	99.0%	723.8	26	4.00/8	Approaching		
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	72	98.6%	724.9	28	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Minority Students	86	98.9%	722.0	22	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Multilingual Learners	61	98.5%	720.4	19	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Students with Disabilities	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-		
TOTAL		*	*	*	*	16.00/33	Approaching		

#### **ACADEMIC GROWTH**

			Median Growth		
Subject	Student Group	Count	Percentile/Rate	Pts Earned/ Eligible	Rating
CMAS - English	All Students	161	33.0	2.00/8	Does Not Meet
Language Arts	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	123	33.0	0.25/1	Does Not Meet
	Minority Students	152	34.0	0.25/1	Does Not Meet
	Multilingual Learners	96	36.0	0.50/1	Approaching
	Students with Disabilities	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
CMAS - Math	All Students	166	58.5	6.00/8	Meets
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	124	53.0	0.75/1	Meets
	Minority Students	157	57.0	0.75/1	Meets
	Multilingual Learners	102	61.0	0.75/1	Meets
	Students with Disabilities	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
English Language	English Language Proficiency	196	62.0	1.50/2	Meets
Proficiency	On Track to EL Proficiency	199	74.4%	1.50/2	Meets
TOTAL		*	*	14.25/26	Approaching

This page displays the performance indicator data for the elementary school level. For the 1-year report, calculations are based on 2024 state assessment results. Multi-year reports include 2022 through 2024 results.

Academic Achievement: mean scale scores represent outcomes for designated subjects and student groups; participation rates included on this page count parent excusals as non-participants. Cut-scores for the CMAS Science metric were re-normed based on 2024 results.

Academic Growth: median student growth percentiles and percentages of students on track to meet targets represent outcomes for designated subjects and student groups.

For additional information regarding Academic Achievement and Academic Growth points, cut-points, and ratings, refer to the scoring guide at the end of this document. Additional resources are available at <a href="http://www.cde.state.co.us/accountability/accountability-resources">http://www.cde.state.co.us/accountability/accountability-resources</a>

Multilingual Learners describes students that are Non-English Proficient (NEP), Limited English Proficient (LEP), and Fluent English Proficient (FEP) - Monitor Year 1, Monitor Year 2, Exited Year 1, & Exited Year 2.

(\*) Not Applicable; (-) No Reportable Data



#### 0126: Academy of Advanced Learning | 8001: Charter School Institute

Middle School - (1 Year)

ACADEMIC A	ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT											
Subject	Student Group	Count	Participation Rate	Mean Scale Score	Percentile Rank	Pts Earned/ Eligible	Rating					
CMAS - English	All Students	210	90.0%	730.0	26	4.00/8	Approaching					
Language Arts	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	167	95.7%	728.2	22	0.50/1	Approaching					
	Minority Students	195	89.4%	728.0	22	0.50/1	Approaching					
	Multilingual Learners	139	86.4%	724.3	15	0.50/1	Approaching					
	Students with Disabilities	17	94.7%	693.5	1	0.25/1	Does Not Meet					
CMAS - Math	All Students	224	98.4%	732.2	52	6.00/8	Meets					
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	175	98.9%	731.7	51	0.75/1	Meets					
	Minority Students	208	98.3%	729.7	46	0.50/1	Approaching					
	Multilingual Learners	153	98.3%	727.4	40	0.50/1	Approaching					
	Students with Disabilities	18	100.0%	704.3	1	0.25/1	Does Not Meet					
CMAS - Science	All Students	84	97.8%	728.0	39	4.00/8	Approaching					
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	65	97.1%	726.4	35	0.50/1	Approaching					
	Minority Students	78	97.6%	725.9	34	0.50/1	Approaching					
	Multilingual Learners	59	98.4%	719.9	23	0.50/1	Approaching					
	Students with Disabilities	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-					
TOTAL		*	*	*	*	19.25/35	Approaching					

ACADEMIC GR	ACADEMIC GROWTH											
			Median Growth									
Subject	Student Group	Count	Percentile/Rate	Pts Earned/ Eligible	Rating							
CMAS - English	All Students	210	60.0	6.00/8	Meets							
Language Arts	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	168	59.5	0.75/1	Meets							
	Minority Students	195	60.0	0.75/1	Meets							
	Multilingual Learners	147	63.0	0.75/1	Meets							
	Students with Disabilities	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-							
CMAS - Math	All Students	210	68.0	8.00/8	Exceeds							
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	167	70.0	1.00/1	Exceeds							
	Minority Students	195	68.0	1.00/1	Exceeds							
	Multilingual Learners	147	68.0	1.00/1	Exceeds							
	Students with Disabilities	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-							
English Language	English Language Proficiency	91	53.0	1.50/2	Meets							
Proficiency	On Track to EL Proficiency	91	28.6%	1.50/2	Meets							
TOTAL		*	*	22.25/26	Meets							

This page displays the performance indicator data for the middle school level. For the 1-year report, calculations are based on 2024 state assessment results. Multi-year reports include 2022 through 2024 results.

Academic Achievement: mean scale scores represent outcomes for designated subjects and student groups; participation rates included on this page count parent excusals as non-participants. Cut-scores for the CMAS Science metric were re-normed based on 2024 results.

Academic Growth: median student growth percentiles and percentages of students on track to meet targets represent outcomes for designated subjects and student groups.

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Multilingual Learners describes students that are Non-English Proficient (NEP), Limited English Proficient (LEP), and Fluent English Proficient (FEP) - Monitor Year 1, Monitor Year 2, Exited Year 1, & Exited Year 2.

(\*) Not Applicable; (-) No Reportable Data

Third Future Schools - TFS Corporate Board Meeting - Agenda - Thursday October 31, 2024 at 2:00 PM

	Third Future Schools - TFS Corpora			- Thursday Octob	er 31, 2024 at 2:0	00 PM		
Scoring Guide for	2024 District/School Performan	ce Framewo	rks					
Performance Indicator	Measure/Metric			Rating		Point Value		
	Mean Scale Score was:			All Students	Each Disaggregated Group	ELP On Track Growth		
Academic Achievement	at or above the 85th percentile			Exceeds	8	1.00	2.0	
&	<ul> <li>at or above the 50th percentile but below</li> </ul>	the 85th percent	ile	Meets	6	0.75	1.5	
ELP On Track Growth	<ul> <li>at or above the 15th percentile but below</li> </ul>	the 50th percent	ile	Approaching	4	0.50	1.0	
LLF OII HACK GIOWIII	below the 15th percentile			Does Not Meet	2	0.25	0.5	
	Students Previously Identified for a READ Plan	(bonus point)						
	CMAS ELA Mean scale score at or above 7	25 (Approaching	Expectations cu	t-score)		1 bonus point		
	Median Growth Percentile was:				All Students	Each Disaggregated Group	ELP	
Academic Growth	at or above 65			Exceeds	8	1.00	2.0	
Academic Growth	<ul> <li>at or above 50 but below 65</li> </ul>			Meets	6	0.75	1.5	
	at or above 35 but below 50			Approaching	4	0.50	1.0	
	below 35			Does Not Meet	2	0.25	0.5	
	Mean CO SAT Reading and Writing (EBRW) sca	le score was**:  1-Year	3-Year	-	All Students Each Disaggrega		regated Group	
	at or above	553.1	552.5	Exceeds	4		L.00	
	below previous cut but at or above	494.6	495.1	Meets	3	(	).75	
	below previous cut but at or above	448.1	452.5	Approaching	2		0.50	
	• below	448.1	452.5	Does Not Meet	1		0.25	
	Mean CO SAT Math scale score was**:	1-Year	3-Year		All Students Each Disaggr		regated Group	
	at or above	527.0	522.5	Exceeds	4		1.00	
	below previous cut but at or above	465.8	466.4	Meets	3	(	0.75	
	below previous cut but at or above	423.3	424.7	Approaching	2	(	0.50	
	• below	423.3	424.7	Does Not Meet	1	(	0.25	
	Dropout Rate: The district or school dropout ra	te was (of all scho	ools in 2017):		All Students	Each Disagg	Each Disaggregated Group	
Postsecondary and	at or below 0.5%		•	Exceeds	8		2.0	
Workforce Readiness	at or below 2.0% but above 0.5%			Meets	6		1.5	
	at or below 5.0% but above 2.0%			Approaching	4		1.0	
	• above 5.0%			Does Not Meet	2		0.5	
	Matriculation Rate (of all schools in 2018):					All Students		
	• at or above the 75.8%			Exceeds		4		
	• at or above 61.1% but below 75.8%			Meets		3		
	• at or above 46.8% but below 61.1%			Approaching	2			
	• below 46.8%			Does Not Meet		1		
	Graduation Rate and Disaggregated Graduation	on Rate (Best of 4-	, 5-, 6-, or 7-yea	ır):	All Students	Each Disagg	regated Group	
	• at or above 95.0%	•	,	Exceeds	8		2.0	
	• at or above 85.0% but below 95.0%			Meets	6		1.5	
	• at or above 75.0% but below 85.0%			Approaching	4		1.0	
	• below 75.0%			Does Not Meet	2		0.5	

#### Academic Achievement: Mean Scale Score by Percentile Cut-Points

The Academic Achievement Indicator reflects achievement as measured by the mean scale score on Colorado's standardized assessments. The presented targets for the Achievement

		English Lan	guage Arts &								
	F	Reading & Writing for CO PSAT			Mathematics			Science			
			CO PSAT	CO PSAT			CO PSAT	CO PSAT			
Percentile	Elementary	Middle	1-Year	3-Year	Elementary	Middle	1-Year	3-Year	Elem	Middle	High
15th percenti	le 722.3	724.1	415.1	419.1	719.1	716.5	387.4	397.6	717.9	714.2	721.4
50th percenti	le 739.5	740.1	458.9	457.7	734.3	731.2	430.2	434.3	736.9	732.8	734.6
85th percenti	le 755.9	757.3	505.0	505.0	751.9	746.2	480.4	479.4	753.2	749.3	746.4

Percent of Students On Track for ELP Growth Targets									
	ELP On Track Growth								
Percentile	Elem	Middle	High						
15th percentile	52.1%	13.8%	14.1%						
50th percentile	64.4%	24.2%	22.7%						
85th percentile	76.7%	37.3%	35.1%						

Cut-Points for Each Performance Indicator									
Achievement;	Cut-Point: The district or school earned.	of points eligible							
Growth;	<ul> <li>at or above 87.5%</li> </ul>	Exceeds							
Postsecondary	<ul> <li>at or above 62.5% but below 87.5%</li> </ul>	Meets							
Readiness	<ul> <li>at or above 37.5% but below 62.5%</li> </ul>	Approaching							
Reduilless	• below 37.5%	Does Not Meet							

Total Possible Points by Performance Indicator										
Indicator	Total Possible Points	Elementary/Middle	High/District							
Achievement	24 per subject for all students, 4 per subject by disaggregated group)		30%							
Growth 28 total points (8 per subject for all students, 4 per subject by disaggregated group, 2 for ELP growth, 2 for ELP On Track Growth)		60%	40%							
Postsecondary Readiness	52 total points (16 for graduation, 4 for matriculation, 16 for dropout, 8 per CO SAT subject)	not applicable	30%							

Cut-Points for Plan/Category Type Assignment										
	District	School	Accreditation Category/Plan Type							
	74.0%	not applicable	Accredited w/Distinction (District only)							
Total Framework Points	56.0%	53.0%	Accredited (District) or Performance Plan (School)							
Total Framework Points	44.0%	42.0%	Accredited w/Improvement Plan (District) or Improvement Plan (School)							
	34.0%	34.0%	Accredited w/Priority Improvement Plan (District) or Priority Improvement (School)							
	25.0%	25.0%	Accredited w/Turnaround Plan(District) or Turnaround Plan (School)							

<sup>\*</sup> School data used as baseline: 2016 for CMAS & CoAlt ELA & Math (g3-8). 2024 for CO PSAT & CoAlt EBRW/ELA & Math (g9-10). 2024 for CMAS and CoAlt Science (g5, 8, 11). 2024 for ELP On Track to Proficiency Growth as planned prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.

<sup>\*\* 2024</sup> school data used as baseline for CO SAT & CoAlt EBRW/ELA & Math (g11).



Plan Type

#### 2024 Preliminary School Performance Framework

#### 1371: Coperni 3 | 8001: Charter School Institute

#### Official Rating based on SINGLE-YEAR SPF Report

#### **Performance Plan**

68.2/100 Points Earned

The performance framework evaluates district and school performance on Academic Achievement, Academic Growth, and Postsecondary & Workforce Readiness indicators. The percentage of points earned across all indicators determines the final accreditation rating for a district or the final plan type for a school, which is displayed above. The cut points for final ratings established by the State Board of Education are shown at the right of this page. Failure to meet test participation, safety, and finance assurances may result in a rating being lowered by one level. Refer to the scoring guide near the end of this report for more details on how ratings are determined.

#### **Indicator Rating Totals**

_			
	Percent of	Points Earned/	
Performance Indicator	Points Earned	Eligible	Rating
Academic Achievement	59.0%	23.6/40	Approaching
Academic Growth	74.4%	44.6/60	Meets

School plan types are based on the total percentage of points earned.

Grade Levels: EM - (1 Year)

68.2%

## *Performance Plan:* 53.0% - 100%

Performance

Improvement

Priority Imp.

Turnaround

#### **Assurances**

Participation Rating

Meets 95% Participation

Improvement Plan:

42.0% - 52.9%

#### Priority Improvement Plan:

34.0% - 41.9%

#### Test Participation Rates and Total Participation Rate Descriptor\*

			Total		Accountability	
	Total	Valid	Participation	Parent	Participation	
Subject	Records	Scores	Rate	Excusals	Rate	Rating
English Language Arts	258	254	98.4%	2	99.2%	Meets 95% Participation
Math	258	254	98.4%	2	99.2%	Meets 95% Participation

Turnaround Plan:

0.0% - 33.9%

Insufficient State Data:
No reportable achievem

Total Participation Rate Descriptor for Planning Purposes:

Meets 95% Total Participation No reportable achievement and growth data.

#### Summary of Ratings by EMH Level

EMH Level	Performance Indicator	Percent of Points Earned	Points Earned/ Eligible	Rating	Points by Level	Overall Rating by Level
Elementary	Academic Achievement	47.1%	18.8/40	Approaching	48.8%	Improvement
	Academic Growth	50.0%	30.0/60	Approaching	40.0%	
Middle	Academic Achievement	71.2%	28.5/40	Meets	06 50/	Df
	Academic Growth	96.6%	58.0/60	Exceeds	86.5%	Performance

<sup>(-)</sup> No Reportable Data

<sup>\*</sup>Under state accountability policy, 95% of students must participate in state assessments. Students who are excused from testing by a parent or guardian do not impact the Accountability Participation Rate that is used to determine whether the overall rating is reduced by one level. Districts or schools with less than 95% total participation in ELA and Math receive a "Low Total Participation" descriptor to help readers when interpreting accountability data. The descriptor does not impact framework calculations. Multilingual Learners in their first year in the U.S. who were eligible to take the ELP assessment count as participants for ELA.



#### 1371: Coperni 3 | 8001: Charter School Institute

Elementary School - (1 Year)

ACADEMIC A	ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT								
Subject	Student Group	Count	Participation Rate	Mean Scale Score	Percentile Rank	Pts Earned/ Eligible	Rating		
CMAS - English	All Students	145	99.3%	729.3	27	4.00/8	Approaching		
Language Arts	Previously Identified for READ Plan	39	100.0%	703.6	-	0.00/0			
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	102	99.0%	727.5	24	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Minority Students	87	98.9%	723.4	16	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Multilingual Learners	24	100.0%	712.8	3	0.25/1	Does Not Meet		
	Students with Disabilities	16	100.0%	696.8	1	0.25/1	Does Not Meet		
CMAS - Math	All Students	146	99.3%	731.5	42	4.00/8	Approaching		
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	102	99.0%	728.8	36	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Minority Students	88	98.9%	724.8	26	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Multilingual Learners	25	100.0%	714.4	8	0.25/1	Does Not Meet		
	Students with Disabilities	16	100.0%	706.7	2	0.25/1	Does Not Meet		
CMAS - Science	All Students	37	97.4%	735.1	47	4.00/8	Approaching		
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	27	96.4%	733.9	45	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Minority Students	26	96.3%	731.9	41	0.50/1	Approaching		
	Multilingual Learners	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-		
	Students with Disabilities	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-		
TOTAL		*	*	*	*	16.00/34	Approaching		

#### **ACADEMIC GROWTH**

			Median Growth		
Subject	Student Group	Count	Percentile/Rate	Pts Earned/ Eligible	Rating
CMAS - English	All Students	82	39.0	4.00/8	Approaching
Language Arts	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	57	38.0	0.50/1	Approaching
	Minority Students	49	40.0	0.50/1	Approaching
	Multilingual Learners	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
	Students with Disabilities	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
CMAS - Math	All Students	85	45.0	4.00/8	Approaching
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	57	47.0	0.50/1	Approaching
	Minority Students	52	49.5	0.50/1	Approaching
	Multilingual Learners	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
	Students with Disabilities	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
English Language	English Language Proficiency	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
Proficiency	On Track to EL Proficiency	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
TOTAL		*	*	10.00/20	Approaching

This page displays the performance indicator data for the elementary school level. For the 1-year report, calculations are based on 2024 state assessment results. Multi-year reports include 2022 through 2024 results.

Academic Achievement: mean scale scores represent outcomes for designated subjects and student groups; participation rates included on this page count parent excusals as non-participants. Cut-scores for the CMAS Science metric were re-normed based on 2024 results.

Academic Growth: median student growth percentiles and percentages of students on track to meet targets represent outcomes for designated subjects and student groups.

For additional information regarding Academic Achievement and Academic Growth points, cut-points, and ratings, refer to the scoring guide at the end of this document. Additional resources are available at <a href="http://www.cde.state.co.us/accountability/accountability-resources">http://www.cde.state.co.us/accountability/accountability-resources</a>

Multilingual Learners describes students that are Non-English Proficient (NEP), Limited English Proficient (LEP), and Fluent English Proficient (FEP) - Monitor Year 1, Monitor Year 2, Exited Year 1, & Exited Year 2.

(\*) Not Applicable; (-) No Reportable Data



#### 1371: Coperni 3 | 8001: Charter School Institute

Middle School - (1 Year)

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT								
			Participation	Mean Scale	Percentile	Pts Earned/		
Subject	Student Group	Count	Rate	Score	Rank	Eligible	Rating	
CMAS - English	All Students	99	97.2%	742.4	56	6.00/8	Meets	
Language Arts	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	67	95.8%	744.2	60	0.75/1	Meets	
	Minority Students	62	95.8%	747.6	68	0.75/1	Meets	
	Multilingual Learners	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-	
	Students with Disabilities	22	100.0%	712.7	2	0.25/1	Does Not Meet	
CMAS - Math	All Students	104	97.2%	735.0	61	6.00/8	Meets	
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	68	95.8%	736.7	65	0.75/1	Meets	
	Minority Students	67	95.8%	736.1	63	0.75/1	Meets	
	Multilingual Learners	18	100.0%	722.6	28	0.50/1	Approaching	
	Students with Disabilities	22	100.0%	712.7	8	0.25/1	Does Not Meet	
CMAS - Science	All Students	30	100.0%	738.8	63	6.00/8	Meets	
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	19	100.0%	745.3	78	0.75/1	Meets	
	Minority Students	21	100.0%	735.8	57	0.75/1	Meets	
	Multilingual Learners	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-	
	Students with Disabilities	n < 16	-	-	-	0.00/0	-	
TOTAL		*	*	*	*	23.50/33	Meets	

ACADEMIC GR	ROWTH				
Subject	Student Group	Count	Median Growth Percentile/Rate	Pts Earned/ Eligible	Rating
CMAS - English	All Students	93	77.0	8.00/8	Exceeds
Language Arts	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	65	78.0	1.00/1	Exceeds
	Minority Students	57	76.0	1.00/1	Exceeds
	Multilingual Learners	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
	Students with Disabilities	22	56.0	0.75/1	Meets
CMAS - Math	All Students	96	72.0	8.00/8	Exceeds
	Free/Reduced-Price Lunch Eligible	65	72.0	1.00/1	Exceeds
	Minority Students	60	78.0	1.00/1	Exceeds
	Multilingual Learners	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
	Students with Disabilities	22	40.5	0.50/1	Approaching
English Language	English Language Proficiency	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
Proficiency	On Track to EL Proficiency	n < 20	-	0.00/0	-
TOTAL		*	*	21.25/22	Exceeds

This page displays the performance indicator data for the middle school level. For the 1-year report, calculations are based on 2024 state assessment results. Multi-year reports include 2022 through 2024 results.

Academic Achievement: mean scale scores represent outcomes for designated subjects and student groups; participation rates included on this page count parent excusals as non-participants. Cut-scores for the CMAS Science metric were re-normed based on 2024 results.

Academic Growth: median student growth percentiles and percentages of students on track to meet targets represent outcomes for designated subjects and student groups.

For additional information regarding Academic Achievement and Academic Growth points, cut-points, and ratings, refer to the scoring guide at the end of this document. Additional resources are available at <a href="http://www.cde.state.co.us/accountability/accountability-resources">http://www.cde.state.co.us/accountability/accountability-resources</a>

Multilingual Learners describes students that are Non-English Proficient (NEP), Limited English Proficient (LEP), and Fluent English Proficient (FEP) - Monitor Year 1, Monitor Year 2, Exited Year 1, & Exited Year 2.

(\*) Not Applicable; (-) No Reportable Data

Third Future Schools - TFS Corporate Board Meeting - Agenda - Thursday October 31, 2024 at 2:00 PM

	Third Future Schools - TFS Corpora			- Thursday Octob	er 31, 2024 at 2:0	00 PM		
Scoring Guide for	2024 District/School Performan	ce Framewo	rks					
Performance Indicator	Measure/Metric			Rating		Point Value		
	Academic Achievement  • at or above the 85th percentile • at or above the 50th percentile but below the 85th percentile				All Students	Each Disaggregated Group	ELP On Track Growth	
Academic Achievement					8	1.00	2.0	
at or above the 50th percentile but below the 85th percentile			Meets	6	0.75	1.5		
	<ul> <li>at or above the 15th percentile but below</li> </ul>	the 50th percent	ile	Approaching	4	0.50	1.0	
ELP On Track Growth	below the 15th percentile			Does Not Meet	2	0.25	0.5	
	Students Previously Identified for a READ Plan	(bonus point)						
	CMAS ELA Mean scale score at or above 7	25 (Approaching	Expectations cu	t-score)		1 bonus point		
	Median Growth Percentile was:				All Students	Each Disaggregated Group	ELP	
Academic Growth	at or above 65			Exceeds	8	1.00	2.0	
	at or above 50 but below 65			Meets	6	0.75	1.5	
	at or above 35 but below 50			Approaching	4	0.50	1.0	
	• below 35			Does Not Meet	2	0.25	0.5	
	Mean CO SAT Reading and Writing (EBRW) sca	le score was**:  1-Year	3-Year		All Students Each Disaggregat		regated Group	
	at or above	553.1	552.5	Exceeds	4	1	1.00	
	below previous cut but at or above	494.6	495.1	Meets	3		).75	
	below previous cut but at or above	448.1	452.5	Approaching	2		0.50	
	• below	448.1	452.5	Does Not Meet	1	(	0.25	
	Mean CO SAT Math scale score was**:	1-Year	3-Year		All Students Each Disaggre		regated Group	
	at or above	527.0	522.5	Exceeds	4			
	below previous cut but at or above	465.8	466.4	Meets	3	(	0.75	
	below previous cut but at or above	423.3	424.7	Approaching	2	(	).50	
	• below	423.3	424.7	Does Not Meet	1	(	).25	
	Dropout Rate: The district or school dropout ra	te was (of all scho	ools in 2017):		All Students	Each Disagg	Each Disaggregated Group	
Postsecondary and	• at or below 0.5%		•	Exceeds	8		2.0	
Workforce Readiness	at or below 2.0% but above 0.5%			Meets	6		1.5	
	• at or below 5.0% but above 2.0%			Approaching	4		1.0	
	• above 5.0%			Does Not Meet	2		0.5	
	Matriculation Rate (of all schools in 2018):				All Students			
	at or above the 75.8%			Exceeds		4		
	• at or above 61.1% but below 75.8%			Meets	3			
	• at or above 46.8% but below 61.1%			Approaching	2			
	• below 46.8%			Does Not Meet		1		
	Graduation Rate and Disaggregated Graduation	on Rate (Best of 4-	nr):	All Students	Each Disagg	regated Group		
	• at or above 95.0%			Exceeds	8		2.0	
	• at or above 85.0% but below 95.0%			Meets	6		1.5	
	• at or above 75.0% but below 85.0%			Approaching	4		1.0	
	• below 75.0%			Does Not Meet	2		0.5	

#### Academic Achievement: Mean Scale Score by Percentile Cut-Points

The Academic Achievement Indicator reflects achievement as measured by the mean scale score on Colorado's standardized assessments. The presented targets for the Achievement

		English Lang	guage Arts &								
	Reading & Writing for CO PSAT			<b>Λ</b> Τ	Mathematics				Science		
			CO PSAT	CO PSAT			CO PSAT	CO PSAT			
Percentile	Elementary	Middle	1-Year	3-Year	Elementary	Middle	1-Year	3-Year	Elem	Middle	High
15th percentile	722.3	724.1	415.1	419.1	719.1	716.5	387.4	397.6	717.9	714.2	721.4
50th percentile	739.5	740.1	458.9	457.7	734.3	731.2	430.2	434.3	736.9	732.8	734.6
85th percentile	755.9	757.3	505.0	505.0	751.9	746.2	480.4	479.4	753.2	749.3	746.4

Percent of Students On Track for ELP Growth Targets							
	ELP	ELP On Track Growth					
Percentile	Elem	Middle	High				
15th percentile	52.1%	13.8%	14.1%				
50th percentile	64.4%	24.2%	22.7%				
85th percentile	76.7%	37.3%	35.1%				

Cut-Points for Each Performance Indicator						
Achievement; Growth; Postsecondary Readiness	Cut-Point: The district or school earnedof points eligible					
	<ul> <li>at or above 87.5%</li> </ul>	Exceeds				
	<ul> <li>at or above 62.5% but below 87.5%</li> </ul>	Meets				
	<ul> <li>at or above 37.5% but below 62.5%</li> </ul>	Approaching				
	• below 37.5%	Does Not Meet				

Total Possible Points by Performance Indicator					
Indicator	Total Possible Points	Elementary/Middle	High/District		
Achievement	36 points (8 per subject for all students, 4 per subject by disaggregated group)	40%	30%		
Growth	28 total points (8 per subject for all students, 4 per subject by disaggregated group, 2 for ELP growth, 2 for ELP On Track Growth)	60%	40%		
Postsecondary Readiness	52 total points (16 for graduation, 4 for matriculation, 16 for dropout, 8 per CO SAT subject)	not applicable	30%		

Cut-Points for Plan/Category Type Assignment					
District	School	Accreditation Category/Plan Type			
74.0%	not applicable	Accredited w/Distinction (District only)			
56.0%	53.0%	Accredited (District) or Performance Plan (School)			
44.0%	42.0%	Accredited w/Improvement Plan (District) or Improvement Plan (School)			
34.0%	34.0%	Accredited w/Priority Improvement Plan (District) or Priority Improvement (School)			
25.0%	25.0%	Accredited w/Turnaround Plan(District) or Turnaround Plan (School)			
	74.0% 56.0% 44.0% 34.0%	District         School           74.0%         not applicable           56.0%         53.0%           44.0%         42.0%           34.0%         34.0%			

<sup>\*</sup> School data used as baseline: 2016 for CMAS & CoAlt ELA & Math (g3-8). 2024 for CO PSAT & CoAlt EBRW/ELA & Math (g9-10). 2024 for CMAS and CoAlt Science (g5, 8, 11). 2024 for ELP On Track to Proficiency Growth as planned prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.

<sup>\*\* 2024</sup> school data used as baseline for CO SAT & CoAlt EBRW/ELA & Math (g11).

## Coversheet

## **TEA Investigation**

Section: VIII. TEA Investigation Item: A. TEA Investigation

Purpose: Discuss

Submitted by:

Related Material: TEA Report of Findings (1).pdf

Closure Letter - Third Future Schools-Texas (1).pdf TEA Investigation Press Release\_ October 15, 2024.pdf

#### -THE TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY-



# SPECIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT OF FINDINGS

PERTAINING TO:
ECTOR COUNTY ISD (INV2024-05-260)
MIDLAND ISD (INV2024-05-261)
AUSTIN ISD (INV2024-05-262)

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#### I. <u>Executive Summary</u>

On May 14, 2024, The Texas Education Agency (TEA or agency) became aware of statements contained in a media report that alleged state funds were being inappropriately diverted from public school students in Texas via partnerships between three Texas school districts and a nonprofit school operator named Third Future Schools – Texas. These three school districts are Austin ISD, Ector County ISD, and Midland ISD and shall be referred to throughout this report by name or as the "Partnering Districts." The terms of these partnerships were memorialized in contracts or "partnership agreements" between the Partnering Districts and Third Future Schools – Texas. In these partnership agreements, the Partnering Districts agreed to provide funding to Third Future Schools – Texas in exchange for the nonprofit operating a specific district campus in each Partnering District as a Subchapter C charter school.

After becoming aware of the allegations contained in the media report, the Commissioner of Education, via his designee the Associate Commissioner of Compliance and Investigations, issued a special investigation notice to each Partnering District. TEA's Special Investigations Unit (SIU) initiated a special investigation (SI) immediately thereafter. The investigation process and evidence gathered are described in the Investigation Methodology section of this Report.

After analyzing the evidence gathered during the SI (including interviews, financial records, and associated documentation received from Midland ISD, Ector County ISD, Austin ISD and Third Future Schools – Texas), TEA concludes that the Partnering Districts and their operating partner, Third Future Schools – Texas, have not violated any applicable Texas laws. Based on the evidence obtained and analyzed during the investigation, there is no merit to the allegations

Exhibit 1 – Designation of Authority Letter

Exhibit 2 – Ector County ISD Notice of Special Investigation #INV2024-05-260

Exhibit 3 – Midland ISD Notice of Special Investigation #INV2024-05-261

Exhibit 4 – Austin ISD Notice of Special Investigation #INV2024-05-262

contained in the media reports that state funds were being inappropriately diverted from public school students in Texas via partnerships between the Partnering Districts and Third Future Schools – Texas. This concludes TEA's investigation. The complaints are hereby closed and no further action will be taken by TEA at this time.

#### II. Background Information

#### A. <u>Origin of Complaint</u>

On May 14, 2024, Spectrum News aired a video segment entitled, "Disappearing Dollars: Texas public schools are missing millions" with an accompanying print piece on their website. The article stated that its reporter identified "millions of Texas public school tax dollars being diverted out of state" arising from partnerships between the Partnering Districts and Third Future Schools – Texas for Third Future Schools – Texas to operate underperforming district campuses. As support, the article references snapshots of public audits, the address listed on checks issued by Ector County ISD to Third Future Schools – Texas, quotations from meetings of the board of directors of an affiliated Colorado nonprofit named Third Future Schools (TFS), and other statements made by representatives of TFS. TEA processed the allegations in the report through the agency's complaint intake process, and the agency subsequently received additional complaints from a Texas legislator and other individuals based on the allegations in the Spectrum News report, which were also processed and added to the complaint file for review.

On July 16, 2024, the Texas Observer published an article entitled, "Mike Miles Moved Texas School Funds to Colorado Through a Possible Shell Corporation Without a Paper Trail."

This article implies that *all* funds transferred by the Partnering Districts to Third Future Schools –

Exhibit 5 – Spectrum News Article

Exhibit 6 – Representative's Letter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Exhibit 7 – Texas Observer Article

Texas, a total described in the article as being "at least \$49 million in Texas public school funds," may have been inappropriately transferred out of state. Additionally, beyond the transfer of funds, the article alleges that Third Future Schools – Texas might be a "shell corporation," existing only to move funds to TFS, the affiliated Colorado nonprofit. As with the allegations in the Spectrum News report, TEA processed the allegations in this article through the agency's complaint intake process and incorporated the new allegations into the SI.

#### B. Specific Allegations

The assertions referenced in these media reports, as well as individually directed complaints that the agency received in the time after publication of these media reports on the same subject, covered a broad number of topics that, for purposes of this Report, have been categorized into four categories tied to specific legal standards. Because many of the statements in the articles referenced did not explicitly state a legal violation, instead making broad inferences, SIU has included references to the complaint sources to ensure that this report is comprehensive and includes all possible allegations that may be drawn from these publications.

#### 1. Allegation Category One

The first general category of allegations asserts that, while operating in partnership with the Partnering Districts, Third Future Schools – Texas violated Texas law by misusing state funds. The statutory provision implicated in this allegation is Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107, which requires that state funds be held in trust for the students of the charter school and that state funds cannot be used to support unrelated operations or activities. Within this category, the specific allegations analyzed by the SIU include:

• The Spectrum News article quoted a recording in which it alleged "a TFS official confirmed Colorado charter school deficits were being offset, in part, by money coming from their charter schools in Texas."

**Page 5 of 29** 

- The Spectrum News article referenced two checks and asserted that they were Texas public school funds sent to a Colorado charter school.
- The Texas Observer article referenced the Spectrum News article and stated that the article raised questions about the transfer of "at least 49 million in Texas public school funds to the Colorado nonprofit."

#### 2. Allegation Category Two

The second general category of allegations asserts that, while operating in partnership with the Partnership Districts, Third Future Schools – Texas failed to disclose financial information required by Tex. Educ. Code § 12.111(a)(15). Specifically, it is alleged that the transactions and relationship between Third Future Schools – Texas and TFS should have been disclosed to the Agency and Partnering Districts prior to forming the partnership. Within this category, the specific allegations analyzed by the SIU include:

- The Texas Observer article stated, "experts told the Observer that disclosure of preexisting business deals for administrative expenses are generally required under state law and rules applied to Texas charter schools."
- The Texas Observer article stated, "While charter schools are allowed to enter into contracts with charter management organizations out of state for professional services, they still have to comply with financial accountability laws that require them to record and disclose to the state each financial transaction with any external organization."

#### 3. Allegation Category Three

The third general category of allegations asserts that Partnering Districts failed to ensure that Third Future Schools – Texas maintained the state funds received from Partnering Districts in a depository account, as defined and required by Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107. Within this category, the specific allegation analyzed by the SIU is as follows:

• The Texas Observer article stated that "a bank depository certificate obtained by the Observer shows that Third Future Schools-Texas didn't open a bank account until March 2021," indicating that the school was operating without a bank account for funds.

#### 4. Allegation Category Four

The fourth general category of allegations asserts that, while serving as an operating partner with Partnering Districts, Third Future Schools – Texas and the board of Third Future Schools – Texas failed to oversee the nonprofit's finances as required by state and federal law. Within this category, the specific allegations analyzed by the SIU include:

• The Texas Observer stated, "It was another board, the Third Future Schools' corporate board, that authorized three Colorado-based administrative leaders, including Miles, to be the signatories for Third Future Schools-Texas bank account."

#### C. Applicable Legal Standards

#### 1. Legal Authority for TEA Investigations

Texas law grants the Commissioner of Education the authority to authorize special investigations into alleged violations of the Texas Education Code, as set forth Tex. Educ. Code § 39.003. These investigations are governed by procedures adopted by the agency under Tex. Educ. Code § 39.004, which can be found on the agency's website. Except as subject to exceptions identified in the Texas Education Code, investigations into conduct relating to other state and federal laws may be reserved to other agencies; where allegations involved in this investigation relate to any such laws, this report notes these limitations.

#### 2. Legal Authority for School Operator Partnerships

The partnership between the Partnering Districts and Third Future Schools – Texas is governed by multiple statutes. In 1995, the Texas Legislature developed a legal framework that allowed for the establishment of charter schools. This framework created multiple types of charter schools, each governed today by separate subsections of Chapter 12 of the Texas Education Code.

<sup>8</sup> Exhibit 8 – TEA SIU Procedures

Additional types of charter schools have been added to that chapter via distinct subchapters over the years.

The most common type of charter schools are open-enrollment charter schools, established via Subchapter D of Chapter 12 of the Texas Education Code, which are "authorized" – or granted a charter and allowed to operate – by the Commissioner of Education. A charter school authorized by the Commissioner of Education under Subchapter D is subject to the requirements of that Subchapter.

Subchapter C of Chapter 12, however, provides school districts (as opposed to the Commissioner of Education) the ability to authorize a charter for one or more of the district's own campuses. To operate a charter authorized under Subchapter C, the school district may enter into a school operator partnership with an eligible entity, as defined by Tex. Educ. Code § 12.101(a). The campuses operated by Third Future Schools – Texas via the school operator partnerships with the Partnering Districts are all Subchapter C charter schools. Thus, Subchapter C of Chapter 12 of the Texas Education Code is the primary applicable governing statute for the operation of these campuses.

In 2017, the Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill (SB) 1882, creating Tex. Educ. Code § 11.174, which, in relevant part to this investigation, gives school districts an alternative to state intervention if they use a school operator partnership under Subchapter C of Chapter 12 to address underperforming campuses in their district. This law requires the school district to grant specific authorities to an operating partner, including full autonomy over campus operations and the campus budget. In return, the district receives additional time for the operating partner to turnaround the campus before state intervention would be invoked. Among other statutory benefits

<sup>9</sup> Exhibit 9 – SB 1882 - Bill Text

of these partnerships under SB 1882, the district receives an additional state funding entitlement, subject to the provisions of Tex. Educ. Code § 48.252, for the partnership campus.<sup>10</sup> The operating partner must be authorized by the school district as a Subchapter C charter holder to operate a Subchapter C charter school within the district. These Subchapter C charter schools are governed by other state laws *only* as such laws have explicitly been made applicable in statute.<sup>11</sup> Additionally, administrative rules provide supplemental guidance and requirements for the approval of the benefits granted in Tex. Educ. Code § 11.174.<sup>12</sup>

In addition, Tex. Educ. Code § 11.174 sets forth requirements for all such school operator partnerships. Specifically, the statute and its associated rules require that any school district entering into a school operator partnership enter into a contract with the operating partner that outlines the terms and conditions under which the operator runs the schools, including the funding structure for any payments to be made by the district to the operator.

Under Texas law, TEA does not have direct authority over those contracts or the terms contained therein, as they are entered into between a school district and its chosen third-party operator. However, TEA does review the contracts to ensure they meet the mandatory legal requirements specified in Tex. Educ. Code § 11.174 and 19 Tex. Admin. Code § 97.1075-1079 in order for the agency to confer the statutory benefits that come along with entering into such a partnership. Furthermore, while TEA has authority to issue sanctions against a district campus operated by an entity granted a charter under Subchapter C by a school district, TEA lacks authority to issue sanctions against the entity operating the campus. Instead, under the Texas Education Code generally, and Tex. Educ. Code, Chapters 39 and 39A, in particular, TEA has

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See Tex. Educ. Code § 48.252.

<sup>11</sup> See Tex. Educ. Code § 12.055.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See 19 Tex. Admin. Code § 97.1075-1079.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See 19 Tex. Admin. Code § 97.1075.

general regulatory authority over the school district that granted the Subchapter C charter, which in turn has authority under Subchapter C over the operator of the campus, to ensure that both the school district and the operator follow Texas law. For this reason, TEA's investigation notices were issued to the Partnering Districts, not to Third Future Schools – Texas.

The allegations that form the basis of the SI appear to mistakenly attempt to impose legal requirements that apply to open-enrollment charter schools under Subchapter D of Chapter 12 of the Tex. Educ. Code—and specifically Subchapter D requirements for how open-enrollment charter schools spend specific state funding—to the Subchapter C charter school operated under the authority of local school districts. With regard to the use of state funding, different laws apply to Subchapter C and Subchapter D schools. Subchapter D schools receive most state funds through a state funding allocation established in Tex. Educ. Code § 12.106 where funds are paid directly from TEA to the Subchapter D charter holder, whereas Subchapter C charter schools receive funding from a school district via their partnership arrangement and do not receive funding directly from the state. Thus, the use of funds provided by a partnering district to a Subchapter C charter school are governed by the contractual arrangement between the partnering district and operating partner, and are not subject to the financial requirements of Subchapter D.

#### III. <u>Investigation Methodology</u>

In accordance with division procedures, TEA's Special Investigation Unit (SIU) initiated an investigation into the processed complaints after a Notice of Special Investigation was sent to the Partnering Districts. SIU investigators reviewed the documentation submitted with the complaints and determined that additional information was needed. Investigators submitted three sets of requests for production of documents to Midland ISD and Ector County ISD, two sets of requests for production of documents to Austin ISD. TFS and Third Future Schools – Texas also

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provided a response to requests for documents, as well as follow-up requests for documents and clarification, in order to provide SIU with information necessary to conduct the investigation. The documents that SIU obtained and analyzed during the investigation include, but were not limited to, records outlining district authorization processes, partnership agreements between the Partnering Districts and Third Future Schools - Texas, bylaws and board policies for TFS and Third Future Schools – Texas, board meeting minutes, and school district actions to ensure compliance with the agreements. The records that SIU reviewed to verify financial structures and transactions include, but are not limited to campus budgets, financial audits for the Partnering Districts, Third Future Schools – Texas, and TFS, bank statements and signatory records from Third Future Schools – Texas, samplings of accounting ledgers and journal entries that provided justifications for transfers and payments from the bank accounts of Third Future Schools – Texas, information related to deposits to the Third Future Schools – Texas accounts, ledger entries showing detailed payments to shared services, such as health insurance providers, and federal grant funding information provided by the United States Department of Education. SIU investigators also conducted interviews with individuals at the Partnering Districts, TFS, and Third Future Schools – Texas, including administrators knowledgeable about the financial affairs of the district and partner, board members, and employees. SIU also consulted with internal TEA divisions with expertise relevant to the investigation, including but not limited to the TEA divisions of Charter School Authorizing, Financial Compliance, and Grant Compliance and Administration.

#### IV. Analysis

#### A. <u>Allegation Category One</u>

#### 1. Findings of Fact

The first general category of allegations asserts that, while operating in partnership with the Partnering Districts, Third Future Schools – Texas violated Texas law by misusing state funds. The statutory provision implicated in this allegation is Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107, which requires that state funds be held in trust for the students of the charter school and that state funds cannot be used to support unrelated operations or activities. Specifically, it is alleged that Third Future Schools – Texas, during its partnership with the Partnering Districts, improperly sent state funds intended for the students enrolled at the campuses in the Partnering Districts to its out-of-state affiliate, TFS. The agency finds that this allegation is not substantiated by evidence and that no associated legal violations were committed by the Partnering Districts or Third Future Schools – Texas.

TFS is a Colorado nonprofit entity that currently operates 11 charter schools across three states. TFS refers to its operations in each state as a "program" and collectively as the "TFS Network Programs." TFS has two boards of trustees. <sup>14</sup> The primary TFS board is established as the controlling board in the organizational bylaws. The bylaws require the establishment of a subsidiary advisory board to focus specifically on the Colorado program. Both boards of trustees are organized within the same nonprofit entity, and they share tax-exempt status under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. <sup>15</sup>

Exhibit 10 – Third Future Schools Bylaws

Exhibit 11 – Third Future Schools IRS Letter

Third Future Schools – Texas is a separate nonprofit entity that was established in Texas. <sup>16</sup> The organizational bylaws of Third Future Schools – Texas designate TFS as the sole member of Third Future Schools – Texas. <sup>17</sup> As a distinct organization, Third Future Schools – Texas has a separate board and there is no crossover voting membership between the boards of TFS and Third Future Schools – Texas.

Third Future Schools – Texas has entered into partnerships with several Texas school districts to operate campuses as provided by Tex. Educ. Code § 11.174 and Subchapter C of Chapter 12 of the Texas Education Code, including Austin ISD<sup>18</sup>, Ector County ISD<sup>19</sup>, and Midland ISD<sup>20</sup>. Third Future Schools – Texas entered into its first partnership on March 25, 2020, with Midland ISD to operate a Midland ISD elementary school as a Subchapter C charter school for the 2020-2021 school year.<sup>21</sup>

The Third Future Schools – Texas board oversees the school operator partnerships within Texas, Third Future Schools – Texas employs the campus staff at the partnership campuses, and Third Future Schools – Texas has an agreement with TFS to pay TFS for providing the centralized support and administrative services necessary for the operation of the partnership campuses. These supports include, but are not limited to, payroll, accounting, human resources, centralized leadership services, and professional development.

Third Future Schools – Texas maintains its own bank account and has always maintained bank accounts separate from TFS.<sup>22</sup> The investigation compared transfers of funds from the Partnering Districts to Third Future Schools – Texas, and the documents reviewed indicate

Exhibit 12 – Third Future Schools – Texas IRS Letter

Exhibit 13 – Third Future Schools – Texas Bylaws

Exhibit 14 – Third Future Schools – Texas Operating Partner Agreement (Austin ISD)

Exhibit 15 – Third Future Schools – Texas Operating Partner Agreement (Ector County ISD)

Exhibit 16 – Third Future Schools – Texas Operating Partner Agreement (Midland ISD)

See Exhibit 16 – Third Future Schools – Texas Operating Partner Agreement (Midland ISD)

Exhibit 17 – Third Future Schools – Texas Depository Certificate (2020)

matching deposits in the Third Future Schools – Texas bank accounts. The investigation confirmed that the Partnering Districts did not deposit money into TFS' bank account.

The allegations in this category focus on the transfer of funds in and out of Third Future Schools – Texas' bank accounts. The Spectrum News report specifically highlighted that the Colorado address to which the checks from Ector County ISD, as payor, to Third Future Schools – Texas, as payee, were addressed was the address of TFS' central office. However, the investigation determined that the checks were sent to TFS' Colorado address because TFS provides accounting services for Third Future School – Texas, a service that includes depositing Third Future Schools – Texas' checks. The investigation verified the process for check deposits into the Third Future Schools – Texas bank account and confirmed that the Third Future Schools – Texas deposit records matched the payments sent to it by the Partnering Districts. <sup>23</sup> No evidence gathered during the investigation indicates that any funds from the Partnering Districts were deposited into the bank accounts of TFS, other TFS Network Programs, or any other entity.

Separately, some funds were sent from the Partnering Districts to the bank account of Third Future Schools – Texas via direct deposit. Examples of such transactions include, but are not limited to, monthly payments outlined in the partnership agreement and reimbursement of allowable costs incurred related to various state and federal grant awards. The investigation verified that such direct deposits were deposited directly into the Third Future Schools – Texas bank account and did not flow through a TFS account.

As described above, Third Future Schools – Texas receives many services from TFS. In exchange for these services, Third Future Schools – Texas pays TFS an agreed "administrative fee". Each partnership agreement with the Partnering Districts contains contractual terms that

Exhibit 18 – Sampled Third Future Schools – Texas Bank Records

permit Third Future Schools – Texas to "contract for any services it deems beneficial in operation of the [s]chool," a provision that does not violate any Texas law. The administrative fee to obtain such services is budgeted within each partnering campuses' budget. Each partnership agreement that Third Future Schools – Texas entered into with the Partnering Districts attached a copy of an estimated budget that included a line item for administrative services, and Third Future Schools – Texas provides updated copies of yearly campus budgets to the Partnership Districts. Additionally, the budgets are approved<sup>24</sup> by Third Future Schools – Texas' board of trustees during an annual budget review that is required under administrative rule<sup>25</sup> and Third Future Schools – Texas' bylaws.<sup>26</sup> As permitted by the partnership agreements, Third Future Schools – Texas used a portion of the administrative fee to cover the expenses for services described above.

Funds are also transferred from the Third Future Schools – Texas bank account to a TFS bank account as a part of this administrative fee to pay for other shared services provided by TFS to Third Future Schools – Texas, including insurance costs, curriculum and assessment platforms, and pre-paid debit cards for use by campus staff.<sup>27</sup> These shared services are provided to all TFS Network Programs, and the costs of the shared services are paid out of TFS' bank account. All TFS Network Programs, including Third Future Schools – Texas, then reimburse TFS for a pro rata portion of the total costs incurred by TFS based on a per pupil percentage of total TFS Network enrollment. This process was confirmed through evidence gathered as part of the investigation, including the review of pertinent ledger notes.<sup>28</sup>

Exhibit 19 – Third Future Schools – Texas Board Meeting Minutes, June 23, 2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> See 19 Tex. Admin. Code § 97.1075(c)(2)(E)

See Exhibit 13 – Third Future Schools – Texas Bylaws

Exhibit 20 – Evidence of Sampled Financial Transactions

See Exhibit 20 – Evidence of Sampled Financial Transactions

Outside of shared services provided to Third Future Schools – Texas, the investigation identified two additional types of transfers from Third Future Schools – Texas' bank account to TFS' bank account. First, in the event Partnering Districts did not provide timely transfers of funds owed through the partnership agreements to Third Future Schools – Texas, TFS would make a temporary payment of philanthropic funds to Third Future Schools – Texas. Once the payments from the Partnering District were received, Third Future Schools – Texas would reimburse TFS for the philanthropic funds. The investigation reviewed a sampling of such payments and confirmed that appropriate reimbursements were made. Second, while providing accounting services for Third Future Schools – Texas, TFS employees occasionally made accounting errors in the normal course of business or billed expenses from the incorrect accounts. When this occurred, funds would be transferred between the impacted bank accounts to remedy the error. The investigation also reviewed a sampling of these payments and confirmed that errors were appropriately remedied.

Under Texas law, TEA does not have authority over what TFS does with the funds it is paid by Third Future Schools – Texas for administrative fees or shared services, just as the agency cannot broadly require any other school district vendor to identify how they expend their funds once the vendor has been paid for services provided. As a vendor of Third Future Schools – Texas, TFS may use the funds that they are paid as they see fit, once those funds have been transferred for goods or services rendered.

The Spectrum News article used a screenshot of one portion of a Third Future Schools – Texas financial audit to suggest their administrative expenses were excessive and that such expenses were attributable to TFS. This investigation concludes that the expenses identified in the Third Future Schools – Texas audit were attributable to expenses incurred by Third Future Schools

- Texas and largely were not attributable to the cost of services from TFS. The investigation further concludes that the payment of administrative expenses by Third Future Schools – Texas does not violate Texas law.

Elsewhere in the audit<sup>29</sup> referenced by the Spectrum News report, the following breakdown of administrative expenses is provided:

Third Future Schools- Texas Network Statement of Functional Expenses June 30, 2023

Expenses	Program Expense		Management and General	TOTAL
Instructional Salaries & Benefits	\$	13.268.544	s -	\$ 13,268,544
Admin Salaries & Benefits	-	-	3,394,989	3,394,989
Admin Support Costs		=	4,707,379	4,707,379
Supplies and Materials		2,393,914	-	2,393,914
Professional Services		=	1,512,435	1,512,435
Other Operating Servcies		-	305,270	305,270
Interest		=	11,468	11,468
Amortization		=	283,902	283,902
TOTAL	\$	15,662,458	\$10,215,442	\$25,877,900

In addition to the audit, the investigation also reviewed the budgeted versus actual expenses for each campus operated by Third Future Schools – Texas in the Partnership Districts from 2020 forward.<sup>30 31</sup> Investigators verified that the "admin salaries & benefits" category was comprised of campus administrative staff such as the principals, assistant principals, counselors, nurses, office managers, and clerks and did not include funding for the salaries of TFS staff.<sup>32 33</sup> Each of the partnership agreements signed with Third Future Schools – Texas also included a withholding provision permitting the Partnering District to withhold a portion of the overall funding allocation

Exhibit 21 – Third Future Schools – Texas Annual Audit, 2023

Exhibit 22 – Third Future Schools – Texas Budgeted Expenses 2020-2023 (ECISD and MISD)

Exhibit 23 – Third Future Schools – Texas Budgeted Expenses 2022-2024 (Austin ISD)

See Exhibit 22 – Third Future Schools – Texas Budgeted Expenses 2020-2023 (ECISD and MISD)

See Exhibit 23 – Third Future Schools – Texas Budgeted Expenses 2022-2024 (Austin ISD)

for administrative supports provided by the Partnering Districts; these withholdings are included in the overall administrative services referenced by the Spectrum News article. This amount varied by agreement. In Midland ISD, the agreement provided that the Partnering District would withhold 15 percent of funds for district administrative support, but the amount was renegotiated to six percent in 2023. In Ector County ISD, the Partnering District withheld a "minimum of \$940 per year per enrolled student". In Austin ISD, the Partnering District withheld 10 percent. Finally, these administrative expenses also include services purchased from the Partnering Districts. For example, in Midland ISD, Third Future Schools – Texas purchased services from the district that included custodial, transportation, copiers, and special education supports.<sup>34</sup> While the administrative fee for the TFS services is also counted in this administrative expenses category, it is a fraction of the expenses and has always been capped at ten percent of the total funds released to the campus by the Partnering District.<sup>35</sup> Additionally, investigators found TFS reduced or suspended the required payment of the administrative fee when the Third Future Schools – Texas campuses were struggling to make the payment; this occurred on multiple occasions.

#### 2. Legal Analysis

School operator partnerships under Tex. Educ. Code § 11.174, like the agreements between Third Future Schools – Texas and the Partnering Districts, are governed by Subchapter C of Chapter 12 of the Texas Education Code. Subchapter D of Chapter 12, in contrast, governs openenrollment charter schools authorized by the Commissioner of Education. As described below, there are many important legal differences between charter schools authorized under Subchapter C and those authorized under Subchapter D. The news reports that form the basis of Allegation Category One, however, attempt to mistakenly impose Subchapter D legal requirements on the

Exhibit 24 - Menu of Services Midland ISD SY2020-2021

<sup>35</sup> See Exhibit 22 – Third Future Schools – Texas Budgeted Expenses 2020-2023 (ECISD and MISD)

Subchapter C charter schools in question. For example, the allegations made in the Texas Observer and Spectrum News articles reference language from provisions under Subchapter D and invoke administrative rules that implement Subchapter D requirements.

The authorization process and requirements for Subchapter C schools are in direct conflict with many provisions of Subchapter D, as they originate from a different source and have different key terms. Specifically, Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107 is a provision in Subchapter D that establishes the status of specific state funds issued to Subchapter D charter schools. These state funds are allotted through Tex. Educ. Code § 12.106, the source for most Subchapter D charter school state funding. Subchapter D charter schools are authorized by the Commissioner of Education and thus receive their state funding directly from the state. The Commissioner of Education has no authority over the authorization of the Subchapter C district campus charter schools, the funding structure between the Partnering District and the operating partner, or how the operating partner implements its program with those funds. The Commissioner of Education's only authority relating to such agreements is to ensure the partnership agreements meet the minimum requirements in Tex. Educ. Code § 11.174 to be eligible for statutory benefits separate from authorization under Subchapter C.

Importantly, no Subchapter C charter school receives funding via Tex. Educ. Code § 12.106. Therefore, when Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107 states, "[f]unds received under Section 12.106 ... by a charter holder", the subsequent requirements are not applicable to the funds received by a Subchapter C charter school. Instead, the Subchapter C charter schools in question were authorized by the Partnering District and thus receive funds in the form of payments from the Partnering District pursuant to a partnership agreement. The terms of that agreement, approved

by the Partnering Districts' board of trustees, control the money the Subchapter C charter school receives from the district to operate the campus.

Accordingly, the agency finds that the allegations contained in Allegation Category One are unsubstantiated. The agency concludes that the laws contained within Subchapter C of Chapter 12 of the Tex. Educ. Code apply to the operation by Third Future Schools – Texas of the campuses in question, and the agency additionally concludes that neither the Partnering Districts nor Third Future Schools – Texas violated any provisions of Subchapter C through their partnership agreement. Furthermore, the investigation has not identified any misuse of state funds by Third Future Schools – Texas and the agency finds no violations of Texas school law.

# B. <u>Allegation Category Two</u>

# 1. Findings of Fact

The second general category of allegations asserts that, while operating with the Partnering Districts, Third Future Schools – Texas failed to disclose financial information required by Tex. Educ. Code § 12.111(a)(15). Specifically, it is alleged that the transactions and relationship between Third Future Schools – Texas and TFS should have been disclosed to the Agency and the Partnering Districts prior to forming the partnership.

According to TEC § 11.174 and its associated administrative rules, in order to be eligible to enter into a school operator agreement and receive the statutory benefits that come with a school operator partnership, a district must adopt a board policy relating to the authorization of Subchapter C charter schools within the district at district campuses. These local policies, not state law, govern the information that a prospective partner must share with the school district. State law does not dictate what information should or should not be exchanged between the district and the operating partner. TEA does not have authority over a school district's local authorizing policy, beyond

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establishing specific information that must be present in the policy to align the partnership with the statute and to qualify the partnership for benefits. Furthermore, the rules and policies by which a school operator must abide are not governed by state law but are contained in the terms of the contract between the school district and the operator. In this case, the board of trustees of each Partnering District adopted a local authorizing policy to govern Subchapter C school operator partnerships. In accordance with the policy, a binding contract was entered into between Third Future Schools – Texas and each of the Partnering Districts that governed the obligations of each party with regard to the operation of the district's campus. The investigation determined that neither the local authorizing board policies nor the school operator agreements required Third Future Schools – Texas to disclose any existing agreement with TFS or intent to purchase services from TFS (or any other entity), except to the extent that services were being purchased from the district. Additionally, Subchapter C of Chapter 12 of the Tex. Educ. Code does not require the disclosure of the information that the news reports assert should have been disclosed.

Even though there was no legal obligation or local policy requirement for them to do so, the investigation found that Third Future Schools – Texas did provide in each relevant partnership agreement a proposed or estimated campus budget that identified that Third Future Schools – Texas intended to purchase administrative services for the campus. In Midland ISD's operating partner agreement, the estimated budget identified \$150,000 budgeted for "purchased services for admin. support," just under four percent of the estimated total revenue of the program. In Ector County ISD's operating partner agreement, the estimated budget identified \$350,000 budgeted for "purchased services for admin. support," approximately two and a half percent of the estimated total revenue of the program. In Austin ISD's operating partner agreement, the estimated budget

See Exhibits 14-16 – Third Future Schools – Texas Operating Partner Agreement(s)

included a line item for "purchased services for TFS admin. support". Additionally, in each subsequent operating year, Third Future Schools – Texas submitted a proposed and approved budget for Third Future Schools – Texas to each Partnering District.<sup>37</sup> This submission always included a budgeted line item for "Admin – Purchased Services - Network" funds to pay for centralized services provided by TFS.<sup>38</sup>

Similarly, in two of the three of the partnerships examined in this investigation, Third Future Schools – Texas provided its bylaws to the Partnering Districts as part of the application process. These bylaws clearly show the relationship between Third Future Schools – Texas and TFS, describing TFS as a sole member of Third Future Schools – Texas. The evidence analyzed in this investigation shows no effort to hide the relationship between Third Future Schools – Texas and TFS from the Partnering Districts.

Additionally, in each of its annual audits, Third Future Schools – Texas identified "Third Future Schools Network" as a related party on "Note 4 – Related Party Transactions", terminology which is defined in Tex. Educ. Code § 12.1166 as, in part, "a charter holder's related organizations, joint ventures, and jointly governed organizations". <sup>39</sup> <sup>40</sup> <sup>41</sup> "Third Future Schools Network" is a term for the combined TFS programs. For example, in 2021 and 2022, the audits identified TFS as providing professional services to the authorized Third Future Schools – Texas campuses, and, in 2021, a campus "reimbursed Third Future Schools Network \$81,736 for expenses paid on their behalf." Also, Third Future Schools – Texas' 2023 audit identified that the campuses were "programs of Third Future Schools – Texas and Third Future Schools Network". Pursuant to a

Exhibit 25 – Third Future Schools – Texas Annual Budget Submission

Exhibit 26 – FY23 Budget Item Admin Purchased Services Network

Exhibit 27 – Third Future Schools – Texas Annual Audit 2021

Exhibit 28 – Third Future Schools – Texas Annual Audit 2022

See Exhibit 21 – Third Future Schools – Texas Annual Audit 2023,

requirement in the partnership agreements, these audits were provided to the Partnering Districts.

The audits are also posted on the TFS website.

#### 2. Legal Analysis

The Texas Observer article did not reference a specific legal requirement related to this category of general allegations, instead stating that "disclosure of pre-existing business deals for administrative expenses are generally required under state law and rules applied to Texas charter schools." The article also states that there was a failure to disclose a "symbiotic relationship" between Third Future Schools – Texas and TFS.<sup>42</sup>

As described above, Subchapter C of Chapter 12 of the Texas Education Code governs the operation of the schools in question. Subchapter C does not contain any mandatory reporting requirements, whether related to partnerships with charter management organizations, vendors, or otherwise. While Subchapter D of Chapter 12 does require open-enrollment charters authorized by the state to provide some information to TEA, the Subchapter C charter schools involved in this investigation are not subject to Subchapter D requirements. The local board policies related to charter authorization for each Partnering District also do not require the disclosure of agreements with vendors, service providers, or any other organization, except that these policies specifically require the operating partner to disclose, in advance, any service-related agreements it intends to form with the Partnering District itself.

In conclusion, the agency finds this allegation unsubstantiated, as it appears to reference provisions in statute and rule that are inapplicable to the type of charter school at issue in this case.

Additionally, the agency also finds that the Partnering Districts were notified or were aware of the

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Related to this general category of allegations, the Texas Observer article also specifically references federal 990 filings by the TFS and Third Future Schools - Texas. TEA does not have jurisdiction over or authority to investigate alleged inaccuracies in federal tax reporting.

association between TFS and Third Future Schools – Texas. The Partnering Districts were also aware of the intent of Third Future Schools – Texas to purchase administrative services, as it was consistently identified as a line item on the estimated budgets provided to the Partnering Districts during the application process as well as annual budgets produced throughout the operation of the program. The agency concludes that no violations of law occurred related to this category of allegations.

# C. <u>Allegation Category Three</u>

### 1. Findings of Fact

The third general category of allegations asserts that the Partnering Districts failed to ensure that Third Future Schools – Texas maintained the state funds received from the Partnering Districts in a depository account, as defined and required by Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107. The agency finds that this allegation is unsubstantiated and concludes that no violation of law occurred.

The Spectrum News report alleged that checks issued by the Partnering Districts were sent directly to Colorado and that these funds were being diverted to support other TFS schools in Colorado and thus being denied to Texas students. That allegation has been addressed and dismissed as unsubstantiated in Allegation Category One. However, the Texas Observer article cited the response by TFS to the Spectrum News report in alleging that the process for depositing those checks into the Texas bank account was questionable because "a bank depository certificate obtained by the *Observer* shows that Third Future Schools-Texas didn't open a bank account until March 2021, almost a year after it started receiving Texas tax dollars."

While the investigation verified that the depository certificate referenced in the Texas Observer article does show that a specific Third Future Schools – Texas bank account was opened in March 2021, the article fails to identify that Third Future Schools – Texas opened a bank account

with the same bank prior to the creation of the account referenced by the Texas Observer. Investigators reviewed the bank depository certificate for the previously existing account and confirmed the account was opened in July 2020, the same month that Third Future Schools – Texas began their first operating partnership in Texas.<sup>43</sup> Additionally, investigators confirmed that the account opened in July 2020 was the operating account for the partnership with Midland ISD, which was the only partnership that Third Future Schools – Texas had at that time.

# 2. Legal Analysis

The general allegations categorized in Allegation Category Three are dismissed as unsubstantiated. First, the statutory provision related to maintaining funds in a depository account, Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107 is contained in Subchapter D of Chapter 12 of the Texas Education Code, which does not apply to Subchapter C charter schools. That is so because the pertinent provision in the statute expressly includes the requirement that "[f]unds received under Section 12.106" must be deposited in a bank "with which the charter holder has entered into a depository contract". None of the funds received by Third Future Schools – Texas, as a Subchapter C charter school, were provided by the state under Chapter 12; instead, all proceeds received by Third Future Schools – Texas were paid to it by the Partnering District pursuant to the applicable contractual arrangement. As such, Third Future Schools – Texas must comply with the terms of the partnership agreement, and Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107 does not apply.

Despite that, however, Third Future Schools – Texas did in fact maintain bank accounts "with which the charter holder has entered into a depository contract" continuously during the operation of their campuses in the Partnering District. Therefore, the factual assertions in Allegation Category Three have also been disproven.

See Exhibit 17 – Third Future Schools – Texas Depository Certification (2020)

# D. <u>Allegation Category Four</u>

## 1. Findings of Fact

The fourth general category of allegations asserts that, while serving as an operating partner for the Partnering Districts, Third Future Schools – Texas and the board of Third Future Schools – Texas failed to oversee the nonprofit's finances as required by Texas law. Specific allegations include that the board of Third Future Schools – Texas are not signatories on the entity's bank account and that the board of TFS, not Third Future Schools – Texas, authorized signatory access to the bank account, enabling the transfer of funds. The agency finds that no violations of applicable Texas law occurred.

TFS is the sole member of Third Future Schools – Texas pursuant to the bylaws of Third Future Schools – Texas. The bylaws of Third Future Schools – Texas govern the responsibilities of its sole member. The bylaws can also impose restrictions on the authority of the sole member and designate exclusive responsibilities to the Third Future Schools – Texas board. For example, the bylaws expressly reserve for the Third Future Schools – Texas board the authority to approve the organization's budget. There are no express restrictions contained in the bylaws related to the management of depository accounts.

Additionally, an agreement exists between Third Future Schools – Texas and TFS whereby Third Future Schools – Texas pays TFS for specific services. One of those services includes accounting. In that capacity, among other tasks, TFS deposits checks for Third Future Schools – Texas, makes payments on behalf of the Texas entity, and conducts payroll services for Third Future Schools – Texas. To provide these services, TFS' Director of Finance is a signatory on the Texas entity's bank account.

The bank account signatories for Third Future Schools – Texas do not include its board members. The board members of Third Future Schools – Texas do not issue checks, withdraw money, or engage in the day-to-day financial operations on behalf of the organization. While the Texas Observer article asserts this fact and implies that the Texas entity is violating a law, no such Texas law exists. Similarly, the article asserts that the Texas board was not the board that approved the Texas account's signatories; while true, this fact does not create a violation of applicable Texas law. Lastly, the article states that Mike Miles, founder and former CEO of TFS, remains a signatory on the Third Future Schools – Texas bank account, despite no longer being employed by or serving on the board of either organization. The investigation confirmed there is a segregation of duties, and that multiple Third Future staff members are involved with the process for making a check-request, reviewing the request, and approving the request. While the investigation confirmed that Mr. Miles remains a signatory on the Third Future Schools – Texas bank account, this fact does not constitute a violation of Texas law. Furthermore, the investigation uncovered no evidence of any wrongdoing by Mr. Miles or anyone else associated with Third Future Schools – Texas or TFS.

#### 2. Legal Analysis

The fourth general category of allegations asserts that, while serving as an operating partner for the Partnering Districts, Third Future Schools – Texas and its board failed to oversee the nonprofit's finances as required by Texas law. After investigation, the agency has concluded that no violation of the applicable Texas law or any other applicable rule or policy occurred.

To begin, the Texas Observer article incorrectly states: "Both Texas charter school laws and federal laws governing nonprofit organizations require a nonprofit board of directors to be in charge of the organization's finances." This is not an accurate statement of the law. The Texas

Observer article linked to a document from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that describes best practices for nonprofit organizations regarding the authorities of governing bodies. This IRS document contains *guidance* for nonprofits, but it does not reference or cite any specific federal law that requires nonprofit directors be signers on their accounts or be involved in the decision regarding the authorized signers. In fact, this document states, "tax law generally does not mandate particular management structures, operational policies, or administrative practices."

Elsewhere in Subchapter D, Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107 and its associated administrative rule 19 Tex. Admin. Rule § 100.1063 contain requirements related to depository accounts that apply to Subchapter D charter schools but do not apply to Third Future Schools – Texas because it is a Subchapter C charter holder. As discussed in the analysis for Allegation Category One, the funds referenced in Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107 are specifically issued through Tex. Educ. Code § 12.106, which is the funding mechanism by which the state directly funds Subchapter D charter schools authority by the Commissioner of Education, but it is not the funding mechanism for Subchapter C charter schools like the school in question, which receives funding through a contractual agreement with a school district. Similarly, 19 Tex. Admin. Code § 100.1063 is used to administer the legal requirements of Tex. Educ. Code § 12.107 and cannot be made broadly applicable to other funds or entities by agency authority alone.

Instead of these statutes, a Subchapter C charter school is bound by the terms of its partnership agreement with the school district and the local authorizing policy of the school district. While the agency does not have authority over the terms of these contracts or the local authorizing policies adopted by school districts, evidence analyzed during the investigation establishes that neither the partnership agreement at issue or the district's local authorizing policy has requirements related to depository accounts.

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In the absence of an applicable law or policy, either in the operating partnership agreement, the school district's charter authorizing policy, or in Subchapter C, there is no applicable requirement in the agency's jurisdiction to indicate that the funds issued in the partnership must be held in an account with sole operating partner control. No evidence was obtained during the investigation that supports the allegation that funds were being transferred from the account by TFS signers that were not for expenses approved by the Third Future Schools – Texas board in the partnership budgets.

#### V. Conclusion

The allegations regarding the Partnering Districts and their partnership with Third Future Schools – Texas have been investigated by the agency, and the agency concludes that no violations of applicable laws have occurred by either the Partnering Districts or Third Future Schools – Texas. The allegations contained in the media reports described herein and related complaints either reference requirements that are inapplicable to the partnership or cannot be substantiated, or have been proven to be false. Accordingly, the agency is concluding its review of these matters and closing the investigation.



**Commissioner Mike Morath** 

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October 15, 2024

Conrad Coleman, Board President Third Future Schools – Texas 411 W. Monroe St. Austin, TX 78704-3025

Zach Craddock, Superintendent Third Future Schools – Texas 411 W. Monroe St. Austin, TX 78704-3025 NO RESPONSE REQUIRED

SENT VIA EMAIL

crad1998@yahoo.com

zach.craddock@thirdfuture.org

SUBJECT: Investigation #s INV2024-05-260, INV2024-05-261, and INV2024-05-262

Dear Board President Coleman and Superintendent Craddock:

On May 14, 2024, the Texas Education Agency (TEA) received a complaint, the first of several, regarding three Texas school districts, Midland ISD, Ector County ISD, and Austin ISD and the operation of their partnerships with your organization, Third Future Schools – Texas. These complaints alleged several legal violations committed in the operation of the partnerships and the aforementioned school districts and Third Future Schools – Texas. The allegations were investigated, and TEA's findings and conclusions are contained in the report attached to this letter.

After analyzing the evidence gathered during the investigation, TEA concludes that these school districts and Third Future Schools – Texas have not violated any applicable Texas school laws. Additionally, TEA concludes that there is no merit to the allegations contained in the media reports that state funds were being inappropriately diverted from public school students in Texas.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions, you may contact Lead Investigator Theresa Shutey at <a href="mailto:theresa.shutey@tea.texas.gov">theresa.shutey@tea.texas.gov</a>.

Sincerely,

David Rodriguez

Executive Director, Division of Investigations

TEA Office of Governance

david.rodriguez@tea.texas.gov



#### FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

October 15, 2024

Media Contact: media@thirdfuture.org

## Third Future Schools Texas Responds to TEA Investigation Findings

Third Future Schools welcomes the closure of the TEA investigation, affirming that all operations are fully compliant with Texas school laws and reinforcing the organization's commitment to transparency, integrity, and high-quality education for all students.

**Aurora, CO** – Third Future Schools – Texas is pleased to announce the closure of the <u>Texas</u> <u>Education Agency (TEA) investigation</u> regarding our partnerships with Midland ISD, Ector County ISD, and Austin ISD. We are appreciative of the thorough examination conducted by the TEA and the confirmation that our operations are in full compliance with Texas school laws.

The TEA's findings, which concluded that there were no violations or merit to the allegations of misappropriation of state funds, reaffirm our commitment to transparency and integrity in our educational partnerships. We take pride in the educational opportunities we provide and remain dedicated to serving the students and communities we work with across Texas.

"We sincerely value the comprehensive investigation conducted by TEA into school funding transparency in Texas," said TFS Superintendent, Zach Craddock "We remain committed to ensuring the highest standards of integrity within Third Future Schools and providing high-quality education to all of our students across the TFS network."

We acknowledge the concerns raised by the complaints and appreciate the opportunity to clarify our practices. This investigation has only strengthened our resolve to enhance our educational programs and ensure that our partnerships remain beneficial for all stakeholders involved.

Third Future Schools is eager to continue collaborating with our partner Texas school districts to enhance student outcomes and close the achievement gap. We encourage our community to reach out with any questions or concerns as we move forward together.

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#### **About Third Future Schools**

Third Future Schools (TFS) is a proven school turnaround organization. TFS serves over 5,000 students across Colorado, Texas, and Louisiana. Third Future is dedicated to preparing students for the Year 2035 workplace and world by providing high-quality instruction in a caring culture with high expectations. TFS closes the achievement gap and allows every student to reach their full potential.

Learn more about TFS's proven school turnaround program by visiting <a href="www.thirdfuture.org">www.thirdfuture.org</a>.

# Coversheet

# Next Board Meeting - January 30, 2025

Section: X. Next Board Meeting - January 30, 2025 Item: A. Next Board Meeting - January 30, 2025

Purpose: Discuss

Submitted by:

Related Material: TFS Board meeting schedule -- 2024-2025 Final.pdf



# **TFS 2024-2025 Board Reporting Schedule**

revised 11 June 2025

The TFS Board of Directors meet bimonthly and usually on the **last Thursday of the month at 1:00 p.m. MT.** The meeting schedule below is tentative. The Board sets specific dates and times for their meetings quarterly. At least two of the meetings in a year will be "in person" meetings. However, Board members and members of the public may join via Zoom at each meeting. Check the posted meeting agenda for the time and place for the in-person meetings or for the Zoom link for the video-conference meeting.

Date	Туре	
29 August 2024	Zoom	
31 October 2024	Zoom	
30 January 2025	In-person	
27 March 2025	Zoom	
26 June 2025	In-person	