THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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October 24, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Governing Body of The GLOBE Academy, Inc. Atlanta, Georgia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of The GLOBE Academy, Inc. (the Organization), a component unit of the Dekalb County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The GLOBE Academy, Inc., as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The GLOBE Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Organization adopted new accounting guidance, <u>GASB Statement No. 87, Leases</u>. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7-9 and the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of contributions to retirement systems, and the budgetary comparison information on pages 35-38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s basic financial statements. The supplementary information, statement of activities, on page 45, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, statement of financial position, statement of activities, and statement of cash flows are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 24, 2022, on our consideration of The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

C. Douglas Erwin, Jr., CPA

C. Douglas Trivin, Jr., CPA

Smyrna, Georgia October 24, 2022

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

Management of The GLOBE Academy Charter School (GLOBE) offers readers of GLOBE's financial statements this narrative discussion and analysis for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This narrative contains supplemental information that will enhance our readers' understanding of GLOBE's financial condition. We encourage our readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with GLOBE's audited financial statements. We show the structure of our financial statements in Figure 1.

FY22 Financial Highlights

- Our assets exceed our liabilities and deferred inflows by \$3,441,650 (see Figure 2 or Exhibit A).
- Our enrollment remained relatively stable. We began the school year with enrollment of 1,065 and ended the year with enrollment of 1,055, less than a 1.0% decrease. We spent \$7,509,572 to educate our students (see Figure 3 or Exhibit B).
- Our governmental funds have combined fund balances of \$6,036,168 (see Exhibit C).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to GLOBE's basic financial statements. Our basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position (see Exhibit A) and the Statement of Activities (see Exhibit B) in the basic financial statements are our **government-wide financial statements**. These exhibits provide both end-of-year and annual information about GLOBE's financial status.

The Balance Sheet (see Exhibit C) and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (see Exhibit E) are **fund financial statements**. These exhibits focus on our charter school as a governmental operation and provide more detail than our government-wide statements.

Exhibit D and Exhibit F are reconciliation statements which reconcile the fund financial statements with the government-wide financial statements and demonstrate the differences in accounting methods between those statements. The last section of the basic financial statements includes our **notes** and **supplementary information**. The notes to the financial statements explain some of the data contained in those statements. In particular, Note 7 explains changes in our leasehold improvements and other capital assets and Note 9 explains our operating leases for our two school sites. The supplementary information explains GLOBE's individual funds and budgetary information and also discloses information about long-term pension plans in which the school participates.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Organization-Wide Financial Statements (Exhibits A-B)
- Fund Financial Statements (Exhibits C-F)
- Notes to the Financial Statements (Exhibit G)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide our readers with a broad overview of GLOBE's finances. The format is similar to private-sector financial statements. Government-wide statements report GLOBE's net position and how it has changed.

Net position is the difference between 1) GLOBE's combined total assets and deferred outflows, and 2) its combined total liabilities and deferred inflows. GLOBE's activities include basic governmental functions such as instruction, support services, and non-instructional services. State and county funds from Dekalb County Board of Education provide virtually all of the funding for our school functions.

Our business-type activities are those services for which GLOBE charges a fee which include Community Service (after-school care for students who remain on campus but not in extracurricular activities) and Food Service (lunches).

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As of June 30, 2022, GLOBE's combined assets and deferred outflows exceeded our combined liabilities and deferred inflows by \$3,440,413 (see Figure 2 or Exhibit A). Our net position increased \$1,133,760 from FY21, when GLOBE's net position stood at \$2,306,645.

Our net position before transfers increased by \$1,146,557 compared to a decrease of \$286,510 in FY21 (see Figure 3 or Exhibit B). GLOBE's unrestricted net position was \$235,333, compared to \$210,216 for FY21 (see Figure 2 or Exhibit A).

The GLOBE Academy Charter School's Net Position Figure 2

	Net Position							
		2022 2021						
Current and other assets	\$	7,102,474	\$	7,110,108				
Capital assets		6,419,622		5,403,702				
Total assets	\$	13,522,096	\$	12,513,810				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	4,435,017	\$	5,037,915				
Current liabilities	\$	1,206,807	\$	879,131				
Long-term liabilities		7,230,780		14,365,949				
Total liabilities	\$	8,437,587	\$	15,245,080				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	6,079,113	\$	-				
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,205,080	\$	2,096,429				
Unrestricted		235,333		210,216				
Total Net Position	\$	3,440,413	\$	2,306,645				

The GLOBE Academy Charter School's Activities Figure 3

	2022	2021		
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 545,866	\$ 152,234		
Operating Grants & Contributions	490,071	471,920		
General Revenues				
County, State, and Federal Funds	12,036,283	10,351,475		
Other	449,977	288,968		
Special Items	-	1,185,788		
Total Revenues	13,522,197	12,450,385		
Expenses				
Instructional Services	7,509,572	8,507,288		
Other Services	779,769	413,221		
Educational Media Services	80,849	94,405		
Administration	1,824,483	2,026,461		
Maintenance & Operations	1,362,711	1,176,331		
Community Services	691,595	383,245		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	126,661	135,944		
Total Expenses	12,375,640	12,736,895		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,146,557	(286,510)		
Net Position, July 1	2,306,645	2,593,155		
Adjustments	(12,789)			
Net Position, June 30	3,440,413	2,306,645		

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at GLOBE's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. GLOBE, like all other governmental entities in Georgia, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as Georgia's General Statutes, DCSS' Chart of Accounts, and GLOBE's own budget policies.

GLOBE uses Governmental funds to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in its government-wide financial statements. Most of GLOBE's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds (see Exhibit C and E). Our financial statements show the relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in two reconciliations (see Exhibits D and F).

Financial Analysis of GLOBE's Funds

The general fund is the chief operating fund of GLOBE. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,060,620, while total fund balance reached \$6,097,620 (see Exhibit C). GLOBE's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities, net of accumulated depreciation and related long-term debt, totaled \$3,205,080 (see Figure 2 or Exhibit D). These assets included leasehold improvements, buildings, furniture, equipment, and construction in progress. Capital outlays during the year were \$1,226,416, primarily for the purchase of 3 properties located near GLOBE's Upper Campus and the implementation of GASB 87 to record Right-To-Use assets (leases).

The GLOBE Academy Charter School's Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)
Figure 4

	Governmental								
	Activ	vities							
	2022	2021							
Leasehold									
improvements	\$ 1,117,866	\$ 720,270							
Land	1,300,928	788,200							
Buildings	4,729,016	3,785,898							
Construction Furniture and	-	-							
equipment	129,244	109,334							
Total	\$ 7,277,054	\$ 5,403,702							

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Our notes to the financial statements begin in section G of the financial statements.

Annual Budget

GLOBE adopts an annual budget for its funds. Because our budget is not legally required by General Statutes, the budgetary comparison statements are not included in the basic financial statements, but are part of the supplemental statements and schedules that follow the notes. Our budget is a Board adopted document that incorporates input from GLOBE's faculty, administration, and members in determining what activities will be pursued and what services will be provided during the year. It also authorizes GLOBE to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for each of the funds demonstrates whether or not GLOBE has succeeded in providing the services as planned (see Schedule 4).

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of GLOBE's finances. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, The GLOBE Academy, 4105 Briarcliff Road NE, Atlanta, GA 30345.

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities			
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivables	\$	6,800,384		
Federal Government		148,680		
State Government		78,068		
Local		38,082		
Prepaid Items		37,260		
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets (Net of Accumulated Amortization)		29,325		
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		1,300,928		
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		5,089,369		
Total Assets	\$	13,522,096		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans		4,435,017		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,435,017		
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Interest Payable Deposits and Unearned Revenues Net Pension Liability Long-Term Liabilities	\$	129,265 935,541 698 1,500 4,156,041		
Due Within One Year		139,803		
Due in More Than One Year		3,074,739		
Total Liabilities		8,437,587		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans		6,079,113		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		6,079,113		
<u>NET POSITION</u>				
W. J. Company		0.455 ===		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,175,755		
Unrestricted Testal Nat Position	Φ.	264,658		
Total Net Position	\$	3,440,413		

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

		PR	PROGRAM REVENUES			No	et Revenues
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>Expenses</u>		rges For rvices	Gr	perating ants and tributions	(xpenses) and Changes In <u>let Position</u>
Instruction	\$ 7,509,572						(7,509,572)
Support Services							=
Pupil Services	317,642						(317,642)
Improvement of Instructional Services	2,465						(2,465)
Instructional Staff Training	32,706						(32,706)
Educational Media Services	80,849						(80,849)
General Administration	476,100						(476,100)
School Administration	1,057,446						(1,057,446)
Business Administration	290,937						(290,937)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant Services	1,362,711						(1,362,711)
Other Support Services	9,130						(9,130)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services							
Community Services	691,595		545,595				(146,000)
Food Services	417,826		271		490,071		72,516
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	126,661						(126,661)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 12,375,640	\$	545,866	\$	490,071	\$	(11,339,703)
GENERAL REVENUES							
Dekalb County Board of Education							12,036,283
Miscellaneous							449,977
Total General Revenues						\$	12,486,260
CDF CVA V VIDEO C							
SPECIAL ITEMS							
Total General Revenues and Special Items						\$	12,486,260
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						\$	1,146,557
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year							2,306,645
Adjustments							(12,789)
NET POSITION - End of Year						\$	3,440,413

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. EXHIBIT "C"

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

- Assets -

Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivables Federal Government State Government Local Prepaid Items	\$	6,800,384 148,680 78,068 38,082 37,260
Total Assets	\$	7,102,474
- Liabilities and Fund Balances -		
Current Liabilities	*	120.267
Accounts Payable	\$	129,265
Salaries and Benefits Payable Deposits and Unearned Revenue		873,829 1,500
Total Liabilities		1,004,594
Fund Balances Nonspendable Unassigned Total Fund Balances		37,260 6,060,620 6,097,880
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,102,474

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT "D"

\$ 3,440,413

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit "C")		\$ 6,097,880
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Buildings	4,729,016	
Furniture & Equipment	129,244	
Land	1,300,928	
Leasehold Improvements	1,117,866	
Accumulated Depreciation	(886,756)	
Total Capital Assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,390,298
Right-to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Leased machinery and equipment	58,971	
Accumulated amortization - Right to use assets	(29,646)	29,325
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore,		
are not reported in the funds.		(4.156.041)
Net Pension Liability		(4,156,041)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to		
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(1,644,096)
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and notes payable	(3,183,750)	
Accrued interest payable	(698)	
Lease liability payable	(30,792)	
Compensated absences payable	(61,712)	(3,276,952)
Rounding		(1)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit "A")

EXHIBIT "E"

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues	
Local Funds	\$ 4,993,445
Federal Funds	692,658
State Funds	6,840,251
Charges for Services	545,595
Miscellaneous	450,245
Total Revenues	13,522,194
Expenditures	
Instruction	7,659,520
Support Services	
Pupil Services	324,955
Improvement of Instructional Services	2,465
Instructional Staff Training	32,706
Educational Media Services	82,846
General Administration	481,637
School Administration	1,084,525
Business Administration	297,512
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,176,713
Other Support Services	9,130
Community Services	691,595
Food Services Operation	417,827
Capital Outlay	1,226,416
Debt Services	
Principal	134,534
Interest	126,661
Total Expenditures	13,749,042
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	 (226,848)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Proceeds from Lease Liabilities	41,802
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (185,046)
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,230,977
Adjustments	51,949
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 6,097,880

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC.

EXHIBIT "F"

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total Change in Fund Balances - Government Funds (Exhibit "E") \$ (185,046)Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated usefull lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay 1,226,416 Depreciation expense (198,019)Amortization expense (11,233)1,017,164 The net effect of transactions involving capital asset disposals is to decrease net postion. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Lease liability proceeds (41,802)Lease liability payments 11,010 Other debt payments 123,524 92,732 District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities. 219,922 Pension expense Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest on long-term debt 1,782.00 1,782 Compensated absences Rounding 3 Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit "B") 1,146,557

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The GLOBE Academy, Inc., "the Organization" is a non-profit corporation formed pursuant to Georgia law and operates a charter school in Atlanta, Georgia by virtue of an agreement with the Dekalb County Board of Education and the Georgia State Board of Education. The agreement is for a term of five years beginning July 1, 2018 and authorizes the Organization to provide public education to students in grades K-8 in the Dekalb County school district.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Organization have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Organization's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The charter school is considered a government entity and operates as a component unit of the Dekalb County Board of Education. Its basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the Organization as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall Organization, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the Organization's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of the Organization's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- **2. Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the Organization is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

3 Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Organization's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the Organization related to the administration and support of the Organization programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all apportioned taxes from Dekalb County Board of Education, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the Organization's funds including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. The Organization reports all governmental funds as the general fund, which is the Organization's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Organization.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Organization gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Organization uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Organization considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The Organization considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Interest is considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Organization funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Organization's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2022, the Organization adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The cumulative effect of GASB Statement No. 87 is described in the restatement note.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 45-8-14 authorizes the Organization to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The Organization does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges) and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activity's column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		. 1.	
	Capı	talization	Estimated
Land	F	Policy	Useful Life
Land Improvements	\$	5,000	10-60 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,000	10-60 years
Equipment	\$	5,000	5-25 years

INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS

Leases, as a lessee, are included as intangible right-to-use assets and lease obligations on the Statement of Net Position. An intangible right-to-use asset represents the Organization's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term. Lease obligations represent the Organization's liability to make lease payments arising from the lease agreement. Intangible right-to-use assets and lease obligations are recognized based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term, where the initial term exceeds 12 months. Residual value guarantees and the value of an option to extend or terminate a lease are reflected to the extent it is reasonably certain to be paid or exercised. Variable payments based on future performance or usage are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS

Intangible right-to-use assets are amortized using a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

Capitalization thresholds of intangible right-to-use assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization
	Policy
Land	\$5,000
Land Improvements	\$5,000
Buildings and Improvements	\$5,000
Equipment	\$5,000

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave employees earned based on services already rendered. Vacation leave of ten (10) days is awarded on a fiscal year basis to all full-time personnel employed on a twelve-month basis and five (5) days is awarded to part-time personnel. No other employees are eligible to earn vacation leave. Vacation leave that is not utilized during the fiscal year may be carried over to the next fiscal year, providing such vacation leave does not exceed 240 hours. Upon terminating employment, the Organization pays all unused and un-forfeited vacation benefits to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal-year end.

Members of the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) may apply unused sick leave toward early retirement. The liability for early retirement will be borne by TRS rather than by the individual School Districts. Otherwise, sick leave does not vest with the employee, and no liability is reported in the School District's financial statements.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

In the Organization's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. In the governmental fund financial statements, the Organization recognizes the proceeds of debt as other financing sources of the current period.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The Organization's fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the Organization's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the Organization's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Executive Director, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

INCOME TAXES

The Organization is exempt from income taxes under the provision of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Accordingly, the Organization is not required to pay taxes on income, and contributions to the Organization qualify for the charitable contributions deduction to the extent provided by Section 170 of the IRC.

NOTE 3 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and disclosure through October 24, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were noted for disclosure.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the Organization's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the General Fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the Organization's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved.

After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the Organization's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY DATA - Continued

The Executive Director is authorized by the Board to approve adjustments of no more than 10% of the amount budgeted for expenditures in any budget function for any fund. The Executive Director shall report any such adjustments to the Board. If expenditure of funds in any budget function for any fund is anticipated to be more than 10% of the budgeted amount, the Executive Director shall request Board approval for the budget amendment. Any position or expenditure not previously approved in the annual budget that exceeds \$10,000 shall require Board approval unless the Executive Director deems the position or purchase an emergency. In such case, the expenditure shall be reported to the Board at its regularly scheduled meeting. Under no circumstance is the Executive Director or other staff person authorized to spend funds that exceed the total budget without approval by the Board. See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110 percent of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. Section 45-8-13.l) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110 percent of the daily pool balance. Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one or any combination of the following:

- 1. Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia.
- 2. Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- 3. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia.
- 4. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia, and
- 5. Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for that purpose,
- 6. Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- 7. Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of subsidiary corporations of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS - Continued

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Organization's deposits may not be returned to it. The Organization's policy is that all deposits not secured by Federal depository insurance will be secured by collateral as described above.

At June 30, 2022, the Organization had deposits at SouthState Bank, PayPal, and Class Wallett with a carrying amount of \$6,800,384 and bank balances of \$6,829,518. Bank balances are insured by Federal depository insurance up to \$250,000 at each bank. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$266,684.

At June 30, 2022, \$6,812,134 of the Organization's bank balances was in the state of Georgia Secure Deposit Program (SDP). The Organization participates in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. The Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST) sets the collateral requirements and pledging level for each covered depository.

There are four tiers of collateralization levels specifying percentages of eligible securities to secure covered deposits: 25%, 50%, 75%, and 110%. The SDP also provides for collateral levels to be increased in the amount of up to 125% if economic or financial conditions warrants. The program lists the types of eligible criteria. The OST approves authorized custodians.

In accordance with the SDP, if a covered depository defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the covered depository collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments made against the other participating covered depositories. Therefore, for disclosure purposes, all deposits of the SDP are considered to be fully collateralized. At June 30, 2022, \$6,562,834 of the Organization's bank balances was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution.

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Commercial Insurance

The Organization is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Organization carries commercial insurance for these risks. The Organization has neither significantly reduced coverage for these risks nor incurred losses (settlements) which exceeded the Organization's insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Unemployment Compensation

The Organization elects to pay unemployment insurance taxes using the contributory method. Taxes are paid quarterly to the Georgia Department of Labor using a set rate based on historical experience.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the Capital Assets during the fiscal year:

	Balances July 1, 2021		Increases		Decreases	_	Transfers	 Balances June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land \$	788,200	\$	512,728	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,300,928
Construction in Progress	-		-	_	-	_	-	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	788,200		512,728			_	-	 1,300,928
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized								
Buildings and Improvements	5,174,994		671,886		-		-	5,846,880
Equipment	136,887		-		7,643		-	129,244
Land Improvements	-		-		-		-	-
Intangible Assets	-		-		-		-	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:								
Buildings and Improvements	668,826		189,402		_		-	858,228
Equipment	19,910		8,617		-		-	28,527
Land Improvements	-		-		-		_	- -
Intangible Assets	-		-			_	-	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	4,623,145		473,867		7,643	-	-	 5,089,369
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net \$	5,411,345	\$ _	986,595	\$	7,643	\$ =	-	\$ 6,390,297

Current year depreciation and amortization expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$ 8,617
Support Services		
Pupil Services	\$ -	
Improvements of Instructional Services	-	
Educational Media Services	-	
General Administration	-	
School Administration	-	
Business Administration	-	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	-	189,402
Student Transportation Services	-	
Central Support Services	-	
Other Support Services	-	
Community Services		-
Food Services		
		\$ 198,019

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the intangible right-to-use assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	Balance July 1, 20		Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balances June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities Intangible Right-to-Use Assets Land and Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Equipment	\$ 58,9	- \$ - 971	- \$ - -	- \$ - -	- \$ - -	- - 58,971
Less Accumulated Amortization: Land and Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Equipment	18,4	- - 113_	- - 11,233	- - -	- - -	- - 29,646
Governmental Activities intangible Right-to-Use Assets - Net	\$\$	5 <u>58</u> \$	(11,233) \$	\$	\$	29,325
Current year amortization expense Instruction Support Services	by function	is as	follows:	\$	11,233	ı
Pupil Services Improvements of Instru Educational Media Se General Administration School Administration Business Administratio Maintenance and Ope Student Transportatior Central Support Service Other Support Services Food Services	rvices on ration of Plant on Services es		\$	- - - - - - - - -	- -	
				\$_	11,233	<u> </u>

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 8 – SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable principally for expenditure of Federal funds are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. The Organization believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Litigation

The Organization, in association with other Dekalb County charter schools, filed a complaint on August 19, 2020 in Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia by which it alleges Dekalb County School District has improperly reduced its funding for per pupil allotment of QBE and local tax revenues below the contracted amounts, has failed to allocate taxpayer approved E-SPLOST revenues for technology upgrades to the charter school, has added restrictions on the transfer of federally sourced IDEA funds that are not allowed by federal law, and has not justified the deduction of the school district's admin fee. The charter contract requires that the school district treat the charter school no less favorably than its other non-charter schools. The Organization has budgeted for the 2021-2022 school year based upon these cuts. At this date management is unable to determine the outcome of the litigation.

NOTE 9 – SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Short-Term Leases

The Organization leases facilities and equipment which do not qualify as right-to-use assets and lease liabilities under GASB 87 because they are for a term of one year or less. The lease agreements are summarized below.

The Organization utilizes educational space owned by the Dekalb County Board of Education at 2225 Heritage Drive in Atlanta, Georgia under the terms of a lease agreement which began on July 1, 2013 and continues for an initial term of five years. The agreement may be terminated by the Board of Education upon delivery of advance notice of eighteen months during the initial term if the Board of Education demonstrates the facility is needed by the school district for certain other non-charter schools located within the school district, however absent such termination the Organization may renew the lease for two additional five-year terms. The Organization exercised its option to extend the lease on June 1, 2017. No rent is due for the term of the agreement, except that the Organization is responsible for all occupancy costs and for all maintenance and repairs.

The Organization leases modular buildings from Mobile Modular for a term of twelve months. Monthly rentals during the current period were \$4,940 for one lease and \$4,410 for the second lease.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Promissory Notes

On February 28, 2020, the Organization executed an agreement titled "Amendment to Business Loan Agreement" which consolidated two prior loan agreements with CenterState Bank, N.A., now SouthState Bank. The Organization had borrowed \$3,040,000 on July 10, 2018 to purchase property located on Briarcliff Road in Atlanta, Georgia, for \$3.5 Million and had also borrowed \$500,000 on October 19, 2018 to finance building improvements. The loans were secured by real estate located at 4069, 4085, and 4105 Briarcliff Road NE in Atlanta, Georgia and all inventory, chattel paper, accounts, equipment, general intangibles and fixtures owned and hereafter acquired.

The new agreement consolidated both loans into one loan agreement in the amount of \$3,465,000 which is payable in monthly installments of \$20,732.25 which includes interest at 3.8% per annum commencing March 28, 2020 and continuing until maturity on February 28, 2040. The agreement includes an interest rate swap provision that allows the Organization to unwind the fixed interest rate and convert to a variable rate loan with interest at LIBOR plus 2.42%. The agreement is secured by real estate located at 4069, 4085, and 4105 Briarcliff Road NE in Atlanta, Georgia and all inventory, chattel paper, accounts, equipment, general intangibles and fixtures owned and hereafter acquired. The Organization's outstanding obligations from this promissory note contain a provision that in the event of default, the lender has the option to declare all payments immediately due and take possession of the collateral. \$3,183,749 is outstanding at June 30, 2022 on this promissory note.

At June 30, 2022, payments due by fiscal year which includes principal and interest for these items are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	 Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 128,368 \$	120,419
2024	133,086	115,701
2025	138,621	110,166
2026	144,057	104,730
2027	149,706	99,081
2028 - 2032	840,855	403,080
2033 - 2037	1,019,553	224,382
2038 - 2042	629,503	13,196
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 3,183,749 \$	1,190,755

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Leases

The Organization has acquired copier equipment under the provisions of various contracts that convey control of the right to use another entity's asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. These contracts are classified as leases for accounting purposes. Lease payments commenced on one lease on November 15, 2019 and the other on December 15, 2019 with monthly lease payments of \$694 and \$340, respectively. Leases currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding
Copier Lease	3.80%	10/15/19	01/15/25	\$	39,580	\$	20,461
Copier Lease	3.80%	11/15/19	02/15/25		19,391		10,331
				\$_	58,971	\$_	30,792

The following is a schedule of total lease payments:

Principal		Interest	
\$	11,436	\$	972
	11,878		530
	7,478		99
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	-	_	-
\$	30,792	\$	1,601
		\$ 11,436 11,878 7,478 - - -	\$ 11,436 \$ 11,878 7,478

The changes in Long-Term Liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
	Balance			Balance	Due Within		
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022	One Year		
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	\$ -	\$ -\$	- \$	- \$	-		
Promissory Notes	3,307,273	-	123,524	3,183,749	128,368		
Leases	41,802	-	11,010	30,792	11,435		
Financed Purchases	-	-	-	-	-		
	\$ 3,349,075	\$ <u>-</u> \$	134,534 \$	3,214,541 \$	139,803		

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 11 – RETIREMENT PLANS

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the Organization as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the *O.C.G.A.* assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial audit report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2022. The Organization's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 19.81% of annual payroll. Employer contributions to the pension plan were \$1,282,775 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Organization reported a liability of \$4,156,041 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The Organization's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the Organization's proportion was 0.046991%, which was an increase of 0.001342% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Organization recognized pension expense of \$1,053,037 for TRS.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 11 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continued

At June 30, 2022, the Organization reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual Experience	\$ 991,763	\$ -0-	
Changes of assumptions	804,388	- 0 -	
Net difference between projected and actual Earnings on pension plan investments	- 0 -	6,079,113	
Changes in proportion and differences between Organization contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,356,091	- 0 -	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,282,775	<u> </u>	
Totals	<u>\$ 4,435,017</u>	\$ 6,079,113	

Organization contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,282,775 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

 TRS
\$ (160,261)
(325,469)
(982,442)
(1,458,699)
-
-
\$

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 11 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continued

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% - 8.75%, average, including

inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit 1.50% semi-annually

increases

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 11 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continued

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.80)%
Domestic large equities	46.30%	9.30%
Domestic small equities	1.20%	13.30%
International developed market equities	11.50%	9.30%
International emerging market equities	6.00%	11.30%
Alternative	5.00%	10.60%
Total	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Organization's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Organization's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the Organization's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	_	1% Decrease (6.25%)	_	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	. <u>-</u>	1% Increase (8.25%)
Organization's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	11,195,272	\$	4,156,041	\$	(1,612,124)

Pension plan fiduciary net position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications.

EXHIBIT "G"

NOTE 12 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The Organization's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2022.

Nonspendable

Prepaid Assets	\$ 37,260
Unassigned	 6,060,620

Fund Balance, June 30, 2022 <u>\$ 6,097,880</u>

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the Organization's policy is to spend from the most restricted category first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 13 – RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

For fiscal year 2022, the Organization made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, as described in "New Accounting Pronouncements," which requires the restatement of the June 30, 2021 net position in governmental activities and fund balance in the general fund. These changes are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 included a liability for compensated absences of \$63,494 which should not be reported in the fund financial statements unless they consume current resources. Legal fees were invoiced to the Organization after the financial statements were issued for the same period.

Description	Net Position	General Fund		
Balance, July 1, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 2,306,645	\$ 6,230,977		
Implementation of GASB No. 87	(1,244)	- 0 -		
Compensated Absences	- 0 -	63,494		
Legal Fees	(11,545)	(11,545)		
Balance, July 1, 2021, as restated	<u>\$ 2,293,856</u>	<u>\$ 6,282,926</u>		

THE GLOBE ACADEMY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	prop	chool District's portionate share he net pension liability	propor of the liabilit with	of Georgia's ionate share net pension associated the School istrict Total		Total	hool District's ered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2022	0.046991%	\$	4,156,041	\$		\$	4,156,041	\$ 6,460,429	64.33%	92.03%	
2021	0.045649%	\$	11,057,975	\$	-	\$	11,057,975	\$ 6,165,367	179.36%	77.01%	
2020	0.040657%	\$	8,742,354	\$	-	\$	8,742,354	\$ 5,906,438	148.01%	78.56%	
2019	0.035049%	\$	6,505,845	\$	-	\$	6,505,845	\$ 5,051,215	128.80%	80.27%	
2018	0.030110%	\$	5,596,036	\$	-	\$	5,596,036	\$ 4,230,678	132.27%	79.33%	
2017	0.023282%	\$	4,803,336	\$	-	\$	4,803,336	\$ 3,493,784	137.48%	76.06%	
2016	0.018130%	\$	2,760,112	\$	-	\$	2,760,112	\$ 2,581,787	106.91%	81.44%	
2015	0.014995%	\$	1,894,420	\$	-	\$	1,894,420	\$ 1,969,293	96.20%	84.03%	

THE GLOBE ACADEMY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Year Ended	C	ontractually required contribution	 tributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Co	ntribution deficiency (excess)	 hool District's ered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2022	\$	1,279,811	\$ 1,279,811	\$	-	\$ 6,460,429	19.81%	
2021	\$	1,175,119	\$ 1,175,119	\$	-	\$ 6,165,367	19.06%	
2020	\$	1,248,621	\$ 1,248,621	\$	-	\$ 5,906,438	21.14%	
2019	\$	1,055,704	\$ 1,055,704	\$	-	\$ 5,051,215	20.90%	
2018	\$	711,177	\$ 711,177	\$	-	\$ 4,230,678	16.81%	
2017	\$	498,563	\$ 498,563	\$	-	\$ 3,493,784	14.27%	
2016	\$	368,421	\$ 368,421	\$	-	\$ 2,581,787	14.27%	
2015	\$	258,962	\$ 258,962	\$	-	\$ 1,969,293	13.15%	
2014	\$	187,855	\$ 187,855	\$	-	\$ 1,529,764	12.28%	

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SCHEDULE "3"

Changes of benefit terms

There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	NO	NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS			ACTUAL	VARIANCE		
	O	RIGINAL		FINAL	-	AMOUNTS	OVE	ER/UNDER
REVENUES								
Local Funds	\$	4,683,849	\$	4,683,849	\$	4,993,445	\$	309,596
Federal Funds		15,000		707,300		692,658		(14,642)
State Funds		6,526,151		7,150,651		6,840,251		(310,400)
Charges for Services		509,000		545,000		545,595		595
Miscellaneous		428,000		446,771		450,245		3,474
Total Revenues		12,162,000		13,533,571		13,522,194		(11,377)
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		7,274,000		7,693,000		7,659,520		33,480
Support Services								
Pupil Services		435,000		325,000		324,955		45
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,000		2,500		2,465		35
Instructional Staff Training		50,000		32,750		32,706		44
Educational Media Services		76,000		82,850		82,846		4
General Administration		383,000		482,000		481,637		363
School Administration		1,155,000		1,085,000		1,084,525		475
Business Admnistration		290,000		298,000		297,512		488
Maintenance and Operation of Plant Services		1,405,000		1,194,000		1,176,713		17,287
Other Support Services		22,000		9,000		9,130		(130)
Community Services		548,000		689,000		691,595		(2,595)
Food Services Operation		33,000		418,000		417,827		173
Capital Outlay		-		1,152,000		1,226,416		(74,416)
Debt Services								
Principal		65,929		64,384		134,534		(70,150)
Interest		62,071		60,616		126,661		(66,045)
Total Expenditures		11,800,000		13,588,100		13,749,042		(160,942)
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		362,000		(54,529)	1	(226,848)		(172,319)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from Lease Liabilities		-		-		41,802		(41,802)
Net Change in Fund Balances		362,000		(54,529)		(185,046)		130,517
Fund Balances - Beginning		6,230,977		6,230,977		6,230,977		-
Adjustments		-		-		51,949		(51,949)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	6,592,977	\$	6,176,448	\$	6,097,880	\$	78,568

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of general fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements. See notes to the basic financial statements.

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORT

C. Douglas Erwin, Jr., CPA Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 24, 2022

To the Governing Body of The GLOBE Academy, Inc. Atlanta, Georgia

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund information of The GLOBE Academy, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 24, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The GLOBE Academy, Inc.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Page Two October 24, 2022

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The GLOBE Academy, Inc. financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

C. Douglas Erwin, Jr., CPA

C. Douglas Trwin, Jr., CPA

Smyrna, Georgia October 24, 2022

SECTION III FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

N/A - None

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified? No

Significant deficiencies identified? No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

There was no audit of major federal award programs as of June 30, 2022 as the Dekalb County school district will undergo such audit and include the charter school as a component unit in the audit.

There were no findings or questioned costs in the current period.

THE GLOBE ACADEMY, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Program <u>Services</u>	M	anagement & <u>General</u>	<u>Fundraising</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Revenues, Gains, and Other Support					
Governmental Sources	\$ 12,036,283	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 12,036,283
After School Program	545,595				545,595
Field Trips	48,381				48,381
Fundraising & Donations				383,432	383,432
Nutrition Program	490,342				490,342
Rental Income			18,160		18,160
Total Revenues	13,120,601		18,160	383,432	13,522,193
Expenditures					
Afterschool Program	691,595		-	-	691,595
Contracted Educational Services	43,520		-	=	43,520
Curriculum & Textbooks	59,858		-	-	59,858
Depreciation & Amortization Expense	19,850		189,402	-	209,252
Dues & Fees	-		39,011	-	39,011
Employee Benefits & Group Insurance	349,343		63,273	-	412,616
Equipment Rental	-		=	-	=
Expendable Equipment	122,981		-	-	122,981
Hazard Insurance	-		91,304	-	91,304
Information Technology	84,101		-	-	84,101
Interest Expense	-		126,661	-	126,661
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	-		-	-	-
Nutrition Program	389,166		-	-	389,166
Occupancy Costs	-		748,482	-	748,482
Office & Classroom Supplies	156,703		19,135	3,863	179,701
Payroll Taxes	110,647		39,293	-	149,940
Professional Fees	28,651		290,932	5,267	324,850
Retirement Benefits (A)	1,044,921		237,854	-	1,282,775
Salary & Wages	6,119,171		1,509,044	-	7,628,215
Telephone & Other Communications	_		2,731	-	2,731
Travel Including Field Trips	7,899		903	-	8,802
Total Expenses	9,228,406		3,358,025	9,130	12,595,561
Change in Net Position	\$ 3,892,195	\$	(3,339,865)	\$ 374,302	\$ 926,632

⁽A) Excludes non-cash entries required by GASB 68 for pension expense.