Pataula Charter Academy

Spring Creek Charter Academy

TITLE: Community Acquired Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (CA-MRSA) in Athletes
APPROVED BY: The Governing Board
REFERENCES: Contact for Disease Control and Provention

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, participants in competitive sports are at risk for skin infections because of physical contact, skin damage, and sharing of equipment, Humid, crowded conditions such as those found in locker rooms and gyms provide environments conducive to Staphylococcus Aureus (Staph) growth.

Staph is commonly carried in nasal passages, under fingernails or on the skin without any medical problems. It can enter the body through a cut, insect bite, or surgical incision. Normally a minor infection occurs. However, if a person has a weakened immune system from an illness, the infection could become more serious.

Prevention involves players, coaches, parents, and the school. The following practices are highly recommended to all involved parties when the condition warrants:

- The player should wash hands thoroughly with soap and water during the day. Hand Sanitizer may be used as well.
- The player should practice good hygiene to include showering, with soap and water after all practices and competitions.
- Previously worn protective clothing can be hot and cause chafing which results in broken skin. Skin trauma from turf or mat burns are other risk factors.
- Liquid soap should be used instead of sharing bar soaps: sharing can spread bacteria to other family members
- Shower as soon as possible after practice/working out/competitions.
- It is suggested to wash towels after each use and avoid sharing razors and other personal items.
- The player should not store or wear previously worn wet clothing. Wet or damp clothing/equipment is a breeding ground for bacteria and fungus.
- The player will cover all open wounds. It a wound cannot be covered, there is a possibility that the player will need to be excluded from practice/workout/competition until the wound heals.
- Players should report skin lesions to the parent as well as the coach. Parents and coaches will check a lesion that is potentially infected.
- The player and parents should understand the importance of seeking medical attention at the first sign of
 infection. Early signs are redness and swelling of the affected area, pain, drainage around the area of an insect
 bite, cut or abrasion.
- If medication is prescribed by a physician, the player should take the entire amount of medication in the prescribed amount of time.
- The player should avoid getting into a hot tub or whirlpool until all wounds are healed.

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